

DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS Dated: September 30, 2022 (This Draft Red Herring Prospectus will be updated upon filing with the RoC) Read with Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013 100% Book Built Issue

(Please scan this QR Code to view the DRHP)



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

Corporate Identity Number: U36911RJ2011PLC035122

Registered Office	Corporate Office	Contact Person	Email and Telephone	Website
270, 271, 272 & 276 Johri Bazar, Jaipur – 302003, Rajasthan, India	SB-110, Motisons Tower, Lalkothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur – 302015, Rajasthan, India	Ms. Neha Jain	Email: <u>nehajaincs@motisons.com</u> Tel No: +91 – 141 – 4150000	Website: <u>www.motisonsjewellers.com</u>

PROMOTERS OF OUR COMPANY

MR. SANDEEP CHHABRA, MR. SANJAY CHHABRA, MS. NAMITA CHHABRA, MS. KAJAL CHHABRA, MOTI LAL SANDEEP CHHABRA HUF, SANDEEP CHHABRA HUF AND SANJAY CHHABRA HUF

DETAILS OF THE ISSUE				
Туре	Fresh Issue Size	Offer For	Total Issue Size Eligibility	
	(In Lakh)	Sale Size		
Fresh Issue	Fresh Issue of	NIL	Aggregating upto	Our Company is eligible for the Issue in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the
	upto 3,34,71,000		₹[•] Lakhs	SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2018 as amended from time to time. For details in relation
	Equity Shares			to reservation among Qualified Institutional Buyers, Non- Institutional Investors
	aggregating upto ₹			and Retail Individual Bidders, please see the section entitled "Issue Structure" on
	[•] Lakhs			page 346.
				F OFFER FOR SALE
NAME OF SEL	LING SHAREHOLDER	TYPE I		OFFERED/ AMOUNT (In ₹) WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF ACQUISITION (IN ₹)
				APPLICABLE
				ION TO THE FIRST ISSUE
		•	· ·	Price and Issue Price determined by our Company in consultation with the Book
J	0 1 //			ket demand for the Equity Shares by way of the Book Building Process, as stated
•		•		be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Equity Shares are
		garding an activ	e or sustained tradir	ng in the Equity Shares nor regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be
traded after lis	ting.			
				NERAL RISK
			-	sk and investors should not invest any funds in the Issue unless they can afford to
	0			ad the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Issue. For
0				tion of our Company and the Issue, including the risks involved. The Equity Shares
		••	•	and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or
adequacy of th	e contents of this Draf	t Red Herring P		tention of the investors is invited to "Risk Factors" on page 35.
				OLUTE RESPONSIBILITY
				for and confirms that this Draft Red Herring Prospectus contains all information
				f the issue, that the information contained in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus is
	•		o ,	erial respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held
	•			Red Herring Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of
any such opini	ons or intentions misle	ading in any ma	aterial respect.	
				LISTING
				roposed to be listed on the Stock Exchanges being BSE Limited (" BSE ") and National
-				anges") in terms of the Chapter II of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 as amended
from time to t	ime. For the purpose o	•	0	
	DETAILS OF THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER			
	Name & Logo		Contact Person	Email & Telephone
~				Email: ipo@holaniconsultants.co.in
Hola	ni Consultants Private	Limited	Mrs. Payal Jain	Tel.: +91 0141 – 2203996
~				
DETAILS OF THE RGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE Name & Logo Contact Person Email & Telephone				
	Name & Logo		Contact Person	
LINK Intin	10		Mr. Shanti	
LINKSTON	Link Intime India P	rivate	Gopalkrishnan	Email: motisons.ipo@linkintime.co.in
Limited			Goparki istiliali	Tel.: +91 22 49186200
BID/ISSUE PERIOD				
ANCHOR IN	VESTOR BID / ISSUE PI	RIOD: [•]*		E OPENS ON: [•] BID/ISSUE CLOSES ON: [•]**
		1-1	2.2,.556	

*Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM may consider participation by Anchor Investors in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Anchor Investor Bidding Date shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date.

** Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM may consider closing the Bid/Issue Period for QIBs one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Closing Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations

DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS Dated: September 30, 2022

(This Draft Red Herring Prospectus will be updated upon filing with the RoC) Read with Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013 100% Book Built Issue



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

Our Company was originally formed as "M/s Motisons Jewellers", a partnership firm pursuant to partnership deed dated October 16, 1997 and was registered under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 with the Registrar of Firms, Jaipur. "M/s Motisons Jewellers" was converted into a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with the name "Motisons Jewellers" pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated May 09, 2011 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Rajasthan at Jaipur ("RoC") bearing Corporate Identification Number U36911RJ2011PLC035122. For details of Incorporation, change of name and registered office of our company, please refer to chapter titled "Our History and Certain Other Corporate Matters" beginning on page 181.

Registered Office: 270, 271, 272 & 276 Johri Bazar, Jaipur 302003, Rajasthan, India

Corporate Office: SB-110, Motisons Tower, Lalkothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur – 302015, Rajasthan, India Tel. No.: +91 – 141 – 4150000, E-mail: <u>nehajaincs@motisons.com</u>, Website: <u>www.motisonsjewellers.com</u>

Contact Person: Ms. Neha Jain, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Rena Sain, company Scerctary

Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Ms. Namita Chhabra, Ms. Kajal Chhabra, Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra HUF, Sandeep Chhabra HUF and Sanjay Chhabra HUF

INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE OF UP TO 3,34,71,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10/- EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") OF OUR COMPANY FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹[●] PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹[●] PER EQUITY SHARE), AGGREGATING UPTO ₹[●] LAKHS ("THE ISSUE"). THE ISSUE WILL CONSTITUTE [●] % OF THE POST ISSUE PAID UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

OUR COMPANY, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE BRLM, MAY CONSIDER A PRE-IPO PLACEMENT OF UP TO 60,00,000 EQUITY SHARES FOR CASH CONSIDERATION AGGREGATING UP TO ₹ [●] LAKHS, AT ITS DISCRETION, PRIOR TO FILING OF THE RED HERRING PROSPECTUS WITH THE ROC ("PRE-IPO PLACEMENT"). IF THE PRE-IPO PLACEMENT IS COMPLETED, THE ISSUE SIZE WILL BE REDUCED TO THE EXTENT OF SUCH PRE-IPO PLACEMENT, SUBJECT TO THE ISSUE COMPLYING WITH RULE 19(2)(b) OF THE SECURITIES CONTRACTS (REGULATION) RULES, 1957, AS AMENDED ("SCRR"). THE PRICE BAND AND THE MINIMUM BID LOT WILL BE DECIDED BY OUR COMPANY IN CONSULTATION WITH THE BRLM AND WILL BE ADVERTISED IN ALL EDITIONS OF [●], THE ENGLISH NATIONAL NEWSPAPER, ALL EDITIONS OF [●], THE HINDI NATIONAL NEWSPAPER AND [●] EDITIONS OF [●], THE REGIONAL NEWSPAPER, (HINDI BEING THE LOCAL LANGUAGE OF RAJASTHAN, WHERE OUR REGISTERED AND CORPORATE OFFICE IS SITUATED), EACH WITH WIDE CIRCULATION, AT LEAST 2 (TWO) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE BID/ ISSUE OPENING DATE AND SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO BSE LIMITED ("BSE") AND NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE OF INDIA LIMITED ("NSE" TOGETHER WITH "BSE", THE "STOCK EXCHANGES") FOR THE PURPOSE OF UPLOADING ON THEIR RESPECTIVE WEBSITES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEBI ICDR REGULATIONS.

In case of any revision in the Price Band, the Bid / Issue Period will be extended by at least three additional Working Days after such revision in the Price Band, subject to the Bid / Issue Period not exceeding 10 working days. in cases of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, our Company in consultation with the BRLM, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid / Issue Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid / Issue Period not exceeding 10 working days. any revision in the Price Band and the revised Bid / Issue Period, if applicable, shall be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges, by issuing a public notice, and also by indicating the change on the respective websites of the BRLM and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members and by intimation to the Designated Intermediaries and the Sponsor Bank.

The Issue is being made through the Book Building Process, in terms of Rule 19(2)(b)(i) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended ("SCRR") read with Regulation 31 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended (SEBI ICDR Regulations) and in compliance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations wherein not more than 50% of the Net Issue shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIBs and such portion, the "QIB Portion"), provided that our Company in consultation with the BRLM, may allocate up to 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis ("Anchor Investor Portion"), out of which one-third shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds only, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the price at which allocation is made to Anchor Investors ("Anchor Investor Allocation Price"), in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. In the event of under-subscription, or non-allocation in the Anchor Investor Portion, the balance Equity Shares shall be added to the QIB Portion (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) ("Net QIB Portion"). Further, 5% of the Net QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the Net QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIB Bidders, including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the Issue Price. However, if the aggregate demand from Mutual Funds is less than 5% of the Net QIB Portion, the balance Equity Shares available for allocation in the Mutual Fund Portion will be added to the remaining Net QIB Portion for proportionate allocation to QIBs. Further, not less than 15% of the Net Issue shall be available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders and not less than 35% of the Net Issue shall be available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the Issue Price. The Equity Shares available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders under the Non-Institutional Portion, shall be subject to the following: (i) one-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders shall be reserved for applicants with an application size of more than ₹ 2.00 Lakhs and up to ₹ 10.00 Lakhs, and (ii) two-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders shall be reserved for applicants with an application size of more than ₹ 10.00 Lakhs, provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the aforementioned sub-categories may be allocated to applicants in the other sub-category of Non-Institutional Bidders. All potential Bidders (except Anchor Investors) are mandatorily required to utilise the Application Supported by Blocked Amount ("ASBA") process by providing details of their respective ASBA accounts and UPI ID in case of UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, as applicable, pursuant to which their corresponding Bid Amount will be blocked by the Self Certified Syndicate Banks ("SCSBs") or by the Sponsor Banks under the UPI Mechanism, as the case may be, to the extent of the respective Bid Amounts. Anchor Investors are not permitted to participate in the Issue through the ASBA Process. For details, see "Issue Procedure" on page 351.

K IN RELATION TO FIRST ISSUE

This being the first public issue of Equity Shares of our Company, there has been no formal market for the Equity Shares of our Company. The Face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 10/-. The Floor Price, Cap Price and Issue Price determined by our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager ("**BRLM**"), on the basis of the assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares by way of the Book Building Process, as stated under *"Basis for Issue Price"* on page 112 should not be considered to be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Equity Shares are listed. No assurance can be given regarding an active or sustained trading in the Equity Shares nor regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be traded after listing.

Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Issue unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their entire investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue, including the risks involved. The Equity Shares in the Issue have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (**"SEBI"**), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to **"Risk Factors"** on page 35.

The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Draft Red Herring Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the Issue which is material in the context of the issue, that the information contained in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this Draft Red Herring Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect.

The Equity Shares to be Allotted through the Red Herring Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the Stock Exchanges. Our Company has received 'in-principle' approvals from BSE and NSE for the listing of the Equity Shares pursuant to their letters dated [•] and [•], respectively. For the purposes of the Issue, the Designated Stock Exchange shall be [•]. A signed copy of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus shall be delivered to the RoC in accordance with Sections 26(4) and 32 of the Companies Act, 2013. For details of the material contracts and documents available for inspection from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus up to the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, see "*Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection*" on page 423.

BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER TO THE ISSUE	REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE	
\mathcal{O}	LINKintime	
HOLANI CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED	LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	
401 – 405 & 416 – 418, 4th Floor, Soni Paris Point, Jai Singh Highway, Bani Park, Jaipur – 302016	C – 101, 247 Park, 1st Floor, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400083, Maharashtra, India	
Tel.: +91 0141 – 2203996	Tel: +91 22 49186200	
Fax: +91 0141 – 2201259	Fax: +91 22 49186195	
Website: www.holaniconsultants.co.in	Website: www.linkintime.co.in	
Email: ipo@holaniconsultants.co.in	Email: motisons.ipo@linkintime.co.in	
Investor Grievance ID: complaints.redressal@holaniconsultants.co.in	Investor Grievance ID: motisons.ipo@linkintime.co.in	
Contact Person: Mrs. Payal Jain	Contact Person: Shanti Gopalkrishnan	
SEBI Registration No.: INM000012467	SEBI Registration Number: INR000004058	
ISSUE PROGRAMME		
BID / ISSUE OPENS ON: [•]*	BID / ISSUE CLOSES ON: [•]**	

*Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM may consider participation by Anchor Investors in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Anchor Investor Bidding Date shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date.

** Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM may consider closing the Bid/Issue Period for QIBs one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Closing Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations



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SECTION I – GENERAL

DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

This Draft Red Herring Prospectus uses certain definitions and abbreviations which, unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, shall have the meaning as provided below. References to any legislation, act, regulation, rules, guidelines or policies shall be to such legislation, act, regulation, rules, guidelines or policies as amended, supplemented or re-enacted from time to time, and any reference to a statutory provision shall include any subordinate legislation made from time to time under that provision.

The words and expressions used in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus but not defined herein shall have, to the extent applicable, the same meaning ascribed to such terms under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Companies Act, the SCRA, the Depositories Act and the rules and regulations made thereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the terms used in chapters titled "Industry Overview", "Key Regulations and Policies", "Statement of Special Tax Benefits", "Restated Financial Statements", "Basis for Issue Price", "History and Certain Corporate Matters", "Financial Indebtedness", "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures", "Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments" and "Main Provisions of the Articles of Association" beginning on pages 120, 170, 116, 224, 112, 181, 314, 327, 318, and 379, respectively, shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the relevant section.

General Terms

Term	Description
"Our Company", "the	Motisons Jewellers Limited, a company incorporated under the
Company", "MJL" or "the	Companies Act, 1956 and having its Registered Office situated at 270,
lssuer"	271, 272 & 276 Johri Bazar, Jaipur – 302003, Rajasthan, India
"We" or "us" or "our"	Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, refers to our Company

Company Related Terms

Term	Description
"Articles" or "Articles of	Articles of association of our Company, as amended from time to time
Association" or "AoA"	
"Audit Committee"	Audit committee of our Board constituted in accordance with SEBI
	Listing Regulations and Companies Act. For details see Chapter titled
	" <i>Our Management</i> " on page 186
"Auditor" or "Statutory	The statutory auditor of our Company, being Keyur Shah & Co.,
Auditor"	Chartered Accountants
"Bankers to the Company"	Such banks which are disclosed as Bankers to the Company in the
	chapter titled "General Information" on page 75
"Board" or "Board of	The board of directors of our Company, as constituted from time to time,
Directors"	including any duly constituted committees thereof
"Chairman" or	Chairman of Board of Directors of our Company being Mr. Sandeep
"Chairperson"	Chhabra. For details see chapter titled "Our Management" on page 186
"Chief Financial Officer" or	Chief Financial Officer of our Company being Mr. Kaustubh Chhabra. For
"CFO"	details see chapter titled "Our Management" on page 186.
"Corporate Identification	Corporate identification number of our Company being
Number" or "CIN"	U36911RJ2011PLC035122, unless otherwise specified



Term	Description
"Company Secretary and	Company secretary and compliance officer of our Company being Ms.
Compliance Officer"	Neha Jain. For details see chapter "Our Management" on page 186
"Corporate Social	Corporate social responsibility committee of our Board constituted in
Responsibility Committee"	accordance with Companies Act. For details see Chapter titled "Our
	Management" on page 186
"Corporate Office"	The corporate office of our company located at SB-110, Motisons Tower,
	Lalkothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur – 302015, Rajasthan, India
"Director(s)"	Directors on our Board, as appointed from time to time.
"Equity Shares"	Equity shares of our Company of face value of ₹10/- each
"Equity Shareholders" or "Shareholders"	Persons/ Entities holding Equity Shares of our Company
"Executive Director"	Executive director of our Company
"Financial Statements as Restated" or "Restated Financial Statements"	The financial statements of our Company for the Fiscals ended March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, together with the notes, annexures and schedules thereto, which have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, Ind AS and Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised 2019) issued by ICAI, and restated in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations, included in the chapter titled " <i>Restated Financial Statements</i> " beginning on page 224.
"Group Company" or	The group companies of our Company in accordance with the SEBI ICDR
"Group Companies"	Regulations. For details, see " <i>Our Group Companies</i> " beginning on page 217.
"Independent Directors"	Non-Executive, Independent directors of our Board appointed as per Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations. For details, see chapter titled " <i>Our Management</i> " beginning on page 186
"ISIN"	International Securities Identification Number. The ISIN for equity shares in this case being INEOFRK01012.
"Joint Managing Director" or "Jt. MD"	The Joint Managing Director of our Company being, Mr. Laksh Chhabra. For details see chapter titled " <i>Our Management</i> " on page 186
"Key Management	Key management personnel of our Company in terms of SEBI ICDR
Personnel" or "Key Managerial Personnel" or "KMP"	Regulations and Companies Act, 2013, and as described in the chapter titled " <i>Our Management</i> " beginning on page 186
"Materiality Policy"	The policy adopted by our Board on September 14, 2022 for identification of group companies, material outstanding litigation proceedings and outstanding dues to material creditors, in accordance with the disclosure requirements under SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"MoA" or "Memorandum of	Memorandum of association of our Company, as amended
Association" or	
"Memorandum"	
"Managing Director"	The Managing Director of our Company being, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra. For details see chapter titled "Our Management" on page 186
"Nomination and	Nomination and remuneration committee of our Board constituted in
Remuneration Committee"	accordance with SEBI Listing Regulations and Companies Act. For details
or "NRC"	see Chapter titled " <i>Our Management</i> " on page 186
"Non-Executive Directors"	Non-Executive, Non-Independent directors of our Board. For details see



Term	Description
	chapter titled " <i>Our Management</i> " beginning on page 186
"Promoter" or "Promoters"	The Promoters of our company, being Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mr. Sanjay
or "Our Promoters"	Chhabra, Mrs. Namita Chhabra, Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, Moti Lal Sandeep
	Chhabra HUF, Sandeep Chhabra HUF and Sanjay Chhabra HUF. For
	details, see "Our Promoters and Promoter Group" on page 209
"Promoter Group"	Such Persons and entities which constitute the promoter group of our company pursuant to with Regulation 2(1) (pp) of the SEBI ICDR
	Regulations. For further details, see the chapter titled "Our Promoters and Promoter Group" beginning on page 209
"Registered Office"	The registered office of our company located at 270, 271, 272 & 276
Registered Office	Johri Bazar, Jaipur – 302003, Rajasthan, India
"Registrar of Companies" or "RoC"	Registrar of Companies, Jaipur, Rajasthan
"Stakeholders' Relationship	Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of our Board constituted in
Committee"	accordance with SEBI Listing Regulations and Companies Act. For details
	see Chapter titled "Our Management" on page 186
"You" or "Your" or "Yours"	Prospective investors in the Issue

Issue Related Term

Term	Description
"Acknowledgement Slip"	The slip or document issued by a Designated Intermediary(ies) to a Bidder as proof of registration of the Bid cum Application Form
"Allocation" or "Allocation of Equity Shares"	The Allocation of Equity Shares of our Company pursuant to Issue of Equity Shares to the successful Bidders
"Allot" or "Allotment" or "Allotted"	Unless the context otherwise requires, allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to fresh Issue
"Allotment Advice "	Note or advice or intimation of Allotment, sent to the successful Bidders who have been or are to be Allotted the Equity Shares after approval of Basis of Allotment by Designated Stock Exchange
"Allotment Account(s)"	The account(s) opened with the Banker(s) to this Issue, in to which the application money lying credit to the Escrow Account(s) and amounts blocked by Application Supported by Blocked Amount in the ASBA Account, with respect to successful Applicants will be transferred on the Transfer Date in accordance with Section 40(3) of the Companies Act, 2013
"Allottee(s)"	A successful Bidder to whom the Equity Shares are Allotted
"Anchor Investor(s)"	Qualified Institutional Buyers, applying under the Anchor Investor Portion in accordance with the requirements specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Red Herring Prospectus.
"Anchor Investor Allocation Price"	Price at which Equity Shares will be allocated to Anchor Investors in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus, which will be decided by our Company, in consultation with the BRLM.
"Anchor Investor Application Form"	Application form used by an Anchor Investor to make a Bid in the Anchor Investor Portion and which will be considered as an application for Allotment in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and Prospectus



Term	Description
"Anchor Investor Bid/ Issue	The date, one Working Day prior to the Bid/ Issue Opening Date, on
Period" or "Anchor Investor	which Bids by Anchor Investors shall be submitted, prior to and after
Bidding Date"	which BRLM will not accept any bid from Anchor Investors and
_	allocation to Anchor Investors shall be completed.
"Anchor Investor Issue Price"	The Anchor Investor Issue Price as decided by our Company in
	consultation with the BRLM
"Anchor Investor Portion"	Up to 60% of the QIB Portion which may be allocated by our Company
	in consultation with the BRLM, to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
	One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for
	domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from
	domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation
	Price, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations
"Anchor Investor Pay-in Date"	With respect to Anchor Investor(s), it shall be the Anchor Investor
	Bidding Date, and in the event the Anchor Investor Allocation Price is
	lower than the Issue Price, not later than two Working Days after the
	Bid/Issue Closing Date.
"Application Supported by	An Application, whether physical or electronic, used by ASBA Bidders
Blocked Amount" or "ASBA	to make a Bid and authorizing an SCSB to block the Bid Amount in the
	ASBA Account and will include applications made by RIBs using the UPI
	Mechanism where the Bid Amount will be blocked upon acceptance of
	UPI Mandate Request by RIBs using the UPI Mechanism
"ASBA Account"	Bank account maintained with an SCSB by an ASBA Bidder, as specified
	in the ASBA Form submitted by ASBA Bidders for blocking the Bid
	Amount mentioned in the relevant ASBA Form and includes the
	account of a RIBs which is blocked upon acceptance of a UPI Mandate
	Request made by the RIBs using the UPI Mechanism
"ASBA Bid"	A Bid made by an ASBA Bidder
"ASBA Bidders"	All Bidders except Anchor Investors
"ASBA Form"	Application form, whether physical or electronic, used by ASBA
	Bidders to submit Bids, which will be considered as the application for
	Allotment in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus
"Banker(s) to the Issue" or	Collectively, Escrow Collection Bank, Refund Bank, Public Offer
"Refund Banker to the Issue"	Account Bank and Sponsor Bank.
or "Public Issue Bank"	
"Banker(s) to the Issue	Agreement to be entered amongst our Company, the BRLM, Syndicate
Agreement" or "BTI	Members, the Bankers to the Issue and Registrar to the Issue for, inter
Agreement"	<i>alia,</i> the appointment of the Sponsor Banks in accordance with the UPI
	Circulars, the collection of the Bid Amounts from Anchor Investors,
	transfer of funds to the Public Issue Account(s) and where applicable,
	refunds of the amounts collected from Anchor Investors, on the terms and conditions thereof.
"Basis of Allotment"	Basis on which Equity Shares will be Allotted to successful Bidders
	under the Issue, as described in " <i>Issue Procedure</i> " on page 351.
"Bid"	Indication to make an offer during the Bid/Issue Period by an ASBA
ыц	Indication to make an oner during the blu/issue renou by all ASBA



Term	Description
	Bidder pursuant to submission of the ASBA Form, or during the Anchor Investor Bidding date by an Anchor Investor, pursuant to submission of the Anchor Investor Application Form, to subscribe to or purchase the Equity Shares at a price within the Price Band, including all revisions and modifications thereto as permitted under the SEBI ICDR Regulations and in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form. The term "Bidding" shall be construed accordingly.
"Bid Amount"	The highest value of Bids as indicated in the Bid cum Application Form and payable by the Bidder or as blocked in the ASBA Account of the ASBA Bidder, as the case may be, upon submission of the Bid.
"Bid cum Application Form"	Anchor Investor Application Form and/or the ASBA Form, as the context requires.
"Bid Lot"	[•] Equity Shares and in multiples of [•] Equity Shares thereafter
"Bidding"	The process of making the Bid
"Bid/Issue Closing Date"	Except in relation to any Bids received from the Anchor Investors, the date after which the Designated Intermediaries will not accept any Bids, being [•], which shall be published in all editions of [•], the English national newspaper, all editions of [•], the Hindi national newspaper and [•] editions of [•], the regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation. In case of any revision, the extended Bid/Issue Closing Date will be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges, by issuing a public notice, and also by indicating the change on the websites of the BRLM and at the terminals of the other members of the Syndicate and by intimation to the Designated Intermediaries and the Sponsor Bank, which shall also be notified in an advertisement in the same newspapers in which the Bid/Issue Opening Date was published, as required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Bid" or "Issue Opening Date"	Closing Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Except in relation to any Bids received from the Anchor Investors, the date on which the Designated Intermediaries shall start accepting Bids, being [•], which shall be published in all editions of [•], the English national newspaper, all editions of [•], the Hindi national newspaper and [•] editions of [•], the regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation.
"Bid" or "Issue Period"	Except in relation to Bid received from Anchor Investors, the period between the Bid/ Issue Opening Date and the Bid/Issue Closing Date, inclusive of both days, during which prospective ASBA Bidders can submit their Bids, including any revisions thereof, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus.



Term	Description
	Provided however, that the Bidding shall be kept open for a minimum of three Working Days for all categories of Bidders, other than Anchor Investors.
"Bidder" or "Applicant"	Any prospective investor who makes a Bid pursuant to the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form and unless otherwise stated or implied, includes an Anchor Investor
"Bidding Centres" or "Collection Centres"	Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries shall accept the ASBA Forms, i.e., Designated Branches for SCSBs, Specified Locations for the Syndicate, Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for RTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs
"Book Building Process" or "Book Building Method"	The Book building process as described in Part A of Schedule XIII of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in terms of which the Issue is being made
"Book Running Lead Manager" or "BRLM"	Book Running Lead Manager to the Issue in this case being Holani Consultants Private Limited, SEBI Registered Category I Merchant Bankers
"Broker Centres"	Centres notified by the Stock Exchanges where ASBA Bidders can submit the ASBA Forms to a Registered Broker, provided that retail individual bidders may only submit ASBA Forms at such broker Centres if they bidding using the UPI Mechanism.
	The details of such Broker Centres, along with the names and contact details of the Registered Brokers are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (<u>www.bseindia.com</u> and <u>www.nseindia.com</u>)
"CAN" or "Confirmation of Allocation Note"	Notice or intimation of allocation of the Equity Shares sent to Anchor Investors, who have been allocated the Equity Shares, on or after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date.
"Cap Price"	The higher end of the Price Band, above which the Issue Price and the Anchor Investor Issue Price will not be finalised and above which no Bids will be accepted including any revisions thereof.
CareEdge Research	CARE Advisory Research and Training Limited
CareEdge Research Report	Industry report titled "Industry Research Report on Indian Gems & Jewellery Sector" dated August 18, 2022 which is exclusively prepared for the purpose of the Issue by CARE Research and is commissioned and paid by our Company
"Client ID"	Client identification number of the Bidders beneficiary account.
"Collecting Depository Participant" or "CDP"	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996 registered with SEBI and who is eligible to procure Bids at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of circular no. CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 issued by SEBI as per the list available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges, (www.bseindia.com & www.nseindia.com), as updated from time to time
"Cut-off Price"	The Issue Price, finalised by our Company in consultation with the BRLM, which shall be any price within the Price Band.



Term	Description
	Only RIBs Bidding in the Retail Portion are entitled to Bid at the Cut-off Price. QIBs (including the Anchor Investors) and Non-Institutional Bidders are not entitled to Bid at the Cut- off Price
"Designated Branches of the SCSBs"	Such branches of the SCSBs which shall collect the ASBA Forms, a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at <u>https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognis</u> <u>ed=yes</u> and updated from time to time, or at such other website as
"Demographic Details"	may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. Details of the Bidders including the Bidder's address, name of the Bidder's father/husband, investor status, occupation, bank account details and UPI ID, as applicable
"Designated CDP Locations"	Such locations of the Collecting Depository Participants (CDPs) where ASBA Bidders can submit the ASBA Forms, provided that Retail Individual Bidders may only submit ASBA Forms at such locations if they are Bidding using the UPI Mechanism. The details of such Designated CDP Locations, along with names and
	contact details of the Collecting Depository Participants are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (<u>www.bseindia.com</u> and <u>www.nseindia.com</u>), as updated from time to time.
"Designated Date"	The date on which the Escrow Collection Bank(s) transfer funds from the Escrow Account to the Public Issue Account or the Refund Account, as the case may be, and/or the instructions are issued to the SCSBs (in case of RIBs using the UPI Mechanism, instruction issued through the Sponsor Bank) for the transfer of amounts blocked by the SCSBs in the ASBA Accounts to the Public Issue Account or are unblocked, as the case may be, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus after finalisation of the basis of allotment in consultation with designated stock exchange, following which Equity Shares will be allotted in the Issue.
"Designated Intermediary(ies)"	In relation to ASBA Forms submitted by Retail Individual Bidders (RIBs) (not using the UPI mechanism) authorizing an SCSB to block the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account, Designated Intermediaries shall mean SCSBs.
	In relation to ASBA Forms submitted by RIBs (bidding using UPI Mechanism) where the Bid Amount will be blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by such RIB using the UPI Mechanism, Designated Intermediaries shall mean Syndicate, sub-syndicate / agents, Registered Brokers, CDPs and RTAs.
	In relation to ASBA Forms submitted by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders, Designated Intermediaries shall mean Syndicate, sub-syndicate / agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, the CDPs and RTAs.
"Designated RTA Locations"	Such locations of the RTAs where Bidders can submit the ASBA Forms to RTAs, provided that RIBs may only submit ASBA Forms at such



Term	Description
	locations if they are Bidding using the UPI Mechanism.
	The details of such Designated RTA Locations, along with names and
	contact details of the RTAs are available on the respective websites of
	the Stock Exchanges (<u>www.bseindia.com</u> and <u>www.nseindia.com</u>
	respectively) as updated from time to time
"Designated Stock Exchange"	[•]
"Draft Red Herring	This Draft Red Herring Prospectus dated September 30, 2022 filed with
Prospectus" or "DRHP"	the SEBI and Stock Exchanges and issued in accordance with the SEBI
	ICDR Regulations, which does not contain complete particulars of the
	price at which our Equity Shares will be allotted and the size of the
	Issue, including any addenda or corrigenda thereto.
"Eligible FPI(s)"	FPIs that are eligible to participate in this issue in terms of applicable
	laws, other than individual, corporate bodies and family offices.
"Eligible NRI(s)"	NRI(s) from jurisdictions outside India where it is not unlawful to make
רווצוטופ ואתו(2)	an Issue or invitation under the Issue and in relation to whom Bid cum
	Application Form and the Red Herring Prospectus will constitute an
	invitation to subscribe to or to purchase the Equity Shares
"Escrow Account(s)"	The 'no-lien' and 'non-interest bearing' account(s) to be opened with
	the Escrow Collection Bank(s) and in whose favour the Anchor
	Investors will transfer money through direct credit/ NEFT/ RTGS/NACH
	in respect of Bid Amounts when submitting a Bid
"Escrow Collection Bank(s)"	Bank(s) which are clearing members and registered with SEBI as
	banker(s) to an issue under the Securities and Exchange Board of India
	(Bankers to an Issue) Regulations, 1994 and with whom the Escrow
	Account will be opened, in this case being Axis Bank Limited.
"First Bidder" or "Sole Bidder"	Bidder whose name shall be mentioned in the Bid cum Application
	Form or the Revision Form and in case of joint Bids, whose name shall
	also appear as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint
	names
"Floor Price"	The lower end of the Price Band, subject to any revision(s) thereto, not
	being less than the face value of Equity Shares, at or above which the
	Issue Price and the Anchor Investor Issue Price will be finalised and
	below which no Bids will be accepted
"Fraudulent Borrower"	A company or person, as the case may be, categorized as a fraudulent
	borrower by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof, in
	terms of the Master Directions on "Frauds – Classification and
	Reporting by commercial banks and select FIs" dated July 1, 2016.
"General Information	The General Information Document for investing in public issues
Document" or "GID"	prepared and issued in accordance with the circular
	(SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/37) dated March 17, 2020 issued by
	SEBI, suitably modified and updated pursuant to, among others, the
	circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2020/50) dated March 30, 2020
	issued by SEBI and the UPI circulars as amended from time to time.
	The General Information Document shall be available on the websites
	of the Stock Exchanges, and the BRLM.
"HCPL"	Holani Consultants Private Limited



Term	Description
"Issue" or "Issue Size" or	The issue of up to 3,34,71,000 Equity Shares for cash at a price of ₹
"Initial Public Offer" or "Initial	[●]/-per Equity Share (including premium of ₹ [●]/- per Equity Share)
Public Issue" or "IPO"	aggregating up to ₹ [●] Lakhs by our Company.
	Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM, may consider a Pre-IPO
	Placement. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the fresh Issue size
	will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement subject to
	compliance under Rule 19(2)(b) of SCRR.
"Issue Agreement"	Agreement dated September 26, 2022 entered amongst our Company
	and the BRLM, pursuant to which certain arrangements have been
	agreed to in relation to the Issue.
"Issue Price"	The final price (within the price band) at which Equity Shares will be
	Allotted to successful ASBA Bidders as determined by the books
	building process by our company in consultation with the BRLM in
	terms of the Red Herring Prospectus on the pricing date. Equity Shares
	will be Allotted to Anchor Investors at the Anchor Investor Issue Price
	in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus.
"Issue Proceeds" or "Gross	The proceeds of the Issue which shall be available to our Company. For
Proceeds"	further information about use of the Issue Proceeds, see chapter
	"Objects of the Issue" beginning on page 100.
"Mobile App"	The mobile applications which may be used by RIBs to submit Bids
	using the UPI Mechanism as provided under 'Annexure A' for the SEBI
	circular number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26,
"Monitoring Agency"	2019. [•]
"Monitoring Agency Agreement"	Agreement dated [•] entered into between our Company and the
"Mutual Fund Portion"	Monitoring Agency in relation to monitoring of net proceeds. 5% of the Net QIB Portion, or [•] Equity Shares which shall be available
Mutual Fully Portion	for allocation to Mutual Funds only, on a proportionate basis, subject
	to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price.
"Net Proceeds"	Gross Proceeds of the Issue less our Issue expenses. For further details
NetFloteeds	regarding the use of the Net Proceeds and the Issue expenses, see
	chapter "Objects of the Issue" beginning on page 100.
"Net QIB Portion"	The QIB Portion less the number of Equity Shares allocated to the
	Anchor Investors.
"Non-Institutional Bidders" or	All Bidders that are not QIBs or RIBs and who have Bid for Equity Shares
"Non-Institutional Investors"	for an amount of more than ₹ 2 Lakh (but not including NRIs other than
or "NIIs"	Eligible NRIs)
"Non-Institutional Portion"	The portion of the Net Issue, being not less than 15% of the Net Issue
	or [•] Equity Shares, which are available for allocation on a
	proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Bidders, subject to valid Bids
	being received at or above the Issue Price.
"Non-Resident"	A person resident outside India, as defined under FEMA and includes
	•
	FPIs, VCFs, FVCIs and NRI.
"Pre – IPO Placement"	FPIs, VCFs, FVCIs and NRI. A pre-IPO placement of upto 60,00,000 Equity Shares for cash
"Pre – IPO Placement"	
"Pre – IPO Placement"	A pre-IPO placement of upto 60,00,000 Equity Shares for cash



Term	Description
	the BRLM prior to filing the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC.
	If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of SCRR. Upon allotment of Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Pre- IPO Placement and after compliance with
	requirements prescribed under the Companies Act, our Company shall utilise the proceeds from such Pre-IPO Placement towards the objects of the Issue.
"Price Band"	The price band of a minimum price of ₹ [●] per Equity Share (Floor Price) and the maximum price of ₹ [●] per Equity Share (Cap Price) including any revisions thereof.
	The price band and the minimum bid lot size for the issue will be decided by our company in consultation with the BRLM and will be advertised, atleast two working days prior to the Bid/Issue opening date, which shall be published in all editions of [•], the English national newspaper, all editions of [•], the Hindi national newspaper and [•] editions of [•], the Regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation and shall be made available to the stock exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their respective websites.
"Pricing Date"	Date on which our Company in consultation with the BRLM will finalize the Issue Price
"Prospectus"	Prospectus to be filed with the RoC on or after the Pricing Date in accordance with provisions of Section 26 and section 32 of the Companies Act, and the SEBI ICDR Regulations containing, inter alia, the Issue Price, the size of the Issue and certain other information, including any addenda or corrigenda thereto.
"Public Issue Account"	Bank account to be opened with the Public Issue Account Bank, under Section 40(3) of the Companies Act to receive monies from the Escrow Account and ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date.
"Public Issue Account Bank"	The bank with whom the Public Issue Account(s) will be opened for collection of Bid Amounts from the Escrow Account(s) and ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date, in this case being Axis Bank Limited .
"QIB Portion"	The portion of the Net Issue, being not more than 50% of the Net Issue or [•] Equity Shares which shall be allotted to QIBs on a proportionate basis, including the Anchor Investor Portion (in which allocation shall be on a discretionary basis, as determined by our Company in consultation with the BRLM), subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price.
"Qualified Institutional Buyers" or "QIBs" or "QIB Bidders"	Qualified Institutional Buyers as defined under Regulation 2(1) (ss) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Red Herring Prospectus" or "RHP"	The Red Herring Prospectus dated [•] to be issued in accordance with Section 32 of the Companies Act, and SEBI ICDR Regulations, which will



Term	Description
	not have complete particulars of the price at which the Equity Shares will be allotted including any addenda or corrigenda thereto.
	The Red Herring Prospectus will be filed with the RoC at least three Working Days before the Bid/Issue Opening Date and will become the Prospectus upon filing with the RoC after the Pricing Date including any agenda or corrigenda thereto.
"Refund Account(s)"	Account to be opened with the Refund Bank(s), from which refunds, if any, of the whole or part of the Bid Amount to the Anchor Investors shall be made.
"Refund Bank(s)"	The bank(s) which are clearing members registered with SEBI under the SEBI BTI Regulations, with whom the Refund Account(s) will be opened, in this case being Axis Bank Limited .
"Registered Brokers"	Stock brokers registered with SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Stock Brokers and Sub-Brokers) Regulations, 1992 and the stock exchanges having nationwide terminals, other than the Members of the Syndicate and eligible to procure Bids in terms of Circular No. CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 4, 2012, issued by SEBI.
"Registrar Agreement" or "RTA Agreement"	Agreement dated September 26, 2022 entered amongst our Company and the Registrar to the Issue, in relation to the responsibilities and obligations of the Registrar to the Issue pertaining to the Issue.
"Registrar and Share Transfer Agents"	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Bids at the Designated RTA Locations in terms of, among others, circular no. CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015, issued by SEBI
"Registrar to the Issue" or "Registrar" or "RTA"	Link Intime India Private Limited
"Retail Individual Bidder(s)" or "RIB(s)" or "Retail Individual Investors" or "RIIs"	Individual Bidders, who have Bid for the Equity Shares for an amount which is not more than ₹ 2,00,000 in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including HUFs applying through their Karta and Eligible NRIs) and does not include NRIs (other than Eligible NRIs).
"Retail Portion"	The portion of Net Issue, being not less than 35% of the Net Issue or [•] Equity Shares, available for allocation to RIBs as per SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price.
"Revision Form"	Form used by the Bidders to modify the quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount in any of their Bid cum Application Form(s) or any previous Revision Form(s), as applicable.
	QIBs bidding in QIB portion and NIBs bidding in non-institutional portion are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. RIBs can revise their Bids during the Bid/ Issue Period and withdraw their Bids until Bid/Issue Closing Date.
"Self-Certified Syndicate Bank(s)" or "SCSBs"	The banks registered with SEBI, which offer the facility of ASBA services, (i) in relation to ASBA, where the Bid Amount will be blocked by



Term	Description
	 authorising an SCSB, a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRec_ognisedFpi=yes&intmld=34 or https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRec_ognisedFpi=yes&intmld=35 as applicable and updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, (ii) in relation to RIBs using the UPI Mechanism, a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRec_ognisedFpi=yes&intmld=40 or such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRec_ognisedFpi=yes&intmld=40 or such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI and updated from time to time.
	Applications through UPI in the Issue can be made only through the SCSBs mobile applications (apps) whose name appears on the SEBI website. A list of SCSBs and mobile application, which, are live for applying in public issues using UPI Mechanism is provided as Annexure 'A' to the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019. The said list is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognis edFpi=yes&intmld=43 and updated from time to time and such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
"Specified Locations"	Bidding Centres where the Syndicate shall accept ASBA Forms from Bidders, a list of which is included in the ASBA Form.
"Sponsor Bank"	Banker to the Issue registered with SEBI which is appointed by our company to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National Payments Corporation of India in order to push the UPI mandate request and/or payment instructions of the RIBs using the UPI, and carry out other responsibilities, in terms of the UPI Circulars, in this case being Axis Bank Limited .
"Stock Exchanges"	Together, the BSE and NSE.
"Syndicate" or "Members of the Syndicate"	Together, the BRLM and the Syndicate Members
"Syndicate Agreement"	Agreement dated [•], entered into amongst our Company, the Registrar to the Issue, the BRLM and the members of the Syndicate in relation to the procurement of Bid cum Application Forms by the Syndicate.
"Syndicate Members"	Intermediaries (other than BRLM) registered with SEBI who are permitted to accept bids, applications and place orders with respect to the Issue and carry out activities as an underwriter namely, [•]
"Underwriters"	[•]
"Underwriting Agreement"	Agreement dated [•], entered into amongst the Underwriters and Our Company, on or after pricing date but before filing of the Prospectus.
"UPI"	Unified payments interface which is an instant payment mechanism, developed by NPCI.



Term	Description
UPI Circulars	The SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/138 dated November 1, 2018, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/50 dated April 3, 2019, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/76 dated June 28, 2019, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/133 dated November 08, 2019, SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2020/50 dated March 30, 2020, SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/47 dated March 31, 2021, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and any subsequent circulars or notifications issued by SEBI in this regard.
"UPI ID"	ID created on the UPI for single-window mobile payment system developed by NPCI.
"UPI Mandate Request"	A request (intimating the RIB by way of a notification on the UPI linked mobile application as disclosed by SCSBs on the website of SEBI and by way of a SMS directing the RIB to such UPI linked mobile application) to the RIB using the UPI Mechanism) initiated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to Bid Amount in the revalent ASBA account through the UPI linked mobile application, and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment.
"UPI Mechanism"	The bidding mechanism that may be used by UPI Bidders to make the bid in the issue in accordance with the UPI Circulars.
"UPI PIN"	Password to authenticate UPI transaction
"Willful Defaulter"	A company or person, as the case may be, categorized as a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof, in terms of regulation 2(1) (III) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Working Day"	All days on which commercial banks in Mumbai are open for business; provided however, with reference to (a), announcement of Price Band; and (b) Bid/Issue Period, "Working Day" shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, on which commercial banks in Mumbai are open for business; and (c), the time period between the Bid/Issue Closing Date and the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, "Working Day" shall mean all trading days of the Stock Exchanges, excluding Sundays and bank holidays, as per circulars issued by SEBI

Technical/Industry Related Terms/Abbreviations

Term	Description
"3D"	Three Dimensional
"ASEAN"	Association of South East Asian nations
"BIS"	Bureau of Indian Standards
"BPS"	Basis Points
"CAD"	Computer aided design
"CAGR"	Compounded annual growth rate



Term	Description
"CCI"	The Competition Commission of India
"CCTV"	Close Circuit Television
"CGST Act"	Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
"CMIE"	Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy
"Competition Act"	The Competition Act, 2002
"CRM"	Customer Relationship Management"
"CRR"	Cash Reserve Ratio
"CPI"	Consumer Price Index
"CTE"	Consent to Establish
"FEE"	Foreign Exchange Earner
"G&J"	Gems and Jewellery
"GDP"	Gross Domestic Product"
"GJEPC"	Gems and Jewellery export Promotion council
"GST"	Goods and Service Tax
"GSP"	Generalized System of Preference
"GVA"	Gross value added
"HRD"	Hoge Road Voor Diamant
"HUID"	Hallmark Unique Identification
"IGI"	International Gemological Institute
"IGST Act"	Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
"IMF"	International Monetary Fund"
"LAF"	Liquidity Adjustment facility
"LBMA"	London Bullion Market Association
"MMTC"	Metals and Minerals Trading Corporation
"MOSPI"	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.
"MSF"	Marginal Standing facility
"MSMEs"	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
"PGI"	Platinum Guild International
"PPP"	Purchasing Power Parity
"RFID"	Radio Frequency Identification
"SDF"	Standing Deposit facility
"SEZ"	Special Economic Zones
"SGBs"	Sovereign Gold Bonds
"SGST Acts"	State Goods and Services Acts

Conventional and General Terms or Abbreviations

Term	Description
"₹" or "Rs." or "Rupees"	Indian Rupees
or "INR"	
"AGM"	Annual general meeting
"Air Act"	Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
"AIFs"	Alternative Investments Funds
"AY"	Assessment year
"BSE"	BSE Limited



Term	Description
"Calendar Year" or "CY"	Unless stated otherwise, the period of 12 months ending December 31 of
	that particular year
"CAGR"	Compound Annual Growth Rate
"CAN"	Common Account Number
"Category I AIF"	AIFs who are registered as "Category I Alternative Investment Funds"
U V	under the SEBI AIF Regulations
"Category I FPIs"	FPIs who are registered as "Category I Foreign Portfolio Investors" under
	the SEBI FPI Regulations
"Category II AIF"	AIFs who are registered as "Category II Alternative Investment Funds"
	under the SEBI AIF Regulations
"Category II FPIs"	FPIs who are registered as "Category II Foreign Portfolio Investors" under
	the SEBI FPI Regulations
"Category III AIF"	AIFs who are registered as "Category III Alternative Investment Funds"
	under the SEBI AIF Regulations
"CDSL"	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
"CEO"	Chief Executive Officer
"CFO"	Chief Financial Officer
"CIN"	Corporate Identity Number
"Companies Act, 1956"	Companies Act, 1956, along with the relevant rules made thereunder
"Companies Act, 2013" or	Companies Act, 2013, along with the relevant rules made thereunder
"Companies Act"	
"COVID-19"	Coronavirus disease 2019, a respiratory illness caused by the Novel
	Coronavirus and a public health emergency of international concern as
	declared by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020 and a
	pandemic on March 11, 2020
"CSR"	Corporate Social Responsibility
"Depository" or	NSDL and CDSL
"Depositories"	
"Depositories Act"	Depositories Act, 1996
"DIN"	Director Identification Number
"DPIIT"	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Ministry of
	Commerce and Industry, Government of India (earlier known as the
	Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion)
"DP ID"	Depository Participant Identification
"DP" or "Depository	Depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act
Participant"	
"EBITDA"	EBITDA is calculated as profit for the year/ period, plus total tax expenses,
	exceptional items, finance costs and depreciation and amortization
	expenses, less other income
"EGM"	Extraordinary General Meeting
"EPS"	Earnings Per Share
"ERP"	Enterprise Resource Planning
"FDI"	Foreign direct investment
"FDI Policy"	Consolidated Foreign Direct Investment Policy notified by the DPIIT
	through notification dated October 15, 2020 effective from October 15,
	2020



Term	Description
"FEMA"	Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, read with rules and regulations
	thereunder
"FEMA Rules"	Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019
"Financial Year" or	Unless stated otherwise, the period of 12 months ending March 31 of that
"Fiscal" or "FY"	particular year
"FMCG"	Fast Moving Consumer Goods
"FPI(s)"	Foreign portfolio investors as defined under the SEBI FPI Regulations
"FVCI(s)"	Foreign venture capital investors as defined and registered under the SEBI
	FVCI Regulations
"G – Secs"	Government Securities or Government Bonds
"GDP"	Gross domestic product
"Gol" or "Government"	Government of India
or "Central Government"	
"GSI"	Geological Survey of India
"GST"	Goods and Services Tax
"GSTIN"	Goods and Service Tax Identification Number
"HRD"	Human Resource Development
"HUF"	Hindu Undivided Family
"ICAI"	The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
"IFRS"	International Financial Reporting Standards
"IMF"	International Monetary Fund
"Ind AS" or "Indian	Indian Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies
Accounting Standards" or	Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,
"Ind AS Rules"	2015, as amended
"IPO"	Initial Public Offer
"IRDAI"	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India
"IST"	Indian Standard Time
"IT"	Information Technology
"IT Act"	The Income Tax Act, 1961
"КҮС"	Know Your Customer
"MCA"	Ministry of Corporate Affairs
"Mutual Fund (s)"	Mutual Fund(s) means mutual funds registered under the SEBI (Mutual
	Funds) Regulations, 1996
"N/A" or "NA" or "N.A."	Not applicable
"NACH"	National Automated Clearing House
"NBFC"	Non-Banking Financial Company
"NEFT"	National Electronic Funds Transfer
"NOC"	No Objection Certificate.
"NPCI"	National Payments Corporation of India
"NRE Account"	Non-resident external account established in accordance with the Foreign
-	Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016.
"NRI" or "Non-Resident	person resident outside India who is a citizen of India as defined under the
Indian"	Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016 or is an
	'Overseas Citizen of India cardholder within the meaning of section 7(A) of
	the Citizenship Act, 1955.



f "NSDL" r	Non-resident ordinary account established in accordance with the Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016. National Securities Depository Limited.
"NSDL"	
	National Securities Depository Limited.
"NSE" [
	National Stock Exchange of India Limited.
"OCB" or "Overseas A	An entity de-recognised through Foreign Exchange Management
Corporate Body" ((Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs))
F	Regulations, 2003. OCBs are not allowed to invest in the Issue.
"p.a." f	Per annum
"P/E Ratio"	Price/earnings ratio
"PAN" F	Permanent account number
"RBI"	The Reserve Bank of India
"Regulation S" F	Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act
"RoNW" or "Return on F	Restated profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders of our
Net	Company divided by total equity attributable to the equity shareholders of
Worth"	our Company at period/year-end.
"RTGS" F	Real Time Gross Settlement
"Rule 144A"	Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act
"SCORES"	SEBI complaints redress system
"SCRA"	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956
"SCRR"	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957
"SEBI"	Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the SEBI Act
"SEBI Act"	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
"SEBI AIF Regulations" S	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investments Funds)
F	Regulations, 2012 as amended from time to time
_	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Bankers to an Issue) Regulations, 1994.
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors)
-	Regulations, 2019 as amended from time to time
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Venture Capital Investors)
-	Regulations, 2000
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure
-	Requirements) Regulations, 2018 as amended from time to time
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading)
-	Regulations, 2015.
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure
	Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time
"SEBI Merchant Bankers	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations,
Regulations"	1992
-	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
Regulations"	
"SEBI VCF Regulations" S	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Venture Capital Fund) Regulations,
	1996 as repealed pursuant to the SEBI AIF Regulations
"STT"	Securities transaction tax
"State Government"	The government of a state in India
"Takeover Regulations" S	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares
ā	and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011



Term	Description		
"TAN"	Tax deduction account number		
"U.S." or "USA" or	United States of America, its territories and possessions, any State of the		
"United States"	United States, and the District of Columbia		
"USD" or "US\$" or "U.S.	United States Dollars		
Dollar" or "U.S. Dollars"			
"U.S. Securities Act"	U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended		
"VAT"	Value Added Tax		
"VCFs"	Venture Capital Funds as defined in and registered with SEBI under the		
	SEBI VCF Regulations		
"ҮоҮ"	Year over year		



CERTAIN CONVENTIONS, PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL, INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA AND CURRENCY OF PRESENTATION

CERTAIN CONVENTIONS

All references to "India" contained in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are to the Republic of India. All references to the "Government", "Indian Government", "GOI", "Central Government" are to the Government of India and all references to the State Government are to the Government of the relevant state.

All references herein to the "US", the "USA", or the "United States" are to the United States of America, together with its territories and possessions.

All references to time in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are to Indian Standard Time. Unless indicated otherwise, all references to a year in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are to a calendar year.

Unless stated otherwise, all references to page numbers in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are to the page numbers of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

FINANCIAL DATA

Our Company's Financial Year commences on April 1 of the immediately preceding calendar year and ends on March 31 of that particular calendar year, so all references to a particular Financial Year or Fiscal are to the 12 month period commencing on April 1 of the immediately preceding calendar year and ending on March 31 of that particular calendar year. Unless the context requires otherwise, all references to a year in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are to a calendar year and references to a Fiscal/ Financial Year/ FY are to the 12 months period ended on March 31, of that calendar year

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, the financial information and financial ratios in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus has been derived from our Restated Financial Statements.

Certain measures included and presented in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, for instance EBITDA, EBITDA Margin, RoNW and Net Asset Value per Equity Share **(Non-GAAP Measures)**, are supplemental measures of our performance and liquidity that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, Ind AS, IFRS or US GAAP. Furthermore, these Non-GAAP Measures, are not a measurement of our financial performance or liquidity under Indian GAAP, IFRS or US GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net profit/loss, revenue from operations or any other performance measures derived in accordance with Ind AS, IFRS or US GAAP or as an alternative to cash flow from operations or as a measure of our liquidity. In addition, Non-GAAP Measures used are not a standardized term, hence a direct comparison of Non-GAAP Measures between companies may not be possible. Other companies may calculate Non-GAAP Measures differently from us, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measures related to our operations and financial performance that may vary from any standard methodology that may be applicable across the industry in which we operate, and which may not be comparable with financial, operational or industry related statistical information of similar nomenclature computed and presented by similar companies" on page 58



The Restated Financial Statements of our Company included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are as at and for the Fiscals ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 comprises of restated summary statement of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, the restated summary statement of profit and loss and the restated summary statement of cash flow Fiscals ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 together with the notes to the restated financial statements (collectively, the Restated Financial Statements) are prepared in accordance with Ind AS and restated in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note on "Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019)" issued by ICAI, as amended from time to time. For Further information, see "Financial Statements" on page 224.

There are significant differences between Ind AS, U.S. GAAP and IFRS. Please see *"Risk Factor No. 54 – Significant differences exist between Ind AS and other accounting principles, such as U.S. GAAP and IFRS, which may be material to the Financial Statements prepared and presented in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations contained in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus"* on page 67. Our Company does not provide reconciliation of its financial information to IFRS or U.S. GAAP. Our Company has not attempted to explain those differences or quantify their impact on the financial data included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and it is urged that you consult your own advisors regarding such differences and their impact on our financial data. Accordingly, the degree to which the financial information included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus will provide meaningful information is entirely dependent on the reader's level of familiarity with Indian accounting policies and practices, the Companies Act, Ind AS, and the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Any reliance by persons not familiar with Indian accounting policies on the financial disclosures presented in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus should, accordingly, be limited.

Certain figures contained in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, including financial information, have been subject to rounding adjustments. All decimals have been rounded off to two decimal points. In certain instances, (i) the sum or percentage change of such numbers may not conform exactly to the total figure given; and (ii) the sum of the numbers in a column or row in certain tables may not conform exactly to the total figure total figure given for that column or row.

Further, any figures sourced from third-party industry sources may be rounded off to other than two decimal points to conform to their respective sources.

INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data used throughout this section has been obtained or derived from a report titled "*Industry Research Report on Indian Gems & Jewellery Sector*" dated August 18, 2022, by CARE Advisory Research and Training Limited (Care Edge Research) prepared and issued by Care Edge Research appointed by us pursuant to engagement letter dated June 02, 2022, and exclusively commissioned and paid for by our Company in connection with the issue. Unless otherwise indicated all industry and other related information derived from the Care Edge Research Report and included therein with respect to any particular year refer to such information for the relevant calendar year. Care Edge Research was appointed by our company and is not connected to our company or directors and our promoters. A copy of the Care Edge Research Report is available on the website of our Company at www.motisonsjewellers.com. For risks in relation to the commissioned report, see "*Risk Factors No. 28 – Certain sections of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus disclose information from the industry report which has been commissioned and paid for by us exclusively in connection with the Issue and any reliance on such information for making an investment decision in the Issue is subject to inherent risks." on page 53.*



In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the chapter titled "**Basis for Issue Price**" beginning on page 112, includes information relating to our peer group companies. Such information has been derived from publicly available sources, and neither we nor the BRLM has independently verified such information.

DISCLAIMER OF CAREEDGE RESEARCH REPORT

This Draft Red Herring Prospectus contains data and statistics from the **Care Edge Research** Report, which is subject to the following disclaimer:

"This report is prepared by CARE Advisory Research and Training Limited (CareEdge Research). CareEdge Research has taken utmost care to ensure accuracy and objectivity while developing this report based on information available in CareEdge Research's proprietary database, and other sources considered by CareEdge Research as accurate and reliable including the information in public domain. The views and opinions expressed herein do not constitute the opinion of CareEdge Research to buy or invest in this industry, sector or companies operating in this sector or industry and is also not a recommendation to enter into any transaction in this industry or sector in any manner whatsoever.

This report has to be seen in its entirety; the selective review of portions of the report may lead to inaccurate assessments. All forecasts in this report are based on assumptions considered to be reasonable by CareEdge Research; however, the actual outcome may be materially affected by changes in the industry and economic circumstances, which could be different from the projections.

Nothing contained in this report is capable or intended to create any legally binding obligations on the sender or **CareEdge** Research which accepts no responsibility, whatsoever, for loss or damage from the use of the said information. **CareEdge** Research is also not responsible for any errors in transmission and specifically states that it, or its directors, employees, parent company – CARE Ratings Ltd., or its directors, employees do not have any financial liabilities whatsoever to the subscribers/users of this report. The subscriber/user assumes the entire risk of any use made of this report or data herein. This report is for the information of the authorised recipient in India only and any reproduction of the report or part of it would require explicit written prior approval of CareEdge Research.

CareEdge Research shall reveal the report to the extent necessary and called for by appropriate regulatory agencies, viz., SEBI, RBI, Government authorities, etc., if it is required to do so. By accepting a copy of this Report, the recipient accepts the terms of this Disclaimer, which forms an integral part of this Report."

CURRENCY AND UNITS OF PRESENTATION

All references to "*Rupees*" or " \mathbb{R} " or "*Rs.*" or "*INR*" are to Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India. All references to "*US\$*", "*U.S. Dollar*", "*USD*" or "*U.S. Dollars*" are to United States Dollars, the official currency of the United States of America. In this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Company has presented certain numerical information. All figures have been expressed in lakh. One lakh represents 1,00,000 and one million represents 10,00,000. However, where any figures that may have been sourced from third-party industry sources are expressed in denominations other than lakh, such figures appear in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus expressed in such denominations as provided in their respective sources.

Any percentage amounts, as set forth in *"Risk Factors", "Our Business", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operation"* on pages 35, 150 and 289 and elsewhere in



this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, unless otherwise indicated, have been calculated based on our Restated Financial Statements

EXCHANGE RATES

This Draft Red Herring Prospectus may contain conversions of certain other currency amounts into Indian Rupees that have been presented solely to comply with the requirements of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. These conversions should not be construed as a representation that such currency amounts could have been, or can be converted into Indian Rupees, at any particular rate, or at all. The exchange rates of certain currencies used in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus into Indian Rupees for the periods indicated are provided below:

Currency	As on March 31, 2022 (₹) ⁽¹⁾	As on March 31, 2021 (₹) ⁽¹⁾	As on March 31, 2020 (₹) ⁽¹⁾
1 USD	75.80	73.50	75.38
1 Euro	84.66	86.09	83.04

(Source for 1 USD and 1 Euro: <u>www.rbi.org.in</u> and <u>www.fbil.org.in</u>)

(1) In the event that March 31 of any of the respective years is a holiday, the previous calendar day not being a public holiday has been considered.



FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Draft Red Herring Prospectus contains certain statements which are not statements of historical fact and may be described as "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements include statements which can generally be identified by words or phrases such as "aim", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "likely to", "objective", "plan", "propose", "project", "will", "will continue", "seek to", "will pursue", or other words or phrases of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe our Company's strategies, objectives, plans or goals are also forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements, whether made by us or a third-party, are based on our current plans, estimates, presumptions and expectations and actual results may differ materially from those suggested by such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statement.

This may be due to risks or uncertainties or assumptions associated with the expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to the industry in which our Company operates and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategy, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India which have an impact on our business activities or investments, the monetary and fiscal policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations and taxes, changes in competition in the industry and incidence of any natural calamities and/or acts of violence.

Certain Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our Company's expectations include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Current and continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business;
- Inability to maintain and develop our brands;
- Inability to identify customer demand accurately and maintain an optimal level of inventory in our showrooms;
- Adverse statutory and regulatory actions from Income Tax Department or any other statutory or regulatory authority;
- Any adverse developments affecting Rajasthan, where our showrooms are located mostly;
- Disruptions at third-party production or manufacturing facilities or failure of third parties to adhere to the relevant quality standards;
- Inability to effectively manage or expand our retail network or operations or pursue our growth strategy;
- Conflict of interest between our business and activities undertaken by entities in which certain of our Directors and our Promoter have interest;
- Inability to comply conditions and restrictions on our operations, additional financing and capital
- structure under agreements governing our indebtedness;
- Any adverse development that may affect the operations of our manufacturing units;
- Any qualifications or other observations made by our future statutory auditors which may affect our results of operations;
- Inability to obtain, maintain or renew requisite statutory and regulatory permits and approvals with respect to the usage of our key raw material may adversely affect our business, financial condition,



results of operations and prospects;

- General economic and business conditions in the markets in which we operate and in the local, regional and national economies;
- Inability to obtain, maintain or renew requisite statutory and regulatory permits and approvals or noncompliance with and changes in, safety, health and environmental laws and other applicable regulations, may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

For a further discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations, see section titled *"Risk Factors"* and chapter titled *"Our Business"* and *"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"* beginning on pages 35, 150 and 289, respectively. By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated and are not a guarantee of future performance.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which such forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, we cannot assure investors that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements and not to regard such statements as a guarantee of future performance.

Forward-looking statements reflect the current views of our Company as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and are not a guarantee of future performance. These statements are based on the management's belief and assumptions, which in turn are based on currently available information. Although we believe the assumptions upon which these forward- looking statements are based are reasonable, any of these assumptions as well as statements based on them could prove to be inaccurate. Neither our Company, our Promoters, our Directors, the BRLM, nor any of their respective affiliates have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition.

In accordance with regulatory requirements, our Company will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments from the date of registration of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC until receipt of final listing and trading approvals by the Stock Exchanges for this Issue.



SECTION II - SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE DOCUMENT

This section is a general summary of certain disclosures included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and is not exhaustive, nor does it purport to contain a summary of all the disclosures in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or all details relevant to prospective investors. This summary should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, including the sections titled "**Risk Factors**", "**The Issue**", "**Capital Structure**", "**Our Business**", "**Industry Overview**", "**Our Promoters and Promoter Group**", "**Objects of the Issue**", "**Restated Financial Statements**", "**Management's Discussions and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**", "**Issue Structure**" and "**Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments**" on pages 35, 69, 85, 150, 120, 209, 100, 224, 289, 346 and 318 respectively.

PRIMARY BUSINESS OF OUR COMPANY

We are a jewellery retail player with a history of more than 2 decades. We commenced operations in year 1997 through a partnership firm 'M/s Motisons Jewellers' which was converted into public limited company in 2011. We primarily sell gold, diamond and kundan jewellery and also sell jewellery made of pearl, silver, platinum, precious, semi-precious stones and other metals. We have our own manufacturing facilities located in Jaipur, Rajasthan for gold and diamond jewellery. Additionally, to cater to the increasing demand in the market, we engage artisans on job work basis and source jewellery from third party vendors/ contract manufacturers.

SUMMARY OF THE INDUSTRY IN WHICH OUR COMPANY OPERATES

According to the CareEdge Research Report, the G&J industry's market size was estimated to close at USD 60 billion in CY21. The Indian jewellery market is traditionally dominated by gold jewellery. In CY21, the total demand for gold by Indian consumer was estimated at 800 tonnes. Compared to the previous year the demand for gold witnessed a growth of approximately 78% in CY21. A majority of the demand in CY21 came from gold jewellery which was approximately 75% (600 tonnes). There has also been a noticeable shift towards more informal and everyday use of diamond studded jewellery.

NAME OF THE PROMOTERS

Our Promoters are Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mrs. Namita Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra (HUF), Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) and Sanjay Chhabra (HUF). For further details, see "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group*" beginning on page 209.

THE ISSUE

The following table summarizes the details of the Issue. For further details, see "*The Issue*" and "*Issue Structure*" on pages 69 and 346, respectively.

Issue	Up to 3,34,71,000 Equity Shares for cash at price of ₹ [●] per Equity Share (including a premium of ₹ [●] per Equity Share), aggregating up to ₹ [●] Lakhs.
of which	
(i) Fresh Issue (1) [^]	Up to 3,34,71,000 Equity Shares aggregating up to ₹ [●] Lakhs
(ii) Offer for Sale	NIL

(1) The Issue has been authorized by a resolution of our Board dated **September 14, 2022** and by a special



resolution of our Shareholder, dated September 15, 2022.

[^]Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM, may consider a Pre-IPO Placement aggregating up to 60,00,000 Equity Shares. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Fresh Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to the Issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR.

The Issue shall constitute [•]% of the post Issue paid up Equity Share capital of our Company.

OBJECTS OF THE ISSUE

Our Company proposes to utilise the Net Proceeds towards funding the following objects:

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Objects	Amount*
Pre-payment or scheduled repayment of a portion of the existing borrowing availed	5,800.00
by our company.	
Funding the working capital requirement of our Company	6,820.85
General corporate purposes*	[•]
Net Proceeds*	[•]

* To be finalised upon determination of the Issue Price and updated in the Prospectus prior to filing with the RoC. The amount utilised for general corporate purposes shall not exceed 25% of the Gross Proceeds. Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM, may consider a Pre-IPO Placement. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to the Issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR. Upon allotment of Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Pre- IPO Placement and after compliance with requirements prescribed under the Companies Act, our Company shall utilise the proceeds from such Pre-IPO Placement towards the objects of the Issue. For further details, see "**Objects of the Issue**" on page 100.

AGGREGATE PRE-ISSUE SHAREHOLDING OF OUR PROMOTERS, PROMOTER GROUP AND THE SELLING SHAREHOLDERS

There are no selling shareholders in our Company. The aggregate pre-Issue shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group as a percentage of the pre-Issue paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company is set out below:

S.		F	Pre-Issue		
No.	Name of shareholder	Number of Equity SharesPercentage of EqShare capital (%) fully diluted basi			
(A) Pro	omoter				
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	21.908%		
2.	Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF (Sandeep Chhabra, Karta)	64,20,000	9.881%		
3.	Sandeep Chhabra	63,55,000	9.781%		
4.	Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	9.357%		
5.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF (Sandeep Chhabra, Karta)	40,00,000	6.156%		
6.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF (Sanjay Chhabra, Karta)	17,50,000	2.693%		
7.	Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	0.693%		
Total (/	A)	3,92,90,000 60.469%			
(B) Pro	omoter Group				
1.	Motisons Global Private Limited	1,82,85,000	28.142%		



S.		Pre-Issue			
No.	Name of shareholder	reholder Number of Equity Shares			
2.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	73,60,000	11.327%		
3.	Laksh Chhabra	20,000	0.031%		
4.	Prakkhar Chhabra	10,000	0.015%		
5.	Kaustubh Chhabra	10,000	0.015%		
Total (B) 2,56,85,000 39.5319					
TOTAL	(A+B)	6,49,75,000	100%		

SUMMARY DERIVED FROM THE RESTATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following information has been derived from our Restated Financial Statements for the last three financial years:

		(₹ in Lakhs, ex	cept per share data)				
Particulars	As at	As at and for the Fiscal ended					
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022				
Equity Share capital	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50				
Net Worth (in ₹) ⁽¹⁾	9,151.44	10,096.29	11,545.28				
Revenue from operations	21,894.31	21,304.01	31,433.01				
Profit / (loss) for the period / year	316.36	967.17	1,474.72				
Basic earnings per share (in ₹) ⁽²⁾	0.49	1.49	2.27				
Diluted earnings per share (in ₹) ⁽³⁾	0.49	1.49	2.27				
Net Asset Value per Share (in ₹) ⁽⁴⁾	14.08	15.54	17.77				
Total Borrowings ⁽⁵⁾	13,713.11	14,143.48	15,160.45				

(1) Net Worth has been defined as the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves.

(2) Basic earnings per share $(\mathbf{R}) = \text{Profit/(loss)}$ for the year/period divided by total weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year/period.

(3) Diluted earnings per share (₹) = Profit/(loss) for the year/period divided by total weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year/period

(4) Net Asset Value per Share = Restated Equity attributable to equity holders of the issuer as at year/period end divided by total number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year/period

(5) Total Borrowings = Non-current borrowings + current borrowings, incl. unsecured loans

For further details see "Restated Financial Statements", "Other Financial Information" and "Basis for the Issue Price" on pages 224, 287 and 112 respectively.

AUDITOR QUALIFICATIONS

There are no auditor qualifications which have not been given effect to in the Restated Financial Statements.

SUMMARY OF OUTSTANDING LITIGATION

A summary of outstanding litigation proceedings as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus as disclosed in the section titled "*Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments*" in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations is provided below.



Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities 1 Not ascertainable Claims related to direct and indirect taxes 12 1,618.31^A Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL Total 14 1,618.31 Cases by our Company Criminal proceedings NIL NIL Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL NIL Total NIL NIL NIL NIL Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL NIL Total NIL NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL NIL Claims related to direct and indirect taxes 26 ^{ch} 1.00 rd 1.00 rd Disciplinary action taken against our Promoters in the five 3 ^{##} Not ascertainable Fiscals preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring 29 1.00 rd Prospectus by SEBI or any stock exchange 1 Not ascertainable Other pending material litigation proceedings** 1 Not ascertainable </th <th></th> <th>-</th> <th>(₹ in Lakhs)</th>		-	(₹ in Lakhs)	
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Total141,618.31Criminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotalNILNILNILCases against our PromotersNILNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes26^^1.00"Disciplinary action taken against our Promoters in the five Fiscals preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus by SEBI or any stock exchangeNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**1Not ascertainableCriminal proceedingsNILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**1Not ascertainableTotal1Not ascertainableNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**1Not ascertainableCriminal proceedingsNILNILNILChins by statutory or regulatory authoritiesNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)20.81Chins related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Chins pending	Claims related to direct and indirect taxes	12	1,618.31^	
Cases by our Company NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL NIL Total NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities NIL NIL NIL Claims related to direct and indirect taxes $26^{\circ \wedge}$ 1.00° Disciplinary action taken against our Promoters in the five $3^{\#}$ Not ascertainable Fiscals preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus by SEBI or any stock exchange 0 Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL NIL Total 29 1.000 Cases by our Promoters 0 Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL NIL Charles by our Promoters 1 Not ascertainable 0 Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL <td< td=""><td>Other pending material litigation proceedings**</td><td>NIL</td><td>NIL</td></td<>	Other pending material litigation proceedings**	NIL	NIL	
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Criminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**1Not ascertainableTotal1Not ascertainableCases against our Directors (other than promoters)NILNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILActions by statutory or regulatory authoritiesNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotal20.81Criminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Total	29	1.00	
Other pending material litigation proceedings**1Not ascertainableTotal1Not ascertainableCases against our Directors (other than promoters)NILNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILNILActions by statutory or regulatory authoritiesNILNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILTotal20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNIL	Cases by our Promoters			
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Cases against our Directors (other than promoters)Criminal proceedingsNILNILActions by statutory or regulatory authoritiesNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotal20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)Criminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Other pending material litigation proceedings**	1	Not ascertainable	
Criminal proceedingsNILNILActions by statutory or regulatory authoritiesNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotal20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)NILNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Total	1	Not ascertainable	
Actions by statutory or regulatory authoritiesNILNILClaims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotal20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)0Criminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILNILNIL	Cases against our Directors (other than promoters)			
Claims related to direct and indirect taxes20.81Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotal20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)NILNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Criminal proceedings	NIL	NIL	
Other pending material litigation proceedings**NILNILTotal20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)NILNILCriminal proceedingsNILNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities	NIL	NIL	
Total20.81Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)VillCriminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Claims related to direct and indirect taxes	2	0.81	
Cases by our Directors (other than promoters) Criminal proceedings NIL Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL	Other pending material litigation proceedings**	NIL	NIL	
Criminal proceedingsNILNILOther pending material litigation proceedings**NILNIL	Total	2	0.81	
Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL	Cases by our Directors (other than promoters)			
	Criminal proceedings	NIL	NIL	
Total NIL NIL	Other pending material litigation proceedings**	NIL	NIL	
	Total	NIL	NIL	

For further details, see "*Outstanding Litigations and Other Material Developments*" on page 318. (₹ in

*To the extent quantifiable and ascertainable

** Based on Materiality Policy

^ Amount aggregating to ₹ 39.12 Lakh has been added on the basis of show-cause notices received from the department.

^{^^}(i) Proposed addition to income of ₹ 209.67 Lakh has been challenged before the Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan vide SB Civil Writ Petition No. 12272/2021 and 12274/2021 which are pending. (ii) Writ no. 12278/2021 filed before Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan in the case of Sandeep Chhabra vs Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, against the show cause notice issued by the department under section 148A(b) of Income Tax Act has now become infructuous as the department itself has dropped the proceedings for issuance of show cause notice under section 148 of Income Tax Act vide order no. ITBA/COM/F/17/2022-23/1044184696(1) dated 27.07.2022 passed under section 148A(d) of Income Tax



/∓ in Lakhc)

Act. However, since the status of the matter is pending before Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan, it has been included with NIL amount.

[#]Amount does not include unquantifiable demand with respect to assessments pending under Section 147 read with 148 of Income Tax Act, 1961 having proposed addition of ₹ 961.59 Lakhs.

^{##}(i) Notice dated January 05, 2022 issued to our Promoters, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra respectively has been counted as 3 separate matters. (ii) Since the penalty imposed vide Adjudication orders Ref no.: Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11607 and Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11608 on our Promoters Sanjay Chhabra and Sandeep Chhabra has already been paid, it is not reflected as outstanding litigation in this table.

Further, as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, there are no pending litigation proceedings involving Group Company which will have a material impact on our Company.

RISK FACTORS

Specific attention of the Bidders is invited to "*Risk Factors*" on page 35, to have an informed view before making an investment decision.

SUMMARY OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The details of the contingent liabilities (as per Ind AS 37) of our Company as on March 31, 2022 derived from the Restated Financial Statements are set forth below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022
GST Demand	127.75
Income Tax Demand	1,490.56
Total	1,618.31

For further details of our contingent liabilities (as per Ind AS 37) as at March 31, 2022, see "*Restated Financial* Statements – *Note 34: Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments*" on page 266.

FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

There have been no financing arrangements whereby our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, our directors and their relatives have financed the purchase by any other person of securities of our Company, during a period of six months immediately preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.



SUMMARY OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The details of related party transaction during the FY 2021-22, 2020-21 and 2019-20 based on Restated Financial Statements are given as under:

Sr No.	Name of Party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Amount O/s as on 31-03- 2022 Payable / (Receivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Amount of Transaction credited in 01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Amount O/s as on 31.03.2021 Payable / (Receivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2020-21	Amount of Transaction credited in 2020-21	Amount O/s as on 31.03.2020 Payable / (Receivable)
1	Motisons Global	Associate	Rent paid (excl. TDS)	182.68	192.00	176.64	167.32	192.00	92.64	67.96
	Private Limited		Electricity exp	1.10	46.38	47.82	2.55	45.33	42.78	-
			Guarantee Commission (excl. TDS)	24.28	0.95	10.00	15.23	6.13	10.00	11.35
2	Godawari Estates	Associate	Interest (excl. TDS)	174.14	59.51	5.95	120.58	61.88	4.64	63.34
	Private Limited		Unsecured Loan	621.59	779.15	1,384.40	16.34	1,459.15	480.00	995.49
3	Motisons Buildtech Private Limited	Associate	Rent for Accommodation paid	-	-	0.08	0.08	4.16	4.09	-
4	Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited	Associate	Rent paid (excl. TDS)	6.57	9.00	16.39	13.96	9.00	(0.91)	4.05
5	Motisons Shares Private Limited (MG-17657)	Associate	Sales	-	-	-	-	0.87	0.36	0.51
6	Gun Sagar Builders	Director relative	Interest Received	-	10.66	10.25	0.41	0.03	0.44	-
	Private Limited	is Director and Shareholder in the Company	Payments	-	300.00	-	(300.00)	-	300.00	-
7	Sanjay Chhabra	Shareholder and	Loan	1,344.79	-	45.00	1,299.79	-	-	1,299.79
		Vice Chairman &	Rent paid (excl. TDS)	12.03	11.14	11.42	12.31	11.14	10.86	12.03
		MD	Salary	(3.60)	42.00	44.29	(1.30)	34.50	36.29	0.49
			Interest Paid	9.74	148.07	141.00	2.66	191.67	189.01	-
			Guarantee fees	4.16	0.22	4.38	-	-	-	-
8	Sandeep Chhabra	Shareholder and	Interest Paid	89.44	387.55	457.83	159.72	399.18	239.46	-
		Chairman & MD	Rent paid (excl. TDS)	6.36	5.89	6.03	6.51	5.89	5.74	6.36
			Salary	(3.60)	42.00	44.29	(1.30)	34.50	36.29	0.49
			Loan	3,402.95	-	19.68	3,383.27	-	-	3,383.27



Sr No.	Name of Party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Amount O/s as on 31-03- 2022 Payable / (Receivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Amount of Transaction credited in 01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Amount O/s as on 31.03.2021 Payable / (Receivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2020-21	Amount of Transaction credited in 2020-21	Amount O/s as on 31.03.2020 Payable / (Receivable)
			Guarantee fees	8.91	0.47	9.38	-	-	-	-
9	Kajal Chhabra	Shareholder and	Loan	853.42	50.00	50.00	853.42	-	-	853.42
		Director	Interest Paid	92.65	104.45	10.45	(1.36)	73.52	74.88	-
			Guarantee fees	4.16	0.22	4.38	-	-	-	-
			Rent paid (excl. TDS)	2.36	2.63	2.69	2.43	2.63	2.56	2.36
10	Namita Chhabra	Shareholder and	Purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Director	Interest Paid	308.24	179.89	17.99	146.34	124.55	9.34	31.13
			Loan	1,352.77	-	-	1,352.77	-	-	1,352.77
			Rent paid (excl. TDS)	4.73	5.25	5.38	4.86	5.25	5.12	4.73
			Guarantee fees	4.16	0.22	4.38	-	-	-	-
11	Kamal Chand Jain	Shareholder and Director	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	Shareholder & HUF of Director	Rent paid (excl. TDS)	3.84	60.00	75.01	18.85	60.00	47.15	6.00
13	Anurag Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	0.15	0.15	-	0.02	0.02	-
14	Asha Kala	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	0.06	(0.06)
15	Kala Sports	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Kavita V Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	0.62	0.62	-
17	Mahendra Kumar Patni	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Prakkhar Chhabra	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Seema Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	18.36	18.36	-
20	Nirmala Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Sr No.	Name of Party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Amount O/s as on 31-03- 2022 Payable / (Receivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Amount of Transaction credited in 01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Amount O/s as on 31.03.2021 Payable / (Receivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2020-21	Amount of Transaction credited in 2020-21	Amount O/s as on 31.03.2020 Payable / (Receivable)
21	Saarvam Industries LLP	Relative of Promoter	Sales	-	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	-
22	Kalpsagar Private	Associate	Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Limited		Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

For details of related party transactions during the FY 2021-22, 2020-21 and 2019-20, see "*Restated Financial Statements – Note 42 - Related Party Disclosures*" and on pages 272.



WEIGHTED AVERAGE PRICE AT WHICH SPECIFIED SECURITIES WERE ACQUIRED BY THE PROMOTERS AND SELLING SHAREHOLDERS IN THE ONE YEAR PRECEDING THE DATE OF THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS

There are no selling shareholders in our Company. The weighted average price at which Equity Shares were acquired by our Promoters in last one year preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is as follows:

S.No.	Name	Number of Equity Shares acquired	Weighted Average Price of acquisition per Equity Share (in ₹) #					
Promo	Promoters							
1.	Sandeep Chhabra	NIL	NIL					
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	NIL	NIL					
3.	Namita Chhabra	20,000	NIL					
4.	Kajal Chhabra	20,000	NIL					
5.	Moti Lal Sandeep HUF	NIL	NIL					
6.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	NIL	NIL					
7.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	NIL	NIL					

[#]As certified by M/s Keyur Shah & Co, Chartered Accountants, our Statutory Auditor pursuant to their certificate dated September 27, 2022.

AVERAGE COST OF ACQUISITION FOR SHARE FOR PROMOTERS

There are no selling shareholders in our company. The average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares for Promoters as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is set forth below:

S.No.	Name	Number of Equity Shares	Average cost of acquisition per Equity Share (in ₹) #			
Promoters						
1.	Sandeep Chhabra	63,55,000	4.30			
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	7.31			
3.	Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	10.00			
4.	Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	10.00			
5.	Moti Lal Sandeep HUF	64,20,000	10.00			
6.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	40,00,000	10.00			
7.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	17,50,000	10.00			

[#] As certified by the Independent Chartered Accountant by way of their certificate dated September 26, 2022.

For further details of the average cost of acquisition of our Promoters, see "*Capital Structure – Build-up* of the Promoters' shareholding in our Company" on page 93.

DETAILS OF PRE-IPO PLACEMENT

Our Company and BRLM, may consider a pre-IPO placement of up to 60,00,000 Equity Shares for cash consideration aggregating up to \mathbf{R} [•] Lakhs, at its discretion, prior to filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC ("**Pre-IPO Placement**"). If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to the Issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR.



ISSUE OF EQUITY SHARES FOR CONSIDERATION OTHER THAN CASH IN THE LAST ONE YEAR

Our Company has not issued any Equity Shares for consideration other than cash, in the one year preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

SPLIT OR CONSOLIDATION OF EQUITY SHARES IN THE LAST ONE YEAR

Our Company has not undertaken a split or consolidation of the Equity Shares in the one year preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

EXEMPTION FROM COMPLYING WITH ANY PROVISIONS OF SECURITIES LAWS, IF ANY, GRANTED BY SEBI

Our Company has not sought any exemption from complying with any provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.



SECTION III - RISK FACTORS

An investment in equity shares involves a high degree of risk. Investors should carefully consider all the information in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, before making an investment in the Equity Shares. The risks described below are not the only ones relevant to us or our Equity Shares, the industry in which we operate or to India and other jurisdictions we operate in. Additional risks and uncertainties, not currently known to us or that we currently do not deem material may also adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. If any of the following risks, or other risks that are not currently known or are not currently deemed material, actually occur, our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition could be adversely affected, the price of our Equity Shares could decline, and investors may lose all or part of their investment. To the extent the COVID-19 pandemic adversely affects our business and financial results, it may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in this section. In order to obtain a complete understanding of our Company and our business, prospective investors should read this section in conjunction with "Industry Overview", "Our Business", "Restated Financial Statements" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 120, 150, 224 and 289, respectively, as well as the other financial and statistical information contained in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of us and our business and the terms of the Issue including the merits and risks involved.

Prospective investors should consult their tax, financial and legal advisors about the particular consequences of investing in the Issue. Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors below, we are unable to quantify the financial or other impact of any of the risks described in this section. Prospective investors should pay particular attention to the fact that our Company is incorporated under the laws of India and is subject to a legal and regulatory environment, which may differ in certain respects from that of other countries.

This Draft Red Herring Prospectus also contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the considerations described below and elsewhere in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. For further information, see "Forward-Looking Statements" on page 23. Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information included herein is based on our Restated Financial Information included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. For further entire entire requires, in this section, references to "we", "us", "our", the Company" or "our Company" refers to Motisons Jewellers Limited.

Unless otherwise indicated, all financial information included herein are based on our Restated Consolidated Financial Information included elsewhere in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

INTERNAL RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS

1. Certain of our Promoters and member of our Promoter Group are involved in proceedings involving SEBI which could have an adverse impact on our business and reputation

Our Promoters: On January 05, 2022, our Promoters, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra had respectively received notices from the Investigations Department of SEBI seeking



relevant supporting documents pursuant to trades conducted by each of them in the scrip of a listed company, Pincon Lifestyles Limited ("**ListCo**"), such as, bank statement, proof of payment/receipt, etc. latest by January 15, 2022 and was advised to submit the consideration received by each of them from the transferees of shares of ListCo to SEBI. The said notice was also issued for member of our Promoter Group Late Mrs. Vimla Devi Jain. Another notice was issued by SEBI to the abovementioned Promoters for submission of the reply, along with relevant supporting documents latest by February 24, 2022. Our Promoter, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, requested for additional time from SEBI for responding to such notices. Further, it was intimated to SEBI vide a mail that Late Mrs. Vimla Devi Jain has passed away on March 18, 2018.

As on the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the abovementioned Promoters and member of Promoter Group have not received any further communication (including show cause notices) from SEBI. However, in the event SEBI is not satisfied with the request of additional time submitted or has made a prima facie determination that our Promoters are in breach of law, SEBI may initiate regulatory proceedings against them or may impose fines or penalties on our Promoters. SEBI has broad powers to take action or issue directions in the interests of investors and the securities market, including through imposition of monetary penalty, debarment from accessing capital markets, restrictions on undertaking certain activities, etc. The nature of action that may be taken by SEBI pursuant to an adverse determination in a regulatory proceeding would depend on the nature of proceedings initiated by SEBI. If our Promoters receive further information requests/ directions in the future or in case any proceedings are initiated or adversely determined against them, it could have an adverse impact on such Promoters including loss of reputation and diversion of their attention from our Company, or other recourses.

Our Promoters Group: As per SEBI website page of SEBI Settlement Scheme, 2022, following details of reversal/non-genuine trading are shown to be pending against certain members of our Promoter Group:

Name of the Promoter Group	Number of	Number of non-	Artificial Volume
	contracts reversed	genuine trades	of Trade
Motisons Commodities Pvt. Ltd.	119	344	224606000
Meeta Rajeev Patni	1	2	448000
Kamal Chand Jain	1	2	4000000
Anurag Jain	1	2	2136000
Anurag Jain HUF	5	10	6080000
Kamal Chand Jain	1	2	4000000
Kamal Chand Jain HUF	1	2	4400000

Though no proceedings are pending against the said members of the Promoter Group with respect to these abovementioned trades, if the said members receive further information requests/ directions in these matters or in case any proceedings are initiated or adversely determined against them pertaining to these trades wherein the said members are debarred from accessing the capital market, it could lead to ineligibility of our Company in making this Issue or otherwise, could adversely impact our goodwill and reputation.

 Our Company, Promoters and Directors are involved in certain legal proceedings. Any adverse decision in such proceedings may render us/them liable to liabilities/penalties and may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our Company, Promoters and Directors are currently involved in certain legal proceedings. These legal



proceedings are pending at different levels of adjudication before various courts and tribunals. The summary of outstanding litigation in relation to our Company, our Promoters and Directors as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus have been provided below in accordance with the Materiality Policy adopted by our Board. For details, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*" on page 318.

Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities 1 Not ascertainable Claims related to direct and indirect taxes 12 1,618.31^A Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL Total 14 1,618.31 Cases by our Company Criminal proceedings NIL NIL Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL NIL Total NIL NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL NIL Cases against our Promoters NIL NIL NIL Criminal proceedings NIL NIL NIL Cains related to direct and indirect taxes 26 ^{~^*} 1.00 ^d Disciplinary action taken against our Promoters in the five 3 ^{##} Not ascertainable Fiscals preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus by SEBI or any stock exchange 1 Not ascertainable Other pending material litigation proceedings** NIL NIL NIL Total 29 1.000 Cases by our Promoters 1 Not ascertainable Criminal proceedings NIL			(₹ in Lakhs)																																																																								
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*To the extent quantifiable and ascertainable

** Based on Materiality Policy

^ Amount aggregating to ₹ 39.12 Lakh has been added on the basis of show-cause notices received from the department.

^{^^}(i) Proposed addition to income of ₹ 209.67 Lakh has been challenged before the Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan vide SB Civil Writ Petition No. 12272/2021 and 12274/2021 which are pending. (ii) Writ no. 12278/2021 filed before Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan in the case of Sandeep Chhabra vs Assistant



Commissioner of Income Tax, against the show cause notice issued by the department under section 148A(b) of Income Tax Act has now become infructuous as the department itself has dropped the proceedings for issuance of show cause notice under section 148 of Income Tax Act vide order no. ITBA/COM/F/17/2022-23/1044184696(1) dated 27.07.2022 passed under section 148A(d) of Income Tax Act. However, since the status of the matter is pending before Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan, it has been included with NIL amount.

[#]Amount does not include unquantifiable demand with respect to assessments pending under Section 147 read with 148 of Income Tax Act, 1961 having proposed addition of ₹ 961.59 Lakhs.

^{##}(i) Notice dated January 05, 2022 issued to our Promoters, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra respectively has been counted as 3 separate matters. (ii) Since the penalty imposed vide Adjudication orders Ref no.: Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11607 and Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11608 on our Promoters Sanjay Chhabra and Sandeep Chhabra has already been paid, it is not reflected as outstanding litigation in this table.

3. Our Promoters, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, in past, were involved in proceedings initiated by investigation agency in relation to betting in the cricket matches of Indian Premier League. Though they have been duly discharged, any re-opening of matter could have an adverse impact on our business and reputation.

A raid was conducted at Lalvani Mansion, Mumbai based on an anonymous information that Ramesh Vyas and his associates were carrying out betting and taking bets in the cricket matches of Indian Premier League Season 6 ("**IPL**"). Some evidences were extracted during the raid and a crime was registered with L.T Marg Police Station *vide* FIR No. 162/2013 on 15.05.2013 against Ramesh Vyas, Pandurang Kadam and Ashok Vyas, which was subsequently transferred to DCB CID, Property Cell, Mumbai *vide* Cr. No. 61/2013, accusing them of offence under Section 419, 420, 465, 466, 468, 471, 212, 34 read with Section 120(B) of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 and Section 4(A), 5 of Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act,1887. Charge Sheet was filed by the respondent, pursuant to which Criminal Case no. 738/PW/2013 was filed in the Court of Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai.

Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Our Promoters, were shown as suspects in the said charge sheet filed by investigation agency. They were granted anticipatory bail under ABA No. 1054/2013 and ABA No. 1055/2013 by the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. Thereafter, on further investigation, a charge sheet was filed against Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra bearing Criminal Case No. 497/PW.2016 on 21.06.2016 in the Court of Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai, alleging that they were running gambling house within the meaning of Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act, 1887 on cricket matches in IPL. During the course, additional charges under Section 212 and Section 66-A (a) of the Information Technology Act, 2000 were added. They were granted regular bail by the said Learned Court on 23.08.2016.

Our Promoters, Sanjay Chhabra and Sandeep Chhabra filed discharge applications under the provisions of section 239 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 seeking discharge in C.C. No. 738/PW/2013 along with C.C. No. 497/PW/2016 pending before Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai. The said discharge applications were rejected by the Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai vide impugned order dated March 28, 2022. Aggrieved by said impugned order, Our Promoters Sanjay Chhabra and Sandeep Chhabra filed criminal revision applications nos. 340/2022 and 339/2022 respectively, before the Hon'ble Sessions Court of Greater Bombay, at Mumbai.



The Hon'ble Sessions Court of Greater Bombay *vide* order dated May 19, 2022 allowing criminal revision applications nos. 340/2022 and 339/2022, had set aside the impugned order dated March 28, 2022 by the Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai and allowed the discharge applications filled by Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, discharging our Promoters in C.C. No. 738/PW/2013 along with C.C. No. 497/PW/2016 before Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai. Thus, the Promoters have been duly discharged from C.C. No. 738/PW/2013 and C.C. No. 497/PW/2016, which is currently pending before Learned Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 37th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai. We cannot assure you that this matter will not be re-opened in future and if so happens, it may have adverse impact on our business and reputation.

4. In past, some of our Promoters and our Promoter Group Companies have contravened the provisions of the SEBI Act and Regulations made thereunder for which penalties in nature of fine and/or debarment from accessing capital market have been imposed by SEBI. In certain matters, our Promoter has been acquitted also. If aby such violation occurs in future, it may affect our goodwill and future aspects

Our Promoters, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra:

- (i) In the investigation conducted by SEBI into the trading activities of certain entities in illiquid stock options at the BSE for the period April 01, 2014 to September 30, 2015, SEBI found that 2,91,643 trades involved reversal of buy and sell positions by the clients and counterparties. In this matter, an inquiry was initiated against Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, our Promoters, for allegedly entering into non-genuine trades in violation of provision of Regulation 3(a), (b), (c), (d), 4(1) and 4(2)(a) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices) Regulations, 2003. A show cause dated 21.09.2018 was issued by SEBI, calling upon Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra to show cause as to why an inquiry should not be held against them in terms of rule 4 of the Adjudication Rules and penalty be not imposed under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act for the aforesaid alleged violations. Meanwhile, an application for settlement of this matter was filed by them which was later on rejected by the competent authority under Regulation 6(1)(c) of the SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018. Thereafter, an opportunity of hearing was granted to Mr. Sandeep Chhabra on 19.01.2021 vide SEBI's letter dated 14.01.2021 and to Mr. Sanjay Chhabra on 17.03.2021 vide SEBI's letter dated 02.03.2021 and email dated 05.03.2021. Pursuant to the same, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra filed their reply to the on 10.03.2021. The SEBI vide adjudication orders Ref no.: Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11607 and Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11608, both dated 30.04.2021 established the abovesaid violations against the Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and a penalty of ₹ 5,00,000/- was imposed under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act. The said penalty has been paid by Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, our Promoters. The matter stands disposed.
- SEBI pursuant to investigation into dealings in the scrip of Pincon Lifestyle Ltd, during the period between March 11, 2015 to September 20, 2016, initiated an action against our Promoter, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, along with 13 other entities/person, under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act, 1992 for alleged violation of Section 12A (a), (b), (c) of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Regulations 3 (a), (b), (c), (d) and 4 (1) and (2) (a) and (e) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices) Regulations, 2003. Show Cause Notice No. EAD5/MC/VS/2020/3054 dated January 23, 2020 was issued to all such entities/persons, to show cause as to why an inquiry should not be held and penalty should not be imposed against them in terms of Section 15HA of the SEBI Act, 1992 for the alleged violation of aforesaid provisions. Reply to the said show cause notice dated



January 23, 2021 was filed by Mr Sandeep Chhabra on February 03, 2021. The SEBI *vide* its adjudication order bearing no. Order/MC/VS/2020-21/10656-10669 dated February 26, 2021 held that the aforesaid violations has not been established against any of the 14 entities/person and disposed of the adjudication proceedings initiated against all 14 entities/person, including our Promoter Mr. Sandeep Chhabra.

Our Promoter Group Company, Godawari Estates Private Limited: In the investigation conducted by SEBI into the trading activities of certain entities in illiquid stock options at the BSE for the period April 01, 2014 to September 30, 2015, SEBI found that 2,91,643 trades involved reversal of buy and sell positions by the clients and counterparties. In this matter, an inquiry was initiated against our Group Company, Godawari Estates Private Limited for allegedly entering into non-genuine trades in violation of provision of Regulation 3(a), (b), (c), (d), 4(1) and 4(2)(a) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Trade Practices) Regulations, 2003. A show cause vide letter no. Unfair EAD-4/ADJ/SRP/HKS/OW/P/28676/1/2018 dated October 12, 2018 was issued by SEBI, calling upon Godawari Estates Private Limited to show cause as to why an inquiry should not be held against it in terms of rule 4 of the Adjudication Rules and penalty be not imposed under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act for the aforesaid alleged violations. Meanwhile, an application for settlement of this matter was filed by the company which was later on rejected by the Competent Authority under Regulation 6(1)(c) of the SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018. Thereafter, an opportunity of hearing was granted to Godawari Estates Private Limited on 15.03.2021 vide SEBI's notice dated 25.02.2021, in terms of rule 4(3) of the Adjudicating Rules. Godawari Estates Private Limited vide its letter dated March 09, 2021 filed its reply in this matter. The SEBI vide adjudication order Ref no. Ref No.: Order/AP/VS/2021-22/11663 dated 12.05.2021 established the abovesaid violations against Godawari Estates Private Limited and a penalty of ₹ 5,00,000/- was imposed under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act. The said penalty has been paid by Godawari Estate Private Limited. The matter stands disposed.

Our Promoter Group Company, Motisons Commodities Private Limited:

- (i) SEBI issued a show cause notice bearing no. EAD6/PM/AB/DA/26810/2018 dated 25.09.2018 to Motisons Commodities Private Limited, which is a registered trading/ clearing member with SEBI, for alleged violation of conditions of registration under SEBI (Stock-Broker and Sub-Broker) Regulations, 1992 and SEBI (Intermediaries) Regulations, 2008. As per the said notice, Motisons Commodities Private Limited has violated the conditions pertaining to no short sale by the member of National Spot Exchange Limited ('NSEL') and compulsory delivery of outstanding position by the end of the day. A reply to the said show cause notice was filed by the Motisons Commodities Private Limited. Pursuant to the said reply, SEBI vide notice bearing no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/RTAMB/OW/P/2020/17786/1 dated 20.10.2020 disposed of the enquiry proceeding initiated under show cause notice dated September 25, 2018 with a remark that in case any information is received by SEBI in future from Economic Offence Wing, government agencies and other sources that had traded in paired contracts on NSEL platform, appropriate proceedings may be initiated against you. As on date, no such proceedings have been initiated.
- SEBI conducted investigation into the trading activity in illiquid stock options on BSE Limited for the period between 01.04.2014 to 30.09.2015, wherein a total of 2,91,643 trades comprising 81.38% of all the trades executed in the BSE Stock Options Segment were found to be the trades which involved reversal of buy and sell positions by the clients and counterparties in a contract. The SEBI identified top 59 persons/entities, which included Motisons Commodities Private Limited, alleged to have been involved in such reversal trades in violation of the provisions of



regulations3(a), (b), (c), (d) and regulations4(1), 4(2)(a) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trading Practices related to Securities Markets) Regulations, 2003. The SEBI vide its exparte interim order dated 20.08.2015 bearing no. WTM/RKA/ISD/106/2015, restrained these persons/entities from buying, selling or dealing in securities market for pending investigation, till the final order in the matter is passed. SEBI vide its order dated 22.08.2016 provided certain reliefs to these persons/entities such as, permission to sell securities lying in demat accounts, permission to use sale proceeds for certain investments, permission for use of 25% of the value of proceeds for business purposes, etc., however, SEBI confirmed the ex-parte order dated 20.08.2015 for the temporary debarment of the persons/entities. On 05.04.2018, the SEBI passed an order bearing no. WTM/MPB/IVD-ID8/161/2018, wherein the ex-parte order dated 20.08.2015 was disposed of along with the confirmatory order dated 22.08.2016 and decision was taken to carry out the investigation in phases. The SEBI vide its final order dated 14.06.2021 bearing no. Order/PM/SM/2021-22/12217 has found Motisons Commodities Private Limited to be in violation of provisions of regulations 3(a), (b), (c), (d) and regulations 4(1), 4(2)(a) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trading Practices related to Securities Markets) Regulations, 2003 and a penalty of ₹ 23,00,000/- was imposed on Motisons Commodities Pvt. Ltd. under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act, 1992, which has been duly deposited by the company. The matter stands disposed.

(iii) Notice was issued by the MCX stock exchange to Motisons Commodities Private Limited stating that on account of FMC directives dated January 04,2006 which states that entities who have been debarred by SEBI/ NSE/BSE should not participate in Commodity Derivative Markets. As per the said notice, SEBI vide interim order dated August 20, 2015 had debarred Motisons Commodities Private Limited from participating in securities market and the Motisons Commodities Private Limited has alleged to have participated in commodity derivative market, thus, the MCX is constrained to debar the Motisons Commodities Private Limited from trading in proprietary account w.e.f. August 27, 2015. As per the mail dated 17.10.2015, MCX wrote to the company that the MCX would be constrained to debar the company from trading in proprietary account w.e.f. October 19, 2015. On 25.07.2018, MCX issued show cause notice to Motisons Commodities Private Limited, alleging that the company has traded in proprietary accounts in violation of MCX-Circular No. MCX/011/2006 dated 10.01.2006 and SEBI order dated August 20, 2015, temporarily debarring the company from trading in securities market. Reply to the said show cause notice was filed by Motisons Commodities Private Limited on 20.08.2018. No response has been received or any adverse action was taken against the Motisons Commodities Private Limited as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus

We cannot assure that such violations will not take place in future and the same, if occurred, may affect our goodwill and future aspects.

5. We are dependent on third parties for the production and manufacturing of most of our products. We may be unable to maintain or establish formal arrangements with such third parties, and any disruptions at such third-party production or manufacturing facilities, or failure of such third parties to adhere to the relevant quality standards may have a negative effect on our reputation, business and financial condition.

We procure finished goods from third party suppliers and manufacture some of our products through inhouse manufacturing facility and our network of job workers. We also procure raw materials through suppliers The table below provides our revenue from the above operations for the periods indicated therein.



Category	FY 2021-22 FY 2020-21		FY 2019-20			
	Net Sales	(%)	Net Sales	(%)	Net Sales	(%)
Revenue from in-house manufacturing	949.58	3.02%	737.68	3.47%	389.44	1.78%
Revenue from job-work	2,067.56	6.58%	725.38	3.41%	781.48	3.57%
Revenue from Trading	28,415.52	90.40%	19,837.27	93.11%	20,723.39	94.65%
Revenue from Others	0.34	0.00%	3.68	0.02%	-	0.00%
TOTAL	31,433.00	100.00%	21,304.71	100.00%	21,894.31	100.0

(₹ in Lakhs)

The above table reflects that, in Fiscal 2022, out of our total revenue generated 90.40% revenue was attributed to products sold from our trading business, i.e., finished goods procured from third party manufacturers, 6.58% of revenue pertained to products which were manufactured through our network of job-workers and the remaining 3.02% revenue related to products manufactured in-house in our manufacturing facilities.

We do not have specific written agreements with such suppliers of finished goods and raw materials and job-workers and accordingly, they are not contractually bound to deal with us exclusively, and we may face the risk of our competitors offering better terms, which may cause them to prefer our competitors over us.

Any unscheduled, unplanned or prolonged disruption of operations at our suppliers' and job-workers' manufacturing facilities, including on account of power failure, fire, mechanical failure of equipment, performance below expected levels of output or efficiency, obsolescence of equipment or manufacturing processes, non-availability of adequate labour or disagreements with workforce, lock-outs, earthquakes and other natural disasters, industrial accidents, any significant social, political or economic disturbances or infectious disease outbreaks, could affect our vendors' ability to meet our requirements, and could consequently affect our operations. We are also exposed to the risk of our job-workers and suppliers failing to adhere to the standards set for them by us and statutory bodies in respect of quality, safety and distribution which in turn could adversely affect our sales and revenues. While there have been no such instances in the past, there can be no assurance that there will not be such instances in the future.

Any delay or failure on the part of our supplier and job-workers to deliver the products in a timely manner or to meet our quality standards, or any litigation involving these suppliers and job-workers may have a material adverse effect on our business, profitability, and reputation. Our operations could be disrupted if we do not successfully manage relationships with our supplier and job-workers, if they do not perform or are unable to perform agreed-upon services, or if they are unwilling to make their services available to us at reasonable prices. If our suppliers and job-workers do not perform their contractual obligations, it could adversely affect our reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations

Any negative publicity about the quality of our jewellery can adversely affect our reputation, business and results of operations. We undertake a number of quality control procedures to ensure we are selling only quality jewellery to our customers like having all of our jewellery Bureau of Indian Standards ("**BIS**"), hallmarked and conducting sample tests on each new batch of products we receive from our contract manufacturers and exercising control over the entire manufacturing process. However, there is no assurance that our quality control measures will be effective. While there have been no such instances in the past, there can be no assurance that there will not be such instances in the future.



We are also exposed to the risk of our job-workers and contractors failing to adhere to the standards set for them by us and statutory bodies in respect of quality, safety and distribution which in turn could adversely affect our sales and revenues. While there have been no such instances in the past, there can be no assurance that there will not be such instances in the future.

6. The strength of our brands is crucial to our success, and we may not succeed in continuing to maintain and develop our brands.

We consider our "Motisons" brand to be very important for our business. Our business and results of operations are influenced by the strength of our brand, including the level of consumer recognition and perception of our brand. The strength of our brand depends on factors such as our growth, our product designs, the materials used to make our products, the quality of our products, the distinct character and presentation of our products as well as the presentation and layout of our showrooms. Public communication activities such as advertising, public relations and marketing as well as the general perception of our business also impact our brand. Failure to manage any of the above factors or failure of our promotion and other activities to differentiate and further strengthen our brand could adversely affect the value and perception of our brand and our ability to maintain existing customers and attract new customers, and, as a result, have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Due to the competitive nature of the market in which we operate, if we do not continue to develop our brand and products, we may fail to attract customers required to continue growing our business. Developing, promoting and positioning our brand will depend largely on the success of our marketing and merchandising efforts, the relationships we have with our customers and our ability to provide a consistent, high-quality experience for our customers. In particular, we may face brand dilution to the extent we fail to develop, promote and position our brand effectively and consistently with respect to new products or any new product categories. To promote our brand and products, we have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, expenses related to advertising and other marketing efforts. However, there can be no assurance that our advertising or marketing efforts are or will be successful and result in increased sales. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that our marketing efforts will succeed in maintaining our brand and its perception with customers.

A critical component of our brand promotion strategy is maintaining the quality of our products and of the experience customers associate with our brand. Our ability to provide a high-quality experience for our customers depends on internal and external factors, such as, the reliability and performance of the manufacturers who produce our jewellery and our employees and staff at our showrooms. We rely on our staff at our showrooms to promote and sell our products in an environment that is consistent with the perception and reputation of our brands. Any failure to maintain our uniform company standards and brand positioning could damage the market perception of our brand and could have a negative impact on the experience of our customers, which in turn could adversely impact our reputation, results of operations and business operations.

7. We have availed unsecured loans from Promoters, Promoter Group, Group Companies and other companies that are recallable, at any time.

Our Company has availed unsecured loans from Promoters, Promoter Group, Group Companies and other companies, aggregating to ₹8,644.77 Lakh as of March 31, 2022 that are repayable on demand and which may be recalled by such lenders at any time. Our Company has paid interest ranging from 9% p.a. to 12%



S.	Details of the Lender	Sanctioned amount	O/s amount as on
No.			March 31, 2022
	From Promoters		
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	1,302.45	1,354.52
2.	Sandeep Chhabra	3,542.99	3,492.38
3.	Namita Chhabra	1,499.10	1,661.01
4.	Kajal Chhabra	902.06	946.07
	From Promoter Group		
5.	Godawari Estates Pvt Ltd.	1,521.32	795.74
	From other companies		
6.	Bhavesh Silk Industries Pvt Ltd	100.00	100.00
7.	Silver Land Developers Pvt Ltd	272.94	295.05
	Total	9,140.87	8,644.77

p.a. on these loans. Details of unsecured loans from our lenders is given in the table below.

In the event that such lender seeks repayment of any such unsecured loans, our Company would need to find alternative sources of financing, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. As a result, any such demand may materially and adversely affect our business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations. For further information on unsecured loans relating to our business and operations, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 314.

8. We are required to obtain, renew or maintain certain statutory and regulatory permits and approvals required to operate our business. Non-compliance with existing or changes to environmental, health and safety, labour laws and other applicable regulations by us may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Our operations are subject to government regulation concerning jewellery manufacture and sale and we are required to obtain and maintain several statutory and regulatory permits and approvals under central, state and local government legislation for operating our business generally, including tax registrations, labour licenses and shops and establishment registration. For further information on approvals relating to our business and operations, see "*Government and other Approvals*" on page 323. These permits, licenses and approvals may also be tied to numerous conditions, some of which may be onerous to us and require substantial expenditures. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continuously meet such conditions or be able to prove compliance with such conditions to statutory authorities, which may lead to cancellation, revocation or suspension of relevant permits, licenses, registrations and approvals. There is no assurance in the future that the permits, licenses, registrations and approvals applied for or held by us will be issued, approved or renewed in a prompt manner, or at all, under applicable laws.

Certain of our material approvals, registrations, permits and licenses may expire in the ordinary course of business for which we may have either made or are in the process of making applications for obtaining their renewal.

Further, applications for approvals, licenses, registrations and permissions for operating our business need to be made within certain timeframes and are often subject to the discretion of relevant authorities. While we have obtained a significant number of approvals, licenses, registrations and permissions, we are yet to receive or apply for certain approvals, licenses, registrations and permissions. If we are unable to make applications or renew or obtain necessary permits, licenses and approvals on acceptable terms, in



a timely manner, at a reasonable cost, or at all or in the event we fail to comply with the terms and conditions therein, it could affect our financial condition and results of operations, including cancellation, revocation or suspension of relevant permits, licenses, registrations and approvals and the imposition of penalties by relevant authorities and in a worst case scenario, even initiation of prosecution by concerned authorities. Furthermore, our failure to obtain or renew licenses and approvals could affect our ability to recover under our insurance policies.

For further information on material approvals for which no fresh or renewal applications have been made, please chapter "**Government and Other Approvals**" on 323.

Certain approvals, though not material and necessary for carrying on business and operations of the Company, are yet to be applied for. For instance, (i) we are yet to apply for consent to establish and consent to operate for our manufacturing units at Bapu Nagar (leased unit) and Sitapura (owned unit); (ii) we are yet to apply for license under the Factories Act, 1948 for our unit located at Bapu Nagar (leased unit); (iii) we are yet to apply for fire NOC for our unit located in Sitapura (owned unit). Since out of our total revenue generated in Fiscal 2022, only 3.02% revenue related to products manufactured in-house in our said manufacturing units and the remaining 96.98% is attributed to products sold from our trading business and products which were manufactured through our network of job-workers, any adverse action by the authorities on our manufacturing units at Bapu Nagar and Sitapura may not have significant impact on our revenues. However, imposition of penalties and initiation of penal action, if any, on the Company and its Directors by relevant authorities may materially and adversely impact our business.

9. The occurrence of natural or man-made disasters or outbreak of global pandemics, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, could adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. Hostilities, terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other acts of violence could adversely affect the financial markets and our business.

Natural disasters (such as typhoons, flooding and earthquakes), epidemics, pandemics such as COVID-19, acts of war, terrorist attacks and other events, many of which are beyond our control, may lead to economic instability, including in India or globally, which may in turn materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our operations may be adversely affected by fires, natural disasters and/or severe weather, which can result in damage to our property or inventory and generally reduce our productivity and may require us to evacuate personnel and suspend operations. Any terrorist attacks or civil unrest as well as other adverse social, economic and political events in India or countries to who we export our products could have a negative effect on us. Such incidents could also create a greater perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk and could have an adverse effect on our business and the price of the Equity Shares.

10. Our inability to respond to changes in consumer demands and market trends in a timely manner and to maintain optimal level of inventory in our showrooms may impact our operations adversely.

Our success depends on our ability to identify, originate and define product and market trends, as well as to anticipate, gauge and react to rapidly changing consumer demands in a timely manner. Our products must also appeal to a broad range of customers whose preferences may vary significantly across regions and cannot be predicted with certainty. We cannot assure you that the demand for our products with end-consumers will continue to grow or that we will be able to continue to develop appealing styles or meet rapidly changing consumer demands in the future. If we misjudge the market for our jewellery products or fail to anticipate a shift in consumer preferences, we may be faced with a reduction in



revenues.

Customer preferences regarding diamonds, gold and other precious metals and gemstones also influence the level of our sales. Customer preferences could be affected by a variety of issues, including promotion of specific types of jewellery by the fashion industry, such as the promotion of silver over traditional gold jewellery, a decrease in the perceived value and customer satisfaction of the jewellery compared to its price, the availability of alternate metals and consumer attitudes towards the substitution of some of the products or a shift in customer preference to other luxury products.

Any inability to respond to changes in consumer demands and market trends in a timely manner could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Maintaining an optimal level of relevant inventory is important to our business as it allows us to respond to customer demand effectively and to maintain a full range of products at our showrooms. We estimate our monthly sales for every Fiscal prior to the commencement of the Fiscal considering the estimated growth rate of every showroom, festive periods and other factors. Monthly inventory is monitored based on actual sales and other relevant factors. Further, we keep back up inventory for a few days in our showrooms providing us flexibility in transporting merchandise of particular design or style to a showroom where it is selling quickly while avoiding piling of non-moving inventory. If a particular design or style is not selling well in certain showrooms, we may undertake cross shipment of such designs or styles to showrooms where sales are better. The slow-moving designs or styles are monitored, and additional incentives may be offered to minimize inventory build-up for discounted sales periods.

Although we monitor our daily sales to avoid under-stocking and over-stocking, our estimates and forecasts may not always be accurate. If we over-stock inventory, our capital requirements will increase, and we will incur additional financing costs. If we under-stock inventory, our ability to meet customer demand and our operating results may be adversely affected. Any material mismatch between our forecast and actual sales could lead to potential excess inventory or out-of-stock situations, either of which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operation. Stock of inventory may also be impacted by disruptions faced in the transportation of our products or other adverse developments in the process.

11. Our ability to attract customers is dependent on the success and visibility of our showrooms.

Our first outlet was set up in Johri Bazaar, renowned jewellery hub in the heart of the city wherein we also opened our second showroom. Our third store, i.e., the flagship store 'Motisons Tower' is located at Tonk Road, Jaipur and our most recent outlet is situated in the affluent neighborhood in the southwestern part of Jaipur at Vaishali Nagar.

We endeavor to open showrooms in optimal locations and generally consider a relevant location's demographics, spending capacity, economic conditions and cost-benefit analysis. Showroom locations may become unsuitable, and our sales volume and customer traffic generally may be slowed, by, among other things: economic downturns in a particular area; competition from nearby jewellery companies; changing consumer demographics in a particular market; changing lifestyle choices of consumers in a particular market; government imposed lockdowns due to pandemics, such as COVID-19; and the popularity of other businesses located near our showrooms.

Given our dependence on customers visiting our showrooms, our success is partially dependent upon the



continued popularity of particular locations. Changes in areas around our showroom locations that result in reductions in customer traffic or otherwise render the locations unsuitable could result in reduced sales volume, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

12. We have significant working capital requirements and if we are unable to secure adequate working capital loans on commercially reasonable terms it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business requires a substantial amount of working capital, primarily to finance our inventory, including, the purchase of raw materials. Moreover, we may need substantial working capital for expansion of our business. Most of this working capital is provided by bank loans. Such financing could cause our debt-to-equity ratio to increase. Further, pursuant to a circular dated December 30, 2010, the RBI has directed banks to apply enhanced due diligence measures on high risk customers such as jewellers. Our inability to obtain and/or maintain sufficient cash flow, credit facilities and other sources of funding, in a timely manner, or at all, to meet our working capital requirements or to pay our debts, could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. For further information regarding the working capital facilities currently availed of by us, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 314.

13. All our showrooms which include our Registered Office and one of our manufacturing facilities is located on leased premises. If we fail to renew these leases or if we are unable to manage our lease rental costs, our results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.

All of our 4 showrooms which include our Registered Office and our manufacturing unit located at Bapu Nagar, Jaipur is operated on properties that are leased to us by our Promoters and/or Promoter Group Companies. Except for lease of our flagship store at Tonk Road, Jaipur which is for a tenure of 5 years, other such lease agreements are for a short term of 11 months. For further information regarding the details of all manufacturing facilities and showrooms owned or leased by us, see "*Our Business*" on page 150.

The short term lease agreement contain a termination clause wherein lessor can terminate the lease agreement by providing 3 months' notice, hence if the concerned lessor terminates the lease agreement or if we are unable to renew leases for our showrooms on acceptable terms or at all, we will have to close or relocate the relevant showrooms, which would eliminate the sales that those showrooms would have contributed to our revenues during the period of closure, and could subject us to construction, renovation and other costs and risks.

Additionally, lease agreements are required to be adequately stamped under the Indian law in order for them to be enforceable or admissible as evidence in a court of law. Several of our lease agreements may not be adequately stamped, and therefore, we may face challenges in enforcing them and they may be inadmissible as evidence in a court in India subject to penalties along with the requisite stamp duty prescribed under applicable Indian law being paid.

14. All our showrooms are located in Jaipur, Rajasthan. Any adverse development affecting such region may have an adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

All of our showrooms are located in Jaipur, Rajasthan. Any materially adverse social, political or economic development, natural calamities, civil disruptions, or changes in the policies of the local governments in



this region could adversely affect operations at our showrooms. Natural disasters such as earthquakes, extreme climatic or weather conditions such as floods, droughts, or diseases heightened or particular to the region, may adversely impact the supply of products, local transportation and operations at our offices and showrooms. Such disruption to supply would materially and adversely affect our business, profitability and reputation.

Since most of our operating revenue is generated from Jaipur, Rajasthan, our business is highly vulnerable to regional conditions and economic downturns in the region. Any unforeseen events or circumstances that negatively affect these areas could materially adversely affect our sales and profitability. These factors include, among other things, changes in demographics, population and income levels. In addition, our business may also be susceptible to regional natural disasters and other catastrophes, such as telecommunications failures, cyber-attacks, fires, riots, political unrest or terrorist attacks.

15. The agreements governing our indebtedness contain conditions and restrictions on our operations, additional financing and capital structure.

As of August 31, 2022, our total outstanding secured debt, was ₹ 6,003.33 Lakhs. We have entered into several borrowing facilities of varying terms and tenures. The financing agreements governing such facilities include conditions and restrictive covenants that require us to obtain consents, no-objections or waivers from lenders prior to carrying out specified activities or entering into certain transactions, including, among other things, incurring additional debt, prepaying existing debt, declaring dividends or incurring capital expenditures beyond prescribed thresholds, amending our constitutional documents, changing our capital structure, shareholding pattern or management, and selling, transferring, leasing or disposing our encumbered assets.

Undertaking any of the above without the consent of our lenders or non-compliance with any of the covenants of our financing agreements, constitute defaults under the relevant financing agreements and will entitle the respective lenders to declare a default against us and enforce remedies under the terms of the financing agreements, that include, among others, acceleration in repayment of the amounts outstanding under the financing agreements, enforcement of any security interest created under the financing agreements and taking possession of the assets given as security in respect of the financing agreements. Further, we cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain approvals to undertake any of these activities as and when required or to comply with such covenants or other covenants in the future. A default by us under the terms of any financing agreement may also trigger a cross-default under some of our other financing agreements, or any other agreements or instruments of our containing cross-default provisions, which may individually or in aggregate, have an adverse effect on our operations, financial position and credit rating. If the lenders of a material amount of the outstanding loans declare an event of default simultaneously, we may be unable to pay its debts when they fall due. For details of our borrowings, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 314.

16. The non-availability or high cost of quality gold bullion, diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Timely procurement of materials such as gold bullion, diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones, as well as the quality and the price at which they are procured, play an important role in the successful operation of our business. Gold used in our operations is primarily sourced from bullion dealers and purchased (old gold) from customers. In Fiscals 2022, 2021 and 2020, we sourced ₹ 1,489.97 Lakhs, ₹ 1,065.67 Lakhs and ₹ 925.89 Lakhs of gold, respectively, pursuant to such arrangements which



constitute 63.39%, 67.58% and 48.11% respectively of the total purchases. An increase in the price of gold may result in an increase in our income from sales assuming such increases do not adversely affect sales volumes. However, a significant increase in the price of gold or a negative outlook on future gold prices could, in the short term, adversely affect our sales volumes.

We may also require specific quality raw materials including precious and semi-precious stones for a particular jewellery design. Accordingly, our business is affected by the availability, cost and quality of raw materials. A sudden fall in the market price of diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones may affect our ability to recover our procurement costs. Conversely, an increase in the price of diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones could lead to a decrease in demand for a particular jewellery and/or a decrease in our profit margins. The prices and supply of these and other materials depend on factors beyond our control, including general economic conditions, competition, production levels and regulatory factors such as import duties. International gold prices began rising in 2018 and surged further following the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic and gold prices charted a continuous northward journey and reached an all-time high in August 2020 (as per the CareEdge Industry Report). However, such increase has not resulted in an increase in our operational cost since any increase in the prices of raw materials are passed on to the customer. We cannot assure you that we will be able to procure quality raw materials at competitive prices or at all. Further, any rise in gold and diamond prices may cause customers to delay their purchases, thereby adversely affecting our business, operations and financial condition. Any disruption of supplies from our current suppliers or a failure to adequately replace them may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations

17. We have contingent liabilities.

As of March 31, 2022, we had ₹1,618.31 Lakh of contingent liabilities that had not been provided for. A summary table of our contingent liabilities as of March 31, 2022 as disclosed in the Restated Financial Information is set forth below:

Other monies for which our Company is contingently liable	As at March 31, 2022
	(₹ in Lakhs)
GST Demand	127.75
Income Tax Demand	1,490.56
Total	1,618.31

For details, see "Financial Statements" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Contingent Liabilities" on pages 224 and 309, respectively, for more information. Any or all of these contingent liabilities may become actual liabilities. In the event that any of our contingent liabilities become non-contingent, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that we will not incur similar or increased levels of contingent liabilities in the current fiscal year or in the future.

18. Our Promoter and certain members of the Promoter Group have provided personal guarantees for loan facilities obtained by us, and any failure or default by us to repay such loans could trigger repayment obligations on our Promoter and members of the Promoter Group, which may also impact our Promoter's ability to effectively service its obligations as our Promoter and thereby, adversely impact our business and operations.

As of March 31, 2022, the secured borrowings availed by our Company from certain lenders are secured



by the personal guarantees, inter-alia, provided by our Promoters, namely Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mrs. Namita Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF, Sandeep Chhabra HUF and certain members of the Promoter Group namely Mr. Mahendra Kumar Patni and Mr. Kamal Chand Jain. As of August 31, 2022, outstanding amounts from credit facilities personally guaranteed by our Promoter and members of the Promoter Group amounted to ₹ 4,500.00 Lakhs, which constituted 66.07% of our indebtedness as on such date. For further information, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 314.

Any default or failure by us to repay our loans in a timely manner or at all could trigger repayment obligations on the part of our Promoter and certain members of the Promoter Group, in respect of such loans. This could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operation and financial condition. We may not be successful in procuring guarantees to supplement/ substitute the guarantees provided by our Promoter and certain Promoter Group members satisfactory to the lenders, and as a result may need to repay outstanding amounts under such facilities or seek additional sources of capital, which could affect our business prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

19. Any failure of or disruption to our information technology systems could adversely impact our business and operations.

We rely on our information technology ("IT"), systems to provide us with connectivity across our business functions and showrooms through our software, hardware and network systems. Our business processes are IT- enabled. Our jewellery is typically tracked by radio-frequency identification tags tracking system that uses smart barcodes in order to identify jewellery items. We utilise computer systems in each of our showrooms to track and monitor each piece of inventory, which are further linked to our RFID Tag. Any failure in our IT systems or loss of connectivity or any loss of data arising from such failure could disrupt our ability to track, record and analyze inventory, process financial information, manage creditors/debtors or engage in normal business activities, which could have a material adverse effect on our operations. Although we have not experienced any material failure in our IT systems, there can be no assurance that our IT systems will not suffer a material failure in the future.

We are also susceptible to potential hacking or other breaches of our IT systems. Although we have antivirus and anti-hacking measures in place, we cannot assure you that we can successfully block and prevent all hacking or other breaches. As a result, failure to protect against technological disruptions of our operations could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. We also maintain significant amounts of customer data that we collect in order to promote our brand and direct targeted advertisements to potential customers. Any breach of our IT systems or misuse by employees could result in the loss or disclosure of confidential information, damage to our reputation, litigation or other liabilities.

Furthermore, we individually tag each item that is sold at our showrooms, which enables us to track, record and analyze sales of our products to customers across all of our showrooms. We utilise an enterprise resource planning ("**ERP**"), system to assist in managing our operations. Any delay or disruption in our IT systems, including our ERP system, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, any failure, disruption or manipulation of our tagging system could disrupt our ability to track, record and analyze sales of our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We also have an e-commerce platform, www.motisonsjewellers.com, for online shopping experience we



provide to our customers. Many of our control systems are dependent on third-party software and technology. Our website and third-party software may be subject to damage, software errors, computer viruses, security breaches and the delayed or failed implementation of new updates. Damage or interruption to our third-party and other control systems may require a significant investment to fix or replace them, and we may suffer interruptions in our operations as a result.

20. We could face customer complaints or negative publicity about our customer service.

Customer complaints or negative publicity about our customer service could diminish consumer confidence in, and the attractiveness of, our Company and brand. We interact with customers across all of our showrooms and consistently strive to maintain high standards of customer service. However, we periodically have experienced customer disputes and receive complaints, which we endeavor to resolve through prompt and effective customer service. Any inability by us to properly manage or train our sales staff, and managerial personnel who handle customer complaints and disputes could compromise our ability to handle customer complaints effectively in the future. If we do not handle customer complaints effectively, our reputation may suffer, and we may lose our customers' confidence, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

21. Our income and sales are subject to seasonal fluctuations and lower income in a peak season may have a disproportionate effect on our results of operations.

Our sales in certain regions have historically exhibited certain seasonal fluctuations, reflecting higher sales volumes and profit margins during festival periods and wedding season. While we stock certain inventory to account for this seasonality which differs across regions, our fixed costs such as lease rentals, employee salaries, showroom operating costs and logistics-related expenses, which form a significant portion of operating costs, are relatively constant throughout the year. Consequently, lower than expected net sales during certain periods or more pronounced seasonal variations in sales in the future could have a disproportionate impact on our operating results for any fiscal year or could strain our resources and impair our cash flows. Any slowdown in demand for our jewellery during peak seasons or failure by us to accurately anticipate and prepare for such seasonal fluctuations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

22. Our business depends on our Promoters and senior management and our ability to attract and retain sales personnel.

We believe that the experience of our Promoters and senior management has been critical to our success and business growth. As a result, any loss of the services of any of our Promoters or senior management could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The replacement of senior management may not be straightforward or achievable in a timely manner, and we may be required to wait indefinitely to fill positions until we find suitable candidates. Furthermore, attracting and retaining experienced and qualified senior management could require increasing compensation and benefits payable to such personnel, which could affect our operational costs and accordingly, our financial condition and results of operations.

In the jewellery industry, the level and quality of sales personnel and customer service are key competitive factors and an inability to recruit, train and retain suitably qualified and skilled sales personnel who maintain consistency in our standards of customer service and overall operations could adversely impact our reputation, business prospects and results of operations.



There can be no assurance that attrition rates for our employees, including our management and sales personnel, will not increase. A significant increase in our employee attrition rate could also result in decreased operational efficiencies and productivity, loss of market knowledge and customer relationships, and an increase in recruitment and training costs, thereby materially and adversely affecting our business, results of operations and financial condition.

23. We may not be able to protect our trademarks from infringement.

We have registered our "Motisons" brand name and logo as registered trademarks in India. Additionally, as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, we have obtained trademarks registrations, including for our logo under class 14. Although we take steps to monitor the possible infringement or misuse of our trademarks, it is possible that third parties may infringe, dilute or otherwise violate our trademark rights. Any unauthorized use of our trademarks could harm our reputation or commercial interests. In addition, our enforcement against third-party infringers or violators may be unduly expensive and time-consuming, and any remedy obtained may constitute insufficient redress relative to the damages we may suffer. For details, see "Government and Other Approvals" on page 323.

24. We may fail to protect our jewellery designs.

We change our jewellery designs on a regular basis and do not register such designs under the Design Act, 2000. As such, it would be difficult for us to enforce our intellectual property rights in our designs, and if our competitors copy our designs, in particular the designs of our products available on our website or the designs given to third-party contractors, it could lead to a loss of revenue, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Further, we manufacture through (i) our network of job-workers where sometimes we provide raw material and designs to such contractors and (ii) our inhouse manufacturing facility. While we control and supervise the entire manufacturing process, the contract manufacturers could make the same or similar jewellery for other parties, including our competitors. If our contract manufacturers produce the same or similar jewellery for our competitors, our customers may no longer purchase our jewellery or look to our competitors for similar jewellery, which could negatively impact our results operations and financial condition. Additionally, designs developed by us may inadvertently infringe on the intellectual property rights of third parties, which may expose us to legal proceedings. Thus, we are susceptible to litigation for infringement of intellectual property rights in relation to such designs. This could materially and adversely affect our reputation, results of operations and financial condition.

25. We may be subject to fraud, theft, employee negligence or similar incidents.

Our operations may be subject to incidents of theft or damage to inventory in transit, prior to or during showroom stocking and display. Our industry typically encounters some inventory loss on account of employee theft, shoplifting, vendor fraud, credit card fraud and general administrative error. We maintain large amounts of inventory at all our showrooms at all times and had a total inventory of ₹ 28,375.82 Lakh, as of March 31, 2022. We have set up various security measures and have never in the past experienced such incidents, excluding certain minor instances of theft. There can be no assurance that we will not experience any fraud, theft, employee negligence, security lapse, loss in transit or similar incidents in the future, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Additionally, in case of losses due to theft, fire, breakage or damage caused by other casualties, there can be no assurance that we will be able to recover from our insurers the full amount of any such loss in a



timely manner, or at all. If we incur a significant inventory loss due to third-party or employee theft and if such loss exceeds the limits of, or is subject to an exclusion from, coverage under our insurance policies, it could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, if we file claims under an insurance policy it could lead to increases in the insurance premiums payable by us or the termination of coverage under the relevant policy.

26. We may be subject to labour unrest, slowdowns and increased wage costs.

India has stringent labour legislation that protects the interests of workers, including legislation that sets forth detailed procedures for the establishment of unions, dispute resolution and employee removal, and legislation that imposes certain financial obligations on employers upon retrenchment. Our employees are not unionized. However, in the event that employees seek to unionize, it may become difficult for us to maintain flexible labour policies, which may increase our costs and adversely affect our business. Furthermore, the job-workers with whom we work to manufacture our jewellery could seek to organize. A potential increase in the salary scale of our employees or amounts paid to our contract manufacturers as a result of organization or unrest, or a disruption in services from our employees or contract manufacturers due to potential strikes, could adversely affect our business operations and financial condition.

27. Our insurance may be insufficient to cover all losses associated with our business operations.

Our insurance policies currently cover our precious jewellery items and cash in storerooms, transit, theft and while being handled by our employees, including with respect to fire and special perils. As at March 31, 2022, we have insurance coverage for all of our assets. Notwithstanding the insurance coverage that we carry, we may not be fully insured against certain business risks. There are many events that could significantly impact our operations, or expose us to third-party liabilities, for which we may not be adequately insured. There can be no assurance that any claim under the insurance policies maintained by us will be honoured fully, in part, or on time. To the extent that we suffer any loss or damage that is not covered by insurance or exceeds our insurance coverage, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

28. Certain sections of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus disclose information from the industry report which has been commissioned and paid for by us exclusively in connection with the Issue and any reliance on such information for making an investment decision in the Issue is subject to inherent risks.

Pursuant to being engaged by us, CARE Advisory Research and Training Limited, which is not related to our Company, our directors or our Promoters prepared a report dated August 18, 2022 entitled, "*Industry Research Report on Indian Gems & Jewellery Sector*". Certain sections of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus include information based on, or derived from, the CareEdge Report or extracts of the CareEdge Report. None of our Company (including our directors), and the BRLM possess the professional skills to evaluate the accuracy, adequacy, completeness and objectivity of, or verify, the information covered in the CareEdge Report and cannot provide any assurance regarding the information in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus derived from, or based on, the CareEdge Report. All such information in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus indicates the CareEdge Report as its source. Accordingly, any information in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus derived from, or based on, the CareEdge Report should be read taking into consideration the foregoing.

Industry sources and publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no



longer be current or reflect current trends. Industry sources and publications may also base their information on estimates, projections, forecasts and assumptions that may prove to be incorrect. While industry sources take due care and caution while preparing their reports, they do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the data. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on, or base their investment decision solely on this information.

In view of the foregoing, you may not be able to seek legal recourse for any losses resulting from undertaking any investment in the Issue pursuant to reliance on the information in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus based on, or derived from, the CareEdge Report. You should consult your own advisors and undertake an independent assessment of information in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus based on, or derived from, the CareEdge Report before making any investment decision regarding the Issue. See "Industry Overview" on page 120.

29. Our management will have broad discretion over the use of the Net Proceeds, including interim use of the Net Proceeds, and there is no assurance that the objects of the Issue will be achieved within the time frame expected or at all, or that the deployment of the Net Proceeds in the manner intended by us will result in any increase in the value of your investment

We intend to use the Net Proceeds for (i) Pre-payments or scheduled repayment of a portion of the existing borrowing availed by our company, (ii) funding our working capital requirements, and (ii) general corporate purposes. The deployment of the Net Proceeds is based on management estimates, current circumstances of our business and prevailing market conditions and has not been appraised by any bank, financial institution or other independent institution. We may have to revise our funding requirements and deployment from time to time due to various factors, such as changes in costs, financial and market conditions, business and strategy considerations and interest and exchange rate fluctuations or other external factors, which may or may not be within the control of our management. This may entail rescheduling and revising planned expenditure and funding requirements and increasing or decreasing expenditures for a particular purpose from planned expenditures at the discretion of our management and subject to applicable law. Accordingly, investors in the Equity Shares will be relying on the judgment of our management regarding the application of the Net Proceeds. Further, we will appoint a monitoring agency for monitoring the utilisation of Net Proceeds in accordance with Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the monitoring agency will submit its report to us on a quarterly basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The application of the Net Proceeds in our business may not lead to an increase in the value of your investment. Various risks and uncertainties, including those set forth in this section "Risk Factors", may limit or delay our efforts to use the Net Proceeds to achieve profitable growth in our business. For details see, "Objects of the Issue" on page 100.

30. Any variation in the utilisation of the Net Proceeds or in the terms of any contract as disclosed in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus would be subject to certain compliance requirements, including prior shareholders' approval.

We propose to utilise the Net Proceeds for (i) Pre-payments or scheduled repayment of a portion of the existing borrowing availed by our company, (ii) funding our working capital requirements, and (ii) general corporate purposes. For details, see "*Objects of the Issue*" on page 100. The deployment of the Net Proceeds is based on management estimates, current circumstances of our business, prevailing market conditions and has not been appraised by any bank, financial institution or other independent party. Accordingly, at this stage, we cannot determine with any certainty if we will require the Net Proceeds to meet any other expenditure or fund any exigencies arising out of the competitive environment, business



conditions, economic conditions or other factors beyond our control. In accordance with Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, we cannot undertake any variation in the utilisation of the Net Proceeds or in the terms of any contract as disclosed in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus without obtaining the Shareholders' approval through a special resolution. In the event of any such circumstances that require us to undertake variation in the disclosed utilization of the Net Proceeds, we may not be able to obtain the Shareholders' approval in a timely manner, or at all. Any delay or inability in obtaining such Shareholders' approval may adversely affect our business or operations.

Further, our Promoters would be required to provide an exit opportunity to the shareholders who do not agree with our proposal to change the objects of the Issue or vary the terms of such contracts, at a price and manner as prescribed by SEBI. Additionally, the requirement on Promoters to provide an exit opportunity to such dissenting shareholders may deter the Promoters from agreeing to the variation of the proposed utilization of the Net Proceeds, even if such variation is in our interest. Further, we cannot assure you that our Promoters will have adequate resources at their disposal at all times to enable them to provide an exit opportunity at the price prescribed by SEBI.

In light of these factors, we may not be able to undertake variation of objects of the Issue to use any unutilized proceeds of the Issue, if any, or vary the terms of any contract referred to in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, even if such variation is in our interest. This may restrict our ability to respond to any change in our business or financial condition by re-deploying the unutilized portion of the Net Proceeds, if any, or varying the terms of any contract, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

31. We have in the past entered into related party transactions and may continue to do so in the future.

We have entered into certain transactions with related parties, including with respect to the payment of remuneration of certain of our Directors and our Key Managerial Personnel, loans from related parties and lease of our showrooms and manufacturing unit. While we believe that all such transactions have been conducted on an arm's length basis, in the ordinary course of our business and on commercially reasonably terms, there can be no assurance that we could not have achieved more favourable terms had such transactions not been entered into with related parties. Furthermore, it is likely that we may enter into related party transactions in the future. While in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations, certain related party transactions, individually or in the aggregate, will not have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations or that we could not have achieved more favorable terms if such transactions had not been entered into with related parties. Additionally, any future transactions with our related parties could potentially involve conflicts of interest.

The following table sets forth the percentage of the value of related party transactions (except transactions pertaining to borrowing) as a percentage of total income for Fiscals 2022, 2021 and 2020:

Particulars	For the financial year ended on		
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022
Related Party Transactions	2,715.03	2,411.03	3,218.98
(Gross transactions incl. income and expense)			
Total Income	31,447.13	21,306.22	21,898.94
Percentage of RPT to Total Income	8.63%	11.32%	14.70%



For more details, see "Note 42: *Related Party Transactions*" on page 272.

32. We face competition in the markets in which we operate and may not be able to effectively compete in the future.

The markets in which we operate are competitive. Our competitors include both organised pan-India jewellers as well as unorganized local players in the various markets in which we operate. See "*Industry* **Overview** – **Indian Retail Sector Overview**" on page 126. Some of our competitors have achieved significant recognition for their brand names or have considerable financial, distribution, marketing, bargaining power with suppliers and other resources. Industry consolidation, either by virtue of mergers and acquisitions or by a shift in market power among competitors, may accentuate these trends. In addition, some of our competitors in smaller local markets have advantages of having strong reputations and established trust with customers in their local markets, which could be difficult for us to challenge or replicate in a sustained manner in the future.

We believe that our principal competitive factors include brand name, product style, product range, quality, display, price transparency, personalized service to our customers, store location, designs suited to local preferences, advertising and promotion. We cannot give any assurances that we will be able to compete successfully on all of these factors against existing or future competitors in the future.

To compete effectively and to attract customers in diverse markets, we must continue to market and competitively price our products, and we may experience downward pricing pressures, increased marketing expenditures and loss of market share. Within this competitive pricing environment, we may, nevertheless, be forced to raise prices due to rising costs of goods sold, such as gold, silver and other raw material costs, labour costs or other factors beyond our control. If we implement significant price increases across a wide range of our products, the impact on our earnings will depend on, among other factors, the pricing by competitors of similar products and the response by customers to higher prices. Such price increases may reduce the quantity of products we sell and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Other consumer goods and services compete with jewellery for consumers' expenditure. Therefore, the price of jewellery relative to other consumer goods and services influences the proportion of our customers' personal expenditure that is spent on jewellery. If our customers perceive our jewellery to be expensive compared to competing products and services, this could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

33. If we are unable to protect credit card or debit card data or any data related to any other electronic mode of payment, or any other personal information that we collect, our reputation could be significantly harmed.

The use of electronic payment methods and collection of other personal information both on our ecommerce platform and in our physical showrooms exposes us to an increased risk of privacy and security breaches as well as other risks. Although we use secure private networks to transmit confidential information, third parties may have the technology or know-how to breach the security of the customer information transmitted in connection with credit and debit card sales and use of e-wallets, and our security measures and those of technology suppliers may not effectively prohibit others from obtaining improper access to this information. If a person is able to circumvent our security measures or otherwise gain access to the confidential information that we collect, they may be able to destroy or steal valuable



information or otherwise disrupt our operations. We may become subject to claims for purportedly fraudulent transactions arising out of the actual or alleged theft of credit or debit card information or other confidential information, and we may also be subject to lawsuits or other proceedings relating to these types of incidents. Any such claim or proceeding could cause us to incur significant unplanned expenses, which could have an adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Further, adverse publicity resulting from these allegations could significantly harm our reputation and may have a material adverse effect on us and our showrooms.

Moreover, we receive and process certain personal financial and other information about our customers and employees when we accept credit cards for payment. While we do not save payment information of our customers', the use and handling of this information is regulated by evolving and increasingly demanding laws and regulations in India. If our security and information systems are compromised as a result of data corruption or loss, cyberattack or a network security incident or our employees, or suppliers fail to comply with these laws and regulations, and this information is obtained by unauthorized persons or used inappropriately, it could subject us to litigation and government enforcement actions, damage our reputation, cause us to incur substantial costs, liabilities and penalties and/or result in a loss of customer confidence, any and all of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

34. Our Promoter, Directors or key management personnel have interests in our Company, other than reimbursement of expenses incurred or normal remuneration or benefits.

Certain of our Directors (including our Promoter) are interested in our Company, in addition to the regular remuneration or benefits and reimbursement of expenses, to the extent of their shareholding or the shareholding of their relatives in our Company. Our Promoter is interested in our Company to the extent that he is the promoter of our Company and to the extent of his shareholding in our Company and dividend payable, if any, and other distributions in respect of the Equity Shares held by our Promoter. For further information, see "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group – Interests of Promoter*" on page 212.

Also see "Our Management - Interests of Directors" on page 196. For further details, also see "Capital Structure" on page 85.

35. Certain of our Promoters are directors of many other entities and the activities of such companies may cause diversion of their attention from our Company. Further, any conflict of interest which may occur between our business and the activities undertaken by such entities could adversely affect our business and prospects. Conflicts of interest may arise out of common business objects between our Company and Group Companies.

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Promoter, namely, Sanjay Chhabra and Sandeep Chhabra, are directors of 19 and 10 companies other than our Company in India. The activities of such companies may cause diversion of their attention from our Company.

While there is presently no conflict as none of the said companies are engaged in line of jewellery business, there is no assurance that these entities will not engage in competitive business lines in which we are already present or will enter into in future. Such factors may have an adverse effect on the results of our operations and financial condition.



Conflicts may arise in the ordinary course of decision making by our Promoters or Board of Directors. Our Group Companies are authorized to carry out, or engage in business similar to that of our Company; however, as on date, none of the Group Companies is engaged in line of jewellery business. While we will adopt necessary procedures and practices as permitted by law to address any instances of conflict of interest, if and when they may arise, we cannot assure you that these or other conflicts of interest will be resolved in an impartial manner. Further, due to the conflict of interest between us, or to the extent that competing business operations offered by Group Companies erode our market share, we may not be able to effectively manage any such conflict or competitive pressures and, consequently, our business, results of operation and financial condition may be adversely affected.

36. Our ability to pay dividends or conduct share buybacks in the future will depend upon our future earnings, financial condition, cash flows, working capital requirements and capital expenditures and lender consents and we cannot assure you that we will be able to pay dividends or conduct Share buybacks in the future.

Our Company has not declared and paid dividends in the past. Any dividends to be declared and paid in the future are required to be recommended by our Board of Directors and approved by our Shareholders, at their discretion, subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association and applicable law, including the Companies Act. Our Company's ability to pay dividends in the future will depend on a number of internal and external factors, which, *inter alia*, include (i) profits earned by our Company, (ii) present and future capital requirements, (iii) overall financial position of our Company, and (iv) uncertainty in economic conditions. We cannot assure you that we will generate sufficient revenues to cover our operating expenses and, as such, pay dividends to our Shareholders in future consistent with our past practices, or at all. For details pertaining to our dividend policy, see "*Dividend Policy*" on page 223.

37. We have included certain non-GAAP financial and operational measures related to our operations and financial performance that may vary from any standard methodology that may be applicable across the industry in which we operate, and which may not be comparable with financial, operational or industry related statistical information of similar nomenclature computed and presented by similar companies.

Certain non-GAAP financial measures and certain other industry measures relating to our operations and financial performance have been included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. We compute and disclose such non-GAAP financial measures and such other industry related statistical information relating to our operations and financial performance as we consider such information to be useful measures of our business and financial performance, and because such measures are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and others to evaluate the operational performance of Indian jewellery retail industry, many of which provide such non-GAAP financial measures and other industry related statistical and operational information. Such supplemental financial and operational information is therefore of limited utility as an analytical tool, and investors are cautioned against considering such information either in isolation or as a substitute for an analysis of our audited financial statements as reported under applicable accounting standards disclosed elsewhere in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

These non-GAAP financial measures and such other industry related statistical and other information relating to our operations and financial performance may not be computed on the basis of any standard methodology that is applicable across the industry and therefore may not be comparable to financial measures and industry related statistical information of similar nomenclature that may be computed and presented by other companies. For further information, see "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of*



Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Key Performance Indicators and Certain Non-GAAP Measures" on page 293.

EXTERNAL RISK FACTORS

38. Political, economic or other factors that are beyond our control may have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

The Indian economy and its securities markets are influenced by economic developments and volatility in securities markets in India as well as other countries. Investors' reactions to developments in one country may have adverse effects on the market price of securities of companies located elsewhere, including India. Adverse economic developments, such as rising fiscal or trade deficit, in other emerging market countries may also affect investor confidence and cause increased volatility in Indian securities markets and indirectly affect the Indian economy in general.

In addition to the above, our Company is incorporated in India and its assets are located in India. Consequently, our performance and the market price of the Equity Shares may be affected by interest rates, government policies, taxation, social and ethnic instability and other political and economic developments affecting India. There have been periods of slowdown in the economic growth of India. Demand for our jewellery products may be adversely affected by an economic downturn in domestic, regional and global economies. Economic growth in the countries in which we operate is affected by various factors including domestic consumption and savings, balance of trade movements, namely export demand and movements in key imports, global economic uncertainty and liquidity crisis, volatility in exchange currency rates, and annual rainfall which affects agricultural production. Consequently, any future slowdown in the Indian economy could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition. Also, a change in the government or a change in the economic and deregulation policies could adversely affect economic conditions prevalent in the areas in which we operate in general and our business in particular and high rates of inflation in India could increase our costs without proportionately increasing our revenues, and as such decrease our operating margins.

Factors that may adversely affect the Indian economy, and hence our results of operations, may include:

- the macroeconomic climate, including any increase in Indian interest rates or inflation;
- any exchange rate fluctuations, the imposition of currency controls and restrictions on the right to convert or repatriate currency or export assets;
- any scarcity of credit or other financing in India, resulting in an adverse effect on economic conditions in India and scarcity of financing for our expansions;
- prevailing income conditions among Indian consumers and Indian corporations;
- epidemic, pandemic or any other public health in India or in countries in the region or globally, including in India's various neighboring countries, such as the highly pathogenic H7N9, H5N1 and H1N1 strains of influenza in birds and swine and more recently, the COVID-19 pandemic;
- volatility in, and actual or perceived trends in trading activity on, India's principal stock exchanges;
- terrorism or military conflict in India or in countries in the region or globally, including in India's various neighboring countries;
- occurrence of natural or man-made disasters (such as typhoons, flooding, earthquakes and fires) which may cause us to suspend our operations;
- prevailing regional or global economic conditions, including in India's principal export markets;



- other significant regulatory or economic developments in or affecting India or its consumption sector;
- international business practices that may conflict with other customs or legal requirements to which we are subject, including anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws;
- protectionist and other adverse public policies, including local content requirements, import/export tariffs, increased regulations or capital investment requirements;
- logistical and communications challenges;
- downgrading of India's sovereign debt rating by rating agencies;
- difficulty in developing any necessary partnerships with local businesses on commercially acceptable terms or on a timely basis; and
- being subject to the jurisdiction of foreign courts, including uncertainty of judicial processes and difficulty enforcing contractual agreements or judgments in foreign legal systems or incurring additional costs to do so.

Any slowdown or perceived slowdown due to these factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and reduce the price of our Equity Shares. Any financial disruption could have an adverse effect on our business, future financial performance, shareholders' equity and the price of our Equity Shares.

39. Changing regulations in India could lead to new compliance requirements that are uncertain.

The regulatory environment in which we operate is evolving and is subject to change. The GoI may implement new laws or other regulations that could affect the jewellery industry, which could lead to new compliance requirements. New compliance requirements could increase our costs or otherwise adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, the manner in which new requirements will be enforced or interpreted can lead to uncertainty in our operations and could adversely affect our operations. For instance, the RBI has permitted nominated banks to import gold for purposes of extending gold metal loans to domestic jewellery manufacturers subject to certain conditions, including that the tenor of the gold loans (which can be decided by the nominated banks) does not exceed 180 days from the date of procurement of gold and the interest charged to the borrowers is linked to the international gold rates. Accordingly, any adverse regulatory change in this regard could lead to fluctuation of prices of raw materials and thereby increase our operational cost.

The Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019, also prescribes certain changes to the income tax rate applicable to companies in India. According to this Act, companies can henceforth voluntarily opt in favour of a concessional tax regime (subject to no other special benefits/exemptions being claimed), which would ultimately reduce the effective tax rate (on gross basis) for Indian companies from 34.94% to approximately 25.17%. Any such future amendments may affect our ability to claim exemptions that we have historically benefited from, and such exemptions may no longer be available to us. Any adverse order passed by the appellate authorities/ tribunals/ courts would have an effect on our profitability. Due to COVID -19 pandemic, the GoI had also passed the Taxation and Other Laws (Relaxation of Certain Provisions) Act, 2020, implementing relaxations from certain requirements under, amongst others, the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 and Customs Tariff Act, 1975.

In addition, we are subject to tax related inquiries and claims. We may be particularly affected by claims from tax authorities on account of income tax assessment and GST that combines taxes and levies by the central and state governments into one unified rate of interest with effect from July 1, 2017. For example, as of July 1, 2017, a national GST, in India replaced taxes levied by central and state governments with a



unified tax regime in respect of the supply of goods and services for all of India, which resulted in changes to India's jewellery industry. Currently, the GST rate for jewellery is 3%, but it could be subject to change going forward. Any such changes to the GST rate or rules and regulations surrounding GST and the related uncertainties with respect to the implementation of GST may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Further, as GST is implemented, there can be no assurance that we will not be required to comply with additional procedures or obtain additional approvals and licenses from the government and other regulatory bodies or that they will not impose onerous requirements and conditions on our operations. With the implementation of GST, we are obligated to pass on any benefits accruing to us as result of the transition to GST to the consumer thereby limiting our benefits. In order for us to utilise input credit under GST, the entire value chain has to be GST compliant, including us. While we are and will continue to adhere to the GST rules and regulations, there can be no assurance that our suppliers and dealers will do so. Any such failure may result in increased cost on account of non-compliance with the GST and may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

The Government of India has announced the union budget for the Fiscal 2022, pursuant to which the Finance Bill, 2021 ("Finance Bill") has introduced various amendments. The Finance Bill has received assent from the President of India on March 28, 2021, and has been enacted as the Finance Act, 2021 ("Finance Act, 2021"). There is no certainty on the impact that the Finance Act 2021 may have on our business and operations or on the industry in which we operate. In addition, unfavourable changes in or interpretations of existing, or the promulgation of new laws, rules and regulations including foreign investment laws governing our business, operations and group structure could result in us being deemed to be in contravention of such laws or may require us to apply for additional approvals. We may incur increased costs relating to compliance with such new requirements, which may also require management time and other resources, and any failure to comply may adversely affect our business, results of operations and prospects. Uncertainty in the applicability, interpretation or implementation of any amendment to, or change in, governing law, regulation or policy, including by reason of an absence, or a limited body, of administrative or judicial precedent may be time consuming as well as costly for us to resolve and may affect the viability of our current business or restrict our ability to grow our business in the future.

The Government of India has passed new laws relating to social security, occupational safety, industrial relations and wages namely, the Code on Social Security, 2020, the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020 and the Code on Wages, 2019, respectively which were to take effect from April 1, 2021 (collectively, the "Labour Codes"). The Government of India has deferred the effective date of the Labour Codes and they shall come into force from such date as may be notified by the Government. Further, the Code on Social Security, 2020 ("Social Security Code") will impact overall employee expenses and, in turn, could impact the profitability of our Company. Under the Social Security Code, a new concept of deemed remuneration has been introduced, such that where an employee receives more than half (or such other percentage as may be notified by the Central Government), of their total remuneration in the form of allowances and other amounts that are not included within the definition of wages under the Social Security Code, the excess amount received shall be deemed as remuneration and accordingly be added to wages for the purposes of the Social Security Code and the compulsory contribution to be made towards the employees' provident fund. We may incur increased costs and other burdens relating to compliance with such new requirements, which may also require significant management time and other resources, and any failure to comply may adversely affect our business, results of operations and prospects. Uncertainty in the applicability,



interpretation or implementation of any amendment to, or change in, governing law, regulation or policy, including by reason of an absence, or a limited body, of administrative or judicial precedent may be time consuming as well as costly for us to resolve and may impact the viability of our current businesses or restrict our ability to grow our businesses in the future.

40. A downgrade in ratings of India, may affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.

Our borrowing costs and our access to the debt capital markets depend significantly on the credit ratings of India. Any further adverse revisions to India's credit ratings for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact our ability to raise additional financing and the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such financing is available, including raising any overseas additional financing. A downgrading of India's credit ratings may occur, for example, upon a change of government tax or fiscal policy, which are outside our control. This could have an adverse effect on our ability to fund our growth on favourable terms or at all, and consequently adversely affect our business and financial performance and the price of the Equity Shares.

41. Financial instability in other countries may cause increased volatility in Indian financial markets.

The Indian market and the Indian economy are influenced by economic and market conditions in other countries, including conditions in the United States, Europe and certain emerging economies in Asia. Any worldwide financial instability may cause increased volatility in the Indian financial markets and, directly or indirectly, adversely affect the Indian economy and financial sector and us. Although economic conditions vary across markets, loss of investor confidence in one emerging economy may cause increased volatility across other economies, including India. Financial instability in other parts of the world could have a global influence and thereby negatively affect the Indian economy. Financial disruptions could materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Further, economic developments globally can have a significant impact on our principal markets. Concerns related to a trade war between large economies may lead to increased risk aversion and volatility in global capital markets and consequently have an impact on the Indian economy. Following the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union ("Brexit"), there remains significant uncertainty around the terms of their future relationship with the European Union and, more generally, as to the impact of Brexit on the general economic conditions in the United Kingdom and the European Union and any consequential impact on global financial markets. For example, Brexit could give rise to increased volatility in foreign exchange rate movements and the value of equity and debt investments.

In addition, China is one of India's major trading partners and there are rising concerns of a possible slowdown in the Chinese economy as well as a strained relationship with India, which could have an adverse impact on the trade relations between the two countries. In response to such developments, legislators and financial regulators in the United States and other jurisdictions, including India, implemented a number of policy measures designed to add stability to the financial markets. However, the overall long-term effect of these and other legislative and regulatory efforts on the global financial markets is uncertain, and they may not have the intended stabilizing effects. Any significant financial disruption could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operation. These developments, or the perception that any of them could occur, have had and may continue to have a material adverse effect on global economic conditions and the stability of global financial markets and may significantly reduce global market liquidity, restrict the ability of key market participants to operate in certain financial markets or restrict our access to capital. This could have a



material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and reduce the price of the Equity Shares.

42. If inflation rises in India, increased costs may result in a decline in profits. Inflation rates in India have been volatile in recent years, and such volatility may continue.

India has experienced high inflation in the recent past. Increasing inflation in India could cause a rise in the costs of rent, wages, raw materials and other expenses. High fluctuations in inflation rates may make it more difficult for us to accurately estimate or control our costs.

Any increase in inflation in India can increase our expenses, which we may not be able to adequately pass on to our clients, whether entirely or in part, and may adversely affect our business and financial condition. In particular, we might not be able to reduce our costs or increase the price of our products to pass the increase in costs on to our clients. Additionally, if we are unable to increase our revenues sufficiently to offset our increased costs due to inflation, it could have an adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Further, the GoI has previously initiated economic measures to combat high inflation rates, and it is unclear whether these measures will remain in effect. There can be no assurance that Indian inflation levels will not worsen in the future.

43. Investors may have difficulty in enforcing foreign judgments against our Company or our management.

Our Company is a company incorporated under the laws of India. All Directors on the Board of Directors of our Company and our employees are residents of India and substantial portion of our assets and such persons are located in India. As a result, it may not be possible for prospective investors outside India to effect service of process upon our Company or such persons in jurisdictions outside India, or to enforce judgments obtained against such parties outside India. Furthermore, it is unlikely that a court in India would award damages on the same basis as a foreign court if an action were brought in India or would enforce foreign judgments if that court was of the view that the number of damages awarded was excessive or inconsistent with public policy, or if judgments are in breach or contrary to Indian law. In addition, a party seeking to enforce a foreign judgment in India is required to obtain approval from the RBI to execute such a judgment or to repatriate outside India any amounts recovered. Further, any judgment or award denominated in a foreign currency would be converted into Indian Rupees on the date of such judgment or award and not on the date of payment.

Recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments is provided for under Section 13 and Section 44A of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 ("**CPC**"). Section 13 of the Civil Procedure Code provides that a foreign judgment shall be conclusive regarding any matter directly adjudicated upon between the same parties or parties litigating under the same title, except (a) where the judgment has not been pronounced by a court of competent jurisdiction; (b) where the judgment has not been given on the merits of the case; (c) where it appears on the face of the proceedings that the judgment is founded on an incorrect view of international law or a refusal to recognize the law of India in cases in which such law is applicable; (d) where the judgment has been obtained by fraud; and (f) where the judgment sustains a claim founded on a breach of any law then in force in India. Further, India has reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters with only a limited number of jurisdictions, such as the United Kingdom, United Arab Emirates, Singapore and Hong Kong. In order to be enforceable, a judgment from



a jurisdiction with reciprocity must meet certain requirements established in the CPC. The CPC only permits the enforcement and execution of monetary decrees in the reciprocating jurisdiction, not being in the nature of any amounts payable in respect of taxes, other charges, fines or penalties. Judgments or decrees from jurisdictions which do not have reciprocal recognition with India, including the United States, cannot be enforced by proceedings in execution in India. Therefore, a final judgment for the payment of money rendered by any court in a non-reciprocating territory for civil liability, whether or not predicated solely upon the general laws of the non-reciprocating territory, would not be directly enforceable in India. The party in whose favour a final foreign judgment in a non-reciprocating territory is rendered may bring a fresh suit in a competent court in India based on the final judgment within three years of obtaining such final judgment.

44. A third party could be prevented from acquiring control of us because of anti-takeover provisions under Indian law.

There are provisions in Indian law that may delay, deter or prevent a future takeover or change in control of our Company. Under the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, an acquirer has been defined as any person who, directly or indirectly, acquires or agrees to acquire shares or voting rights or control over a company, whether individually or acting in concert with others. Although these provisions have been formulated to ensure that interests of investors/shareholders are protected, these provisions may also discourage a third party from attempting to take control of our Company. Consequently, even if a potential takeover of our Company would result in the purchase of the Equity Shares at a premium to their market price or would otherwise be beneficial to our Shareholders, such a takeover may not be attempted or consummated because of SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011.

RISKS RELATING TO EQUITY SHARES

45. The trading volume and market price of the Equity Shares may be volatile following the Issue.

The market price of the Equity Shares may fluctuate as a result of, among other things, the following factors, some of which are beyond our control:

- quarterly variations in our results of operations;
- results of operations that vary from the expectations of securities analysts and investors;
- results of operations that vary from those of our competitors;
- changes in expectations as to our future financial performance, including financial estimates by research analysts and investors;
- a change in research analysts' recommendations;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant acquisitions, strategic alliances, joint operations or capital commitments;
- announcements by third parties or governmental entities of significant claims or proceedings against us;
- new laws and governmental regulations applicable to our industry;
- additions or departures of key management personnel;
- changes in exchange rates;
- fluctuations in stock market prices and volume; and
- general economic and stock market conditions.

Changes in relation to any of the factors listed above could adversely affect the price of the Equity Shares.



46. The Issue Price of the Equity Shares may not be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Issue.

The Issue Price of the Equity Shares will be determined by our Company in consultation with the BRLM through the Book Building Process. This price will be based on numerous factors, as described under the chapter "*Basis for Issue Price*" beginning on page 112 and may not be indicative of the market price for the Equity Shares after the Issue. The market price of the Equity Shares could be subject to significant fluctuations after the Issue, and may decline below the Issue Price. We cannot assure you that you will be able to resell their Equity Shares at or above the Issue Price.

47. The Equity Shares have never been publicly traded and the Issue may not result in an active or liquid market for the Equity Shares. Further, the price of the Equity Shares may be volatile, and the investors may be unable to resell the Equity Shares at or above the Issue Price, or at all.

Prior to the Issue, there has been no public market for the Equity Shares, and an active trading market on the stock exchanges may not develop or be sustained after the Issue. Listing and quotation do not guarantee that a market for the Equity Shares will develop, or if developed, the liquidity of such market for the Equity Shares. The market price of the Equity Shares may be subject to significant fluctuations in response to, among other factors, variations in our operating results, market conditions specific to the industry we operate in, developments relating to India and volatility in the Stock Exchanges and securities markets elsewhere in the world. There has been significant volatility in the Indian stock markets in the recent past, and the trading price of our Equity Shares after this Issue could fluctuate significantly as a result of market volatility or due to various internal or external risks, including but not limited to those described in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. A decrease in the market price of our Equity Shares could cause you to lose some or all of your investment.

48. Investors may be subject to Indian taxes arising out of capital gains on the sale of the Equity Shares.

Under current Indian tax laws, unless specifically exempted, capital gains arising from the sale of equity shares in an Indian company are generally taxable in India. A securities transaction tax ("STT") is levied on and collected by an Indian stock exchange on which equity shares are sold. Any gain realized on the sale of listed equity shares held for more than 12 months may be subject to long term capital gains tax in India at the specified rates depending on certain factors, such as STT is paid, the quantum of gains and any available treaty exemptions. Accordingly, you may be subject to payment of long-term capital gains tax in India, in addition to payment of STT, on the sale of any Equity Shares held for more than 12 months. STT will be levied on and collected by a domestic stock exchange on which the Equity Shares are sold. Further, any gain realized on the sale of listed equity shares held for a period of 12 months or less will be subject to short term capital gains tax in India capital gains arising from the sale of the Equity Shares will be exempt from taxation in India in cases where the exemption from taxation in India is provided under a treaty between India and the country of which the seller is resident. Generally, Indian tax treaties do not limit India's ability to impose tax on capital gains. As a result, residents of other countries may be liable for tax in India as well as in their own jurisdiction on a gain upon the sale of the Equity Shares. The Government of India has announced the union budget for Fiscal 2022, and the Finance Act, 2021 has received assent from the President of India on March 28, 2021. There is no certainty on the impact that the Finance Act, 2021 may have on our business and operations or on the industry in which we operate. We cannot predict whether any amendments made pursuant to the Finance Act, 2021 would have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our Company cannot predict whether any tax laws or other regulations impacting it will be enacted, or predict the nature and impact



of any such laws or regulations or whether, if at all, any laws or regulations would have a material adverse effect on our Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

49. Any future issuance of Equity Shares, or convertible securities or other equity linked instruments by us may dilute your shareholding and sale of Equity Shares by the Promoters or members of our Promoter Group may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.

We may be required to finance our growth through future equity offerings. Any future equity issuances by us, including a primary offering of Equity Shares, convertible securities or securities linked to Equity Shares including through exercise of employee stock options, may lead to the dilution of investors' shareholdings in our Company. Any future equity issuances by us or sales of our Equity Shares by the Promoters or members of the Promoter Group may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares, which may lead to other adverse consequences including difficulty in raising capital through offering of our Equity Shares or incurring additional debt. In addition, any perception by investors that such issuances or sales might occur may also affect the market price of our Equity Shares. There can be no assurance that we will not issue Equity Shares, convertible securities or securities linked to Equity Shares or that our Shareholders will not dispose of, pledge or encumber their Equity Shares in the future. Under Indian law, foreign investors are subject to investment restrictions that limit our ability to attract foreign investors, which may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares. Under foreign exchange regulations currently in force in India, transfer of shares between non-residents and residents are freely permitted (subject to certain restrictions), if they comply with the pricing guidelines and reporting requirements specified by the RBI. If the transfer of shares, which are sought to be transferred, is not in compliance with such pricing guidelines or reporting requirements or falls under any of the exceptions referred to above, then a prior regulatory approval will be required. Additionally, shareholders who seek to convert Rupee proceeds from a sale of shares in India into foreign currency and repatriate that foreign currency from India require a no-objection or a tax clearance certificate from the Indian income tax authorities. Further, in accordance with Press Note No. 3 (2020 Series), dated April 17, 2020, issued by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Government of India, investments where the beneficial owner of the Equity Shares is situated in or is a citizen of a country which shares land border with India, can only be made through the Government approval route, as prescribed by the GoI in the Consolidated FDI Policy dated October 15, 2020. These investment restrictions shall also apply to subscribers of offshore derivative instruments. We cannot assure investors that any required approval from the RBI or any other governmental agency can be obtained on any particular terms or at all. For further information, see the chapter titled "Restrictions on Foreign Ownership of Indian Securities" beginning on page 377.

50. Investors may be restricted in their ability to exercise pre-emptive rights under Indian law and thereby may suffer future dilution of their ownership position.

Under the Companies Act, a company having share capital and incorporated in India must offer its holders of equity shares pre-emptive rights to subscribe and pay for a proportionate number of shares to maintain their existing ownership percentages before the issuance of any new equity shares, unless the preemptive rights have been waived by adoption of a special resolution by holders of three-fourths of the equity shares voting on such resolution. However, if the law of the jurisdiction the investors are in, does not permit them to exercise their pre-emptive rights without our Company filing an offering document or registration statement with the applicable authority in such jurisdiction, the investors will be unable to exercise their pre-emptive rights unless our Company makes such a filing. If we elect not to file a registration statement, the new securities may be issued to a custodian, who may sell the securities for



the investor's benefit. The value such custodian receives on the sale of such securities and the related transaction costs cannot be predicted. In addition, to the extent that the investors are unable to exercise pre-emptive rights granted in respect of the Equity Shares held by them, their proportional interest in our Company would be reduced.

51. The requirements of being a publicly listed company may strain our resources.

We are not a publicly listed company and have not, historically, been subjected to the increased scrutiny of our affairs by shareholders, regulators and the public at large that is associated with being a listed company. As a listed company, we will incur significant legal, accounting, corporate governance and other expenses that we did not incur as an unlisted company. We will be subject to the SEBI Listing Regulations, which will require us to file audited annual and unaudited guarterly reports with respect to our business and financial condition. If we experience any delays, we may fail to satisfy our reporting obligations and/or we may not be able to readily determine and accordingly report any changes in our results of operations as promptly as other listed companies. Further, as a publicly listed company, we will need to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, including keeping adequate records of daily transactions. In order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, significant resources and management attention will be required. As a result, our management's attention may be diverted from our business concerns, which may adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, we may need to hire additional legal and accounting staff with appropriate experience and technical accounting knowledge, but we cannot assure you that we will be able to do so in a timely manner.

52. Investors will not be able to sell immediately on an Indian stock exchange any of the Equity Shares they purchase in the Issue.

The Equity Shares will be listed on the Stock Exchanges. Pursuant to applicable Indian laws, certain actions must be completed before the Equity Shares can be listed and trading in the Equity Shares may commence. Investors' book entry, or 'demat' accounts with depository participants in India, are expected to be credited with the Equity Shares within one working day of the date on which the Basis of Issue is approved by the Stock Exchanges. The Allotment of Equity Shares in this Issue and the credit of such Equity Shares to the applicant's demat account with depository participant could take time from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date and trading in the Equity Shares upon receipt of final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges could also take from the Bid/Issue Closing Date. There could be a failure or delay in listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. Any failure or delay in obtaining the approval or otherwise any delay in commencing trading in the Equity Shares would restrict investors' ability to dispose of their Equity Shares. There can be no assurance that the Equity Shares will be credited to investors' demat accounts, or that trading in the Equity Shares will commence, within the time periods specified in this risk factor. We could also be required to pay interest at the applicable rates if allotment is not made, refund orders are not dispatched or demat credits are not made to investors within the prescribed time periods.

53. Investors will not have the option of getting the allotment of Equity Shares in physical form.

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Equity Shares shall be issued only in dematerialized form. Investors will not have the option of getting the allotment of Equity Shares in physical form. The Equity Shares Allotted to the Applicants who do not have demat accounts or who have not specified their



demat details, will be kept in abeyance till receipt of the details of the demat account of such Applicants. For details, see the chapter titled "*Terms of the Issue*" beginning on page 339. This may impact the ability of our shareholders to receive the Equity Shares in the Issue.

54. Significant differences exist between Ind AS and other accounting principles, such as Indian GAAP, U.S. GAAP and IFRS, which may be material to the Financial Statements prepared and presented in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations contained in this Draft Red Herring.

Our Restated Financial Information for Fiscals 2020, 2021 and 2022 have been prepared and presented in conformity with Ind AS. Ind AS differs in certain significant respects from Indian GAAP, IFRS, U.S. GAAP and other accounting principles with which prospective investors may be familiar in other countries. If our financial statements were to be prepared in accordance with such other accounting principles, our results of operations, cash flows and financial position may be substantially different. Prospective investors should review the accounting policies applied in the preparation of our financial statements and consult their own professional advisers for an understanding of the differences between these accounting principles and those with which they may be more familiar. Any reliance by persons not familiar with Indian accounting practices on the financial disclosures presented in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus should be limited accordingly.

55. QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after the submission of their Bid, and Retail Individual Bidders are not permitted to withdraw their Bids after closure of the Bid/ Issue Closing Date.

Pursuant to the SEBI ICDR Regulations, QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders are required to pay the Bid Amount on submission of the Bid and are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after submitting a Bid. Retail Individual Bidders can revise their Bids during the Bid/ Issue Period and withdraw their Bids until the Bid/ Issue Closing Date. While we are required to complete all necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on all Stock Exchanges where such Equity Shares are proposed to be listed, including Allotment, within six Working Days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date or such other period as may be prescribed under applicable law, events affecting the investors' decision to invest in the Equity Shares, including adverse changes in international or national monetary policy, financial, political or economic conditions, our business, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition may arise between the date of submission of the Bid and Allotment. We may complete the Allotment of the Equity Shares even if such events occur, and such events may limit the Investors' ability to sell the Equity Shares Allotted pursuant to the Issue or cause the trading price of the Equity Shares to decline on listing.

56. Rights of shareholders of companies under Indian law may be more limited than under the laws of other jurisdictions.

Our Articles of Association, composition of our Board, Indian laws governing our corporate affairs, the validity of corporate procedures, directors' fiduciary duties, responsibilities and liabilities, and shareholders' rights may differ from those that would apply to a company in another jurisdiction. Shareholders' rights under Indian law may not be as extensive and wide- spread as shareholders' rights under the laws of other countries or jurisdictions. Investors may face challenges in asserting their rights as shareholder our Company than as a shareholder of an entity in another jurisdiction.



SECTION IV – INTRODUCTION

THE ISSUE

The following table summarizes the details of the Issue:

Issue of Equity Shares of face value of ₹10/-	Up to 3,34,71,000 Equity Shares aggregating up to ₹		
each ⁽¹⁾	[•] Lakhs		
of which			
A) QIB Portion ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Not more than [•] Equity Shares		
of which:	· · · · · ·		
(i) Anchor Investor Portion	Up to [•] Equity Shares		
(ii) Net QIB Portion (assuming Anchor Investor Portion is fully subscribed)	[•] Equity Shares		
of which:			
(a) Mutual Fund Portion (5% of the Net QIB Portion)	[•] Equity Shares		
(b) Balance for all QIBs including Mutual Funds	[•] Equity Shares		
B) Non-Institutional Portion ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Not less than [•] Equity Shares		
C) Retail Portion ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Not less than [•] Equity Shares		
Pre and post Issue Equity Shares			
Equity Shares outstanding prior to the Issue at the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus	6,49,75,000 Equity Shares		
Equity Shares outstanding after the Issue	[•] Equity Shares		
Utilization of Net Proceeds	See the chapter titled " <i>Objects of the Issue</i> " on page 100, for information about the use of proceeds from the Issue.		

Notes:

- (1) The Issue has been authorised by our Board of Directors pursuant to the resolution passed at their meeting on **September 14, 2022** and by our shareholders pursuant to the special resolution passed at their meeting on **September 15, 2022**.
- (2) Our Company may in consultation with the BRLM, allocate up to 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price. In the event of under-subscription or non-allotment in the Anchor Investor Portion, the balance Equity Shares in the Anchor Investor Portion shall be added to the Net QIB Portion. Further 5% of the Net QIB Portion (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the Net QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIB Bidders (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price. However, if the aggregate demand from Mutual Funds is less than as specified above, the balance Equity Shares available for allocation in



the Mutual Fund Portion will be added to the Net QIB Portion and allocated proportionately to the QIB Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) in proportion to their Bids. For further details, see the chapter titled **"Issue Procedure"** beginning on page 351.

- (3) Under-subscription, if any, in the QIB Portion would not be allowed to be met with spill-over from other categories or a combination of categories. Subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price, under-subscription, if any, in any category except the QIB Portion, would be allowed to be met with spill- over from any other category or combination of categories, as applicable, at the discretion of our Company, in consultation with the BRLM and the Designated Stock Exchange. For further details, see the chapter titled "**Issue Procedure**" beginning on page 351.
- (4) Allocation to all categories, except the Anchor Investor Portion, Non-Institutional Portion and the Retail Portion, if any, shall be made on a proportionate basis, subject to valid Bids received at or above the Issue Price, as applicable. The allocation to each Retail Individual Bidders shall not be less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability of Equity Shares in Retail Portion, and the remaining available Equity Shares, if any, shall be Allocated on a proportionate basis. The allocation to each Non-Institutional Bidder shall not be less than ₹2,00,000/-, subject to the availability of Equity Shares in Non-Institutional Portion, and the remaining Equity Shares, if any, shall be Allocated on a proportionate basis. For further details, see the chapter titled "Issue Procedure" beginning on page 351.
- (5) Not less than 15% of the Issue shall be available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders of which one-third of the Non-Institutional Portion will be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size more than ₹ 2.00 lakhs to ₹ 10.00 lakhs and two-thirds of the Non-Institutional Portion will be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 10.00 lakhs and under-subscription in either of these two sub-categories of Non-Institutional Portion may be allocated to Bidders in the other sub-category of Non-Institutional Portion.

SEBI through its circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, has prescribed that all individual investors applying in initial public offerings opening on or after May 1, 2022, where the application amount is up to \gtrless 5.00 lakhs, shall use UPI. Individual investors bidding under the Non-Institutional Portion bidding for more than \gtrless 2.00 lakhs and up to \gtrless 5.00 lakhs, using the UPI Mechanism, shall provide their UPI ID in the Bid-cum-Application Form for Bidding through Syndicate, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs, or online using the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account (3 in 1 type accounts), provided by certain brokers

Further, for details in relation to the terms of the Issue, see the chapter titled "*Terms of the Issue*" beginning on page 339. For details, including in relation to grounds for rejection of Bids, see the chapters titled "*Issue Structure*" and "*Issue Procedure*" beginning on pages 346 and 351, respectively.



SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The summary financial information presented below should be read in conjunction with the Restated Financial Information, the notes thereto and the sections "**Restated Financial Statements**" and "**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**" on pages 224 and 289, respectively.

RESTATED STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS			
Non - current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	485.53	355.34	366.38
Right of use assets	620.30	825.82	1,031.34
Intangible assets	9.72	3.04	2.56
Capital work in progress	0.00	134.78	114.05
Financial assets			
Other financial assets	56.83	194.00	189.52
Deferred tax assets (net)	73.32	70.86	66.06
Other non-current assets	69.57	69.45	119.22
Total non - current assets	1,315.27	1,653.29	1,889.13
Current assets			
Inventories	28,375.82	23,984.21	23,151.78
Financial assets		- /	
Trade receivables	206.17	223.53	634.91
Cash and cash equivalents	540.81	607.34	225.14
Bank balance other than cash and cash	8.56	1.24	1.14
equivalents			
Loans	0.00	300.41	0.00
Other current assets	206.36	772.19	858.16
Total current assets	29,337.72	25,888.92	24,871.13
Total assets	30,652.99	27,542.21	26,760.26
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share capital	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50
Other equity-attributable to the owners of	5,047.78	3,598.79	2,653.94
the company	, ,		
Total equity	11,545.28	10,096.29	9,151.44
Liabilities			
Non - current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Long term Borrowings	1,625.87	1,943.35	942.99
Long term Lease Liabilities	547.79	743.26	943.81



Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Long term financial liabilities	545.00	484.09	426.44
Long term Provisions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other non-current liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total non - current liabilities	2,718.66	3,170.70	2,313.24
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Short term Borrowings	13,534.58	12,200.13	12,770.12
Short term Lease Liabilities	195.47	200.55	181.54
Trade payables			
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro	386.44	303.12	161.06
enterprisesand small enterprises			
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors	1,557.52	1,087.56	1,722.62
otherthan micro enterprises and small			
enterprises			
Short term provision	5.12	4.04	4.00
Other current liabilities	438.43	394.41	401.48
Current tax liabilities (net)	271.49	85.41	54.76
Total current liabilities	16,389.05	14,275.22	15,295.58
Total liabilities	19,107.71	17,445.92	17,608.82
Total equity and liabilities	30,652.99	27,542.21	26,760.26



RESTATED STATEMENT OF PROFITS AND LOSS

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended March	For the year ended March	For the year ended March
	31, 2022	31, 2021	31, 2020
Income	24,422,04	24 204 04	24 004 24
Revenue from operations	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.31
Other income	14.12	2.21	4.63
Total income	31,447.13	21,306.22	21,898.94
Expenses			
Cost of material consumed	3,148.09	1,321.98	2,153.45
Purchase of stock in trade	28,321.10	16,558.81	16,727.97
Change in inventories of finished goods, work-in-	(5,064.31)	(502.00)	(286.56)
progress and stock in trade			
Employee benefit expenses	702.72	563.45	595.86
Finance costs	1,593.13	1,539.03	1,647.34
Depreciation and amortization expenses	282.72	266.67	294.17
Other expenses	464.72	251.69	343.73
Total expenses	29,448.17	19,999.63	21,475.96
Profit before tax	1,998.96	1,306.59	422.98
Extra ordinary items	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tax Expenses			
Current tax	526.45	345.13	130.93
Deferred tax	(2.21)	(5.71)	(24.31)
Total tax expenses	524.24	339.42	106.62
Profit after tax	1,474.72	967.17	316.36
Other comprehensive income / (expenses)			
Items that will not be reclassified toProfit and	1.00	(3.61)	(1.89)
Loss			
Income tax in respect of above	(0.25)	0.91	0.48
Items that may be reclassified to profit & loss	0.00	0.00	0.00
Income tax in respect of above	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total other comprehensive income for theyear	0.75	(2.70)	(1.41)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,475.47	964.47	314.95
Earning per equity share of ₹ 10/- each (in Rs)			
- Basic	2.27	1.49	0.49
- Diluted	2.27	1.49	0.49



RESTATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	For the year	For the year	For the year
	ended March	ended March	ended March
	31, 2022	31, 2021	31, 2020
A. Cash flow from operating activities			
Net profit before tax and extraordinary items	1,998.96	1,306.59	422.98
Adjustments for			
Depreciation	282.72	266.67	294.17
Adjustment for gratuity-OCI	(1.00)	3.61	1.89
Interest received	(11.65)	(1.63)	(4.33)
Net(gain)/ loss on foreign exchanges	(1.02)	(0.58)	(0.30)
Interest and Finance charges	1,593.13	1,539.04	1,647.34
Operating profit before working capital changes	3,861.14	3,113.70	2,361.75
Adjustments for working Capital changes:			
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	(4,391.61)	(832.44)	(157.49)
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	17.35	411.38	(487.18)
(Increase)/ decrease in short term loan and advances	300.41	(300.41)	0.00
(Increase)/ decrease in other non-current assets	(0.12)	49.77	109.27
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets	565.88	85.96	(836.61)
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	553.28	(493.01)	350.48
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	44.02	(7.08)	(55.91)
(Decrease) / increase in short term provisions	1.08	0.05	4.00
Increase/ (decrease) in current tax liabilities	186.08	30.65	(15.91)
Cash generated from operation	1,137.51	2,058.57	1,272.40
Taxes paid	(526.45)	(345.13)	(130.93)
Net cash from/ (Used in) Operating activities	611.06	1,713.44	1,141.47
B. Cash flow from investing Activities			
(purchase)/ sale of fixed assets/capital work in progress	(79.30)	(71.34)	(25.00)
Interest received	11.65	1.63	4.33
Sale of investment	0.00	0.00	1.09
Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets	137.18	(4.49)	(3.73)
Net cash from/ (Used in) investing activities	69.53	(74.20)	(23.31)
C. Cash Flow from financing activities			
Interest and finance charges	(1,593.13)	(1,539.04)	(1,647.34)
(decrease)/ increase in short term borrowing	1,334.42	(569.95)	508.82
(decrease)/ increase in long term borrowing	(317.48)	1,000.37	(38.97)
(decrease)/ increase in short term lease	(5.07)	19.01	(16.14)
(decrease)/ increase in long term lease	(195.47)	(200.55)	(148.19)
(decrease)/ increase in long term financial liabilities	35.91	32.64	29.68
Net gain/ loss on foreign exchange	1.02	0.58	0.30
Net cash from financing activities	(739.80)	(1,256.94)	(1,311.84)
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents	(59.21)	382.30	(193.68)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	608.58	226.28	419.96
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	549.37	608.58	226.28



GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated as **"Motisons Jewellers Limited"** under the Companies Act, 1956 pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated **May 09, 2011** issued by the Registrar of Companies ("**ROC**"), Jaipur, Rajasthan following our conversion from erstwhile partnership firm **"M/s Motisons Jewellers"** to a public limited company. The partnership firm was originally formed by a partnership deed dated October 16, 1997 read with supplementary partnership deeds dated October 24, 1997, April 01, 2011 and April 30, 2011 respectively.

For details of incorporation, change in name and registered office of our Company, see the chapter titled "*History and Certain Corporate Matters*" beginning on page 181.

REGISTERED OFFICE OF OUR COMPANY

The address and certain other details of our Registered Office is as follows:

Motisons Jewellers Limited 270, 271, 272 & 276 Johri Bazar, Jaipur – 302003, Rajasthan, India Telephone: +91 – 141 – 4150000 Website: www.motisonsjewellers.com Email ID: nehajaincs@motisons.com Contact Person: Ms. Neha Jain

CORPORATE OFFICE OF OUR COMPANY

The address and certain other details of our Corporate Office is as follows:

Motisons Jewellers Limited SB-110, Motisons Tower, Lalkothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur – 302015, Rajasthan, India Telephone: +91 – 141 – 4160000 Website: www.motisonsjewellers.com Email ID: <u>nehajaincs@motisons.com</u>

Contact Person: Ms. Neha Jain

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER AND CORPORATE IDENTITY NUMBER

The registration number and corporate identity number of our Company are set forth below:

Particulars	Number
Company Registration Number	035122
Corporate Identity Number	U36911RJ2011PLC035122



REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

Our Company is registered with the ROC, which is situated at the following address:

Registrar of Companies, Jaipur Corporate Bhawan, G/6-7, Second Floor, Residency Area, Civil Lines, Jaipur-302001 **Website:** www.mca.gov.in

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The following table sets out the brief details of our Board as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

Name and Designation	DIN	Address
Sandeep Chhabra	00120838	B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur – 302001,
Chairman & Whole Time Director		Rajasthan, India
Sanjay Chhabra	00120792	B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur – 302001,
Managing Director		Rajasthan, India
Laksh Chhabra	09695269	B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur – 302001,
Joint Managing Director		Rajasthan, India
Kajal Chhabra	00120914	B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur – 302001,
Non- Executive Director		Rajasthan, India
Namita Chhabra	00205859	B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur – 302001,
Non- Executive Director		Rajasthan, India
Jayesh Nemchand Mehta	07239052	302 Vishwa Jyot, 109 Tilak Road, Opp. Balaji Mandir,
Independent Director		Ghatkopar East, Mumbai, 400077, Maharashtra, India
Sushil Kumar Gangwal	09573928	46, Arjun Nagar, Tonk Road, Durgapura, Jaipur –
Independent Director		302018, Rajasthan, India
Sunil Chordia	02994743	2501, Boulevard-2, LBS Marg, Opp R City Mall,
Independent Director		Ghatkopar West, Mumbai – 400086, Maharashtra
Alpesh Fatehsingh Purohit	07389212	39 Sky City Vernis, Opp Agrasen Bhavan, 07 Club Road,
Independent Director		Shela, Ahmedabad 380058, Gujarat, India
Vikas Kaler	09737095	House Number 313 (F-2), Vasundhara Colony, Tonk
Independent Director		Road, Ward No. 55, Jaipur, Rajasthan-302018

For further details and brief profiles of our Board of Directors, see the chapter titled "Our Management" beginning on page 186.

COMPANY SECRETARY AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Neha Jain is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our company. Her contact details are as follows:

Neha Jain

F-3, 197, Ambit Pride, Goverdhan Colony, Opp. Sanjeevani Hospital, New Sanganer Road, Near Vivek Vihar Metro Station, Jaipur-302019



Tel: +91 – 9887115678 E-mail: <u>nehajaincs@motisons.com</u>

Investor Grievances

Bidders can contact our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, and/or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre-Issue or post-Issue related problems such as non-receipt of letters of Allotment, non-credit of Allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund orders or non-receipt of funds by electronic mode etc. For all Issue related queries and for redressal of complaints, Bidders may also write to the BRLM or the Registrar to the Issue, in the manner provided below.

All grievances related to the Issue, other than of Anchor Investors, may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary with whom the Bid cum Application Form was submitted, giving full details such as name of the sole or first Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidder's DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID, PAN, date of submission of the Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of Equity Shares applied for, the name and address of the Designated Intermediary where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Bidder and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or the UPI ID in case of UPI Bidder using the UPI Mechanism.

All grievances relating to Bids submitted through Registered Brokers may be addressed to the Stock Exchanges with a copy to the Registrar to the Issue. Further, the Bidder shall enclose the Acknowledgment Slip or the application number from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the documents or information mentioned hereinabove.

All grievances of the Anchor Investors may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, giving full details such as the name of the sole or First Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for, Bid Amount paid on submission of the Bid cum Application Form, and the name and address of the BRLM where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Anchor Investor.

In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/22, dated February 15, 2018, SEBI circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021, as amended pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April, 20, 2022, and subject to applicable law, any ASBA Bidder whose Bid has not been considered for Allotment, due to failure on the part of any SCSB, shall have the option to seek redressal of the same by the concerned SCSB within 3 months of the date of listing of the Equity Shares. SCSBs are required to resolve these complaints within 15 days, failing which the concerned SCSB would have to pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum for any delay beyond this period of 15 days

REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE

Link Intime India Private Limited

C-101, 247 Park, 1st Floor, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400083, Maharashtra Fax: +91 – 22 – 4918 6060 **Tel:** +91 – 22 – 49186200



E-mail: motisons.ipo@linkintime.co.in Investor grievance e-mail: motisons.ipo@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in Contact Person: Mrs. Shanti Gopalkrishnan SEBI Registration No.: INR000004058

BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER

Holani Consultants Private Limited 401 – 405 & 416 – 418 4th Floor, Soni Paris Point, Jai Singh Highway, Bani Park, Jaipur – 302016, Rajasthan Telephone: +91 – 141 – 2203996 Fax: +91 – 141 – 2201259 E-mail ID: ipo@holaniconsultants.co.in Investor Grievance ID: complaints.redressal@holaniconsultants.co.in Website: www.holaniconsultants.co.in Contact Person: Mrs. Payal Jain SEBI Registration No.: INM000012467

INTER-SE ALLOCATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS

Holani Consultants Private Limited is the sole Book Running Lead Manager to the Issue and all the responsibilities relating to co-ordination and other activities in relation to the Issue shall be performed by them and hence a statement of inter-se allocation of responsibilities is not required.

SYNDICATE MEMBERS

The Syndicate members will be appointed before to filing of Red Herring Prospectus with the ROC.

LEGAL ADVISOR TO THE ISSUE

Chir Amrit Corporate LLP

6th Floor, Unique Destination, Opp. Times of India, Tonk Road Jaipur – 302015, Rajasthan **Tel:** +91 – 141 – 4044500 **E-mail:** <u>harsha@chiramritlaw.com</u> **Website:** <u>www.chiramritlaw.com</u> **Contact Person:** Harsha Totuka

STATUTORY AUDITOR TO OUR COMPANY

M/s Keyur Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants 303, Shitiratna, B/s. Radisson Blu Hotel, Nr. Panchvati Circle, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380 006



Tel: 079 – 33904444/ 33907777 Website: www.keyurshahca.com E-mail: ca.keyurshah2015@gmail.com Contact Person: Mr. Keyur Shah ICAI Firm Registration Number: 141173W Membership No: 153774 Peer Review Number: 013681

CHANGES IN STATUTORY AUDITORS

Except as mentioned below, there has been no change in our statutory auditors in the three years preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

Name of Statutory Auditor	Date of Change	Reason
VKG & Company, Chartered Accountants	November 29,	Completion of term as the
"Shree Raman", 58, Gopal Pura Bye Pass Road	2021	statutory auditors to our
Jaipur – 302019		Company
E-mail: vkgca57@rediffmail.com		
Firm Registration Number: 014547C		
M/s Keyur Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants	November 29,	Appointment as the statutory
303, Shitiratna, B/s. Radisson Blu Hotel,	2021	auditors to our Company, for a
Nr. Panchvati Circle, Ambawadi,		term from the 10 th annual general
Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380 006		meeting of our Company held on
E-mail: ca.keyurshah2015@gmail.com		November 29, 2021, to the 15^{th}
Firm Registration Number: 141173W		annual general meeting of our
Peer Review No: 011267		Company.

BANKERS TO THE COMPANY

Axis Bank Limited

B-115, Shanti Tower, Civil Lines, Opp. Sodala Police Station, Jaipur Tel: +91– 8875000101/02 E-mail: apoorv.gangwal@axisbank.com Website: www.axisbank.com Fax: NA Contact Person: Apoorv Gangwal

HDFC Bank Ltd

2nd Floor, K. K. Road, Arya Nagar, Dr Babasaheb Ambedkar Colony, Mahalakshmi, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400034 Tel: 022-39760067 E-mail: <u>Siddharth.jadhav@hdfcbank.com</u> Website: <u>www.hdfcbank.com</u> Fax: NA Contact Person: Siddharth Jadhav

ICICI Bank Limited

Bhagat Bhawan Building, 1st Floor, MI Road, Jaipur– 302001, Rajasthan Tel: +91-8097516806 E-mail: <u>ipshita.agrawal@icicibank.com</u> Website: <u>www.icicibank.com</u> Fax: NA Contact Person: Ipshita Agrawal



BANKERS TO THE ISSUE / REFUND BANKER / SPONSOR BANK TO THE ISSUE

Escrow Collection Bank / Public Issue Account Bank / Refund Bank / Sponsor Bank

Axis Bank Limited O-15 Green House, Ashok Marg, C-Scheme Jaipur-302001 Tel: +91– 8875000101/02 E-mail: Jaipur.branchhead@axisbank.com Website: www.axisbank.com Contact Person: Narendra Choudhary/Daya Dadhich SEBI Registration No.: INBI00000017

DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES

Self – Certified Syndicate Banks

The list of SCSBs notified by SEBI for the ASBA process is available on the SEBI website at <u>http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes</u>, or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

A list of the Designated SCSB Branches with which an ASBA Bidder (other than a UPI Bidder using the UPI Mechanism), not bidding through Syndicate/Sub Syndicate or through a Registered Broker, RTA or CDP may submit the ASBA Forms, is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmld=34, on the SEBI Website or at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Details of the nodal officers of SCSBs, identified for the bids made through the UPI Mechanism are available at <u>www.sebi.gov.in</u>

Self – Certified Syndicate Banks eligible as Issuer Banks for UPI Mechanism

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/76 dated June 28, 2019 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20th, 2022 UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism may apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications whose name appear on the websites of SEBI at (https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40) and (https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=43) respectively as updated from time to time.

Syndicate SCSB Branches

In relation to Bids (other than Bids by Anchor Investors) submitted under ASBA process to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of Bid cum Application Forms from the members of the Syndicate is available on the website of the of the SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes&intmld=35, which may be updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For



more information on such branches collecting Bid cum Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI at <u>http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do? Do Recognised=yes & in 71tm Id=35</u> or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Registered Brokers

The list of the Registered Brokers, eligible to accept ASBA Forms from the bidders (other than UPI Bidders), including details such as postal address, telephone number, and email address, is provided on the websites of stock exchanges at http://www.bseindia.com/Markets/PublicIssues/brokercentres_new.aspx? and http://www.nseindia.com/Markets/PublicIssues/brokercentres_new.aspx? and http://www.nseindia.com/products/content/equities/ipos/ipo_mem_terminal.htm, respectively, or such other websites as updated from time to time.

Registrar and Share Transfer Agents

The list of the RTAs eligible to accept ASBA Forms from at the Designated RTA Locations, including details such as address, telephone number, and e-mail address, is provided on the websites of Stock Exchanges at http://www.bseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx and http://www.nseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx and http://www.nseindia.com/products-services/initial-public-offerings-asba-procedure, respectively as updated from time to time.

Collecting Depository Participants

The list of the CDPs eligible to accept ASBA Forms at the Designated CDP Locations, including details such as name and contact details, are provided on the websites of stock exchanges at http://www.bseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx and on the websites of NSE at http://www.nseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx and on the websites of NSE at http://www.nseindia.com/products-services/initial-public-offerings-asba-procedure respectively, or such other websites as updated from time to time.

EXPERTS

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions:

Our Company has received written consent dated **July 27, 2022** from our Statutory Auditors, **M/s Keyur Shah & Co.,** Chartered Accountants, to include their name as required under Section 26(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an **"expert"** as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditor, and in respect of their (i) examination report, dated August 25, 2022 on our Restated Financial Statements and (ii) Statement of Special tax Benefits available to the company in its shareholders dated September 27, 2022 included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and such consents have not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

In addition, our Company has also received (i) written consent dated **August 18, 2022** from CARE Advisory Research and Training Limited **("Care Edge Research"),** in relation to the industry report with respect to our company, (ii) written consent dated August 25, 2022 from Lokesh Kumar Agarwal, Govt. Approved Jewellery Valuer bearing registration number CAT-IX/60/Pr.CCIT/JPR/Tech/14-15 to the extent in their capacity to quantification and value of inventories of Gems & Jewellery owned by our company, and (iii)



written consent dated **September 13, 2022** from Independent Chartered Engineer, **Pawan Sut Sharma** in relation to the manufacturing capacity of the Company, to include their names in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an **"expert"** as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents have not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

However, the term **"expert"** shall not be construed to mean an **"expert"** as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

MONITORING AGENCY

Our Company shall appoint a Monitoring Agency, to monitor the utilization of net proceeds in accordance with Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, prior to filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the ROC.

CREDIT RATING

As this is an Issue consisting only of Equity Shares, there is no requirement to obtain credit rating for the Issue.

DEBENTURE TRUSTEES

As this is an Issue consisting only of Equity Shares, the appointment of debenture trustee is not required.

APPRAISING ENTITY

None of the objects of the Issue for which the Net Proceeds will be utilised have been appraised by any agency.

GRADING TO THE ISSUE

No credit agency registered with SEBI has been appointed for obtaining grading for the Issue.

GREEN SHOE OPTION

No green shoe option is contemplated under the Issue.

UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

After the determination of the Issue Price and allocation of Equity Shares, but prior to the filing of the Prospectus with the ROC our Company intend to enter into an Underwriting Agreement with the Underwriters for the Equity Shares proposed to be issued and offered in the Issue. The extent of underwriting obligations and the bids to be underwritten in the Issue shall be as per the Underwriting Agreement. Pursuant to the underwriting agreement, the obligations of the Underwriters will be several and will be subject to certain conditions to closing, as specified therein.

The Underwriting Agreement is dated [•]. The Underwriters have indicated their intention to underwrite the following number of Equity Shares:



(This portion has been intentionally left blank and will be filled in before filing of the Prospectus with the ROC.)

Name, Address, Telephone and	Indicative Number of Equity Shares	Amount Underwritten
Email of the Underwriters	to be Underwritten	(in ₹ Lakh)
[•]	[•]	[•]

The above-mentioned underwriting commitments are indicative and will be finalised after determination of the Issue Price and Basis of Allotment and will be subject to the provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In the opinion of our Board of Directors, the resources of the Underwriters are sufficient to enable them to discharge their respective underwriting obligations in full. The Underwriters are registered as Merchant Bankers or Stock Brokers with SEBI. Our Board, at its meeting held on [•], has accepted and entered into the Underwriting Agreement mentioned above on behalf of our Company.

Allocation among the Underwriters may not necessarily be in proportion to their underwriting commitment set forth in the table above. Notwithstanding the above table, the Underwriters shall be severally responsible for ensuring payment with respect to the Equity Shares allocated to investors respectively procured by them in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement. In the Event of any default in payment, the respective underwriter, in additions to other obligations define in the Underwriting agreement, will also be required to procure subscribers for or subscribe to the equity share to the extent of the defaulted amount in accordance with the underwriting agreement. The underwriting agreement has not been executed as on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and will be executed after determination of issue price and allocation of equity shares, but prior to filing the prospectus with the ROC. The extent of underwriting obligations and the Bids to be underwritten in the issue shall be as per underwriting agreement.

FILING OF THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS

A copy of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is being filed electronically through the SEBI Intermediary Portal at <u>https://sipotal.sebi.gov.in</u>, in accordance with SEBI circular bearing reference SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2018/ 011 dated January 19, 2018 and has been emailed to SEBI at <u>cfddil@sebi.gov.in</u>, in accordance with the instructions issued by the SEBI on March 27, 2020, in relation to *"Easing of Operational Procedure –Division of Issues and Listing–CFD"*. A copy of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus shall also be filed with SEBI at its office SEBI Bhavan, Western Regional Office, Panchvati 1st Lane, Gulbai Tekra Road, Ahmedabad - 380006, Gujarat.

A copy of the Red Herring Prospectus, along with the material contracts and documents required to be filed under section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be filed with the ROC and a copy of Prospectus to be filed under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be filed with the ROC at its office Corporate Bhawan, G/6-7, Second Floor, Residency Area, Civil Lines, Jaipur-302001, Rajasthan and through the electronic portal at www.mca.gov.in

BOOK BUILDING PROCESS

Book Building Process, in the context of the Issue, refers to the process of collection of Bids from investors on the basis of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Forms within the Price Band. The Price Band and minimum Bid Lot will be decided by our Company in consultation with the BRLM, and if



not disclosed in the Red Herring Prospectus, will be advertised in all editions of [•], the English national newspaper, all editions of [•], the Hindi national newspaper and [•] editions of [•], the Regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation, respectively, at least two Working Days prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date and shall be made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their respective websites. The Issue Price shall be determined by our Company in consultation with the BRLM after the Bid/Issue Closing Date. For details see the section titled *"Issue Procedure"* on page 351.

All Bidders, other than Anchor Investors and Retail Individual Bidder, shall only participate through the ASBA process by providing the details of their respective ASBA Accounts in which the corresponding Bid Amount will be blocked by the SCSBs. Retail Individual Bidders shall participate through the ASBA process by either (a) providing the details of their respective ASBA Account in which the corresponding Bid Amount will be blocked by the SCSBs or, (b) through the UPI Mechanism. Anchor Investors are not permitted to participate in the Issue through the ASBA process.

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders are not allowed to withdraw or lower the size of their Bid(s) (in terms of the quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. Retail Individual Bidders can revise their Bids during the Bid/ Issue Period and withdraw their Bids until the Bid/ Issue Closing Date. Further Anchor Investors cannot withdraw their Bids after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date. Allocation to QIBs (other than Anchor Investors) and Non-Institutional Bidders will be on a proportionate basis while allocation to Anchor Investors will be on a discretionary basis. For illustration of the Book Building Process and further details, see the chapters titled *"Terms of the Issue", "Issue Structure"* and *"Issue Procedure"* beginning on pages 339, 346 and 351 respectively.

Each Bidder by submitting a Bid in the Issue, will be deemed to have acknowledged the above restrictions and the terms of the Issue.

The Book Building Process under the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Bidding Process are subject to change from time to time and investors are advised to make their own judgment about an investment through aforesaid process prior to submitting a Bid in the Issue.

Bidders should note the Issue is also subject to obtaining (i) the final approval of the ROC of the Prospectus that will be filed with the ROC and; (ii) final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges, which our Company shall apply for after Allotment within six working days of the Bid/Issue Closing Date or such other time period as prescribed under applicable law.

For details of the method and procedure for Bidding, see the chapter titled *"Issue Procedure"* beginning on page 351.



CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The share capital of our Company, as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, is set forth	ı below.
(₹ in Lakh avcant sha	ra data)

		(₹ in Lakh ex	cept share data)
S.		Aggregate	Aggregate
No.	Particulars	nominal	value at Issue
		value (in ₹)	Price (in ₹)
Α	AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL		
	10,30,00,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each	10300.00	[•]
	1,00,00,000 Preference Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each	1000.00	
	Total	11300.00	[•]
В	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL BEFORE THE ISSUE ⁽¹⁾		
	6,49,75,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each	6497.50	[•]
	1,00,00,000 2.5% Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	1000.00	
	of face value of ₹ 10/- each		
	Total	7497.50	[•]
С	PRESENT ISSUE		
	Fresh Issue of up to 3,34,71,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, aggregating up to ₹ [•] Lakh ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	[•]	[•]
D	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL AFTER THE ISSUE		
	[●] Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each*	[•]	[•]
	1,00,00,000 2.5% Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	1000.00	
	of face value of ₹ 10/- each		
	Total	[•]	[•]
Е	SECURITIES PREMIUM ACCOUNT		
	Before the Issue		500.00
	After the Issue		[•]
	underted when the finalization of issue price		

*To be updated upon the finalization of issue price.

- (1) Our Company has two classes of share capital i.e., Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each and Preference Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each. All Equity Shares or Preference Shares issued are fully paid-up.
- (2) The Issue has been authorised by our Board of Directors pursuant to the resolution passed at their meeting on **September 14, 2022** and by our shareholders pursuant to the special resolution passed at their meeting on **September 15, 2022**.
- (3) Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM, may consider a Pre-IPO Placement aggregating up to 60,00,000 Equity Shares. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to the Issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR.

NOTES TO THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE

1. Our Company was formed on May 09, 2011 pursuant to the conversion of a partnership firm, M/s Motisons Jewellers ("**Partnership Firm**") into our Company, a joint stock company under Part IX of the Companies Act, 1956. Pursuant to such conversion, the business of the Partnership Firm was taken over by our Company. Upon conversion of the Partnership Firm into our Company, the erstwhile partners, namely Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, Mrs. Namita Chhabra, M/s. Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF, Mrs. Vimla Devi Jain, Mr. Mahendra Kumar Patni and Mr. Kamal Chand Jain were



issued 2,70,00,000 Equity Shares in proportion to their contribution of capital in the Partnership Firm, represented by their respective shares in the capital account of the Partnership Firm.

2. For details in relation to the changes in the authorised share capital of our Company, please refer to section titled *"History and Certain Corporate Matters - Amendments to our Memorandum of Association"* on page 182.

3. Share capital history of our Company:

(a) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL:

The history of the Equity Share capital of our Company is set forth in the table below:

S. No.	Date of allotment	Number of Equity Shares	Face value per Equity	lssue price per Equity	Nature of consideration	Nature of allotment	Cumulative number of Equity	Cumulative paid-up Equity Share
		allotted	Share (₹)	Share (₹)			Shares	capital
	Upon incorporation	2,70,00,000	10/-	10/-	Pursuant to conversion of the capital account of partnership firm M/s. Motisons Jewellers into Motisons Jewellers Ltd	Initial subscription to MOA ⁽¹⁾	2,70,00,000	27,00,00,000
В.	December 15, 2011	2,29,75,000	10/-	10/-	Cash	Preferential issue of Equity Shares ⁽²⁾	4,99,75,000	49,97,50,000
-	March 30, 2012	1,50,00,000	10/-	10/-	Cash	Preferential Issue of Equity Shares ⁽³⁾	6,49,75,000	64,97,50,000

Notes:

1. Initial subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of our Company had subscribed to 2,70,00,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹10/- each pursuant to the conversion of 'M/s Motisons Jewellers into our Company as per the details given below:

S. No.	Name of Allottees	Number of Equity Shares
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	61,00,000
2.	Sandeep Chhabra	4,50,000
3.	Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000
4.	Namita Chhabra	60,80,000
5.	Moti Lal Sandeep HUF	64,20,000
6.	Vimla Devi Jain	74,60,000
7.	Kamal Chand Jain	20,000
8.	Mahendra Kumar Patni	20,000
TOTAL		2,70,00,000

2. Preferential Issue of 2,29,75,000 Equity Shares of our Company having face value of ₹ 10/- each at a price of ₹ 10/- each aggregating to ₹ 22,97,50,000/- were allotted to the following allottees on December 15, 2011:



S. No.	Name of Allottees	Number of Equity Shares
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	15,00,000
2.	Sandeep Chhabra	15,00,000
3.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	73,60,000
4.	Motisons Global Private Limited	1,26,15,000
TOTAL		2,29,75,000

3. Preferential allotment of 1,50,00,000 Equity Shares of our Company having face value of ₹ 10/- each at a price of ₹ 10/- each aggregating to ₹ 15,00,00,000/- were allotted to the following allottees on March 30, 2012:

S. No.	Name of Allottees	Number of Equity Shares
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	22,50,000
2.	Motisons Global Private Limited	70,00,000
3.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	17,50,000
4.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	40,00,000
TOTAL		1,50,00,000

(b) <u>PREFERENCE SHARE CAPITAL</u>

The history of the Preference Share Capital of our Company is set forth in the table below:

S.	Date of Number of		Number of	Number of Face value Issue price			Nature of	Cumulative	Cumulative
No.	o. allotment		otment Preference		per per		allotment	number of	paid-up
			Shares	Preference	Preference			Preference	Preference
			allotted	Share (₹)	Share (₹)			Shares	capital
Α.	April	20,	1,00,00,000	10/-	15/-	Cash	Private	1,00,00,000	10,00,00,000
	2016						Placement ⁽¹⁾		

⁽¹⁾ Our Company has allotted 1,00,00,000 Optionally Convertible Preference Shares at \gtrless 15/- each having face value of \gtrless 10/- each and securities premium of \gtrless 5/- each on April 20, 2016 to **Gajraj Tradecom Private Limited** with an option of either redeemed at 2.5% p.a. coupon rate payable at the time of redemption or conversion at any time before the expiry of 20 years from the date of allotment of Preference Shares. Further our company after obtaining the prior approval of the preference shareholders on dated June 09, 2022 and in terms of approval of its Board vide its resolution dated June 25, 2022 has changed the terms of the preference shares from Optionally Convertible Preference Share to Non-Convertible cumulative Redeemable Preference Share with 2.5% p.a. coupon rate payable at the time of Redemption at any time before the expiry of 20 years from the date of allotment.

4. Issue of shares for consideration other than cash or out of revaluation reserves

Our Company has not issued any Equity Shares and Preference Shares out of revaluation reserves since its incorporation. Further our company has not issued any Preference Shares for consideration other than cash as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

Except the Equity Shares allotted pursuant to conversion of the partnership firm M/s. Motisons Jewellers into Motisons Jewellers Ltd, our Company has not issued any Equity Shares for consideration other than cash. For details, please see *"Capital Structure – Share Capital History of our company – Equity Share*"



Capital – Note – 1" on page 86.

5. Issue of Shares pursuant to schemes of arrangement

Our Company has not allotted any Equity Shares or Preference Shares in terms of any scheme of arrangement approved under sections 391- 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or sections 230-234 of the Companies Act, 2013.

6. Employee Stock Option Scheme

Our company doesn't have any Employee stock option scheme ("**ESOP**")/ Employee Stock purchase scheme ("**ESPS**") for our employees and we do not intent to allot any shares to our employees under ESOP and ESPS from the proposed issue. As and when options are granted to our employees under the ESOP scheme, our Company shall comply with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021.

7. Issue of Shares at a price lower than the Issue Price in the last year

Our Company has not issued any Equity Shares or Preference Shares at a price which may be lower than the Issue Price during the period of one year preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.



8. Shareholding pattern of our Company

Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of our Company as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

i. Summary of Equity Shareholding Pattern as on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

	Category of Shareholder	No. of	paid-up	y paid- up	f of rtl share / s id- unde p rlying uit depo	Total nos.	g ng as a % of total no. of shares (calculated	securities		held in each class of constraints of		d in each class of securities		held in each class of securities		No. of Shareholding shares as a % underlying assuming full outstanding conversion of convertible securities (as (including a parcentage)		locked in shares		mber of hares dged or nerwise umbere d	Number of Equity Shares held
		Sha reh old ers	Equity Shares held	Equit y Share s held	sitory		as per SCRR, 1957) As a % of (A+B+C2)	Class - Equity		Total as a % of (A+B+C		a percentage of diluted share capital) As a % of (A+B+C2)	No. (a)	As a % of total shares held (b)	No. (a)		in demateriali zed form				
Т	11	111	IV	V	VI	VII = (V + VI)	VIII	l)			X	XI = VII+X		XII		XIII	XIV				
(A)	Promoters and Promoter Group	12	6,49,75,000	-	-	6,49,75,000		6,49,75,000	-	100	-	100	[•]	[•]	-	-	6,49,75,000				
(B)	Public	-		-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
(C)	Non-Promoter Non-Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
(1)	Shares underlying DRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
(2)	Shares held by Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	12	6,49,75,000	-	-	6,49,75,000	100	6,49,75,000	-	100	-	100	-	-	-	-	6,49,75,000				

*As on the date of this Draft red herring Prospectus 1 Equity Shares holds 1 vote.



ii. Summary of Preference Shareholding Pattern as on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

	Category of Preference Shareholder	Prefer ence	No. of fully	partly paid- up Prefer	No. of share s under lying depos	Total no. Preference shares held	ding ng as a % of total no.	Number of voting rights shar held in each class of under securities outstar conver		convertible securities	Shareholding as a %Number of locked in sharesassuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a percentageAs a		n Preference shares pledged or Nu otherwise encumbered Pr		r of Prefere		
		holde		Share	•		ed as per	No of votir	ng ri	ights	warrants)	of diluted	No.	% of	No.	of total	
		rs		s held	receip ts		SCRR, 1957) As a % of	Class - Preference		Total as a % of (A+B+C)		share capital) As a % of (A+B+C2)	(a)	total Preferen ce shares			held in demate rialized
							(A+B+C2)		tal					held (b)		held (b)	
1	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII = (V + VI)	VIII	IX			X	XI = VII+X		XII		XIII	XIV
(A) Promoters and Promoter Group	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(В) Public	01	1,00,00,000	-	-	1,00,00,000		1,00,00,000	-	100	-	100	[•]	[•]	-	-	
(C) Non-Promoter Non-Public	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(1) Shares underlying DRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2) Shares held by Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	01	1,00,00,000	-	-	1,00,00,000	-	1,00,00,000	-	100	-	100	[•]	[•]	-	-	



9. The List of the shareholders of the company holding 1% or more of the equity paid-up share capital on fully diluted basis aggregating to 80% or more of the paid-up share capital of the company.

(a) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the Equity paid-up share capital of our Company and the number of Equity Shares held by them, on a fully diluted basis, as on the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Equity Shares on a fully diluted basis	Percentage of the pre- Issue Equity Share capital (%) on a fully diluted basis*
1.	Motisons Global Private Limited	18285000	28.142
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	14235000	21.908
3.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	7360000	11.327
4.	Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra, HUF	6420000	9.881
5.	Sandeep Chhabra	6355000	9.781
6.	Namita Chhabra	6080000	9.357
7.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	4000000	6.156
8.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	1750000	2.693
TOT	AL	64485000	99.245

* the % has been calculated based on existing (pre-issue) Paid up Capital of the Company.

(b) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the Equity paid-up share capital of our Company and the number of Equity Shares held by them, on a fully diluted basis, as of two years prior to the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Equity Shares on a fully diluted basis	Percentage of the pre- Issue Equity Share capital (%) on a fully diluted basis*
1.	Motisons Global Private Limited	18285000	28.142
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	14235000	21.908
3.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	7360000	11.327
4.	Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra, HUF	6420000	9.881
5.	Sandeep Chhabra	6355000	9.781
6.	Namita Chhabra	608000	9.357
7.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	400000	6.156
8.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	1750000	2.693
тот	AL	64485000	99.245

* the % has been calculated based on existing (pre-issue) Paid up Capital of the Company.

(c) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the Equity paid-up share capital of our Company and the number of Equity Shares held by them, on a fully diluted basis, as of the date one year prior to the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Equity Shares on a fully diluted basis	Percentage of the pre- Issue Equity Share capital (%) on a fully diluted basis*
1.	Motisons Global Private Limited	18285000	28.142
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	14235000	21.908
3.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	7360000	11.327



Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Equity Shares on a fully diluted basis	Percentage of the pre- Issue Equity Share capital (%) on a fully diluted basis*
4.	Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra, HUF	6420000	9.881
5.	Sandeep Chhabra	6355000	9.781
6.	Namita Chhabra	6080000	9.357
7.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	4000000	6.156
8.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	1750000	2.693
TOT	AL	64485000	99.245

* the % has been calculated based on existing (pre-issue) Paid up Capital of the Company.

(d) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the Equity paid-up share capital of our Company and the number of Equity Shares held by them, on a fully diluted basis, as of the date ten days prior to the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Equity Shares on a fully diluted basis	Percentage of the pre- Issue Equity Share capital (%) on a fully diluted basis*		
1.	Motisons Global Private Limited	18285000	28.142		
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	14235000	21.908		
3.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	7360000	11.327		
4.	Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra, HUF	6420000	9.881		
5.	Sandeep Chhabra	6355000	9.781		
6.	Namita Chhabra	6080000	9.357		
7.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	4000000	6.156		
8.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	1750000	2.693		
TOT	AL	64485000	99.245		

* the % has been calculated based on existing (pre-issue) Paid up Capital of the Company.

- 10. Our company has not made any public issue since incorporation.
- 11. Except for the allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to the Issue and Equity Shares pursuant to the Pre-IPO Placement, there will be no further issue of capital, whether by way of issue of bonus shares, preferential allotment, right issue or in any other manner during the period commencing from the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus until the Equity Shares of our Company have been listed.

12. Intention or proposal to alter capital structure

Except for any Equity Shares resulting out of the allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to the Issue and Equity Shares pursuant to the Pre-IPO Placement, our Company presently does not intend or propose to alter its capital structure for a period of six months from the Bid/Issue Opening Date, by way of split or consolidation of the denomination of Equity or Preference Shares or further issue of Equity or Preference Shares (including issue of securities convertible into or exchangeable, directly or indirectly for Equity Shares) whether on a preferential basis or by way of bonus issue of Equity or Preference Shares or on a rights basis or by way of further public issue of Equity or Preference Shares or qualified institutions placements or otherwise. However, if our Company enters into acquisitions, joint ventures or other arrangements, our Company may, subject to necessary approvals, consider raising additional capital to fund such activity or use Equity Shares as currency for acquisitions or participation in such joint ventures.



13. Build-up of Promoter's shareholding, Minimum Promoter's Contribution and lock-in

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our promoters, **Sandeep Chhabra, Sanjay Chhabra, Namita Chhabra, Kajal Chhabra, Sandeep Chhabra HUF, Sanjay Chhabra HUF and Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF** holds **63,55,000** Equity Shares, **1,42,35,000** Equity Shares, **60,80,000** Equity Shares, **4,50,000** Equity Shares, **40,00,000** Equity Shares, **17,50,000** Equity Shares and **64,20,000** Equity Shares respectively, equivalent to **9.781%**, **21.908%**, **9.357%**, **0.693% 6.156%**, **2.693%** and **9.881%** respectively of the Equity Share capital of our Company on a fully diluted basis and for further details, see the chapter titled "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group*" beginning on page 209. All the Equity Shares held by our Promoters were fully paid-up on the respective dates of allotment / acquisition of such Equity Shares.

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, none of the Equity Shares held by any of our Promoters are pledged.

a) Build-up of the Equity Shareholding of our Promoters in our Company

1) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Sandeep Chhabra** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer / allotment of Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	Number of Equity shares allotted/ transferred	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	Transfer price / issue price per Equity Share (₹)	Percentage of the pre- Issue capital (%)	Percentage of the post - Issue capital (%)
On Incorporation	4,50,000	Initial subscription to MOA	Other than Cash	10/-	10/-	0.693%	[•]
December 15, 2011	15,00,000	Preferential Issue of Equity Shares	Cash	10/-	10/-	2.309%	[•]
February 25, 2012	4,60,000	Acquired by way of transfer from Motisons Global Private Limited	Cash	10/-	10/-	0.708%	[•]
March 01, 2012	3,20,000	Acquired by way of transfer from Motisons Global Private Limited	Cash	10/-	10/-	0.492%	[•]
October 01, 2018	36,25,000	Acquired by way of transmission from Mrs. Vimla Devi Jain	Other than Cash	10/-	-	5.579%	[•]
TOTAL	63,55,000					9.781%	[•]

2) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Sanjay Chhabra** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer /	Number of	Nature of	Nature of	Face	Transfer	Percentage	•
allotment of	Equity shares	transaction	consideration	Value per	price/issue	of the pre-	of the post-
Equity Shares	allotted/			Equity	price per	Issue capital	Issue capital
(Fully paid up)	transferred			Share (₹)	Equity Share (₹)	(%)	(%)
On	61,00,000	Initial	Other than	10/-	10/-	9.389%	[•]
Incorporation		subscription to	Cash				
		MOA					



Date of transfer /	Number of	Nature of	Nature of	Face	Transfer	Percentage	Percentage
allotment of	Equity shares	transaction	consideration	•	• •	of the pre-	of the post-
Equity Shares	allotted/			Equity		-	Issue capital
(Fully paid up)	transferred			Share (₹)	Equity Share (₹)	(%)	(%)
December 15,	15,00,000	Preferential	Cash	10/-	10/-	2.308%	[•]
2011		issue					
March 27,	5,50,000	Acquisition by	Cash	10/-	10/-	0.846%	[•]
2012		way of transfer					
		from Motisons					
		Global Private					
		Limited					
March	22,50,000	Further issue of	Cash	10/-	10/-	3.463%	[•]
30,2012		shares					
October 01,	38,35,000	Acquisition by	Other than	10/-	-	5.902%	[•]
2018		way of	Cash				
		transmission					
		from Mrs. Vimla					
		Devi Jain					
TOTAL	1,42,35,000					21.908%	[•]

3) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Namita Chhabra** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer / allotment of Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	Number of Equity shares allotted/ transferred	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	Transfer price/issue price per Equity Share (₹)	Percentag e of the pre-Issue capital (%)	Percentag e of the post-Issue capital (%)
On	60,80,000	Initial	Other than	10/-	10/-	9.357%	[•]
Incorporation		subscription to	Cash				
		MOA					
February 02,	20,000	Acquisition of	Other Than	10/-	-	0.030	[•]
2022		Shares by way	cash				
		of gift					
February 02,	(20,000)	Transfer of	Other Than	10/-	-	(0.030)	[•]
2022		Shares by Gift	cash				
TOTAL	60,80,000					9.357%	[•]

4) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Kajal Chhabra** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer / allotment of	Number of Equity shares	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	Face Value per	Transfer price / issue price	Percentag e of the	Percentag e of the
Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	allotted/ transferred			Equity Share (₹)	per Equity Share (₹)	pre-Issue capital (%)	post-Issue capital (%)
On	4,50,000	Initial	Other than	10/-	10/-	0.693%	[•]
Incorporation		subscription to	Cash				
		MOA					
February 02,	20,000	Acquisition of	Other Than	10/-	-	0.030	[•]
2022		Shares by way	cash				
		of gift					
February 02,	(10,000)	Transfer of	Other Than	10/-	-	(0.015)	[•]
2022		Shares by Gift	cash				
February 02,	(10,000)	Transfer of	Other Than	10/-	-	(0.015)	[•]
2022		Shares by Gift	cash				



Date of transfer	Number of	Nature of	Nature of	Face	Transfer price	Percentag	Percentag
/ allotment of	Equity shares	transaction	consideration	Value per	/ issue price	e of the	e of the
Equity Shares	allotted/			Equity	per Equity	pre-Issue	post-Issue
(Fully paid up)	transferred			Share (₹)	Share (₹)	capital (%)	capital (%)
TOTAL	4,50,000					0.693%	[•]

5) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Sandeep Chhabra HUF** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer / allotment of Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	Number of Equity shares allotted/ transferred	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	Transfer price / issue price per Equity Share (₹)	Percentage of the pre- Issue capital (%)	Percentage of the post- Issue capital (%)
March 30, 2012	40,00,000	Preferential Issue of Equity Shares	Cash	10/-	10/-	6.156%	[•]
TOTAL	40,00,000					6.156%	[•]

6) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Sanjay Chhabra HUF** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer / allotment of Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	Number of Equity shares allotted/ transferred	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	Transfer price / issue price per Equity Share (₹)	Percentag e of the pre-Issue capital (%)	Percentag e of the post-Issue capital (%)
March 30, 2012	17,50,000	Preferential Issue of Equity Shares	Cash	10/-	10/-	2.693%	[•]
TOTAL	17,50,000					2.693%	[•]

7) The details regarding the build-up of the Equity Shares held by **Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF** in our Company since incorporation is set forth in the table below:

Date of transfer / allotment of Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	Number of Equity shares allotted/ transferred	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	Transfer price / issue price per Equity Share (₹)	Percentage of the pre- Issue capital (%)	Percentage of the post- Issue capital (%)
On	64,20,000	Initial	Other than			9.881%	[•]
Incorporation		subscription	Cash	10/-	10/-		
		to MOA					
TOTAL	64,20,000					9.881%	[•]

b) Equity shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group

Set forth below is the equity shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group in our Company as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, on a fully diluted basis:

Sr.	Name of shareholder		Pre-Issue	Post-Issue		
No.		Number ofPercentage of EquityEquity SharesShare capital (%) on afully diluted basis**		Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)	
(A)	Promoters					
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	21.908%	[•]	[•]	
2.	Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	64,20,000	9.881%	[•]	[•]	



Sr.	Name of shareholder		Pre-Issue	Pos	t-Issue
No.		Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%) on a fully diluted basis**	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)
3.	Sandeep Chhabra	63,55,000	9.781%	[•]	[•]
4.	Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	9.357%	[•]	[•]
5.	Sandeep Chhabra HUF	40,00,000	6.156%	[•]	[•]
6.	Sanjay Chhabra HUF	17,50,000	2.693%	[•]	[•]
7.	Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	0.693%	[•]	[•]
Tota	I (A)	3,92,90,000	60.469%	[•]	[•]
(B)	Promoter Group				
8.	Motisons Global Private Limited	1,82,85,000	28.142%	[•]	[•]
9.	Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	73,60,000	11.327%	[•]	[•]
10.	Laksh Chhabra	20,000	0.031%	[•]	[•]
11.	Prakkhar Chhabra	10,000	0.015%	[•]	[•]
12.	Kaustubh Chhabra	10,000	0.015%	[•]	[•]
Tot	al (B)	2,56,85,000	39.531%	[•]	[•]
тот	AL (A+B)	6,49,75,000	100.00%	[•]	[•]

14. As on the date of filing of this Draft red-herring prospectus, our Company has 12 (Twelve) Equity shareholders and 01 (One) preference shareholder.

15. Aggregate shareholding of the promoter group and directors of the promoters where the promoter is a body corporate:

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Promoter Group holds **2,56,85,000** equivalent to **39.531%** equity shares in our Company. Further there are no corporate promoters in our Company.

16. Except as disclosed in *"Build-up of the Equity Shareholding of our Promoters in our Company"* on page 93, none of the members of our Promoter Group, our Promoters, our Directors, or their relatives have purchased or sold any securities of our Company during the period of six months immediately preceding the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

17. Details of Promoter's contribution and lock-in

- 1) Pursuant to Regulations 14 and 16 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, an aggregate of 20% of the fully diluted post- Issue paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company held by our Promoters shall be provided towards minimum promoter's contribution and locked-in for a period of eighteen months from the date of Allotment ("Minimum Promoters' Contribution") and our Promoters' shareholding in excess of 20% shall be locked in for a period of six months from the Allotment.
- 2) Our Promoters have consented to the inclusion of such number of Equity Shares held by them, as may constitute 20% of the fully diluted post-Issue Equity Share capital of our Company as Minimum Promoters' Contribution and have agreed not to sell, dispose, transfer, charge, pledge or otherwise encumber in any manner the Minimum Promoters' Contribution from the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus until the expiry of the lock- in period specified above, or for such other time as required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, except as may be permitted, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
- 3) The details of the Equity Shares held by our Promoters, which shall be locked-in as Minimum Promoters' Contribution for a period of eighteen months from the date of Allotment are set out



Name of the	No. of	No. of	Date of	Date up to	Issue /	Nature of	Face	% of the
Promoter	Equity	Equity	allotment	which the	Acquisition	Allotment	value	fully diluted
	Shares	Shares	of Equity	Equity	price per		per	post- Issue
	held	to be	Shares**	Shares are	Equity		Equity	Equity Share
	pre-	locked-	(Fully	subject to	Share		Share	Capital
	Issue	in#	paid-up)	lock – in			(₹)	
Sandeep Chhabra	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
Sanjay Chhabra	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
Namita Chhabra	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
Kajal Chhabra	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
Sanjay Chhabra HUF	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
Sandeep Chhabra	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
HUF								
Motilal Sandeep	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]
Chhabra HUF								

in the following table:

Note: To be updated at the Prospectus stage.

For a period of eighteen months from the date of Allotment.

** All the Equity Shares were fully paid-up on the respective dates of allotment or acquisition, as the case may be, of such Equity Shares.

- 4) Our Company undertakes that the Equity Shares that are being locked-in are not and will not be ineligible for computation of Minimum Promoter's contribution in terms of Regulation 15 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
- 5) All the Equity Shares held by our Promoters were fully paid-upon the respective date of acquisition of such Equity Shares.
- 6) The Minimum Promoters' Contribution has been brought to the extent of not less than the specified minimum lot and from the persons identified as 'Promoter' under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
- 7) In this connection, we confirm the following:
- (i) The Equity Shares offered for Minimum Promoter's contribution do not include (i) Equity Shares acquired in the three immediately preceding years for consideration other than cash and revaluation of assets or capitalization of intangible assets was involved in such transaction, or (ii) Equity Shares resulting from bonus issue by utilization of revaluation reserves or unrealised profits of our Company or bonus shares issued against Equity Shares, which are otherwise ineligible for computation of Minimum Promoters' contribution;
- (ii) The Minimum Promoters' Contribution does not include any Equity Shares acquired during the immediately preceding one year at a price lower than the price at which the Equity Shares are being offered to the public in the Issue;
- (iii) Our Company has not been formed by the conversion of a partnership firm or a limited liability partnership firm into a company in the preceding one year and hence, no Equity Shares have been issued in the one year immediately preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus pursuant to conversion from a partnership firm or a limited liability partnership firm; and
- (iv) The Equity Shares forming part of the Minimum Promoters' Contribution are not subject to any pledge.



(v) All the Equity Shares held by our Promoter are held in dematerialised form.

18. Other lock-in requirements:

- 1) In addition to the 20% of the fully diluted post-Issue shareholding of our Company held by the Promoters locked in for eighteen months from the date of allotment in the Initial public offer as specified above, the entire pre-Issue Equity Share capital of our Company will be locked-in for a period of six months from the date of Allotment in the Initial public offer except for (i) the Minimum Promoter's Contribution which shall be locked for a period of eighteen months as detailed above.
- 2) There shall be a lock-in of 90 days on 50% of the Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors from the date of Allotment, and a lock-in of 30 days on the remaining 50% of the Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors from the date of Allotment.
- 3) As required under Regulation 20 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company shall ensure that the details of the Equity Shares locked-in are recorded by the relevant Depository.
- 4) Pursuant to Regulation 21 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by our Promoter which are locked-in for a period of six months from the date of Allotment in the initial public offer, may be pledged only with scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company as collateral security for loans granted by such banks or public financial institutions, provided that with respect to the Equity Shares locked-in for six months from the date of Allotment, the pledge of such Equity Shares is one of the terms of the sanction of such loans. Equity Shares locked-in as Minimum Promoters' Contribution for eighteen months from the date of allotment in the initial public offer, can be pledged only if in addition to fulfilling the aforementioned requirements, such loans have been granted by scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting housing finance company for the purpose of financial institutions or NBFC-SI or a deposit accepting

However, the relevant lock-in period shall continue post the invocation of the pledge referenced above, and the relevant transferee shall not be eligible to transfer to the Equity Shares till the relevant lock-in period has expired in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

- 5) In terms of Regulation 22 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by our Promoter may be transferred to a member of the Promoter Group or a new promoter or persons in control of our Company, subject to continuation of lock-in applicable to the transferee for the remaining period and compliance with provisions of the Takeover Regulations as applicable and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them till the lock-in period stipulated in SEBI ICDR Regulations has expired.
- 6) Further, in terms of Regulation 22 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by persons other than our Promoters prior to the Issue and locked-in for a period of six months, may be transferred to any other person holding Equity Shares which are locked in along with the Equity Shares proposed to be transferred, subject to the continuance of the lock-in at the hands of the transferee and compliance with the provisions of the Takeover Regulations.
- 19. There have been no financing arrangements whereby our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, our Directors, and their relatives have financed the purchase by any other person of securities of our Company other than in the normal course of the business of the financing entity, during a period



of six months preceding the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

- 20. Our Company, our Promoters, our Directors and the BRLM have not entered into any buy-back arrangements and/or any other similar arrangements for purchase of the Equity Shares.
- 21. All Equity Shares issued, transferred, or allotted pursuant to the Issue will be fully paid up at the time of Allotment and there are no partly paid-up Equity Shares as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 22. The BRLM and their respective associates (determined as per the definition of 'associate company' under the Companies Act, 2013 and as defined under the SEBI (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992) do not hold any Equity Shares of the Company as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. The BRLM and their affiliates may engage in the transactions with and perform services for our Company in the ordinary course of business or may in the future engage in commercial banking and investment banking transactions with our Company for which they may in the future receive customary compensation.
- 23. As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, except Sanjay Chhabra, Sandeep Chhabra, Laksh Chhabra, Kajal Chhabra, Namita Chhabra and Kaustubh Chhabra none of our other Directors or Key Management Personnel hold any Equity Shares of our Company. For details, see *"Our Management Shareholding of Directors in our Company"* and *"Our Management Shareholding of the Key Managerial Personnel"* on pages 195 and 207 respectively.
- 24. Except for the Equity Shares allotted pursuant to the Issue, our Company shall not make any further issue of Equity Shares and/or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for Equity Shares, whether by way of issue of bonus shares, preferential allotment, rights issue or in any other manner, during the period commencing from filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus with SEBI until the Equity Shares being offered under the Issue, have been listed on the Stock Exchanges pursuant to the Issue or all application monies have been refunded, or the application moneys are unblocked in the ASBA Accounts on account of non-listing, under-subscription etc., as the case may be.
- 25. There are no outstanding warrants, options or rights to convert debentures, loans or other convertible securities or any other right granted by the Company which would entitle any person any option to receive Equity Shares, as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 26. Our Company shall ensure that any transaction in the Equity Shares by our Promoters and our Promoter Group during the period between the date of filing this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and the date of closure of the Issue shall be reported to the Stock Exchanges within 24 hours of such transaction.
- 27. No person connected with the Issue, including but not limited to, the BRLM, the members of the Syndicate, our Company, our Subsidiary, our Directors, our Promoters or the members of the Promoter Group and our Group Company, shall offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any Bidder for making a Bid in the Issue, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the Issue.
- 28. At any given time, there shall be only one denomination of the Equity Shares of our Company, unless otherwise permitted by law.
- 29. Our Company shall comply with such disclosure and accounting norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.



SECTION V – PARTICULARS OF THE ISSUE

OBJECTS OF THE ISSUE

The Issue comprises of fresh Issue of Equity Shares by our Company.

APPRAISING AGENCY

None of the objects of the Issue for which the Net Proceeds will be utilized have been appraised by any external agency or any bank/financial institution.

REQUIREMENTS OF THE FUNDS

Our Company proposes to utilize the Net Proceeds of the Fresh Issue towards funding the following objects:

- Pre-payments or scheduled repayment of a portion of the existing borrowing availed by our company.
- Funding the working capital requirements of our Company; and
- General corporate purposes.

(Hereinafter collectively referred to as the "**Objects**")

The main objects clause and the objects ancillary to the main objects clause of our Memorandum of Association enables us to (i) to undertake our existing business activities and (ii) to undertake the activities proposed to be funded from the Net Proceeds. Further, our company expects to receive the benefits of the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, including enhancing our visibility and our brand image among our existing and potential customers.

FRESH ISSUE PROCEEDS

		(₹ in Lakhs)
S. No	Particulars	Amount ⁽¹⁾
1	Gross Proceeds from the Issue ⁽²⁾	[•]
2	Less: Issue related expenses	[•]
	Net Proceeds of the Issue to the Company	[•]

The details of the Fresh Issue Proceeds are summarized in the table below:

(1) To be finalized on determination of the Issue Price and updated in the Prospectus prior to filing with the RoC. (2) Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM, may consider a Pre-IPO Placement. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to the Issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR. Upon allotment of Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Pre-IPO Placement and after compliance with requirements prescribed under the Companies Act, our Company shall utilise the proceeds from such Pre-IPO Placement towards one or more of the Objects.

PROPOSED UTILISATION AND SCHEDULE OF IMPLEMENTATION AND DEPLOYMENT OF FUNDS

Our Board, in its meeting dated September 23, 2022 approved the utilisation of the Net Proceeds towards (i) Pre-payment or scheduled of a portion of the existing borrowing availed by our company; (ii) funding working capital requirements of our company; (iii) general corporate purposes.



Our company proposes to deploy Net Proceeds for the aforesaid purposes in accordance with the estimated schedule of implementation and deployment of funds set forth in the table below.

				(₹ in Lakhs)	
S.	Particulars	Amount proposed to	Estimated deployment in		
No.		be funded from the Net Proceeds ⁽¹⁾	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	
1	Pre-payment or scheduled repayment of a portion of the existing borrowing availed by our company.	5,800.00	5,800.00	0.00	
2	Funding the working capital requirement of our Company	6,820.85	4,396.66	2,424.19	
3	General corporate purposes ⁽²⁾	[•]	[•]	[•]	
	Total	[•]	[•]	[•]	

⁽¹⁾ To be finalized on determination of the Issue Price and updated in the Prospectus prior to filing with the RoC.

⁽²⁾ The amount utilised for general corporate purposes shall not exceed 25% of the Gross Proceeds of the Issue. Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM, may consider a Pre-IPO Placement. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the Issue size will be reduced to the extent of such Pre-IPO Placement, subject to the Issue complying with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR. Upon allotment of Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Pre-IPO Placement and after compliance with requirements prescribed under the Companies Act, our Company shall utilise the proceeds from such Pre-IPO Placement towards one or more of the Objects.

MEANS OF FINANCE

As indicated above, our Company proposes to deploy the entire Net Proceeds towards the objects as described above during the FY 2022-23 and 2023-24. However, if the Net Proceeds are not completely utilised for the objects stated above in the FY 2022-23 and 2023-24 due to factors such as (i) economic and business conditions; (ii) increased competition; (iii) market conditions outside the control of our Company and its management; and (iv) other commercial considerations such as availability of alternate financial resources, the same would be utilised (in part or full) in a subsequent period as may be determined by our Company in accordance with applicable law. The Company may, however, propose to utilize the proceeds prior to the specific dates mentioned in the schedule of deployment, in accordance with requirements of the Company. Any such change in our plans may require rescheduling of our expenditure programs and increasing or decreasing expenditure for a particular object vis-à-vis the utilization of Net Proceeds. For further details, see "*Risk Factors No. 29 – Our management will have broad discretion in how we apply the Net Proceeds, including interim use of the Net Proceeds, and there is no assurance that the objects of the Issue will be achieved within the time frame expected or at all, or that the deployment of the Net Proceeds in the manner intended by us will result in any increase in the value of your investment" beginning on page 54.*

Our fund requirements and deployment of the Net Proceeds with regard to the aforesaid objects are based on internal management estimates and on current market conditions, and have not been appraised by any external agency or bank or financial institution or other independent agency. They are based on current conditions of our business which are subject to change in the future. Our Company operates in a highly competitive and dynamic industry and may have to revise our estimates from time to time on account of changes in external circumstances or costs, or changes in other financial conditions, business or strategy. Our historical funding requirements may not be reflective of our future funding plans. In case of variations in the actual utilization of funds earmarked for the purposes set forth above, increased fund requirements may be financed through our internal accruals and/or incremental debt, as required. If the actual utilization towards any of the objects is lower than the proposed deployment, such balance will be used for future growth opportunities including funding existing objects, if required, and general corporate purposes, to the extent that the total



amount to be utilized towards the general corporate purposes will not exceed 25% of the Gross Proceeds in compliance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. We confirm that there is no requirement for us to make firm arrangements of finance through verifiable means towards at least 75% of the stated means of finance, in addition to the Net Proceeds.

DETAILS OF THE OBJECTS OF THE ISSUE

The details in relation to objects of the Issue are set forth herein below.

1. Pre-payment or scheduled repayment of a portion of the existing borrowing availed by our Company.

Our Company proposes to utilise an estimated amount of up to ₹5,800.00 lakhs from the Net Proceeds towards repayment or pre-payment of the existing borrowings availed by our Company for the purposes stipulated as part of the table set forth. Our Company may repay or refinance part of its existing borrowings prior to allotment. Accordingly, our Company may utilise the Net Proceeds for part or full pre-payment or scheduled repayment of any such refinanced borrowings or additional borrowings obtained. However, our Company confirms that the aggregate amount to be utilised from the Net Proceeds towards pre-payment or scheduled repayment of its existing borrowings (including refinanced or additional borrowings availed, if any), in part or full, would not exceed ₹5,800.00 lakhs.

The pre-payment or scheduled repayment will help reduce our existing borrowings, assist us in maintaining a favourable debt-equity ratio and enable utilisation of our internal accruals for further investment in business growth and expansion. In addition, we believe that the debt-equity ratio of our Company will improve significantly enabling us to raise further resources in the future to fund potential business development opportunities and plans to grow and expand our business in the future.

Our Company confirms that the Net Proceeds proposed to be utilized under this object, will not be used for the purpose of repayment of loans primarily availed by our promoters, directors or for the purpose of repayment of loans availed by our Group Companies. The following table provides details of the existing borrowings availed by our Company as on August 31, 2022, out of which we propose pre-payment or scheduled repayment of up to an amount aggregating to ₹ 5,800.00 lakhs from the Net Proceeds. The details of borrowings proposed to be repaid are given as under:



/-	• .	1.11.3
13	ın	Lakhs)

C No.	Name of the	e of the Date of Nature of Interest Amount O/s as on Repayment Purpose of Ioan Prepayment Penalty							
S.No.			Nature of	Interest	Amount	O/s as on	Repayment	Purpose of loan	Prepayment Penalty
	lender	sanction	Loan	Rate p.a.	sanctioned	31.08.2022	schedule / Tenor		
1	Axis Bank Ltd	27-04-2021	OD Limit	8.10%	3,500.00	2,959.94	On Demand	To meet the working	NIL
								capital requirements	
2	Axis Bank Ltd	27-04-2021	ECLGS	8.50%	680.00	566.67	48 Monthly EMI	To meet the liquidity	NIL
							post one-year	mismatch arising out	
							moratorium	of COVID 19	
3	Axis Bank Ltd	26-03-2021	Auto Loan	7.46%	34.74	19.27	36 Months	Auto Loan	5% of part payment amount and
									foreclosure amount
4	Yes Bank Ltd	24-09-2018	Term Loan	9.80%	1,000.00	914.66	180 Months	To meet the working	(a) No Foreclosure allowed till 12 Months
								capital requirements	Completion from the loan disbursement
									date.
									(b) Post 12 Months from the loan disbursal
									date, foreclosure charges applicable at 4%
									of the principal outstanding for term loans
									Note: 4% of the outstanding amount till 30
									months After 30 months it will be NIL
5	Yes Bank Ltd	10-03-2021	ECLGS	8.60%	191.68	187.10	48 Months EMIs	To meet the working	NIL
								capital requirements	
							On Demand	To meet the working	NIL
6	ICICI Bank Ltd	31-03-2022	OD Limit	8.25%	1,000.00	978.83	Months	capital requirements	
7	ICICI Bank Ltd	15-03-2021	ECLGS	8.25%	170.00	141.67	48 Monthly EMI	To meet the working	Nil
							post one-year	capital requirements	
							moratorium		
8	ICICI Bank Ltd*	06-08-2022	Auto Loan	7.95%	35.00	35.19	36 Months EMIs	Auto Loan	NIL
9	Axis bank	30-08-2022	TOD	10.90%	200.00	200.00	30 Days from date	To meet the working	NIL
	Ltd**						of disbursement	capital requirements	
	Grand Total				6,811.42	6,003.33			

*ICICI Bank Car loan Rs. 35.00 Lakhs has been sanctioned on August 06, 2022.

**Axis Bank Ltd. temporary overdraft was availed on 30-08-2022 for a period of 30 days.

As certified by M/s Keyur Shah & Co, Chartered Accountants, our Statutory Auditor, pursuant to their certificate dated September 23, 2022.

Our Statutory Auditor has confirmed that the borrowings set out in the table above have been utilised for the purposes as stipulated in each of the relevant borrowing documents.



The part pre-payment of term loans and working capital facilities availed by our Company as set out above shall be based on various factors including; (i) any conditions attached to the loans restricting our ability to pre-pay existing borrowings and time taken to fulfil such requirements or obtain waivers for fulfilment of, such conditions; (ii) levy of any pre-payment penalties and the quantum thereof; (iii) provisions of any law, rules, regulations and contracts governing such borrowings; and (iv) other commercial considerations including, the interest rate on such borrowings, the amount of the borrowing outstanding and the remaining tenor of the such borrowing.

In case we are unable to raise the Issue Proceeds till the due date for repayment of above-mentioned portion of the loan, the funds earmarked for such repayment may be utilised for payment of future instalments of the above-mentioned loans and working capital facilities for an amount not more than the amount mentioned above. For further details in relation to the terms and conditions under the aforesaid loan agreement as well as restrictive covenants in relation to thereof, see the section "Financial Indebtedness", beginning on page 314. Our Company may also avail further loans after the date of filing of this Red Herring Prospectus. Accordingly, we may utilise the Net Proceeds towards prepayment of such additional borrowings. However, the quantum of Net Proceeds that will be utilised for pre-payment or repayment of loans shall not exceed ₹ 5,800.00 lakhs.

2. Funding working capital requirements of our Company

Our Company proposes to utilise ₹6,820.85 Lakhs towards funding its working capital requirements.

Our business is working capital intensive and we fund the majority of our working capital requirements in the ordinary course of our business from our internal accruals and financing from various banks. As of August 31, 2022, the aggregate amount sanctioned by the banks to our Company under the fund based working capital facilities amounted to ₹ 6,741.68 Lakhs. For details of facilities availed by us, see chapter titled "Financial Indebtedness" beginning on page 314.

Reasons for raising additional Working Capital

Jewellery industry, specifically retail sector is inventory intensive. Our Company is engaged in the business of sale of jewellery made of gold, studded and other jewellery products that include diamond, platinum, silver and other precious and semi-precious stones and operates through three retail showrooms across Jaipur. Our Company is required to maintain hefty stock for running business operations throughout the year. The stock required to display in our showrooms is of high value and therefore, increase in stock will lead to augmented sales thereby growing our business operations. We are also in the process of upgrading and expanding our retail business along with online sales Therefore, our Company requires additional working capital primarily for financing the increased inventory at our Showrooms.

Basis of estimation of Working Capital Requirement

The details of our Company's working capital as at March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, the source of funding, derived from the Restated Financial Statements, as certified by Keyur Shah & Co, Chartered Accountants through their report dated September 27, 2022 are provided in the table below:

				(* III Lakiis)
S.No.	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Α.	Current Assets			
1.	Inventory			
	Finished Goods	22,144.15	22,646.15	27,710.45

(₹ in Lakhs)



S.No.	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
	Raw Materials	1,007.63	1,338.06	665.36
2.	Trade Receivables	634.91	223.53	206.17
3.	Other Financial and Current Assets	1,084.44	1,681.18	755.74
	Total Current Assets	24,871.13	25,888.92	29,337.72
В.	Current Liabilities			
		4 000 00	1 200 60	1 0 4 2 0 6
1.	Trade payables	1,883.68	1,390.68	1,943.96
2.	Advance from Customers	104.55	167.50	126.82
3.	Other Financial and Current Liabilities	576.84	636.59	1,103.30
	Total Current Liabilities	2,565.07	2,194.77	3,174.08
С.	Working Capital Gap	22,306.06	23,694.15	26,163.64
D.	Means of Finance			
1.	External Borrowings			
	Working Capital Limits from Banks and financial Institutions	4,447.11	4,423.95	4,570.20
	Other Short-term Borrowings	8,283.40	7,656.50	8,644.77
	Long term bank borrowings used for funding working capital requirements	424.11	1,517.41	1,403.59
2.	Networth / Internal Accruals	9,151.44	10,096.29	11,545.28

On the basis of existing and estimated working capital requirement of our Company and assumptions for such working capital requirements, our Board pursuant to its resolution dated September 23, 2022 has approved the projected working capital requirements for FY 2022-23 and FY 2023-24 and the proposed funding of such working capital requirements as set forth below:

				(₹ in Lakhs)
S.No.	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
Α.	Current Assets			
1.	Inventory			
	Finished Goods	31,350.00	37,075.00	42,600.00
	Raw Materials	925.00	1,125.00	1,250.00
2.	Trade Receivables	300.00	360.00	475.00
3.	Other Financial and Current Assets	1,239.00	705.29	1,045.00
	Total Current Assets	33,814.00	39,265.29	45,370.00
В.	Current Liabilities			
1.	Trade payables	850.00	1,035.00	1,150.00
2.	Advance from Customers	50.00	25.00	25.00
3.	Other Financial and Current Liabilities	630.90	425.00	400.00
	Total Current Liabilities	1,530.90	1,485.00	1,575.00
С.	Working Capital Gap	32,283.10	37,780.29	43,795.00
D.	Means of Finance			
1.	External Borrowings			
	Working Capital Limits from Banks and financial Institutions	-	-	-
	Other Short-term Borrowings	8,644.77	8,644.77	8,644.77



S.No.	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	Long term bank borrowings used for funding working capital requirements	-	-	-
2.	Networth / Internal Accruals	19,241.67	26,711.33	35,150.23
3.	IPO Proceeds	4,396.66	2,424.19	-

*Total working capital as certified by M/s Keyur Shah & Co, Chartered Accountants, our Statutory Auditor pursuant to their certificate dated September 27, 2022.

Assumptions of Working Capital requirement

Holding levels and justifications for holding period levels on the basis of Restated Financial Statements.

					(Holding Pe	eriod in days)
Particulars	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Estimated)	(Estimated)	(Estimated)
Inventories: -						
Raw Material	168	365	76	90	90	90
Finished goods	419	459	371	360	360	360
Trade Receivables	11	4	2	3	3	3
Trade payables	313	376	221	83	83	83

Justifications for holding period level mentioned in the table above are provided below:

Particulars Justification for Holding Levels	
Inventories:	 Raw material: Our Company's raw material inventory primarily consist of gold, silver and stones. Raw material inventory days are computed from the historic Restated Standalone Financial Information based on cost of material consumed. Although in-house manufacturing is minimal, such inventory is essential for our Company to ensure uninterrupted production. Historically they have ranged from 76 days to 365 days. However, our Company has assumed the holding level of 90 days going forward based on the manufacturing and production by the Company. Finished Goods: Our Company's finished goods primarily consist of jewellery made of gold, silver, diamonds, and other precious and semi-precious stones. Inventory days are computed from the historic Restated Standalone Financial Information.
	Historically they have ranged from 371-459 days. They have been assumed to be 365 days going forward basis the growth plans of the Company.
Trade Receivables	Trade receivables are computed from the historic Restated Standalone Financial Information. They have typically ranged from 2-11 days and Company has assumed the holding level for trade receivables as 3 days going forward.
Trade Payables	Our trade payables have a direct correlation to our business growth. Holding levels for trade payables is computed from the historic Restated Standalone Financial Information. Holding levels for trade payables have ranged from 221-376 days. Our Company has reduced the same and assumed the holding level for trade payables as 83 days in line with projected sale and increased business operations. This is expected to enable our Company to get better



Particulars	Justification for Holding Levels
	terms from our vendors.
Other Current Assets	Other current assets are computed from the historic Restated Standalone Financial Information and include, amongst others, balance with statutory authorities, cash and cash equivalents, advances for supply of goods and other assets. Other current assets have been maintained in line with the projected business activity for the forthcoming years.
Other Current Liabilities	Other current assets are computed from the historic Restated Standalone Financial Information and include, amongst others, statutory dues, provision for taxation, advances from customers/deposits from dealers and other liabilities. Other current liabilities have been maintained in line with the projected business activity for the forthcoming years.

3. General corporate purposes

The Net Proceeds will first be utilized for the objects as set out above. Subject to this, our Company intends to deploy any balance left out of the Net Proceeds, aggregating upto ₹ [•] Lakh, towards general corporate purposes and the business requirements of our Company, as approved by our management, from time to time, subject to such utilization for general corporate purposes not exceeding 25% of the Gross Proceeds, in compliance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In accordance with the policies set up by our Management, we have flexibility in applying the remaining Net Proceeds, for general corporate purpose including but not restricted to the following:

- a) Meeting operating expenses;
- b) Strengthening marketing capabilities and brand building exercises;
- c) Funding growth opportunities
- d) Strategic initiatives; and
- e) On going general corporate exigencies, which the Company in the ordinary course of business may not foresee or any other purposes as approved by our Board of Directors, subject to compliance with the necessary provisions of the Companies Act.

We confirm that any issue related expenses shall not be considered as a part of general corporate purpose. The quantum of utilization of funds towards each of the above purposes will be determined by our Board of Directors based on the permissible amount actually available under the head **"General Corporate Purposes"** and the business requirements of our Company, from time to time. We, in accordance with the policies of the Board, will have flexibility in utilizing the Net Proceeds for general corporate purposes, as mentioned above.

INTERIM USE OF FUNDS

Pending utilization of the proceeds of the Issue for the purposes described above, our Company will temporarily invest the Net Issue Proceeds in deposits with scheduled commercial banks included in second schedule of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the necessary duration, as may be approved by the Board.

In accordance with Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company confirms that, pending utilization of the proceeds of the Issue as described above, it shall not use the funds from the Net Proceeds for any investment in equity and/ or real estate products and/ or equity linked and/ or real estate linked products.



BRIDGE FINANCING FACILITIES

Our Company has not raised any bridge loans from any bank or financial institution as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, which are proposed to be repaid from the Net Proceeds.

ISSUE RELATED EXPENSES

The total expenses for this Issue are estimated to be approximately ₹ [•] Lakh. The expenses for this Issue include, among others, listing fees, fees payable to the BRLM, legal counsel, Registrar to the Issue, Banker to the Issue, processing fee to the SCSBs for processing ASBA Forms submitted by ASBA Bidders procured by the Syndicate and submitted to SCSBs, brokerage and selling commission payable to the Syndicate, Registered Brokers, SCSBs, RTAs and CDPs, printing and stationery expenses, advertising, marketing expenses and all other incidental and miscellaneous expenses for listing the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. and the breakup for the estimated Issue Expenses is as follows:

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Expenses*	As % of total	As % of Gross
		expenses	Issue size*
Fees payable to the Book Running Lead Managers	[•]	[•]	[•]
(including Underwriting commission)			
Brokerage, selling commission and upload fees	[•]	[•]	[•]
Advertising and marketing expenses	[•]	[•]	[•]
Fees payable to the Legal Advisors	[•]	[•]	[•]
Fees payable to the Registrar to the Issue	[•]	[•]	[•]
Fees payable to the to the regulators including Stock	[•]	[•]	[•]
Exchanges			
Brokerage and selling commission payable to	[•]	[•]	[•]
Syndicate ²			
Brokerage and selling commission payable to	[•]	[•]	[•]
Registered Brokers ³			
Processing fees to SCSBs for ASBA Forms procured	[•]	[•]	[•]
by the members of the Syndicate or Registered			
Brokers and submitted with the SCSBs ¹			
Printing and distribution of Issue stationary	[•]	[•]	[•]
Others (Bankers to the Issue, auditor's fees etc.) ⁴	[•]	[•]	[•]
Total estimated Issue Expenses	[•]	[•]	[•]

The company has incurred ₹ 45.25 Lakhs upto September 20, 2022 towards issue expenses as certified by M/s Keyur Shah & Co, Chartered Accountants, our Statutory Auditor pursuant to their certificate dated September 26, 2022.

*Exclusive of applicable taxes. Issue expenses are estimates and are subject to change. Will be incorporated at the time of filing of the Prospectus on determination of Issue Price.

(1) Selling commission payable to the SCSBs on the portion for Retail Individual Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders which are directly procured by the SCSBs, would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Bidders	0.35 % of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)		
Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders	0.15 % of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)		

*Amount Allotted is the product of the number of Equity Shares Allotted and the Issue Price

No additional processing fees shall be payable to the SCSBs on the applications directly procured by them.

The selling commission payable to the SCSBs will be determined on the basis of the bidding terminal ID as



captured in the bid book of BSE or NSE.

No uploading/processing fees shall be payable by our Company to the SCSBs on the applications directly procured by them. Processing fees payable to the SCSBs on the portion for Retail Individual Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders which are procured by the members of the Syndicate/sub-Syndicate/Registered Broker/CRTAs/ CDPs and submitted to SCSB for blocking, would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Bidders	₹10 per valid Bid cum Application Form (plus applicable taxes)		
Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders	₹10 per valid Bid cum Application Form (plus applicable taxes)		

Notwithstanding anything contained above the total processing fee payable under this clause will not exceed \mathbf{R} 10.00 Lakhs (plus applicable taxes) and in case if the total processing fees exceeds \mathbf{R} 10.00 Lakhs (plus applicable taxes) then processing fees will be paid on pro-rata basis.

The processing fees for applications made by Retail Individual Bidders using the UPI Mechanism would be as follows:

Members of the Syndicate / RTAs / CDPs (uploading charges)	₹[•] per valid application (plus applicable taxes)
Sponsor Bank - Axis Bank Limited	₹1 per valid Bid cum Application Form* (plus applicable taxes) The Sponsor Bank shall be responsible for making payments to the third parties such as remitter bank, NPCI and such other parties as required in connection with the performance of its duties under the SEBI circulars, the Syndicate Agreement and other applicable laws.

*For each valid application by respective Sponsor Bank

Notwithstanding anything contained above in this clause the total Uploading charges/ Processing fees for applications made

by RIBs (up to \neq 200,000), Non-Institutional Bidders (for an amount more than \neq 200,000 and up to \neq 500,000) using the UPI Mechanism and in case if the total uploading charges/ processing fees exceeds Rs 2.5 million (plus applicable taxes) then uploading charges/processing fees using UPI Mechanism will be paid on pro-rata basis except the fee payable to the Sponsor Bank.

(2) For Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members), RTAs and CDPs

Brokerages, selling commission and processing/uploading charges on the portion for Retail Individual Bidders (using the UPI mechanism) and portion for Non-Institutional Bidders which are procured by members of Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members), RTAs and CDPs or for using 3-in-1 type accounts-linked online trading, demat and bank account provided by some of the brokers which are members of Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Source) would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Bidders*	0.35 % of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)
Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders*	0.15 % of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)

*Amount Allotted is the product of the number of Equity Shares Allotted and the Issue Price

Uploading charges payable to Members of the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members), CRTAs and CDPs on the applications made by RIBs using 3-in-1 accounts and Non-Institutional Bidders which are procured by them and submitted to SCSB for blocking or using 3-in-1 accounts, would be as follows: ₹10 plus applicable taxes, per valid application bid by the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members), CRTAs and CDPs.

Bidding charges payable to the Registered Brokers, CRTAs/CDPs on the portion for RIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders which are directly procured by the Registered Brokers or CRTAs or CDPs and submitted to SCSB for processing, would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Bidders	₹10 per valid Bid cum Application Form (plus applicable taxes)
Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders	₹10 per valid Bid cum Application Form (plus applicable taxes)
* Decod on wall annulisations	

* Based on valid applications



Notwithstanding anything contained above the total uploading / bidding charges payable under this clause will not exceed \gtrless 20.00 Lakhs (plus applicable taxes) and in case if the total uploading / bidding charges exceeds \gtrless 20.00 Lakhs (plus applicable taxes) then uploading charges will be paid on pro-rata basis.

The Selling Commission payable to the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Members will be determined on the basis of the application form number / series, provided that the application is also bid by the respective Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member. For clarification, if a Syndicate ASBA application on the application form number / series of a Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member, is bid by an SCSB, the Selling Commission will be payable to the SCSB and not the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member. Bidding Charges payable to members of the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members), CRTAs and CDPs on the portion for RIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders which are procured by them and submitted to SCSB for blocking, would be as follows: ₹10 plus applicable taxes, per valid application bid by the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members), CRTAs and CDPs.

The selling commission and bidding charges payable to Registered Brokers the CRTAs and CDPs will be determined on the

basis of the bidding terminal ID as captured in the Bid Book of BSE or NSE.

All such commissions and processing fees set out above shall be paid as per the timelines in terms of the Syndicate Agreement and Escrow and Sponsor Bank Agreement. Further, the processing fees for applications made by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 read with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021.

MONITORING OF UTILIZATION OF FUNDS

In terms of Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company will appoint a monitoring agency for monitoring the utilisation of the Net Proceeds. Our Audit Committee and the monitoring agency will monitor the utilisation of the Net Proceeds and submit the report required under Regulation 41(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Our Company will disclose the utilisation of the Net Proceeds, including interim, use under a separate head in our balance sheet for such fiscals as required under applicable law, specifying the purposes for which the Net Proceeds have been utilised. Our Company will also, in its balance sheet for the applicable fiscals, provide details, if any, in relation to all such Net Proceeds that have not been utilised, if any, of such unutilized Net Proceeds.

Pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall on a quarterly basis disclose to the Audit Committee the uses and application of the Net Proceeds. The Audit Committee shall make recommendations to our Board for further action, if appropriate. Our Company shall, on an annual basis, prepare a statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and place it before our Audit Committee. Such disclosure shall be made only until such time that all the Net Proceeds have been utilised in full. The statement shall be certified by the Statutory Auditor. Further, in accordance with Regulation 32 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall furnish to the Stock Exchanges on a quarterly basis, a statement indicating (i) deviations, if any, in the actual utilisation of the Net Proceeds from the Objects of the Issue as stated above; and (ii) details of category wise variations in the actual utilisation of the Net Proceeds from the Objects of the Issue as stated above. This information will also be published in newspapers simultaneously with the interim or annual financial results of our Company and explanation for such variation (if any) will be included in our Director's Report after placing such information before our Audit Committee.

VARIATIONS IN OBJECT

In accordance with Sections 13(8) and 27 of the Companies Act, our Company shall not vary the



objects of the Issue unless our Company is authorized to do so by way of a special resolution of its Shareholders and such variation will be in accordance with the applicable laws including the Companies Act and the SEBI ICDR Regulations. In addition, the notice issued to the Shareholders in relation to the passing of such special resolution shall specify the prescribed details and be published in accordance with the Companies Act. Pursuant to Sections 13(8) and 27 of the Companies Act, our Promoters or controlling Shareholders will be required to provide an exit opportunity to such Shareholders who do not agree to the proposal to vary the objects, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act and in accordance with such terms and conditions, including in respect of pricing of the Equity Shares, in accordance with the Companies Act and the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

OTHER CONFIRMATIONS

No part of the Net Proceeds will be paid by us to the Promoters and Promoter Group, the Directors, Key Management Personnel or Group Companies, except in the normal course of business and in compliance with the applicable law. Our Company has not entered into nor has planned to enter into any arrangement/ agreements with our Directors, our Key Managerial Personnel, our Group Company or our joint venture in relation to the utilization of the Net Proceeds of the Issue. Further, except in the ordinary course of business, there is no existing or anticipated interest of such individuals and entities in the objects of the Issue as set out above.



BASIS FOR ISSUE PRICE

The Issue Price will be determined by our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered in the Issue through the Book Building Process and on the basis of quantitative and qualitative factors as described below. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹10/- each and the Issue Price is [●] times the face value at the lower end of the Price Band and [●] times the face value at the higher end of the Price Band.

The financial data presented in this section are based on our Company's Restated Financial Statements. Investors should also refer to the sections titled *"Risk Factors", "Our Business", "Restated Financial Statements" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Consition and Results of Operations"* on pages 35, 150, 224 and 289 respectively, to get a more informed view before making the investment decision.

QUALITATIVE FACTORS

Some of the qualitative factors which form the basis for computing the Issue Price are:

- (a) Strategic location of our showrooms.
- (b) Diversified product portfolio across categories and price points.
- (c) Established systems and procedure to mitigate risk and efficiencies.
- (d) Visionary Promoters with strong leadership and a demonstrated track record supported by a highly experienced and accomplished senior management team and board of directors.

For further details, see "*Our Business – Our Strengths*" on page 153.

QUANTITATIVE FACTORS

Some of the information presented in this section relating to our Company is derived from the Restated Financial Information. For details, see the chapter titled *"Restated Financial Statements"* beginning on page 224.

Some of the quantitative factors which may form the basis for calculating the Issue Price are as follows:

Financial Year / Period	Basic EPS (₹)	Diluted EPS (₹)	Weights
March 31, 2022	2.27	2.27	3
March 31, 2021	1.49	1.49	2
March 31, 2020	0.49	0.49	1
Weighted Average EPS		1.71	

I. Basic and Diluted Earnings per share ("EPS") as per the Restated Financial Information.

Notes:

- 1. Basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per equity share: Basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per equity share are computed in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules of 2015 (as amended).
- 2. Basic Earnings per share = Net profit after tax excluding exceptional items before other comprehensive income attributable to equity shareholders for the year/Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year/period.



- 3. Diluted Earnings per share = Net profit after tax excluding exceptional items before other comprehensive income attributable to equity shareholders for the year / Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year/ period.
- 4. The weighted average basic and diluted EPS is a product of basic and diluted EPS and respective assigned weight, dividing the resultant by total aggregate weight. i.e. (EPS x Weight) for each year/Total of weights.
- 5. Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during the year multiplied by the time weighting factor.
- 6. The figures disclosed above are based on the Restated Financial Statements of our Company.

II. Price/Earning ("P/E") ratio in relation to Price Band of ₹ [●]/- to ₹ [●]/- per Equity Share:

Particulars	P/E at Floor Price (Number of Times)	P/E at Cap Price (Number of Times)
P/E based on Basic & Diluted EPS for FY 2021 – 22	[•]	[•]
P/E based on weighted average Basic & Diluted EPS	[•]	[•]

Industry Peer Group P/E ratio

Based on the peer group information (excluding our Company) given below in this section:

Particulars	P/E Ratio
Highest	43.66
Lowest	2.04
Industry Composite	25.08

Notes:

- (1) The industry high and low has been considered from the industry peer set provided later in this chapter. The Industry Composite has been calculated as the arithmetic average P/E of the industry peer set disclosed in this section. For further details, see **"Comparison of Accounting Ratios with listed industry peers"** on page 114.
- (2) The industry P/E ratio mentioned above is as computed based on closing price the closing market price of equity shares on Stock exchange (National Stock Exchange of India Limited) as on September 22, 2022 divided by diluted EPS for the financial year ended March 31, 2022.

III. Return on Net Worth ("RoNW")

As derived from the Restated Financial Statements of our Company:

Financial Year / Period	RoNW (%)	Weight
March 31, 2022	12.77%	3
March 31, 2021	9.58%	2
March 31, 2020	3.46%	1
Weighted Average		10.16%



Notes:

- (1) Return on Net Worth (%) = Net Profit/(Loss) after tax before other comprehensive income (as restated) divided by net worth at the end of the year/period.
- (2) Net worth has been computed as a sum of paid-up share capital and other equity excluding capital reserve on amalgamation.
- (3) Weighted average number of Equity Shares is the number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the period adjusted by the number of Equity Shares issued during the period multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period.
- (4) The Weighted Average Return on Net Worth is a product of Return on Net Worth and respective assigned weight, dividing the resultant by total aggregate weight.

IV. Net Asset Value per Equity Share (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each)

Net Asset Value per Equity Share	NAV derived from Restated Financial Statement (₹)
Net Asset Value per Equity Share as on March 31, 2022	[•]
Net Asset Value per Equity Share after the Issue – At Cap Price	[•]
Net Asset Value per Equity Share after the Issue – At Floor Price	[•]
Issue Price per Equity Share	[•]

Notes:

- (1) Net Asset Value per Equity Share = Net worth at the end of the respective year/period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding as at the end of respective year/period.
- (2) Net worth has been computed as a sum of paid-up share capital and other equity.
- (3) Issue Price per Equity Share will be determined on conclusion of the Book Building Process.

V. Comparison of Accounting Ratios with Listed Industry Peers

Following is the comparison with our peer companies listed in India:

Name of the Company	Face value	Total Revenue for financial		financial 2022 (₹)	NAV per equity	P/E (Based on Diluted	RONW (%)
	(₹ per share)	year 2022 (₹ in Lakhs)	Basic	Diluted	share	EPS)	
Motisons Jewellers Limited*	10	31,433.01	2.27	2.27	17.77	[•]	12.77%
Listed Peers:							
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	10	10,85,622.70	2.18	2.18	30.46	43.00	7.14%
Goldiam International Limited	2	71,238.88	9.61	9.61	48.27	14.19	20.14%
DP Abhushan Limited	10	1,73,169.99	18.21	18.21	62.04	22.50	29.36%
Thangamayil	10	2,19,474.84	28.09	28.09	236.34	43.66	11.89%



Name of the Company		Face value	Total Revenue for financial		financial 2022 (₹)	NAV per equity	P/E (Based on Diluted	RONW (%)
		(₹ per share)	year 2022 (₹ in Lakhs)	Basic	Diluted	share	EPS)	
Jewellery Limit	ed							
Renaissance Limited	Global	10	2,22,031.00	56.49	56.03	489.51	2.04	11.52%

*Financial information of our Company is derived from the Restated Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022.

Source: All the financial information for listed industry peers mentioned above is on a consolidated basis (unless otherwise available only on standalone basis) from the audited financial statements of the respective companies for the year ended March 31, 2022 submitted to stock exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and from the respective company website.

Notes:

- 1) Considering the nature and size of the business of the Company, the peers are not strictly comparable. However, the above Companies have been included for broad comparison.
- 2) Basic EPS and Diluted EPS refer to the Basic EPS and Diluted EPS sourced from the financial statements of the respective company for the year ended March 31, 2022.
- 3) P/E Ratio has been computed based on the closing market price of equity shares on Stock exchange (National Stock Exchange of India Limited) as on September 22, 2022 divided by the Diluted EPS provided above in the table.
- 4) For listed peers, RoNW is computed as profit after tax for the year ended March 31, 2022 divided by Total equity net of minority interest.
- 5) Total Equity has been computed as sum of paid-up share capital and other equity.
- 6) Net Asset Value per share (**"NAV"**) (in ₹) is computed as the closing net worth divided by the equity shares outstanding as on March 31, 2022.

^Not Applicable since EPS is negative.

The Issue Price is [•] times of the face value of the Equity Shares.

The Issue Price of $\mathfrak{T}[\bullet]$ has been determined by our Company in consultation with the BRLM, on the basis of assessment of demand from investors for Equity Shares through the Book Building Process and, is justified in view of the above qualitative and quantitative parameters.

Investors should read the above-mentioned information along with chapters titled "*Our Business*" and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" and sections titled "*Risk Factors*" and "*Restated Financial Statements*" beginning on pages 150, 289, 35 and 224 respectively to have a more informed view.

The trading price of the Equity Shares could decline due to the factors mentioned in the section titled "*Risk Factors*" and you may lose all or part of your investments.



STATEMENT OF SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS

Τo,

Motisons Jewellers Limited 270, 271, 272 & 276 Johri Bazar, Jaipur – 302003, Rajasthan, India

Sub: Proposed initial public offering (the "Offer") of equity shares of face value of Rs. 10 each (the "Equity Shares") of Motisons Jewellers Limited (the "Company").

Dear Sirs,

We, Keyur Shah & Company, Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of the Company, hereby report that the enclosed statement is in connection with (i) the special tax benefits available to (i) the Company and, (ii) to the shareholders of the Company, under applicable tax laws presently in force in India including the Income Act, 1961 (**Act**), the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and the applicable states' Goods and Services Tax Act, the Finance Act, 2021, the Foreign Trade Policy and Handbook of Procedures, Customs Act, 1962, State Industrial Incentive Policies and rules made under any of the aforementioned legislations. The Company does not have material subsidiary.

Several of these benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant statutory provisions. Hence, the ability of the Company or its shareholders to derive the special tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which is based on business imperatives the Company faces in the future, the Company may or may not choose, or be able, to fulfil.

The benefits discussed in the enclosed Annexure cover only special tax benefits available to the Company and its shareholders and do not cover any general tax benefits available to the Company. Further, the benefits discussed in the enclosed statement are neither exhaustive nor conclusive. This statement is only intended to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the Offer.

We are neither suggesting nor are we advising the investors to invest or not to invest money based on this statement. We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:

- 1. The Company or its shareholders will continue to obtain these benefits in the future; or
- 2. The conditions prescribed for availing of the benefits have been/would be met with.

The contents of the enclosed statement are based on information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and based on our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

We undertake to update you of any change in the above-mentioned disclosures until the Equity Shares allotted, pursuant to the Offer, are listed and commence trading on the Stock Exchanges. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be considered as an updated information until the Equity Shares commence trading on the Stock Exchanges, pursuant to the Offer.



This certificate is for information and for inclusion, in part or in full, in, the Draft red herring prospectus / Red herring prospectus and the prospectus to be filed in relation to the Offer **("collectively the "Offer Documents")** or any other Offer-related material, and may be relied upon by the Company, the Book Running Lead Managers and the legal advisors to the Offer. We hereby consent to the submission and disclosure of this certificate as may be necessary to the SEBI, the ROC, the Stock Exchanges and any other regulatory or judicial authorities and, or, for any other litigation purposes and, or, for the records to be maintained by the Book Running Lead Managers, in accordance with applicable law.

Yours sincerely,

For Keyur Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 141173W

Keyur Shah Proprietor Membership No: 153774 UDIN: 22153774AVQHHS7413 Date:- 27th September, 2022

Place: Ahmedabad



STATEMENT OF SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY AND TO ITS SHAREHOLDERS UNDER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT TAX LAWS IN INDIA.

I. SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY UNDER DIRECT TAXATION

Outlined below are the special tax benefits available to **Motisons Jewellers Limited** (the "**Company**") and its Shareholders under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (the "**Act**") as amended by the Finance Act, 2021 applicable for Financial Year 2021-22 relevant to the Assessment Year 2022-23.

Lower corporate tax rate under section 115BAA

Section 115BAA has been inserted in the Act w.e.f. FY 2019-20. It gives an option to domestic company to be governed by this section from a particular assessment year. If a company opts for section 115BAA of the Act, the company can pay corporate tax at a reduced rate of 25.168% (22% plus surcharge of 10% and education cess of 4%). However once opted for reduced rate of taxation under the said section, it cannot be subsequently withdrawn.

Section 115BAA further provides that domestic companies availing the option will not be required to pay Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) on their 'book profits' under section 115JB of the Act. However, such a company will no longer be eligible to avail any specified exemptions / incentives under the Act and will also need to comply with the other conditions specified in section 115BAA. Also, if a company opts for section 115BAA, the tax credit (under section 115JAA), if any, which it is entitled to on account of MAT paid in earlier years, will no longer be available.

Further, it shall not be allowed to claim set-off of any brought forward losses arising to it on account of additional depreciation and other specified incentives.

The Company has already evaluated and opted for the lower corporate tax rate of 25.168% (prescribed under section 115BAA of the Act) with effect from AY 2020-21.

Special direct tax benefits available to the Shareholders

There are no special direct tax benefits available to the shareholders

II. TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY UNDER INDIRECT TAXES

At present, the company is not entitled to any special tax benefits under the Act.

Special indirect tax benefits available to the Shareholders

The Shareholders of the Company are not entitled to any special tax benefits under the Act

Notes:

- 1. There are no other special direct and indirect tax benefits that are available to the Company presently.
- 2. The above Statement sets out the provisions of law in a summary manner only and is not a complete analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of shares.



- 3. For direct tax benefits, this Annexure sets out only the special tax benefits available to the Company and the shareholders under the current Income-tax Act, 1961 i.e., the Act as amended by the Finance Act, 2021 applicable for the Financial Year 2021-22 relevant to the Assessment Year 2022-23, presently in force in India.
- 4. This Annexure is intended only to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each investor is advised to consult his/her own tax advisor with respect to specific tax arising out of their participation in the Offer.
- 5. Our views expressed in this statement are based on the facts and assumptions as indicated in the statement. No assurance is provided that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.



SECTION VI - ABOUT OUR COMPANY

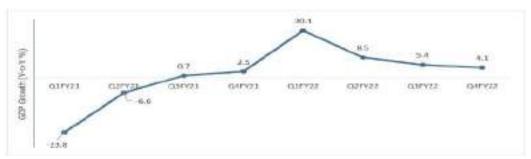
INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The information contained in this section is derived from a report titled "Industry Research Report on Indian Gems & Jewellery Sector" dated August 18, 2022 ("CareEdge Research Report") prepared by CARE Advisory Research and Training Limited ("CareEdge Research"), and exclusively commissioned and paid by our Company only for the purposes of the Issue. Industry sources and publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable, but their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Industry publications are also prepared based on information as at specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends. Accordingly, investment decisions should not be based on such information. Forecasts, estimates, predictions, and other forward-looking statements contained in the CareEdge Research Report are inherently uncertain because of changes in factors underlying their assumptions, or events or combinations of events that cannot be reasonably foreseen. Actual results and future events could differ materially from such forecasts, estimates, predictions, or such statements. In making any decision regarding the transaction, the recipient should conduct its own investigation and analysis of all facts and information contained in the prospectus and the recipient must rely on its own examination and the terms of the transaction, as and when discussed. See "Certain Conventions, Presentation of Financial, Industry and Market Data and Currency of Presentation" on page 19.

MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

INDIAN ECONOMY

FY22 started with the country being hit by the second wave of the pandemic, which saw lockdowns and restrictions being re-imposed across states for 2 - 3 months. This impeded economic output in Q1FY21 and led to a year-on-year (Y-o-Y) decline of 23.8% in GDP. The Indian economy bounced back strongly in Q1FY22 with 20.1% Y-o-Y growth due to low base. The easing of lockdowns and restrictions across states since June coupled with the decline in Covid-19 cases and higher vaccination rate facilitated higher economic activity at a faster than expected and this was reflected in the GDP for the Q2FY22 which grew annually by 8.5%. The dip in Q3FY22 of 5.4% can be attributed to fading base effect. India's economy recorded modest growth at 4.1% in Q4FY22, down from 5.4% in the previous quarter. The economy was hit by the third wave of Covid-19 during the quarter.



Growth in GDP at constant prices (Y-o-Y in %)

Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MOSPI)

As the economy was getting back on its feet, global supply bottlenecks due to the Russia-Ukraine war and higher input costs again slowed the pace of recovery. The contraction in the manufacturing sector, which struggled with supply bottlenecks and high input prices, in the last quarter of FY22 is a cause of



concern. The other worrying aspect is the reduction in consumption to GDP ratio in Q4FY22, even while the investment to GDP ratio has bounced back. The slowest quarterly growth in FY22 was also partly because of the unfavorable base effect.

As per Reserve Bank of India's (RBI) monetary policy statement for 2022-23, the RBI highlighted that the ratcheting up of geopolitical tensions, generalized hardening of global commodity prices, the likelihood of prolonged supply chain disruptions, dislocations in trade and capital flows, divergent monetary policy responses and volatility in global financial markets are imparting sizeable upside risks to the inflation trajectory and downside risks to domestic growth.

RBI also brought out, that the announcements in the Union Budget 2022-23 on boosting public infrastructure through enhanced capital expenditure are expected to augment growth and crowd in private investment through large multiplier effects.

With the ebbing of the third wave and expanding vaccination coverage, the pick-up in contactintensive services and urban demand is expected to be sustained. The escalation of the geopolitical situation and the accompanying surge in international crude oil and other commodity prices, tightening of global financial conditions, persistence of supply-side disruptions and significantly weaker external demand pose downside risks to the outlook. Taking all these factors into consideration, the real GDP growth for 2022-23 is pared down at 7.2% by RBI in April'22 Outlook from 7.8% estimated in Feb'22 Outlook. In the recent June'22 Outlook, the RBI retained its GDP growth projection at 7.2% for FY23, with risks broadly balanced.

RBI's GDP Growth Outlook (Y-o-Y %)

	Q1FY23	Q2FY23	Q3FY23	Q4FY23	FY23
June'22 Outlook (April'22 Outlook – Retained)	16.2	6.2	4.1	4.0	7.2
Feb'22 Outlook	17.2	7	4.3	4.5	7.8

Source: RBI press release dated April 08, 2022; February 28, 2022 and June 08, 2022

GROSS VALUE ADDED (GVA)

Gross value added (GVA) is the measure of the value of goods and services produced in an economy. GVA gives a picture of supply side whereas GDP represents consumption.

- The gap between GDP and GVA growth has turned positive in FY22 (after a gap of two years) as a result of robust tax collections.
- Agriculture sector recorded robust growth of 4.1% in Q4FY22, which was over a low base of 2.8% growth in the same period last year. The sector was hit by heat waves in many parts of India that has impacted the production of several crops including wheat, coarse cereals and pulses. However, the total food grain production is still at an all-time high of 314.5 million tonnes, as per the third advance estimate. Anticipation of a normal monsoon, coupled with high prices for agri-products and subsidy support from the government, is expected to bode well for the sector.
- Industrial sector grew modestly by 1.3% in Q4FY22 due to negative growth in the manufacturing segment. High commodity and input prices have been a pain point for the manufacturing sector. The construction segment benefitted from a rebound in economic activity post the third wave.



• Services sector recorded a growth of 5.5% in Q4FY22, primarily led by trade, hotels, transport, communication and services related to broadcasting and finance, real estate & professional service. The easing of restrictions has aided a fast rebound in this sector.

At constant Prices	Q4 FY21	Q1 FY22	Q2 FY22	Q3 FY22	Q4 FY22	FY20	FY21	FY22
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	2.8	2.2	3.2	2.5	4.1	5.5	3.3	3
Industry	13.4	46.6	7	0.3	1.3	-1.4	-3.3	10.3
Mining & quarrying	-3.9	18	14.5	9.2	6.7	-1.5	-8.6	11.5
Manufacturing	15.2	49	5.6	0.3	-0.2	-2.9	-0.6	9.9
Electricity, gas, water supply & other utility services	3.2	13.8	8.5	3.7	4.5	2.2	-3.6	7.5
Construction	18.3	71.3	8.1	-2.8	2	1.2	-7.3	11.5
Services	2.1	10.5	10.2	8.1	5.5	6.3	-7.8	8.4
Trade, hotels, transport, communication & broadcasting	-3.4	34.3	9.6	6.3	5.3	5.9	-20.2	11.1
Financial, real estate & professional services	8.8	2.3	6.1	4.2	4.3	6.7	2.2	4.2
Public administration, defence and other services	1.7	6.2	19.4	16.7	7.7	6.3	-5.5	12.6
GVA at Basic Price	5.7	18.1	8.3	4.7	3.9	3.8	-4.8	8.1

Sectoral Growth (Y-o-Y % Growth) - at Constant Prices

Source: MOSPI

PER CAPITA GDP, INCOME AND FINAL CONSUMPTION

India has a population of about 1.3 billion with a young demographic profile. The advantages associated with this demographic dividend are better economic growth, rapid industrialization and urbanization.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per capita is a measure of country's economic output per person. FY21 witnessed a significant de-growth due to the pandemic. However, in FY22 the economy is on path of recovery and the per capita GDP is estimated to grow by 7.6%. The Gross national income (GNI) is also estimated to increase by 7.4% in FY22. The per capita private final consumption expenditure (PFCE), that represents consumer spending, is likely to increase by 6.9% in FY22. Majorly, the FY22 reflects per capita growth due to a lower base.





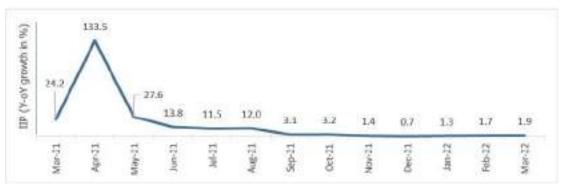
Growth in Per Capita GDP, Income and Final Consumption (Y-o-Y growth in %)

Source: MOSPI; RE – Revised Estimates; PE – Provisional Estimates

INDUSTRIAL GROWTH

The pace of IIP growth improved marginally to 1.9% in March 2022 from 1.7% growth recorded in the previous month. The tepid growth is also because of the high base of the corresponding period of the previous year.

Y-o-Y growth in IIP (in %)



Source: MOSPI, CareEdge Ratings Economics Research report

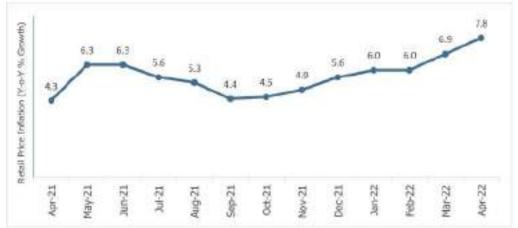
On a cumulative basis, IIP grew by 11.3% in FY22. However, this high growth is mainly backed by a low base of FY21. The index of industrial production is higher by 1.9% when compared with the prepandemic level of FY20, suggesting that while economic recovery is underway, it is still very nascent. The IIP growth has remained lacklustre at below 2% in the last five months. Manufacturing, with the biggest share in industrial growth, is facing headwinds from global supply bottlenecks and rising input prices, even while demand remains weak.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Retail inflation surged to 7.79% in April 2022, its highest since April 2014. The global supply chain disruptions, coupled with China's zero Covid policy, are driving inflation numbers up globally. With a persistent rise in prices across almost all categories, inflation has become broad-based in India.



Retail Price Inflation (Y-o-Y Growth in %)



Source: MOSPI

Food has continued to be the major driver, contributing around 47% to overall inflation in April. Within the food category, edible oils, cereals and dairy products prices have witnessed the sharpest hike owing to global supply shocks, domestic production shortfalls and rising feed costs. Cereal inflation, which was exhibiting a deflationary trend until September 2021, rose to 5.96% in April, while oil and fats inflation registered double-digit inflation (17.28%) for the 25th straight month.

	Food and Beverages	Pan, tobacco and intoxicants	Clothing & footwear	Housing	Fuel & light	Miscellaneous
Weight	45.9	2.4	6.5	10.1	6.8	28.3
Apr-21	2.7	9.0	3.5	3.7	7.9	6.2
May-21	5.2	10.0	5.3	3.9	11.6	7.5
Jun-21	5.6	4.0	6.2	3.8	12.7	7.3
Jul-21	4.5	4.7	6.5	3.9	12.4	6.7
Aug-21	3.8	4.0	6.8	3.9	13.0	6.4
Sep-21	1.6	4.2	7.2	3.6	13.6	6.4
Oct-21	1.8	4.3	7.5	3.5	14.4	6.8
Nov-21	2.6	4.1	7.9	3.7	13.4	6.8
Dec-21	4.5	3.2	8.3	3.6	11.0	6.7
Jan-22	5.6	2.5	8.8	3.5	9.3	6.5
Feb-22	5.9	2.4	8.9	3.6	8.7	6.5
Mar-22	7.4	2.9	9.4	3.3	7.5	7.0
Apr-22	8.1	2.7	9.9	3.4	10.8	8.0

Component wise retail inflation (Y-o-Y growth in %)

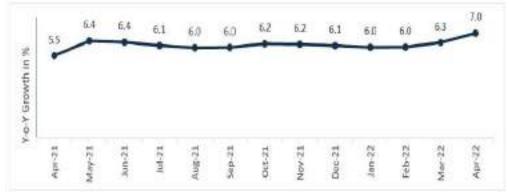
Source: MOSPI, CareEdge Research

Core CPI

Core inflation (which excludes volatile components such as food and energy prices) edged up to 7.0% in April 2022 compared with 6.3% in the previous month. The persistent supply disruptions and cost pressures have intensified globally amid the ongoing Russia-Ukraine tussle, contributing to the build-up of price pressures in the economy.



Core CPI (Y-o-Y Growth in %)



Source: CMIE

RBI'S MONETARY POLICY – JUNE 2022

The RBI hiked its policy repo rate by 50 basis points (bps) to 4.90% in a meeting on 8 June 2022. This was the first reversal in policy rate action since May 2020. The RBI maintained the liquidity adjustment facility (LAF) corridor at 50 bps by adjusting the standing deposit facility (SDF) rate at 4.15% as the floor and the marginal standing facility (MSF) at the upper end of the band at 4.65%.

The central bank kept the reverse repo rate unchanged at 3.35% and also continued to maintain its stance as accommodative. With a focus on withdrawal of accommodation, the RBI increased the cash reserve ratio (CRR) by 50 bps to 4.50% of net deposit and time liabilities (NDTL) effective from 21 May 2022. Through this, the RBI aims to withdraw liquidity amounting to ₹87,000 crore.

The surprise rate hike by the RBI has come against the backdrop of intensifying inflationary pressures in the global and domestic economies. With domestic economic activities gaining traction, RBI has shifted gear to prioritize controlling inflation.

The hike in CRR will reduce the surplus liquidity in the system and thus improve the effectiveness of the policy rate hike. While there were already inflationary concerns in the domestic and global economy, the Ukraine-Russia war has aggravated the inflationary concerns. Moreover, the persistence of inflationary pressure has also shown that inflation is not just transient in nature as was being anticipated earlier.

Inflation is mainly because of high global commodity prices and supply-side factors. However, it is being witnessed across most categories of CPI and the Central Bank is worried about the second-round effects of high commodity prices.

The spike in domestic inflation is still not as sharp as that being witnessed in other developed economies like the US and UK. But, it is very critical for the RBI to anchor inflationary expectations to avoid a wage-price spiral. The global developments in the last few weeks have highlighted that this battle against inflation could be a long-drawn affair and the Central Bank has aptly accelerated its fight against inflation.

The 10-year G-sec yield shot up in response to the rate hike and closed at 7.38%. We feel that going forward the RBI will hike the repo rate by another 60 bps in FY23. We expect the 10-year G-Sec yield to rise to 7.75-8.00% by the end of FY23.



GLOBAL ECONOMY

As per the latest International Monetary Fund's (IMF) World Economic Outlook growth projections released in April 2022, the world economy grew by 6.1% in CY21. For CY22, projection for global economic growth slashed to 3.6% citing disruptions due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict and inflationary concerns. It further added that emerging economies are expected to underperform than the advanced economies in CY22 and CY23as they were hit harder by higher energy and food prices.

Country/Group	2021	2022P	2023P
World Output	6.1	3.6	3.6
Advanced Economies	5.2	3.3	2.4
United States	5.7	3.7	2.3
Euro Area	5.3	2.8	2.3
Japan	1.6	2.4	2.3
United Kingdom	7.4	3.7	1.2
Canada	4.6	3.9	2.8
Remaining Advances Economies	5.0	3.1	3.0
Emerging Market & Developing Economies	6.8	3.8	4.4
Emerging and Developing Asia	7.3	5.4	5.6
China	8.1	4.4	5.1
India*	8.9	8.2	6.9
ASEAN**	3.4	5.3	5.9
Emerging and Developing Europe	6.7	-2.9	1.3
Latin America and the Caribbean	6.8	2.5	2.5
Middle East and Central Asia	5.7	4.6	3.7
Sub-Saharan Africa	4.5	3.8	4.0

Global Growth Outlook Projections (Real GDP, Y-o-Y change in %)

Notes: P-Projection

*For India, data and forecasts are presented on a fiscal year basis and GDP from 2011 onward is based on GDP at market prices with fiscal year 2011/12 as a base year.

**Includes Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam Source: IMF – World Economic Outlook, April-2022

With the ongoing geopolitical tension between Russia-Ukraine, the economic consequences are anticipated to be serious in near to medium term. Surge in Energy and commodity prices have added pressure to the existing global inflation. In Asia, the biggest impact is expected to be felt among oil importers of Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) economies, India and frontier economies including some Pacific Islands. The other impact is likely to be seen in the neighbouring economies due to disrupted trade and supply chains. Further, the reduced business confidence and higher investor uncertainty will weigh on asset prices, tightening financial conditions and potentially spurring capital outflows from emerging markets.

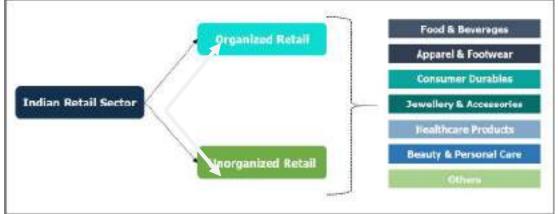
INDIAN RETAIL SECTOR OVERVIEW

The Indian retail sector is one of the fastest developing sectors and has been rapidly adopting digitization trends over the years. The retail sector in India has the largest consumer base and as a result, the industry's market size has increased significantly. This growth can be attributed to robust demand, increasing investments, innovation & support in Government initiatives. As digitization widens the market, better access channels, faster customer acquisition leading to cash conversion and rapid shifts in both demand & supply factors will accelerate the momentum of retail expansion in



India.

Indian retail sector composition



Source: CareEdge Research

The Indian retail industry consists of organized & unorganized segments. Currently, the unorganized sector dominates the retail industry and organized retail sector penetration in India is much lower than in the developed countries. This implies that the organized retail segment has huge growth opportunities. The continued expansion of the organized retail segment may aid in the growth of the overall retail sector. In order to achieve significant growth in the overall Indian retail sector, the focus will need to be on organized& e-commerce retail expansion.

The outbreak of Covid-19 led to an acceleration in online sales of consumer products as consumer behaviour changed during the lockdown. Consumers avoided physical store visits due to fears of virus contraction. Industry participants consequently witnessed a transition from traditional to digital, and are now moving towards an omni-channel mode of commerce. In some ways, the pandemic has aided in the transformation of retail into a more digitally enabled environment.

INDIAN RETAIL MARKET

In the 1990s, metro cities saw the growth of pure play modern retail, which was once controlled by traditional retail. Consumer preferences began to move from need-based to premium purchasing, and the first hints of modernization in operations (backend) and formalization of the value chain emerged.

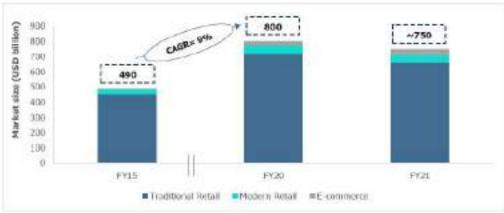
With the introduction of hypermarkets, supermarts, and cash-and-carry stores as well as geographic growth from metros to Tier 1 cities, modern retail evolved. Consumers' primary concern shifted from quality shopping experiences to convenience, and technological advancements pushed the modernization of operations. Players began to use technology to disseminate information via websites.

Online retail saw a period of tremendous expansion, with all retail participants rapidly realizing the necessity of embracing digital technology in order to remain relevant to an increasingly digital consumer. For customers, personalization became the most important concern.

Modern retail is still in its early stages of growth in emerging markets. Micro-retailers, kiosks, hawkers, open market vendors, wholesalers, and distributors make up traditional retail. Traditional retail is based on interpersonal relationships between customers and merchants. It is dominated by unorganized segment of the retail channels. On the other hand, modern retail are chains or groups of enterprises which make up modern commerce outlets. Hypermarkets, supermarket chains, and mini-



markets are among the bigger players. Retail operations are better planned, and inventory management, merchandising, and logistics management are all handled in a more organised manner and form a part of the organized retail channel.



Indian Retail market size

Source: CareEdge Research based on Industry sources

In FY20, the retail sector contributed approximately USD 800 billion to India's GDP i.e. 10% share of overall GDP and employed 8% of the country's workforce (35 million people). By 2030, it is anticipated to have created 25 million new employments¹.

In FY21, the retail industry was affected due to the outbreak of Covid-19 and the nationwide lockdown announced in the last week of March 2020. The pause in operations of retail stores and shopping malls across the country led to a sharp decline in retail sales. While the lockdown restrictions were eased in a phased manner, the industry initially grappled with both supply and demand side issues. On the demand side, even when the shopping complexes and malls were allowed to open from June 2020, footfalls were low as consumers were cautious of stepping out due fears of contracting the virus. Similarly, on the supply side, retailers faced logistic challenges and some FMCG players partnered with online delivery players to supply products to end consumers. Consumer demand began improving on a quarterly basis and the decline in sales moderated. The vaccination inoculation drive that started in January 2021 aided consumer confidence. However, the sector witnessed a decline of 6% in its market size in FY21 compared to FY20.

ORGANIZED INDIAN RETAIL MARKET

The overall retail market size was estimated to be at USD 490 billion in FY15, out of which organized retail market was approximately 8% i.e., USD 40 billion and the unorganized retail market consisted of the majority share of 92%. Over the years, the share of organized retail has increased substantially. In FY20, the organized retail accounted for almost 12% (USD 92 billion) of the overall retail market. A rise in income, growing middle class population, increase in working women, entry of foreign retailers, adoption of technology and rise of consumerism are some of the key reasons attributing to the growth of organized retail market over the years. In FY21, the overall retail sector was affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. However, the organized retail market managed to sustain a ~12% market share of the overall retail size and its market size estimated to be at USD 90 billion.

The Indian organized retail market is expanding at a rapid rate as the Indian retail industry is growing

¹Source: Invest India: https://www.investindia.gov.in/sector/retail-e-commerce



strongly. The expansion of the organized retail market in India is mostly attributable to a shift in customer behaviour. Increased affluence, changing lifestyles, and favourable demographic patterns have all contributed to this shift in consumer behaviour. Consumers now prefer to shop at a location where they can enjoy food, entertainment, and shopping all in one spot. This has supported the growth in the Indian organized retail market.

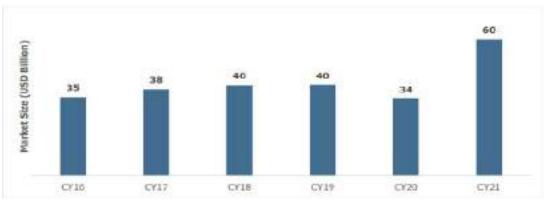
ORGANIZED RETAIL PENETRATION IN JEWELLERY SEGMENT

The Indian jewellery market has transformed significantly over the years from being unorganized to an organized one, although it is highly dominated by unorganized sector. In FY15, the share of organized jewellery market in the overall organized retail sector was estimated to be in the range of 25% to 27%. This share has increased substantially and in FY20 the organized jewellery market accounted for approximately 30% to 32% in the organized retail sector. The organized jewellery retail market consists of players such as Kalyan Jewellers, Tanishq, Malabar, PN Gadgil, Thangamayil Jewellers, Joyalukkas among others. However, a majority of the sector is currently dominated by unorganized market.

OVERVIEW OF THE GEMS AND JEWELLERY INDUSTRY IN INDIA

INDIAN GEMS & JEWELLERY INDUSTRY

The Indian gems and jewellery (G&J) business has traditionally been very fragmented with consumers mainly purchasing from family jewellers. There are approximately 5,00,000 local goldsmiths in India, but only a few of them have multiple shops. However, the industry has seen structural transformation in the recent decade with more G&J players moving up the value chain to a greater focus on branded jewellery. Jewellery retailing is not just profitable and high-margin, but it's also virtually untapped in India, which means there's a lot of room for growth. The market is vastly underserved with plenty of room for newcomers. Consumers are more predisposed to branded jewellery particularly in metro & tier I cities, as a result of rising media and western influences, and they are willing to pay a premium for it.



Indian domestic jewellery market size

Source: CareEdge Research

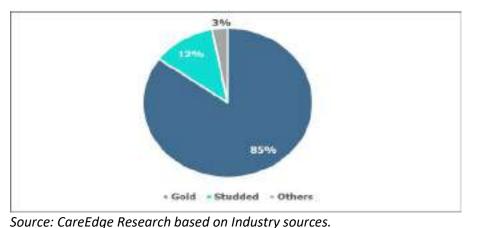
The G&J industry's market size was estimated to close at USD 60 billion in CY21. In CY20, the G&J industry was impacted by the Covid-19 outbreak and the industry size contracted by nearly a fourth. However, the industry is expected to grow in future as larger players in the organized space will continue to maximize their market share. Moreover, the inability of small local players to sustain during the lockdowns has severely constricted their ability to maintain their operations. The demand prospects for the sector are supported by growing working population, higher disposable income,



easier access to credit and improving standard of living.

Going forward, consumers' need for a safer shopping experience will benefit large & organized jewellers, as consumers will desire for larger shop space that allows for social distancing, robust & secure monetary processing systems that provide a safe retail experience and well-trained store staff. Additionally, larger stores offer more variety and a diverse range of jewellery and this is likely to support the shift towards the organized jewellery segment.

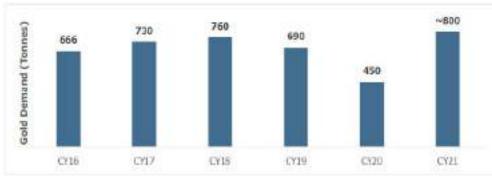
SHARE OF VARIOUS SEGMENTS IN INDIAN GEMS & JEWELLERY INDUSTRY



Indian domestic jewellery market share estimates CY21

Note: Studded includes diamond, colored gems and gemstone & others includes platinum jewellery, fashion jewellery, silver jewellery etc.

The Indian jewellery market is traditionally dominated by gold jewellery. Gold jewellery purchases in India are not only limited to consumption, as is the case with fashion jewellery, but they do have a strong saving significance. This is more evident in rural communities where access, literacy, and acceptance of other financial savings instruments are all lower. These factors have resulted in gold being a major saving asset class. Cultural differences, religious and trust concerns, as well as other elements that influence jewellery purchases have all contributed to gold jewellery's significance.



Indian Gold Demand trend

In CY21, the total demand for gold by Indian consumer was estimated at ~800 tonnes. Compared to the previous year the demand for gold witnessed a growth of approximately 78% in CY21 from 450 tonnes in CY20. This robust growth in gold demand in the Indian market was backed by the pent-up demand due to Covid-19 related supply chain disruptions. The overall demand in gold market came

Source: CareEdge Research



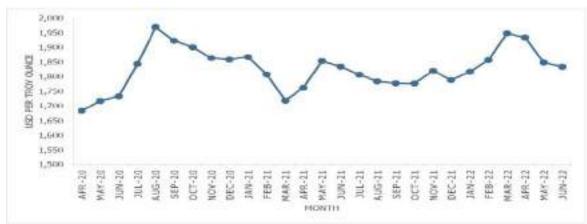
from gold jewellery, gold coins & gold bars. A majority of the demand in CY21 came from gold jewellery, which was approximately 75% (600 tonnes).

Apart from gold jewellery, the other type of jewellery, which is gaining some traction, is the studded ornaments segment. The key factor contributing to the growth of this segment is the younger population's preference for diamond-studded gold jewellery, typically made with 14 or 18 carat gold rather than heavy 22 carat gold. There has also been a noticeable shift towards more informal and everyday use of diamond studded jewellery. Many urban millennial, unlike their parents, are drawn to studded jewellery, which is easy on the pocket and therefore supports multiple purchases. Furthermore, most of the young population believe that heavy gold jewellery is for the elderly and that modern designs cannot be found in pure gold. Studded jewellery comes in a wide range of styles and prices. When paired with white gold, a studded diamond appears to be more expensive thereby evoking the quality feel of platinum.

Although diamond studded jewellery may not have the same advantages as gold as a store of financial value, increasing price transparency and repurchase guarantees offered by most jewellers have helped to persuade customers that their investment would not depreciate in value.

IMPACT OF INTEREST RATES, GEOPOLITICAL TENSIONS AND COVID-19 ON GOLD PRICES

Gold jewellery accounts for a lion's share in overall jewellery consumption in India. However, the demand for gold, particularly physical gold in the form of jewellery, is dependent on the movement in gold prices. High gold prices can negatively affect consumer sentiments and dampen gold buying.



Trend in monthly international gold prices

Source: London Bullion Market Association (LBMA), CMIE

International gold prices began rising in 2018 and surged further following the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic. Gold prices charted a continuous northward journey and reached an all-time high in August 2020. This came as uncertainty surrounding the pandemic and the impact of Covid-19 on the financial health of economies increased the safe haven appeal of gold. Gold prices began cooling off beginning May 2021 and averaged lower than the psychological barrier of USD 1,800 per troy ounce until October 2021. A rebound in global trade following the re-opening of economies and large-scale vaccination drives increased optimism and improved investor appetite for riskier assets.

However, emergence of the new Omicron variant, coupled with concerns surrounding inflation, provided support to gold prices. International gold prices started rallying once again, and, the Russia – Ukraine conflict gave rise to geopolitical tensions and provided a further upside to gold prices. They



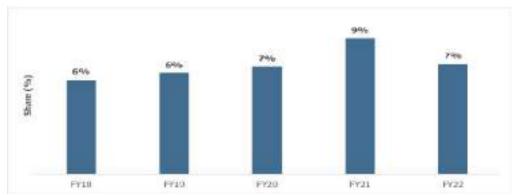
consequently rose for three consecutive months ending March 2022 and averaged above USD 1,800 during each of the months of the quarter. But with the conflict continuing for more than three months, the intensity of the unrest on gold prices began reducing. More importantly, gold was impacted by the US Federal Reserve's decision of tightening its monetary policy amid rising inflation. The rising interest rate environment, along with a strong US dollar, impacted the appeal of holding gold and increased the opportunity cost of holding the non-yielding precious metal. Interest rates and gold prices share an inverse relationship.

International gold prices declined in the months of May and June of Q1 FY23 and stood at 1,848 and 1,834 \$ per troy ounce. Going forward, the movement in gold prices will depend on the pace of rate hikes announced by the US Fed to tame inflation. A faster rate hike cycle to arrest rising inflation would negatively impact gold prices. Since domestic gold prices mimic international gold prices, a lowering of gold prices would help support the demand for physical gold in India.

SHARE OF ORGANIZED PLAYERS IN THE INDIAN GEMS AND JEWELLERY INDUSTRY

In contrast to other countries, India's jewellery sector has a largely unorganized artisan (karigar) driven, traditional skill-based (handcrafted) manufacturing value chain, employing lakhs of workers with poor labour and workplace practices and have traditionally been characterized by outdated practices, negligible inputs from modern processes and technologies.

The gems and jewellery industry accounts for around 6-7% of India's GDP. The interest with jewellery in India extends back 5,000 years. With over 90% of jewellers being family-owned firms, this industry is severely fragmented and unorganized.



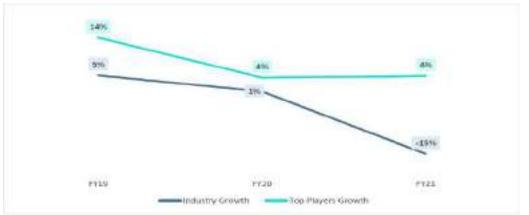
Share of key organised players

The share of the key players has regularly witnessed growth. Further, the players are continuously transforming the industry by adopting new technologies and combining ancient skills and ideas with contemporary manufacturing and certification techniques and this is expected to result in an improvement of the share of key players in the industry's revenues.

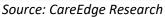
Source: CareEdge Research

Note: Top players include- **Titan company limited, Thangamayil Jewellery Limited, Kalyan Jewellers India Limited, Joyalukkas India Limited, PN Gadgil & Sons Limited** *FY22 figures have been annualized





Trend in revenue growth in the industry vis-à-vis key listed players



Note: Top players include- Titan company limited, Thangamayil Jewellery Limited, Kalyan Jewellers India Limited, Joylukkas India Limited and PN Gadgil& Sons Limited

The top players in the organized gems and jewellery industry have always outpaced the industry growth and this trend is expected to continue going forward. Even in FY21 when the industry witnessed a fall of 15% as an impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, the top players managed to have a growth of 4%.

OVERVIEW AND RECENT TRENDS OF ONLINE RETAILING OF GEMS AND JEWELLERY IN INDIA

The Indian cultures places great significance on jewellery. Sustained higher demand has therefore resulted in an online presence for the gems & jewellery industry too. The expansion of online jewellery market has been remarkable during the previous few years. In 2019, the online jewellery business in India was valued at around USD 825-850 million, with an expected growth to around USD 3.5-4 billion by 2025. The significant growth prospect has caused jewellery companies to move quickly to build an online presence, as well as several newcomers to enter the field. The gems & jewellery sector is dynamic as it is fast developing and various changes are taking place - both in terms of customer behaviour and the industry as a whole.

Choosing a digital platform has allowed jewellers to reach out to more individuals and build a network. When jewellers use digital channels, whether through an app or a website, they can generate more money while controlling fixed costs. It allows the customers to watch the display of the items. To provide the optimum user experience, a few Indian start-ups and several large retail companies embraced cutting-edge technology such as augmented reality and virtual reality. People in Tier II and Tier III cities can now shop for gold and diamond jewellery at the push of a button because of emerging online jewellery players. This ease of availability and delivery is backed up by a range of payment methods, including cash on deliveries, as well as additional benefits like easy monthly payments and discounts. Online merchants are also providing a more comprehensive buying experience, with the objective of merging as in-store purchase experience into a digital platform with high-quality pictures, great navigation and simple product configuration options. As more merchants are moving to the digital world drawn by immense opportunities available on the online marketplace, the market is getting more competitive, necessitating the presence of prominent entrepreneurs capable of capitalizing on the available advantage and propelling the jewellery sector forward. Consumer expectations are growing and they want more than just the finest selections with a pleasant shopping experience.

Gold jewellery is steadily getting a foothold in the online retail sector. Despite the fact that the gold



jewellery category requires more consulting and higher average transactions, both existing and rising companies are assisting the segment in catching up with trustworthy and transparent services. Gold jewellery sales require trust, touch and feel elements, which is impossible to implement into an online jewellery website. Providing online access to hallmarked jewellery in a wide range of styles transformed the game of jewellery shopping. E-catalogues, 360-degree product views, and virtual try on have all had a significant influence on the Indian online jewellery market. The companies also offer trademarks and other certificates to confirm the purity of the product for customers. It is critical for a brand with an online presence to establish trust. To ensure the authenticity of gold and diamond jewellery, online websites and e-commerce platforms have started selling certified or hallmarked pieces. Reputable laboratories such as GIA, GSI, HRD and IGI certify the items.

The manufacture and distribution of gold jewellery is experiencing a full revolution as a result of modern technology and changing lifestyles. Millennial customers see jewellery as an essential aspect of their fashion and style. During the pandemic, the Indian jewellery industry suffered a decline. However, the desire remained and people began to hunt for online jewellery resulting in an increase in online jewellery purchasing. As limitations lifted by the end of 2020, demand for jewellery began to rise and exports rapidly returned to pre-pandemic levels.

TRENDS IN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GEMS AND JEWELLERY IN INDIA



Yearly Import Export trends – Gems and Jewellery

Source: Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC)

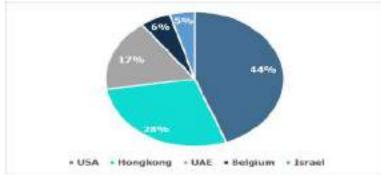
Indian gems and jewellery are sold all over the world. Due to the presence of artisans and informal sector, the Government has supported domestic as well as export growth in this sector, for which Government has also taken some measures in Budget 2022-23 and opened the way for the industry to flourish and expand India's contribution in the global gems and jewellery trade. Few initiatives undertaken by the Government are as follows:

- The Government lowered the import duty on cut and polished diamonds from 7% to 5% and extended the Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) for MSMEs until March 2023. MSMEs make up over 90% of the gems and jewellery industry.
- Other important measures taken to support the gems and jewellery sector include the acceptance of personal surety bonds in place of bank guarantees for gold imports, the replacement of the SEZ Act with a new SEZ regime, and a simplified regulatory framework for



e-commerce in the coming months, which will facilitate G&J exports through e-commerce and ensure that small retailers can ship their products overseas.

Country wise export share – FY21



Source: Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC)

The superior quality of Indian manufacturers has enabled the Indian gems & jewellery trade market to penetrate in markets like UAE, particularly Dubai, USA, Hong Kong, Israel and Belgium. The USA market dominates the Indian gems and jewellery exports accounting for a 44% share of the India's exports.

In July 2020, Washington ended Hong Kong's preferential trade protection by raising the import duty on gems and jewellery to 7.5% from 3.3%. China and Hong Kong are respectively the fourth and fifth largest suppliers of gems and jewellery to the US after India. The move benefitted India and helped it increase its penetration in the US export market.



Growth in Indian export share to US market

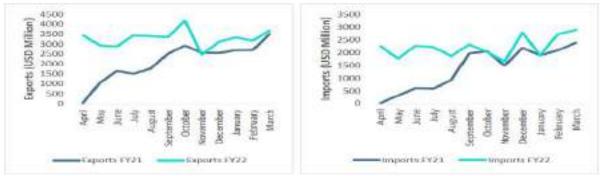
Source: Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC)

Trend in imports and exports of gems & jewellery

The overall trade market for gems and jewellery for India began to recover in Q3FY21 onwards from the slump induced by Covid-19 in Q1FY21 & Q2FY21 with companies still trying to reach pre-pandemic levels. The pent-up demand due to Covid-19 supply chain disruptions was the key reason contributing to the recovery in Q3FY21 in the trade market. However, the gold jewellery market exports were slow due to sluggish markets like Gulf. UAE is a key market for Indian gems and jewellery exports forming a part of top five countries for exports. The total exports from India to UAE grew from USD 3,106 million in FY21 to USD 5,723 million in FY22 i.e., a growth of 84%.



Month - wise Import Export trends



Source: Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC)

• Cut & Polished Diamonds:

India is the world's largest diamond cutting and polishing centre. India is regarded as the world jewellery market's hub due to its low costs and availability of high-skilled labour.

Cut & Polished Diamonds (USD Million)	Imports	Y-o-Y growth	Exports	Y-o-Y growth
FY20	1,713	29%	18,665	-22%
FY21	2,183	27%	16,289	-13%
FY22	1,385	-37%	24,434	49%

Trend in imports and exports of cut & polished diamonds

Source: Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC)

The cut & polished diamond segment is more export-oriented segment in India. For the year FY22, the overall exports of cut & polished diamonds were at USD 24,434 million, showing a growth of 49% as compared to USD 16,289 million during the previous year. Imports during FY22 witnessed a decline of 37% to USD 1,385 million as compared to USD 2,183 million during the previous year FY21.

In an attempt to boost the confidence of the cut and polished diamonds segment, the Government announced a reduction in import duty on cut & polished diamonds in budget 2022-2023 to 5% from 7%, which will further help in strengthening the sector and retain its leadership position.

However, Covid-19 was an unprecedented event that impacted the Indian cut & polished diamond business as well as other industries around the world. Miners, manufacturers, wholesalers, and merchants in the business as well as the Indian industry had to prepare to comply with new regulations.

Countries	2019-2020 (USD Million)	2020-2021 (USD Million)	Y-o-Y Growth (%)	Share in total exports (%)
USA	6,277	9,861	57%	40%
Hong Kong	5,436	6,393	18%	26%
UAE	1,119	2,052	83%	8%
Israel	794	1,360	71%	6%

Country - wise exports of cut & polished diamonds



Countries	2019-2020	2020-2021	Y-o-Y Growth	Share in total
	(USD Million)	(USD Million)	(%)	exports (%)
Belgium	883	1,395	58%	6%

Source: Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC)

The above table depicts the top 5 countries in terms of cut and polished diamond exports and country wise share in exports. USA is a key market for India in cut and polished diamonds exports with 40% of export share in FY22. In FY21 diamonds were the preferred buying priority list of consumers in USA as per GJEPC, and that the stimulus payments provided by the US Government enabled them to make their desired purchases.

The Indian gems and jewellery sector is exploring Cambodia, Vietnam, and the European Eastern Bloc which are three relatively untouched markets with great potential.

The cut and polished diamonds segment can benefit if the Government incorporates similar tax implications like Belgium (Turnover tax² not exceeding 0.16%) where rough diamonds would be brought in from mining countries and auctioned in India. This will reduce expenses by saving time, flying hours, and manpower.

• Rough diamonds:

The rough diamonds segment in India is majorly an import-oriented segment. The segment accounts for 66% of the total imports. In FY21, the total imports in the segment declined by 16% to USD 10,915 million from USD 13,026 million in FY20. In FY22, the total imports in the segment grew by 73.46% to USD 18,933 million from USD 10,915 million in FY21.

In FY21, due to the pandemic there were increase in diamond prices for which the industry players decided to halt its rough diamond imports which would help in stabilizing the increasing diamond prices and clear the existing inventory. Due to lockdown restrictions and poor end product demand, the production centres were operating at low levels or were closed. The Covid-19 pandemic had a significant impact on the industry resulting in lower imports.

• Gold Jewellery:

The gold jewellery trade market is an export dominated market. The gold jewellery market is the second largest export market after the cut and polished diamonds segment. Gold jewellery accounted for 20 per cent of total exports in FY21.

Gold Jewellery (USD Million)	Imports	Y-o-Y growth	Exports	Y-o-Y growth
FY20	291	-98%	12,040	-49%
FY21	206	-29%	5,040	-58%
FY22	273	33%	9,255	84%

Imports and exports of gold jewellery

In FY20 & FY21, there was a shortfall of yellow metal supplied to India due to restrictions on gold imports in key sourcing countries. The imports of gold witnessed sharp rise in FY22 as

²Turnover Tax: A turnover tax is similar to VAT, but it applies to intermediate and possibly capital goods.



compared to previous year FY21 with a growth of 33%.

Dubai is a key market for Indian gold jewellery exports. The 'Dubai Gold Souk,' (Traditional gold market of Dubai) where Indian jewellery from Kolkata and Mumbai is popular, makes for a large portion of gold sales in Dubai. Due to pandemic travel restrictions, fewer tourists were travelling to Dubai, which caused wholesalers in Dubai to curtail their purchases from India.

Mumbai, Chennai, and Kolkata account for the majority of gold jewellery exports. However, several exporters outsource manufacturing to Gujarat-based companies. The business of small manufacturing firms in Gujarat has been hurt by decreased export orders.

Going forward, the India-UAE Free Trade Agreement (FTA) signed on 18th February 2022 and effective from 1st May 2022, will raise India's gold jewellery exports, create jobs, and provide chances for skill development in the jewellery manufacturing and supply chain. The FTA between the two nations will encourage the establishment of a more organised wholesale of Indian-made gold jewellery. This breakthrough will make Indian-made jewellery even more appealing to UAE customers (residents and tourists).

Imports of gold:

After China, India is the world's second-largest gold consumer. Imports are mostly used to meet the demands of the domestic jewellery business. In volume terms, the India imports ~800 tonnes of gold annually. India's gold consumption has surged in FY21 and is backed by recovery in consumer sentiments and pent up demand. The demand for gold is expected to increase further on account of forthcoming festive and marriage season.

Year	Gold Imports (INR million)	Y-o-Y Growth (%)
FY19	22,95,365	6%
FY20	19,92,497	-13%
FY21	25,42,885	28%
FY22	34,40,935	35%

Gold Imports

Source: CMIE

Moreover, the reduction in the import duty by Government in the Budget 2022-23 will help to increase the demand further. The Government decreased the import duty on yellow metal from 12.5 percent to 10% in the budget (7.5 per cent customs duty plus 2.5 per cent Agriculture Infrastructure and Development Cess)

The top three countries for gold imports in India are Switzerland, UAE & South Africa. In FY21, Swiss gold accounted for about half of India's gold imports, totalling to INR 1.19 Trillion. Switzerland has the world's largest gold refining and transportation hub, which resulted in an increase in import dependence on Switzerland. India imports unwrought gold in the form of bars, gold plated with platinum or in semi-manufactured forms, and gold powder.

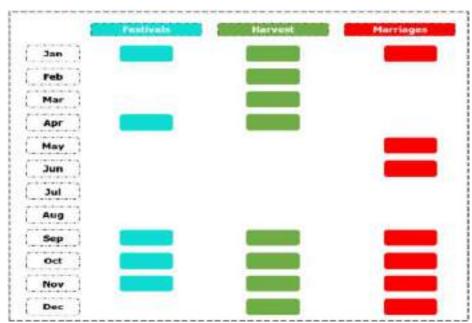
KEY DEMAND DRIVERS FOR JEWELLERY IN INDIA

• Seasonality in demand:

Seasonality in jewellery buying is a key factor that influences demand heterogeneity in India.



Weddings, festivals, and harvests in rural regions are the main drivers of the category, and the seasonal nature of each of these drivers assures that demand for jewellery is tied to the different months and seasons.



Seasonality in Jewellery buying

Source: CareEdge Research based on Industry sources

Demand for jewellery rises in the months leading up to weddings, such as May-June, September November, and January. During the months of November and December, rural households invest their crop money in gold jewellery. Gold demand in Tier II and Tier III towns is influenced by agricultural output and monsoon. During auspicious religious events like as Diwali/Dhanteras in October and November, and Akshaya Tritiya in April and May, demand for gold and silver jewellery increases.

• Increase in income levels:

Rising income is the most powerful long-term driver of Indian gold demand, which bodes well for Indian gold demand because the economy is complimented by a high demographic dividend. The middle-income group in India has the highest level of gold consumption. The wealthy consume the most per capita, but the middle class consumes the most total volume.

Although there is a growing propensity to consume gold as income rises, the proportion of gold in one's portfolio does not rise at the same rate. A fall in household savings rates and agricultural earnings can be hurdles to Indian demand.

• Preference for branded jewellery:

In the competitive Indian market, branded jewellery has found a place. Since branded jewellery has become the new trend in the industry, it has cemented its place in the hearts of customers over the last few years. One of the main reasons that branded jewellery has made other types of jewellery to stand out is that anyone can now stroll into a store, window shop, and determine for themselves what they want. With attentive and helpful attendants and well-displayed merchandise, shopping for jewellery has transformed. In the new market, everyone is a

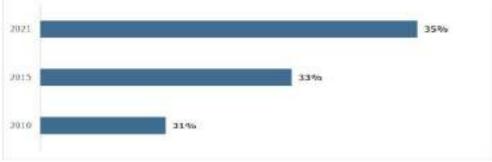


prospective customer. The most significant aspect of branded jewellery, however, is that because branded is synonymous with quality, you can expect an excellent product.

Customers have also gotten more intelligent and knowledgeable, and as a result, shopping has moved to a new level, not only in terms of perspective but also in terms of method. With the rise of supermarket culture, sales and marketing of gems and jewellery acquired a makeover. Today's youth have more discretionary income, which they are ready to spend on their preferred indulgences. Branded jewellery has a higher level of satisfaction among the people than non branded jewellery, making branded jewellery more popular. Moreover, the Government's decision to make hallmarking mandatory also acts as a booster in increasing the demand for branded jewellery as it certifies the purity of gold articles.

Urbanization:

Urbanization has resulted in the establishment of new arrivals in metros, cities, and towns as a result of economic opportunities. As a result, migrant consumers' relationships with their family jewellers are not as strong as before, and they turn to trusted brands that can provide authenticity, purity, and innovative designs.



Share of urban population to total population

Source: World Bank

• Transparency in pricing and product quality:

Indian jewellery buyers are becoming more brand conscious, and their jewellery preferences are becoming more sophisticated. They are exposed to a wide range of worldwide and national premium brands. They expect their jeweller to be transparent and jewellery to be of high quality. They want to grasp the pricing approach (price of materials such as gold, silver, as well as production charges) and be confident in the end product's quality, which can only be handled by organised shops. Tanishq, Thangamayil & Kalyan for example, were among the first in the Indian jewellery sector to adhere to the highest quality standards for jewellery and to include price transparency in their offerings.

• Retail store experience:

Today, organised jewellery retailing entails ready-made jewellery, a broad product range with a variety of designs and options, and a great showroom experience that meets the changing expectations of customers. Jewellery is an asset that may be owned for a lifetime and can be used as a kind of investment. As a result, customers increasingly expect after-sales services such as product buyback at fair market value, billing transparency, and product customisation, among other things. Such expectations involve the provision of services in addition to product selling, and organised players are better positioned to combine these services to meet this



need. In addition, well-organized jewellers provide ready-to-wear items, reducing customer wait times. As a result of its capacity to provide a superior retailing experience, demand for jewellery has moved in the favour of organised jewellers.

KEY CHALLENGES FOR JEWELLERY IN INDIA

• Shortage of skilled labor:

One of the key reasons for the incapacity of firms in this industry to scale up their operations is the scarcity of trained people. To have access to a larger talent pool, the supply of craftsmen/artisans that come through generations must be supplemented by new talents who have been professionally taught. Moreover, the industry's on-the-job training strategy results in lengthier training times and gaps in the availability of industry best practises and standardisation, particularly in the fragmented sector. This is compounded by infrastructural deficiencies, lesser need for institution-trained personnel in the fragmented sector, and the industry's limited appeal to the younger generation of workers.

• Changing customer preferences:

Exporters do not have enough design development centres or the resources to constantly innovate new designs to keep up with changing trends among international purchasers. In the setting of very high diamond, gold, and silver prices, global marketing necessitates a shifting fashion of gems and jewellery. According to market demand, manufacturers can produce specific types of gems and jewellery products. However, as a result of the changing trend, demand for certain types of products began to decline and eventually ceased. The manufacturer's money is blocked and this results in a pile-up of unsold stock.

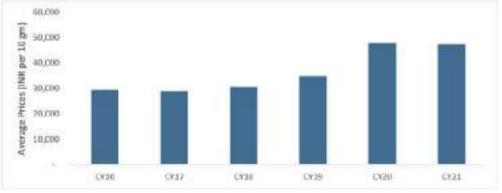
• Dependency on imports for raw materials:

The availability of raw materials is crucial to the gems and jewellery business. In India, a large percentage of raw materials are imported, and supply is limited. The raw material is transformed into finished goods that are sold on the international market. Rough diamonds, as a raw material, account for more than half of all imports (66%). The total rough diamond imports in FY21 were approximately USD 10,915 million. India imports rough diamonds primarily from Belgium, the United Kingdom, Israel, and the United Arab Emirates, among other countries.

India is a net importer in gold market. The total gold imported by India in FY21 was INR 25, 42, 885 million. Gold is imported from Switzerland, South Africa, the United Arab Emirates, and Australia, among other countries. Raw pearls, precious and semi-precious stones, and other items are imported from Belgium, the United Kingdom, and Hong Kong, among other places.



Annual Gold prices trend



Source: CMIE

• Imbalanced growth:

Cut and polished diamonds, gold and non-gold jewellery, coloured gemstones, pearls, costume/fashion jewellery, rough diamonds, and synthetic stones are all part of the gems and jewellery industry. The industry's distinguishing feature is that increased thrust is on the diamonds segment. The value of cut & polished diamonds alone accounts for about 65% of all gem and jewellery exports. As a result, it is imperative to focus on maximising the export potential of other stones and jewellery.

IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC ON THE GEMS & JEWELLERY INDUSTRY

The share of gems & jewellery in India's exports hovered in the range of 13-15 per cent in the early years of the preceding decade and came down to 11.5 per cent during the pre-pandemic year of 2019-20. This decline was primarily on account of muted demand across the globe, tightening of lending to gems & jewellery manufacturers and exporters by banks following a large scam in 2018 and the withdrawal of the benefit of the Generalised System of Preference (GSP) by the USA.

The problems faced by the industry aggravated following the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic in China. The spread of the pandemic across the globe resulted in a contraction in demand for gems and jewellery exported by India. The nationwide lockdown beginning the last week of March 2020 brought manufacturing and trading activity to a complete halt. This led to cancellation of business events, deferment of orders placed and problems with receiving payments for orders serviced. The twin impact of the pandemic on demand and supply resulted net exports of the industry contracting by 81.07 % to USD 950.8 million during April – May 2020. During the period, exports of cut and polished diamonds, the largest contributor to overall gems & jewellery exports, contracted to USD 903.4 million from USD 3,511.6 million during the corresponding year-ago period, GJEPC data showed. Exports of gold jewellery shrunk from USD 2,007.2 million to just USD 61.3 million over the same period.

Particulars	2020-21	2021-22	Y-o-Y Growth
	USD million	USD million	%
Cut and polished diamonds	16289	24,434	50%
Total gold jewellery	5040	9,255	84%
Gross Exports	25506	39,527	55%
Net exports	20910	32,130	54%

Exports of gems & jewellery



Source: Gems & Jewellery Trade Statistics for March 2022 – GJEPC

The gradual easing of lockdown restrictions and intermittent lockdowns across states helped resume manufacturing activity and trade of gems & jewellery. However, fears surrounding a second wave, the acute financial stress caused by the pandemic, increased need for saving liquid cash kept a lid on the domestic demand for gold jewellery.

International gold prices reached new heights in 2021 following rising global uncertainties due to the pandemic. Gold prices rose continuously for eight consecutive months and crossed the USD 2,000 per troy ounce mark in August 2020. Gold prices began easing in the following months on account of successful trials of coronavirus vaccines, Joe Biden's win of the US elections, and recoveries in yields of government bonds of major economies. This rise in gold prices also dampened the demand for gold jewellery by retail consumers. Additionally, jewellery stores remained shut during the crucial wedding season during summer. This coincided with the auspicious occasion of Akshaya Tritiya, which usually sees higher purchases of gold and jewellery. Companies offered attractive schemes and discounts to customers after the lockdowns were lifted, but the impact of these offers was minimum as the demand continued to remain weak.

Exports of gems and jewellery charted a different story. With importing countries recovering in the second half of the 2020 calendar year, the release of pent-up demand led to exports picking up pace. The recovery in our export markets coincided with their festive seasons and this also contributed to an improvement in exports. Gross exports of gems and jewellery began recording growth on a sequential basis from November 2020 onwards.

RECENT TRENDS IN RETAILING OF GEMS AND JEWELLERY INDUSTRY IN INDIA

• Availability of accredited/ hallmark jewellery

Hallmarking is a regulated method of certifying the purity of gold articles. Effective from 15th January 2021, the Government has mandated hallmarking of gold jewellery and artefacts. Currently, there are over 950 hallmarking centres in the country. The Government is planning to set up more gold jewellery hallmarking centres to speed up the process of stamping bullion and ensuring that jewellery buyers receive the preferred level of purity.

According to the Ministry of Consumer Affairs, mandatory hallmarking has been effectively implemented with around ₹ 3 lakh gold goods being hallmarked with HUID (Hallmark Unique Identification) on a daily basis. The Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) has now created provision for the common consumers to have the purity of their un-hallmarked gold jewellery tested at any of the BIS authorized Assaying and Hallmarking Centres (AHCs). This facilitation by the Government is provided for the protection of consumers. The BIS will launch a system that will provide unique identifying numbers to each piece of jewellery, which helps in identifying the purity of the article that can help in reselling it.

• Buyback Schemes

Certain banks may be authorized to buy back gold coin if it is sold by them. This is done to increase the liquidity of gold coin. Bullion refiner MMTC-PAMP launched a buy-back and exchange offer for gold. The buyback scheme allows the sellers to receive the maximum value of gold through direct bank transfer or in the form of a pure gold bar with 9999, 999 and 995 purity upon paying a nominal transaction fee. To ensure transparency and smooth verification process, MMTC uses technology in which the seller can track the system to determine the actual value of the gold jewellery, coins and bars. MMTC also ensures that the individuals who sell gold



will receive the maximum worth of their gold through the process.

The present Metals and Minerals Trading Corporation (MMTC) buyback conditions should be accepted by banks and all other sellers. The MMTC buyback plan for gold coin does not extend to specified banks.

Type of Product	Value
Gold Jewellery	96% - 98% value of benchmark gold rate
Diamond Jewellery	96%-97% value of benchmark gold rate and 80%
	value of invoice value of diamonds
Uncut Jewellery	96% value of benchmark gold rate & 70% invoice
	value of uncut diamonds
Precia or Precious stone jewellery	96%-98% value of benchmark gold rate & 70%
(Ruby, Sapphire, Emerald)	invoice value of precious stone
Platinum Jewellery	96%-100% value of benchmark platinum rate and
	80%-90% of diamond value
Gold coins	96%-97% value of benchmark gold rate
Making charge, other stones and	Buyback is not applicable
taxes	

Details of Buyback values offered by various jewellers in the market

• Monthly investment plans

A gold savings scheme is similar to a regular bank deposit, except that the end goal is to buy gold. As a result, conventional gold saving plans allow consumers to deposit a set amount of money in instalments for a set period of time. At the end of the term, the depositor can acquire gold from the relevant jeweller for the amount of total deposit. These monthly investment plans/ gold saving schemes offered by the jewellers are not regulated by regulatory bodies such as Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

The saving scheme does not provide interest on the amount invested, unlike a recurring deposit plan. As a result, jewellers add a bonus to the total amount deposited to compensate for the interest loss. These plans are provided by well-known jewellers. However, the fundamental goal of these programs is to make gold purchase easier and more economical. Joyalukkas Easy Buy Gold Purchase Plan, Tanishq Golden Harvest Scheme, GRT Golden Eleven Flexi Plan, Malabar Gold & Diamonds Smart Buy Scheme, Purchase Advance Scheme by Kalyan Jewellers are some of the investment plans which are offered to the customers in India.

Availability of customization

Personalized jewellery was in huge demand in the recent years, but after the recent outbreak of Covid19, people have been showing more interest in it as they seek meaningful jewellery. When individuals put on their customized jewellery item that is in the form of their initials or a date which means a lot to them, it instantly empowers them as it has a deep meaning and describes a situation or a story. The companies are innovating new designs that are stylish and practical to satisfy the expectations of modern women. Jewellery can be designed in a way such that it can be utilized and worn in multiple ways. Quality of the product will be greater focus when requirements are specified.

Recently, a startup company, ThreeKit has been successful in providing good online experience for the customers in the jewellery businesses. It generates spectacular 3D and augmented



reality for ecommerce with the goal of enhancing the landscape and giving better customer experiences for shoppers and business clients all around the world. Customers may design and preview their ideal jewellery real rime, customizing and personalizing a picture of their selected design ring, which allows them to preview their customized jewellery before purchasing.

This type of personalization is likely to be the future of the jewellery business in India. Many jewellery brands are keen on providing such services to their targeted audience. To provide a better shopping experience, companies are investing more resources into customization. This has been successful in retaining existing customers and inviting new customers for purchase. Customization availability in jewellery businesses has proven to be one of the most effective Conversion Rate Optimization technique (a method which helps in boosting sales conversions through an application or website.

• Requirement of PAN card for purchase

The Government of India has made presenting PAN card details for gold purchases of Rs 2 lakh and above mandatory. The regulation had an influence on the organized jewellery sector, affecting more than half of the business value. Prior to 1st January, 2016, PAN data was only necessary for purchases of Rs 5 lakh or more. Many consumers who did not have PAN cards faced difficulty acquiring gold. People who did not have PAN cards, as well as those who did not want to disclose PAN details went to unorganized retailers to purchase jewellery without bills.

Details one should consider about PAN details for gold purchase:

- If a person is purchasing gold worth more than ₹ 2 lakhs, they must provide their PAN details.
- The buyer's identity will be traded as PAN.
- A tax rate is set, and it must be collected and deposited with the government.
- Providing PAN information is a way of establishing one's financial identity.

OUTLOOK FOR GEMS & JEWELLERY INDUSTRY IN INDIA

The gems & jewellery industry is expected to register a quick recovery and an acceleration in growth in the coming years. The growth is likely to be driven by resilience in demand, particularly during the festive and wedding seasons, sustained demand from exports and growth of larger jewellers across the country. The economic recoveries of key markets will also support overseas demand for jewellery manufacturers. However, we expect the growth to be skewed in the favour of larger players who are projected to grow at a faster pace than smaller, unorganized firms mainly on account of continued financial and operational stress experienced by unorganized firms due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Well-established companies are also expected to benefit from an online presence that will cater to the demand from the younger population belonging to bigger cities. The overall industry is projected to grow at a compounded annual growth rate of 5-7 per cent over the next three years.

Diamonds segment -

The diamonds segment is expected to see a continued growth in demand on account of a recovery in key export markets. The cut & polished diamonds industry mainly caters to demand from the US, Hong Kong and the Middle East. Data published by the GJEPC showed that exports of gems and jewellery during FY22 crossed the pre-pandemic levels recorded in FY20. Exports of cut and polished diamonds increased by nearly 30 per cent in FY22 over FY20 and are likely to continue on their growth trajectory.



The growth in exports is likely to strengthen going forward due to the return of pre-pandemic level of spending, higher footfalls at retail outlets, and the removal of Covid-19 related restrictions across the globe. Resumption in weddings and festive celebrations that were paused for two years during the pandemic will resume pace and this is likely to translate into higher demand for cut and polished diamonds.

While the industry is likely to benefit from resurgence in demand, the impact of budgetary initiatives is likely to be limited. Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman, in the Budget 2022-23, announced lowering of import duty on cut and polished diamonds to 5% from 7.5% to further boost the sector. This is expected to offer limited relief as cut and polished diamonds make only 5% of the total imports whereas the unpolished diamonds that comprise the rest of the market have not witnessed any change in the import duty of 10%.

Gold jewellery segment -

a) Budgetary announcements -

In Budget 2022-23, there was no change announced in the import duty of gold. However, in the previous budget, the import duty was cut down to 7.5% from 12.5%, however in addition to this, infrastructure and social welfare cess of 3.25% is added and GST of 3% on gold is added, which take the total duty to 13.75% for the final customer. The Government also plans to facilitate export of jewellery through e-commerce for which a simplified regulatory framework would be implemented by June this year. Also, to disincentivize import of undervalued imitation jewellery, the custom duty on imitation jewellery is being prescribed in a manner that a duty of at least ₹ 400 per kg is paid on its import.

b) Domestic demand for gold jewellery expected to ramp up

Most of the demand for gold jewellery comes from the domestic market. Here, the demand is driven by rural India. The domestic demand for gold jewellery is projected to be strong due to the prospects of a good harvest following a favourable monsoon and reasonable progress on the sowing front. While any variants of the coronavirus do pose a minor threat to demand, we expect the impact of future variants to be less intense due to significant progress of the vaccination drive and the low intensity of the recent Omicron variant. Jewellers are also expected to ramp up their online and offline presence while introducing different varieties to cater to changing trends of consumers. Resumption in work from office and socializing is also expected to propel the demand for lightweight jewellery through a combination of online and traditional channels, but high-value wedding jewellery will witness growth through brick-and-mortar outlets.

The domestic demand for jewellery is expected to pick up significantly during the year especially during the December quarter when the kharif harvest season will coincide with most festivals and the wedding season. Besides, elevated gold prices following geopolitical tensions have not dampened the demand for gold. Jewellery retailers are estimated to have clocked strong sales during the Akshaya Tritiya. Additionally, gold prices are likely to ease gradually with some progress on resolution of geopolitical tensions, which will bode well for the volume growth of the jewellery industry. The continued momentum in demand for gold jewellery, coupled with increased footprint of organized players is projected to result in an upswing in the growth of the industry in the medium term.



KEY REGULATIONS IMPACTING THE GEMS & JEWELLERY INDUSTRY IN INDIA

FDI NORMS

The gems & jewellery industry is the second Foreign Exchange Earner (FEE) in the Indian economy. India is known as the hub of the global jewellery due to its low costs, high population of skilled labour, and other privileges like tax exemptions etc. There are various Government policies that support the cutting and polishing of diamonds industry. The industry got the permit of 100% Foreign Direct Investment under the automatic route, where the foreign investors do not have to seek RBI's approval for investment purpose.

This sector has become a focus area for promoting exports. The Indian Government has taken various initiatives for investment promotion and technology upgradation. The country is looking forward to build a 'Brand India' in the global market because of its growth prospects. The Government of India's decision to bring the FDI in retail market expedited the growth in organized jewellery sector. This opened an opportunity to millions of people for jobs in various departments like logistics, repackaging centres, distribution channels, housekeeping, security etc. FDI has been one of the key drivers in uplifting the jewellery sector and contributes towards the overall development of the economy.

IMPACT OF GST ON THE SECTOR

The change in tax rate on gold from 1% to 3% due to introduction of GST had a critical impact in the jewellery industry. Prior to GST, gold attracted 2% price constituting of service tax and value added tax (VAT) of 1% each.

In India, majority of the jewellery deals take place in unorganized sector which gives sellers the benefit to save taxes on selling gold. This might result in purchase of gold that is cheaper but low in quality. There are chances for gold smuggling as well. Increase in customs duty tax is one of the major factors behind gold smuggling.

During the Covid-19 pandemic, the gold prices have risen intermittently and this led to a large possibility to smuggle gold. India is rich in culture and traditions and it is believed that gifting or purchasing gold on auspicious days is often considered as a positive sign. Due to this higher demand, gold is smuggled from places where the value is cheaper because of low taxes. The organized sector, which is makes up nearly 30% in the jewellery sector, has seen a significant impact on trading of gold. Currently, 3% GST is levied on the gold jewellery. Due to the high tax rates, the sellers in the organized sector are most likely to shift to the unorganized sector. Also, the increase in GST has generated more possibility of gold smuggling among the vendors. While the Government is attempting to bring clarity and transparency in gold trade through GST, it has led to hefty payments of tax for consumers.

GOLD IMPORT NORMS BY THE RBI

The RBI purchases gold frequently from other countries for its reserves. This is used as a safe investment tool in case of inflation and brings stability among overall reserves of the central bank during that inflationary period. Gold is usually bought in the form of gold bars.

Gold in the form of Gold ETFs, Sovereign Gold Bonds (SGBs) and digital gold has been promoted by RBI enormously. However, this has not affected the demand for physical gold. With the increase in gold price, investors have begun to concentrate on long term gold returns. Due to high demand, the RBI started importing more gold and the gold which is in the form of SGB or digital gold will be stored in their warehouses. Also, with the increasing demand for gold due to festivities, wedding season etc., there will be furthermore push in domestic gold imports. This might have severe impact on current



account deficit if the country's imports exceed exports. This will have an adverse effect on balance of payments and may contribute to slowdown of economy.

LATEST BUDGET PROVISIONS FOR THE GEMS AND JEWELLERY INDUSTRY IN INDIA

The latest Union Budget policy 2022-23, announced by the finance Minister, Nirmala Sitharaman had some new provisions in the gems and jewellery industry. They are as follows:

Reduction in customs duty on cut and polished diamonds and gemstones:

The Government has provided relaxation to diamond traders by reducing the customs duty from 7.5% to 5% on cut and polished diamonds along with gemstones. This will not only provide relief to diamond traders in the jewellery industry but also encourage consumers to invest in diamonds and coloured gemstones apart from fixed deposits, real estate, gold and other conventional investment alternatives. It brings positive impact at multiple levels in the industry.

Facilitation of jewellery exports via e-commerce:

India is the global leader in this industry and its exports were affected adversely due to the Covid19 pandemic. The Government has aided to promote the export sector by accelerating the exports through e-commerce and a simplified regulatory framework for the same will be implemented by June, 2022. As a result, it will increase the international customer database, which will boost the sales, as the international customers will have easy access in terms of purchase. This will boost the sector growth by elevating exports of gems and jewellery and the industry is expected to rebounce in they can keep a check on felonious trade transactions of gold and diamonds.

Regulation of online market:

The continuous efforts to boost the industry by the government will also see a regulation of gems and jewellery market in the online platform. This system will facilitate in monitoring of transactions and protection of data in today's digital world where there is a large space for fraudulent activities to take place. This also helps in rural economy development. At last, it also builds the confidence of the customers while following fair and transparent trade practices.

These provisions are expected to bring a positive change and help in the overall growth of the economy. The reforms initiated by the government will enhance the operations in the Indian market and provide a platform to compete against other jewellery dealers in the global level.

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS (BIS) SCHEME FOR HALLMARKING OF JEWELLERY IN INDIA

Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) is a hallmarking scheme under BIS Act, Rules and Regulations for jewellery in India. The hallmark on the jewellery indicates the quality of jewellery and it protects the interest of consumers by having quality checks on jewellery. BIS conducts random market surveillance on accredited jewellers at set intervals. This involves collecting hallmarked gold jewellery from a licensee's retail store or manufacturing facility and having it examined for compliance at a BIS-accredited hallmarking centre. BIS has also advanced an online digital solution in which the assaying and hallmarking centre is automated.



The hallmarking on the jewellery builds a trust in the consumers as it gives them a sense of purity in carats. As a result, they tend to buy more and more jewellery from trusted brands which increases the sales of the jewellery. With the introduction of the scheme, not only customers but also the owners of jewellery outlets got benefitted. Bureau of Indian Standards scheme has been successful in uplifting the gems and jewellery industry.



OUR BUSINESS

Some of the information in this section, including information with respect to our plans and strategies, contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. See the chapter titled **"Forward Looking Statements"** beginning on page 23 for a discussion of the risks and uncertainties related to those statements and **"Risk Factors"**, **"Restated Financial Statements"** and **"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"** beginning on pages 35, 224 and 289, respectively for a discussion of certain factors that may affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Our actual results may differ materially from those expressed in or implied by these forward-looking statements.

Our Company's Fiscal year commences on April 1 and ends on March 31 of the immediately subsequent year, and references to a particular Fiscal are to the 12 months ended March 31 of that particular year. Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, the financial information for Fiscals 2020, 2021 and 2022 included herein is derived from the Restated Financial Statements, included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. For further information, see the chapter titled **"Restated Financial Statements"** beginning on page 224.

Unless the context otherwise requires, in this section, references to "we", "us", "our", "the Company" or "our Company" refers to Motisons Jewellers Limited.

The industry-related information contained in this section is derived from the **CareEdge Research Report** which is commissioned and paid for by our Company in connection with the Issue. For further details and risks in relation to the commissioned report, see "**Risk Factors No. 28 – Certain sections of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus disclose information from the industry report which has been commissioned and paid for by us exclusively in connection with the Issue and any reliance on such information for making an investment decision in the Issue is subject to inherent risks.**" on page 53.

OVERVIEW

We are a Jewellery retail player with a history of more than 2 decades in the jewellery industry having experienced entrepreneurs as our Promoters with more than 20 years of experience. Our jewellery business includes the sale of jewellery made of gold, diamond, kundan and sale of other jewellery products that include pearl, silver, platinum, precious, semi-precious stones and other metals. Our other offerings include gold and silver coins, utensils and other artifacts. We commenced our business through a partnership firm '*M*/s Motisons Jewellers' in 1997 which was subsequently converted into public limited company in 2011 and currently have presence across multiple prominent locations in Jaipur, Rajasthan.

We started our jewellery business in 1997 with a single showroom in Jaipur, Rajasthan. Our first outlet, famously known as the '*Traditional Store*' was set up amidst the famous lanes of the busiest Johri Bazaar, renowned jewellery hub in the heart of the city. This Johri Bazaar showroom displaying gold and diamond jewellery was approx. 304 sq. ft. in area which was expanded to 1355 sq. ft. by 2002 with growth in the business. We have, since then, expanded our network of showrooms and the product portfolio and currently operate 4 showrooms under the "*Motisons*" brand, located across the city of Jaipur. The flagship store '*Motisons Tower*' is located at the high street of Tonk Road, Jaipur. The showroom at Tonk Road spans in an area of approx. 11,700 Sq Ft and has 3 floors with a dedicated floor space for silver, gold, and diamond jewellery respectively. The most recent outlet, opened in the year 2021, is situated in the affluent neighborhood in the southwestern part of Jaipur at Vaishali Nagar.

In addition to selling products at our showrooms, we also sell our products through our online



platform at <u>https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/</u>. We launched our website in the year 2011 and online sales commenced from 2018 for younger and more digitally savvy customers who can browse our catalogue based on preferences, collections and designs, and purchase the jewellery directly and have it delivered to their homes. We also arrange virtual appointments to assist our customers. Products generally offered through online marketplaces are diverse and not available in the showrooms.

We primarily source finished jewellery from third party manufacturing vendors located across India. This includes all types of jewellery made of gold, diamond and other precious and semi precious stones. Additionally, to cater to the increasing demand in the market, we also engage artisans on job work basis and have our own manufacturing facilities located in Jaipur, Rajasthan for diamond and gem stone studded jewellery. We outsource the work of making ornaments to various artisans with whom we have developed strong relationships. We offer a large variety of handcrafted jewellery, which are designed and manufactured by our in-house designers in close collaboration along with skilled local craftsman located across the country. To ensure optimum prices and mitigate the risk of suppliers' concentration, we procure raw materials from various suppliers across the country. This procurement process enables us to offer a wide range of products.

Our product profile includes traditional, contemporary and combination designs across jewellery lines, for special occasions such as weddings and festivals to daily wear jewellery for all ages, genders and across various price points. Our offerings include gold jewellery, diamond jewellery and other silverware from handmade Indian ethnic to the cutting-edge styles of the urban world. Our gold, diamond and other jewellery inventory in each showroom reflects customer preferences and designs. Our focus on design and innovation, our ability to recognize consumer preferences and market trends, the intricacy of our designs and the quality of our products are our key strengths. We have a dedicated design team, focused on developing new products and designs that meet customers' requirements. In addition, our access to a range of contract manufacturers that are generally smaller, localized jewellery manufacturers from various parts of India allows us to offer a diverse product range. We also customize jewellery for individual needs.

Our experience of close to two decades has enabled us to build an effective business model that gives us control over our processes from raw material procurement, design, manufacturing and marketing to sales through our network. Our business model allows us to monitor and control the quality of our products on the supply side, and provides us the ability to respond quickly to our customers' needs and preferences on the demand side. Our diamond jewellery is certified by various agencies including IGI, GIA and IDT. As per the demand of customers, we also provide our internal certifications. All our gold and silver jewellery products in line are hallmarked by BIS as per the details given below, except gold jewellery weighing less than two grams, which does not require to be hallmarked:

S.No.	Showroom Address	Type of	License No.	IS No.	Validity
		Hallmarking			Date
1.	Shop No. 270, 271, 272 and 276 Johari	Gold	8376691	IS 1417	31.08.2023
	Bazaar, Jaipur				
2.	SB-110, Jaipur Nagar Chokdi Haveli City,	Gold	2513342	IS 1417	15.07.2023
	Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Shivad Area, Jaipur				
3.	F-33, Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur	Gold	8490324322	IS 1417	06.12.2026
4.	Shop No. 270, 271, 272 and 276 Johari	Silver	8400023908	IS 2112	31.08.2023
	Bazaar, Jaipur				
5.	SB-110, Jaipur Nagar Chokdi Haveli City,	Silver	8400024009	IS 2112	15.07.2023
	Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Shivad Area, Jaipur				

The following table provides a breakdown of our revenue from operations by product category in the



(₹ in Lakhs)							
Cotogony	FY 202	1-22	FY 2020-2021		FY 2019-2020		
Category	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	
(A) Manufacturing Sales*							
 Diamond and Gem Stone Studded Jewellery 	241.46	0.77%	29.30	0.14%	143.17	0.65%	
- Gold Jewellery	1,758.12	5.59%	708.39	3.33%	330.30	1.51%	
- Silver jewellery and articles	1,017.56	3.24%	725.38	3.40%	697.45	3.19%	
Total (A)	3,017.14	9.60%	1,463.06	6.87%	1,170.92	5.35%	
(B) Trading Sales							
- Gold Jewellery	23,561.54	74.96%	16,303.14	76.53%	17,437.48	79.64%	
- Diamond and Gem Stone Studded Jewellery	3,315.59	10.55%	2,318.41	10.88%	2,230.96	10.19%	
- Silver jewellery and articles	1,444.89	4.60%	1,138.76	5.35%	1,029.77	4.70%	
- Diamond and other stones	93.50	0.30%	76.65	0.36%	25.18	0.12%	
Total (B)	28,415.52	90.40%	19,837.27	93.12%	20,723.39	94.65%	
(C) Others (Job Work Income)	0.34	0.00%	3.68	0.02%	-	0.00%	
TOTAL	31,433.00	100%	21,304.01	100.00%	21,894.31	100.00%	

relevant periods:

*Includes products manufactured in the Company's units as well as on job-work basis. Note: Percentage of total Revenue from Operations

Our Company is managed by our promoters, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, the Chairman & Whole Time Director, son of Late Mr. Moti Lal Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, the Managing Director, son of Late Mr. Moti Lal Chhabra, who have experience of more than two decades each in the jewellery industry. The Promoters hail from a business family and started with a strong vision to take the jewellery division to an all-new level in the retail sector. Their relationships with our suppliers, customers and other industry participants have been instrumental in implementing our growth strategies. Our Promoters continues to remain actively involved in our operations and brings to our Company their vision and leadership which we believe has been instrumental in sustaining our business operations and as a result, today the brand successfully operates from 4 prominent locations in Jaipur. Over the years, our management team has helped scale our operations and includes professionals with extensive experience in the retail and jewellery industry as well as finance and marketing.

We have also been granted various awards by reputable agencies for our quality and designs such as the ones mentioned below:

Year	Events							
2016	Certificate of Honour by Retail Jewellers Guild Awards UBM in the Category Store of the Year							
	Chain Store-Less than 10 Stores							
	Certificate of Honour in 9 th Jewellery Design Awards "Tradition Meets the Contemporary"							
	powered by Gemological Institute of America ("GIA") for First Price in Student Category.							
2017	Certificate of Honour by UBM for the category of Most Innovative Marketing Campaign Radio							
2018	Certificate of Honour by Retail Jewellers Guild Awards UBM in the Category Store of the Year							
	Standalone Store more than 5000 sq. ft.							
	Award for Best Necklace Design under ₹ 10,00,000 powered by Gemological Institute of							
	America ("GIA")							
	Award for India's Coolest Store in North Region – Large Format							
	Award for India's Most Preferred Jewellers powered by UBM							
	Award in 11 th Jewellery Design Awards Gemstone powered by Jewellers Association Show							
	("JAS") in open to all category							



Year	Events						
	Award from Jewellery Eminence Awards ("JEA") for Best Bridal Design over ₹ 15,00,000						
2019	Retailer of the Year award by the Jewellery World Awards ("JWA") (formerly known as JNA)						
	Trusted Brand Award by Consumers World						
	Certificate of Honour from the Rajasthan Government for the Best Decoration of						
	Shop/Showroom in Deepawali Mahotsav, 2019						
2020	Award from Jewellery Eminence Awards ("JEA") for Best Polki Bangle/Bracelit of the Year						
	Award from Jewellery Eminence Awards ("JEA") for Best Diamond Necklace of the Year						
	(Below ₹ 8,00,000)						

Our large format showrooms allow for better unit economics, contributing to our revenue from operations and EBITDA Margin. We have grown our operations over the years without raising external capital. The following table sets forth certain key performance indicators for the periods indicated:

				(₹ in lakhs)
Category	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-2021	FY 2019-2020	CAGR
Revenue from Operations	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.31	12.81%
EBIDTA ⁽¹⁾	3,874.77	3,112.31	2,364.47	17.90%
EBIDTA Margin (%) ⁽²⁾	12.33%	14.61%	10.80%	4.51%
PAT	1,474.72	967.17	316.36	67.05%
PAT Margin (%) ⁽³⁾	4.69%	4.54%	1.44%	48.08%
ROE ⁽⁴⁾	13.63%	10.05%	3.50%	57.33%
ROCE ⁽⁵⁾	13.09%	11.30%	8.63%	14.90%

1. EBITDA is calculated as restated PAT for the year, plus total tax expenses, exceptional items, finance costs and depreciation and amortization expenses, less interest on income tax.

2. EBITDA Margin is calculated as EBITDA as a percentage of revenue from operations.

3. PAT Margin is calculated as restated PAT for the year as a percentage of revenue from operations.

4. ROE is calculated as restated PAT for the year divided by average shareholder's equity.

5. ROCE is calculated as EBIT divided by capital employed.

OUR STRENGTHS

We believe that we are well positioned to capture market opportunities and benefit from the expected growth in the jewellery market through our competitive strengths, which principally includes the following:

We have a strong brand name with heritage and a legacy of over two decades

We have a proven track record of approx. 25 years. Over the years, we have grown significantly and have established our brand '*Motisons*'. We offer a wide-ranging collection of antique finished, pearl, kundan and diamond jewellery. We initially started our operations as a partnership firm in 1997 in the name of '*M/s Motisons Jewellers*' and was converted into public limited company in 2011.

Our strength lies in the wide variety of designs offered by jewellery designers wherein we develop our own creations and specialty designs according to the latest tastes and preferences of customers. We believe in continuing to innovate and strive for new benchmarks in quality, creativity and design.

We hallmark all our gold products to ensure quality and purity of products, which is in line with the quality and purity metrics as prescribed by BIS. We have also installed checks to provide assurance to customers for the hallmarked gold jewellery sold by us at all our showrooms and follow stringent and transparent purity checks to ensure quality of our jewellery before being sold to our customers. Most of the gold used as raw material by us is sourced from authorised bullion dealers and loose diamonds are mostly procured from reputed sight holders and the manufacturing of jewellery is carried out



either by the skilled Karigars in or by organised manufacturers in Mumbai, Delhi, Surat, Kolkata, etc. or in house at our manufacturing facility at Jaipur. All diamond jewellery and loose diamonds we sell are certified by IGI, GIA and IDT.

We believe that our commitment to quality and transparency has enabled us to position "Motisons Jewellers" as a strong and trusted brand in the market in which we operate, as a jewellery retailer with a wide range of gold, silver and diamond jewellery products.

Strategic location of our showrooms

Jaipur, Rajasthan has been well-known for manufacturing of traditional jewellery. To leverage this opportunity and tap the growing historical jewellery retail market, we have rapidly expanded our retail network of strategically located stores in recent years across the city, which help us to achieve logistical convenience in inventory management. We have four (4) retail showrooms in Jaipur located in prime shopping region of Johari bazaar, Tonk road and Vaishali Nagar. Furthermore, our manufacturing facilities are located at Sitapura Industrial area and Bapu Nagar, Jaipur.

Diversified product portfolio across categories and price points

Our product portfolio comprises over 300,000+ jewellery designs, including a wide range of gold, diamond and other jewellery products across different price points. Our focus on design and innovation, our ability to recognize consumer preferences and market trends, the intricacy of our designs and the quality and finish of our products are amongst our key strengths. We have a wide range and variety of products and have been able to demonstrate our ability to recognize trends in the jewellery industry in order to cater to our customers. Further, we have products across various price points to cater to a variety of customers across high-end market, mid-market and value market segments, which are designed by a team of creative designers allowing us to manage a large and diverse portfolio of designs. We also customize jewellery for individual needs.

Over the years, we have launched many creative collections in gold, silver and diamond jewellery. We have introduced a range of jewellery collections, which are designed to cater to specific customer niches such as classic jewellery, contemporary jewellery and polki diamonds and precious stones jewellery. Each collection serves customers with different needs and preferences for different designs.

Our products cater to different occasions including special occasions, such as weddings and partywear, jewellery for personal milestones, fashion jewellery, festival jewellery, daily-wear jewellery, kid's jewellery and men's jewellery. We cater to customers across age groups, at various price points, which ensure that we are able to serve our customers across the entire lifecycle of their jewellery requirements. Our product profile includes traditional, contemporary and combination designs across jewellery lines, usages and price points. In addition to manufacturing our jewellery in-house, our access to a wide range of manufacturers who are smaller, localized jewellery manufacturers from various parts of India, allows us to offer a diverse product range. We actively engage with such manufacturers to ensure that the products are as per our specifications and suggested designs. Moreover, we purchase finished products from manufacturers and suppliers to grow our product range.

Established systems and procedure to mitigate risk and efficiencies

We have established systems and procedures for various facets of our business and operations including inventory management, order management, human resource management, finance and controls, CRM, data analytics, management processes and risk management.



<u>Efficient Inventory Management</u> - There is an efficient inventory management being done by the company where our inventory for each showroom is planned at the beginning of each year in amounts and quantity determined to achieve the desired sales and inventory turnover after considering factors including market potential and competition. Showroom staff can track the movement of daily sales through reports from software; and accordingly place orders for jewellery replenishment. All customized orders, repairs are monitored and tracked through an RFID Tag or barcode as part of our inventory management, we also rotate jewellery among different showrooms in an effort to increase inventory turnover and make minimal accumulation of slow-moving stock at showroom locations driven by data analysis and report generation. Future inventory forecasts are done with the help of data analysis and forecasting of trends. Our procurement team confirms the order from showrooms or based on system data and instructs our vendors to manufacture as per requirement of the showroom report and trend analysis to fill up the gap.

<u>Strong Technology Focus</u> - We have POS systems at all showrooms, which are integrated with our centralized RFID Tag system and use the RFID all showrooms and offices in order to maintain greater control over business operations such as inventory management, showroom management, accounting, logistics management and customer data storage, amongst others. Our CRM module is also system integrated whereby we are able to consolidate customer data and perform business analytics to forecast trends and to manage customers' journey from enquiry to purchase. We. also have backup support for all systems, and our database is protected by high security protocol. Further, our technology backed institutionalized processes provides end to end control from designing to retailing and all our showrooms operate on a common IT platform, including the billing and inventory management system.

<u>*Quality Control*</u> - Further, concerning the quality control, we stringently follow the hallmarking process for all our gold jewellery. We send all our jewellery to government-approved hallmarking centers who performs tests and analyses our jewellery in accordance with BIS norms. We have adopted hallmarking of our gold and silver jewellery. Our diamond jewellery and loose diamonds are is certified by various agencies including IGI, GIA and IDT.

Given that our inventory is produced by third party vendors (Karigars) who are engaged as jobworkers, we have implemented stringent two-stage quality control procedures to ensure standardized quality and purity of the products we sell. Jewellery produced is checked for physical defects, such as structural issues and inconsistencies in polishing and finishing, and is checked for purity with a gold testing machine and hallmarked from third party agencies. Further, the workshops of job-workers associated with us are subject to periodic audits to ensure compliance with quality and security requirements.

We also have a quality control department consisting of 21 employees as of August 31, 2022. We believe our commitment to stringent quality control has been critical to our success in the Indian jewellery industry and has contributed to customers associating our brand with trust and transparency.

<u>Procurement advantage</u> - Our operations integrate our sourcing, manufacturing and retail sales to provide us with several competitive advantages, including the ability to adjust our product range to continuously address shift in customer preferences, just in time inventory availability and changes in demand.

One of our key strengths lies in the meticulous craftsmanship of our in-house manufacturers. Not only our experienced manufacturers, but also the job-workers carry out a portion of the manufacturing of our jewellery. Further, the finished products purchased are also manufactured by skilled craftsmen across India. We believe that our scale of operations enables us to commit significant volumes of work



to the manufacturers, which in turn enables them to offer quality finished products to us at competitive prices while allowing us to maintain exclusivity of our designed jewellery. Additionally, we believe that this ensures that the said manufacturers devote a significant portion of their time towards fulfilling commitments to our Company. We seek to ensure lucrative business economics we engage, while in turn preserving artisanal techniques, legacy craftsmanship and creativity of the manufacturers.

Majority of the gold used as raw material by us is sourced from authorised bullion suppliers. Our diamonds are mostly procured from diamond traders and sight holders.

<u>Safety, Security and Surveillance Systems</u> - Safety, security and surveillance of our facilities and locations is a critical part of our business as well as risk management systems. At the end of every day, the entire stock at each of our showrooms is shifted to a secure strong room within the showrooms. Our factory and procurement departments are managed with our 24*7 CCTV surveillance. Additionally, all of our showrooms are equipped with night vision CCTV cameras, burglar alarms, fire management systems and remote sensors. Further, we have employed round the clock security personnel for providing security services at our showrooms and manufacturing units. Regular training and drill sessions are conducted for the security personnel effective deliverables. All intra and intercity dispatch of inventory is made through secured vehicle of our Company. A centralized control room checks and monitors multi-location cameras, CCTVs on pan-India basis, 24*7. Additionally, our block insurance, terrorism and cyber security insurance policies helps mitigate the risk of theft, fire or other damage to the inventory, offline or online.

Promoters with strong leadership and a demonstrated track record supported by a highly experienced and accomplished senior management team and board of directors

Our business is consumer-centric. Our promoters, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra have been associated with the jewellery industry for more than two decades and continues to provide strategic insights and overall direction to our business based on his long experience of understanding customer preferences and demands in the industry in which we operate. We have leveraged on our promoter's industry experience and reputation to create a strong brand in the jewellery sector in India, with a wide customer base. We are further supported by an experienced board of directors with diversified expertise which actively contributes to and participates in our strategy.

To strengthen our transition to a professionally managed business, we have an experienced and dedicated senior management team. Mr. Nawal Kishore Agrawal, President, Mr. Lalit Musal, President, Mr. Nirmal Gangwal, Vice President are an integral part of our senior management team and have been associated since inception. Our senior management team is responsible for the overall strategic planning and business development of our Company and has helped us in the expansion of our showroom network and developing and managing our online channel.

Most of the employees of our Company have been associated either since inception or have been serving for numerous years. Our major strength lies in retaining the employees once they are associated with our Company.

STRATEGIES

Continue to expand our retail network in a cost-efficient manner by leveraging our 'Motisons' brand

We intend to leverage the scalability of our operations and expertise in developing the branded jewellery market in India to grow our network in existing and newer geographies. We are currently present in Jaipur, Rajasthan but intend to deepen our penetration in regions where there could be



potential for further expansion due to the demand of jewellery in the region. We will continue to adopt a methodical approach in evaluating and selecting suitable locations for the establishment of new showrooms, such as local population density, rental lease rates, market potential, accessibility and proximity to our competitors. Our showrooms will be tailored to local preferences, with comprehensive offerings from our various product ranges, to target various customer and price segments as well as to provide custom-made jewellery.

Focus on expanding our product and brand portfolio to cater to existing portfolio gaps and increase our consumer reach

Our product portfolio comprises of extensive all-embracing jewellery designs, including a wide range of gold, diamond and other jewellery products. To maintain our operational efficiency, we intend to continue to develop our existing branded jewellery lines and introduce additional designs and seasonal product offerings to cater to our customers, and develop our diamond jewellery markets through expansion of our retail operations. We are continuing to explore opportunities to expand our range of sub-brands and to introduce new branded jewellery lines that are targeted at both specific customer niches as well as the luxury market. We also intend to leverage our goodwill associated with our existing brand, to further develop our various sub-brands in target markets and product segments in India. We intend to do so through expansion of our retail operations, continued marketing initiatives, promotional campaigns and advertising.

Leverage technology to grow our operations and focus on online channels

We aim to continue to increase our presence and establish ourselves in the digital space through our online platform. With the increasing use of the internet in India and the continued development of online channels, we expect that there will be a significant online market for the sale of jewellery, and as such, we have been able to extend our customer reach, capture market share and increase our sales through the digital mode with relatively lower investment. With the consistent development of our e-commerce platform, we expect increased revenues from the online channel. Our website complements our social media presence, allowing our brand more visibility and more exposure for an online presence, making up for those locations where we do not possess physical presence. Mirroring the global pattern, online penetration of organised jewellery retail is likely to increase over time. Most leading national players understand the growing importance of this trend and therefore, have started to invest in digital marketing and online sales. Our strategy is to increase our business through the digital platform and leverage our manufacturing capability thereby offering a seamless combination of both offline and online buying choice for customers.

Our manufacturing facility located at Jaipur, Rajasthan allows us to drive agile manufacturing processes using modern technologies such as CAD driven designing and laser cutting. The mechanization of a part of our manufacturing processes allows us to supply products to consumers after taking orders online or offline, thereby reducing delivery timelines and ensuring uniform quality across certain specified product types or categories.

Continue to invest in our marketing and brand building initiatives

Our marketing and promotion efforts seek to increase sales by increasing brand awareness that stimulates interest in our product range and entrenching our position in the Indian jewellery industry. The key marketing channels that we use on an ongoing basis include customer advertisements with specific coverage in local lifestyle, fashion magazines and events and newspapers, outdoor billboards and signage, radio advertisements etc. In Fiscals 2020, 2021, 2022, our spend towards our advertising and marketing activities was ₹88.71 Lakhs, ₹65.68 Lakhs and ₹115.14 Lakhs, and accounted for 0.41%, 0.30% and 0.37% of our revenue from operations in such periods. Going forward, our strategy is to



increasingly market our products to our millennial customers through digital media, such as social media websites, rather than focusing primarily on print media. We believe our branding strategy helps us to retain existing customers and attract new customers. We intend to continue investing in our marketing initiatives and brand building exercise, including advertising through various media and celebrity endorsements. We also continue to provide effective training for our sales personnel in sales techniques and product knowledge. We believe that effective marketing is important for future revenue growth, enhancing our brand visibility, to establish relationships with target markets and to sell our products in a competitive and cost-effective manner.

OUR BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Our business operations essentially center around sale of jewellery procured through third party manufacturing vendors, job-workers and jewellery manufactured through in-house manufacturing units. We conduct our jewellery business under the brand name *"Motisons"*.

PRODUCT OFFERINGS

Our Product Portfolio is as follows:



B. Diamond Jewellery



C. Kundan Polki Jewellery







At *Motisons*, we design, manufacture and sell a wide range of jewellery products at varying price points for uses ranging from jewellery for special occasions such as weddings, which is our highest sold product category, to daily-wear jewellery. We offer gold jewellery, studded jewellery (including diamond) and other jewellery (including platinum jewellery and silver jewellery). We also sell other products like costume jewellery and utensils made of silver and gold.

Within these product categories, we offer jewellery for personal milestones and occasions, fashion jewellery, festival jewellery, wedding jewellery, daily-wear jewellery and men's jewellery, with many different jewellery options, including rings, earrings, pendants, bracelets, necklaces, chains, waist bands and bangles. While we produce popular jewellery at scale, we also produce niche jewellery for specific target markets and consumer groups. Our broad product range enables us to cater to customers across age groups, socio-economic status levels and genders, and also allows us to cater to the needs of our customers at all stages of their lives, where we attempt to target customers at earlier stages of their life cycles and hence meet their jewellery needs over time. Furthermore, our jewellery is aimed at catering to local preferences in the geographies in which we operate, and we use local artisans as contract manufacturers to produce jewellery that aligns with local tastes. We also tailor our showrooms to showcase prominent displays of our studded jewellery, and in many cases, entire floors dedicated to diamond jewellery.

PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

JEWELLERY DESIGN

The designs for our jewellery are developed by us in-house based on our market insights from the regions in which we operate. We have a dedicated design team, comprising 5 designers as on August 31, 2022. Our marketing team uses insights relating to customer preferences and trends that they gain through extensive market research, data analytics and customer feedback to develop a strategy



and vision for new jewellery designs in line with these market trends and regional variations. We subsequently liaise with our network of traders to provide us with customized samples or prototypes. We review and consider such samples and select physical pieces to be created for a subset of the samples provided to us. Based on further review of the quality of the final samples submitted, we place production orders with these manufacturers to manufacture as per the decided designs.

PROCUREMENT OF RAW MATERIALS

We procure gold used in our jewellery from authorised bullion dealers and occasionally from customers directly. Our gold jewellery is mostly manufactured by independent jewellery manufacturers who procure gold and thus we do not supply them raw materials. We purchase the finished products directly as a part of our trading business. We also procure old gold from our customers to encourage repeat business and offer an opportunity for customers to acquire new jewellery of latest designs without having to invest again in gold. Customers sell their old jewellery to us based on the prevailing market price, which we subsequently use as raw materials for new jewellery. The gold purchased from customers is inspected and checked using our internal processes. We endeavor to buy the same quantity of gold during a period to match the amount of gold we sell during that period. This reduces our exposure to the volatility in the price of gold.

We purchase cut and polished diamonds and precious / semi-precious stones used in our studded jewellery outright from a number of suppliers in India. Similarly, we purchase raw silver for our jewellery from a number of suppliers. We also procure diamond and gem stone studded jewellery from organised independent jewellery manufacturers across India.

JEWELLERY TRADING

A large part of our sales pertains to finished products procured from independent jewellery manufacturers located across the country who have varied designs. These jewellery manufacturers provide us with customized samples or prototypes. We review and consider such samples and select physical pieces to be created for a subset of the samples provided to us and place production orders with them.

JEWELLERY MANUFACTURING

We have our own manufacturing facilities located in Jaipur, Rajasthan for diamond and gemstone studded jewellery. In addition to self-manufacturing, we leverage the expertise and experience through a network of local artisans as job worker who are able to implement our design specifications in line with customer preferences. Additionally, to cater to the increasing demand in the market, we also source jewellery from third party independent jewellery manufacturers across India. This allows us to stay relevant and our products to meet the demands and preferences in local markets.

In-house manufacturing

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, we have two manufacturing facilities located at the Sitapura Industrial Area, Special Economic Zone ("SEZ") for export related manufacturing and Bapu Nagar, Jaipur for domestic sales related manufacturing. The unit located in SEZ is used manufacturing for export related items, the same remains functional on limited basis as per export orders received by the Company.

Both these units are equipped in manufacturing diamond and gemstone studded jewellery as per orders received from showrooms and online platforms. This facility produces jewellery using manual methods as well as modern technologies such as CAD driven designing and laser cutting.



S.	Name	Address	Facility	Financial	Rated	Capacity	Efficiency
No.				Year	Capacity	Envisaged	(%)
					(Kg/annum)	(Kg/annum)	
1.	Manufacturing	G-103,104,107 & 108,	Stone studded	2021-22	400 Kg	43.206	10.80%
	unit – 1	Phase-II, Sitapura Indus.	gold Jewellery	2020-21	400 Kg	18.021	4.50%
		Area Jaipur-302020		2019-20	400 Kg	17.000	4.25%
		(Special Economic Zone)					
2.	Manufacturing	D-100, Siwar Area, Lal	Diamond,	2021-22	400 Kg	0.00	0.00%
	unit - 2	Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur-	Kundan and	2020-21	400 Kg	0.00	0.00%
		302015	Polki Jewellery	2019-20	400 Kg	0.00	0.00%

The details of our manufacturing facilities and the capacity are provided below:

Outsourcing manufacturing (Job-work)

We have entered into job-work arrangements with independent contractors who manufacture the jewellery based on designs and specifications according to local design trends and customer reviews as agreed upon with us. The raw materials are either supplied by us or are procured by the job-workers or partly supplied by us and partly procured by the job-workers. We specify the design and other specifications of the jewellery that we require.

By utilizing the expertise and experience of local artisans on job work basis who are able to implement our design specifications in line with preferences, we are able to cater to varying jewellery tastes and to compete effectively with both city and state-specific regional organised jewellery chains and unorganized local jewellers who have traditionally dominated local jewellery markets in India. Catering to local design preferences is an essential component for us with strength in a diverse set of regions across India.

We are engaged in the complete value chain of the manufacturing process from designing of jewellery to selling of finished products. In order to manufacture the jewellery sold in our showrooms, we are involved in designing of jewellery, procurement of raw materials and quality control of the finished products received. We engage with, pay making charges, and supply gold to manufacturers who manufacture gold jewellery to either our designs or to designs approved by us on job work basis. We also procure finished products from manufacturers and suppliers from across India who manufactures and supply jewellery to us based on our designs and specifications and with whom we have good relationships, adding to our inventory of jewellery pieces. This includes both gold jewellery and studded jewellery.

QUALITY CONTROL

Given that our inventory is produced by artisans, we have implemented stringent quality control practices to ensure we sell only quality products in line with the quality and purity metrics that we market to our customers. All jewellery that is produced is initially checked for physical defects, such as structural defects and inconsistencies in polishing and finishing and is checked for purity.

Gold Jewellery

All of the gold jewellery, except gold jewellery weighing less than two grams which is not required to be hallmarked, that we sell through our showrooms, is hallmarked by BIS. The hallmarking agencies test the purity of gold contained in the finished gold jewellery products and certifies such purity for each product.



Thereafter, prior to distribution to our showrooms, the hallmarked jewellery products are bar-coded and tagged. Details such as gold content, item code, description of the item, weight, the name of the supplier, and stone value are typically included in the bar-coding of the finished jewellery products.

Diamond Jewellery

Upon receipt of the finished diamond-studded jewellery, we conduct our quality control checks similar to that of our gold jewellery. Based on this test, the diamond jewellery is given a grade such as Flawless (FL), Internally Flawless (IF), Very Very Slightly Included (VVS), Very Slightly Included (VS), Slightly Included (SI, Included (I), etc. Further, we get our jewellery certified by various third-party agencies including IGI, GIA and IDT. The jewellery is subsequently bar-coded and packaged in a manner similar to the gold jewellery.

Other precious metal/stones-based jewellery

Our silver jewellery that we sell through our showrooms, is hallmarked by BIS. Other precious metal/stone-based jewellery is bar-coded and packaged prior to sale. We believe our commitment to stringent quality control has been critical to our success in the Indian jewellery industry and has contributed to customers associating our brand with trust and transparency.

PRICING AND TRANSPARENCY

Pricing and Promotion

The products in our showrooms generally have a predetermined making charge or value-added charge, although sales staff have some limited discretion to offer customers discounts based on preapproved discounts programmed in our inventory software. Our jewellery prices are programmed directly an RFID Tag. The prices are based mainly on our costs of production and costs of raw materials, as well as regulatory requirements like the applicable taxes and general market price trends. The price of the underlying gold component of our jewellery is based on prevailing market rates, accounting for the global market gold price (which is generally quoted in U.S. Dollars) and the relative value of the Indian Rupee. Our production charges and margins are determined by our senior management team.

Transparency in Quality and Pricing

Since our inception, we have emphasized the importance of fair-trade practices by focusing on building consumer trust through transparency in our jewellery quality and pricing. We have been selling only BIS hallmarked jewellery, which is independently verified for purity by government-approved agencies in accordance with BIS norms. All of our jewellery items are accompanied by a detailed pricing tag disaggregating the various components, setting forth a break-up including the weight of the relevant jewellery item (comprising both the weight of the metal and any stones, given the large pricing differential between these components), the stone price, and the making charges being levied on the jewellery. Moreover, our sales staff is trained to be forthright with customers and to develop customer trust with the aim of winning repeat business rather than focusing on a one-time sale. With each purchase, we also provide and explain to our customers the product certification which assures purity, offers lifetime product maintenance, identifies exchange and buy-back terms and provides a detailed product description.



SALES LOCATIONS

Showroom Network

Current, our Company has four showrooms located across prime locations in Jaipur, Rajasthan all of which are operated and managed by our Company. Set forth below is a summary:

S. No	Location	Leased/ Owned	Approx. Built- up Area <i>(Sq. Ft.)</i>
1.	SB-110, Jaipur Nagar Chokdi Haveli City, Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Shivad Area, Jaipur	Leased	11,700
2.	Shop No. 270, 271, 272, Johari Bazaar, Jaipur	Leased	1,355.61
3.	Shop No. 276 and 2444, Gheewalo ka raasta, Johari Bazar, Jaipur	Leased	844.75
4.	F-33, Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur	Leased	2,799.99

Showroom Expansion

We have undergone expansion in recent years in an effort to capitalize on the attractive market opportunity we believe exists in the Indian jewellery industry. Prior to opening a new showroom, we undertake extensive research to understand the environment and to select an optimal location for the showroom to maximize foot traffic. We evaluate potential showroom locations based on various site economics, including customer demographics, spending capacity, economic conditions, costbenefit analysis and proximity to our competitors.

We believe we have seen success in all the markets in which we have expanded. We consider our investments in new showrooms to be relatively low risk for us since the primary investment associated with a new showroom comprises of inventory, which generally does not suffer from obsolescence and can be easily transferred to other showrooms or converted to alternative products, thus significantly reducing the capital risk associated with a "failed" showroom. We have historically managed inventory in our showrooms successfully through effective inventory management practices.

Showroom Design and Operations

Our showrooms are usually located in high-visibility, high-street areas and are generally well known by our customers in the local micro markets, and hence serve as destination stores. Our first outlet, famously known as the 'Traditional Store' was set up amidst the famous lanes of the busiest Johri Bazaar, renowned jewellery hub in the heart of the city. This Johri Bazaar show room displaying gold and diamond jewellery was approx. 304 sq. ft. in area which was expanded to 1355 sq. ft. by 2002 with growth in the business. We have, since then, expanded our network of showrooms and the product portfolio and currently operate 4 showrooms under the "Motisons" brand, located across the city of Jaipur. The flagship store 'Motisons Tower' is located at the high street of Tonk Road, Jaipur. The show room at Tonk Road spans in an area of approx. 11,700 Sq Ft and has 3 floors with a dedicated floor space for silver, gold, and diamond jewellery respectively. The outer structure reflects the beauty of the Lotus flower, which is a symbol of prosperity, making it look more enchanting in the nine shades of gemstones, called Navratnas. Interiors of the showroom gives a mesmerizing feel, the ambience is majestically breathtaking and adds a vibrant aura. The floor is exceptionally adorned by the intricate inlay work of genuine gemstones, like lapis lazuli, mother-of-pearl & rose quartz, in fine marble. The ceiling on the ground floor is an art in itself, made of 24 carat real gold foil. Adding to the charm is a 3storey chandelier that covers one part of the 3 floors and the other half has a resplendent display of jewels and artifacts. The most recent outlet is situated in the affluent neighborhood in the southwestern part of Jaipur at Vaishali Nagar.



Our showrooms are stocked with a wide variety of jewellery products that allow us to target a broad consumer base across genders, socio-economic status levels and age groups, as well as for various occasions. Products in our showrooms offer a combination of regional designs customized to local tastes and preferences, as well as more broadly-appealing jewellery, which offers customers access to a wide variety of products that may be difficult for local jewellers to replicate. We regard the presentation of jewellery in our showrooms as critical to foster a positive customer experience and our displays and showroom designs are also curated in a manner that caters to local tastes and preferences.

All of our showrooms are operated and managed by us under the supervision of a store manager who is responsible for all showroom-level operations. Through our centralized ERP system, each level of our management is able to monitor our showroom-level operations in real-time, including our inventory management, sales and finance functions. Our multiple levels of management are also involved in our systematic approach to inventory control. For further details, see "Our Business – Inventory Management and Security" on page 166.

Sales staff in our showrooms undergo training to ensure they are maintaining our brand standards and demonstrating our commitment to trust and transparency. Showroom inventory is reorganized periodically on the basis of feedback from our marketing teams and customers. Slow-moving inventory is moved to other showrooms that may be more suitable for that particular product or design.

ONLINE SALES

In 2011, we had launched our online platform, <u>www.motisonsjewellers.com</u> and online sales commenced from 2018 where we cater to younger and more digitally savvy customers. Using the platform, customers can browse our catalogue based on preferences, collections and designs, and purchase the jewellery directly and have it delivered to their homes. We have arrangements with third party logistics companies to deliver jewellery purchased online. Sales done through online marketplaces are fulfilled by their delivery partners. Our online platform offers us another distribution channel to reach customers and potentially another avenue through which to drive further traffic to our showrooms. Further, we also arrange virtual appointments to assist our customers.

Our total revenue from online sales amounted to ₹0.66 Lakhs and ₹8.85 Lakhs in Fiscal 2022 and 2021. We intend to leverage our increasing engagement with a digitally savvy consumer base to increase revenues for our jewellery sold online.

MARKETING AND PROMOTION

Our Brand

We have endeavored to establish a strong brand in the jewellery market that our customers associate with trust and transparency. Our initiatives such as jewellery hallmarking, detailed pricing, transparency, etc., along with our customer education and awareness campaigns around lack of transparency historically present in the jewellery industry, has helped us build the strength of our brand. Our branding strategy focuses on maintaining consistency in our brand messaging across all of our communication channels and markets in which we operate. Our training program for our showroom staff and other marketing personnel is designed to ensure customers receive a uniform experience of our brand that demonstrates our strong commitment to trust and transparency.

Our branding and advertisement initiatives focus on product designs and reinforce our values of trust



and transparency. We believe that brand value is an increasingly important factor in customers' buying decisions in the jewellery sector and that our brand is well established in Rajasthan where our product designs have found favour.

Marketing

We have strengthened our brand portfolio with local, targeted marketing strategies aimed at different customer profiles, various markets and price segments and for various uses and occasions. Our marketing initiatives include advertising through various media, traditional and non-traditional. Traditional media includes radio advertisements, advertisements in newspapers and magazines, hoardings, etc. Non-traditional media advertisements are meant to attract the digitally savvy crowd. This includes online advertisements and social media or in-app advertisements, as well as listing our products on major online marketplaces. Our social media presence includes Facebook and Instagram.

Our marketing schemes vary as per occasions, seasons and needs of the customer. The marketing activities are either brand driven campaign or sales promotional tactical campaigns. 'Diwali' and 'Dhanteras' are the biggest jewellery buying festivals, during which season our sales and marketing efforts generally spike. We capitalize on 'Akshay Tritiya'. In addition to these festivals, new collections are launched around occasions such as Karwachauth, Valentine's Day amongst others. We also endeavor to build marketing campaigns around the wedding season in India.

As a part of our marketing initiatives, we had tied-up with Bollywood actors and fashion influencers to enhance our brand presence and market our products. Customers are also offered bespoke design, customization, and exchange of old gold jewellery by computer testing.

Customer Service

We are focused on building our business through customer-centric operations. A guiding principle of our Company has always been to understand customer requirements, learn the customer trends, and give the customers exactly what they want.

In order to deliver strong customer service, our sales teams have been trained to educate the customer as to the details of their potential jewellery purchase. We believe this allows the customer to make an informed choice they will be satisfied with. We also cater to any customer's desire for personalized jewellery and have employed designers to create designs to meet customers' personal specifications. We have a dedicated team for customer care that has a central reporting system for all complains/ feedbacks of customers through helpline or social media or emails. To enhance customer reach during the COVID-19 pandemic, we have added video calling and tele calling services to allow customers to purchase jewellery from anywhere.

COMPETITION

We face competition from both organized and unorganized jewellery players in the markets in which we operate. However, we believe that there are significant barriers to entry in the business of manufacturing and retailing jewellery in Rajasthan. Among the most important of these barriers is the need for significant working capital to purchase gold and diamonds, the long-term relationships required to have access to adequate supplies, the limited number of persons with the skills necessary to manufacture high quality jewellery, the difficulty in obtaining access to upscale channels of distribution, the importance of public recognition of an established brand name, a reputation for jewellery-making excellence, and the development of systems to report on and monitor the manufacturing and distribution network. We believe that we are well-positioned to compete with both organized and unorganized jewellery companies given our strategies. Our primary competitors



include Joyalukkas India Limited, Kalyan Jewellers India Limited, Titan Company Limited (Tanishq), P.N. Gadgil & Sons and Thangamayil Jewellery Limited (*Source: Industry Research Report on Indian Gems & Jewellery Sector by CARE Advisory Research & Training Ltd.*).

INVENTORY MANAGEMENT

We have an efficient inventory management system. Each and every piece of our jewellery at all the stores are bar-coded, monitored and controlled manually as well as through our RFID. At the beginning of a financial year, optimum showroom stock review is undertaken by our sales department and based upon the historical performance and stock turnover, the revised optimum stock level plan is shared with the production department, upon which the same is executed. As part of our inventory management, we also rotate jewellery between different showrooms in an effort to increase inventory turnover and avoid accumulation of slow-moving stock at certain showrooms. We also have end-to-end visibility and control of all inventory items once tagged by the sales team.

Before dispatch of any jewellery, at least five members of our logistics team must check the products to be sent against the appropriate transfer documentation. Once the product is ready for transport, it is picked up and delivered by a logistics service provider or in our in-house secured vehicle. All our movement of goods are insured under Jeweller's block insurance policy.

SECURITY

To minimize theft, we have instituted stringent controls and mechanisms to monitor the movement of the jewellery within the Showroom as well as during external transportation. Our operation manuals direct the staff to keep strict tallies of the stock at the daily opening and closing of each showroom, and to account for the stock while it is moving from one place to another place within the showroom. We have installed closed circuit television cameras in our showrooms to monitor customers and staff during working hours. We also have installed night vision cameras both inside and outside our Showrooms for added security while the Showrooms are closed. While a showroom is closed, all jewellery is stored in a showroom vault. We have also installed smoke detectors and panic alarms in each showroom.

We have installed CCTVs linked to digital video recorders at all our store locations as well as the Corporate Office for remote monitoring of our inventory. At the Corporate Office, the management of the Company has access to monitor the locations, centrally, on a real-time basis. The CCTV footage is, however, monitored at regular intervals to ensure centralized control over the stores. Our stores have strong rooms/ safes for the safe storage of jewellery.

We have hired security guards for our showrooms who are on duty at all times. We have monitoring systems to ensure the security personnel are on duty at all times. We practice scanning of all staff with metal detectors by security personnel for each movement during entry and exit.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

We have implemented a range of technological initiatives across our operational network with the aim of enhancing the experience of our customers and improving the efficiency of our operations. Our jewellery is typically tracked by radio-frequency identification tags tracking system that uses smart barcodes in order to identify jewellery items. We utilise computer systems in each of our showrooms to track and monitor each piece of inventory, which are further linked to our RFID Tag. At each of our showrooms, we undergo daily inventory checks at the close of business. A barcode inventory check is completed for a specific section of jewellery products each day whereby the barcode of each piece of inventory is physically scanned and compared against the RFID Tag. The



remainder of the jewellery sections for a particular day, also undergoes inventory counts and are verified by the store manager. In addition, regional managers or business heads make monthly visits to showrooms to perform inventory weight verifications whereby random sections of jewellery products are weighed and compared against the RFID Tag to test for variances. Our entire inventory is scanned, verified and confirmed by regional managers as part of their monthly visits.

We use advanced application for valuation of our jewellery items that are accompanied by a detailed pricing tag. This application provides us price data for each jewellery item, which is predetermined and thus enabling us to make rapid and well-informed decisions.

To remain relevant and to optimise our operations, we continuously revamp our e-commerce platform, www.motisonsjewellers.com, to enhance the online shopping experience we provide to our customers. We intend to input artificial intelligence, virtual reality and progressive web app capabilities.

COLLABORATIONS

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring prospectus, our Company has not entered into any technical or financial collaboration agreements.

INSURANCE

We have taken insurance to cover different risks, which we believe is sufficient to cover all material risks to operations and revenues. We have purchased several insurance policies in order to manage the risk of losses from potentially harmful events, including policies for fidelity guarantee, standard fire and special perils, money, jewellers block. Our operations are subject to hazards inherent to our Company, such as risks relating to work accidents, fire, earthquake, burglary, and transit. This includes hazards that may cause injury and loss of life, damage and destruction of property and equipment. The insurance policies are reviewed periodically to ensure that the coverage is adequate. Our insurance covers all our facilities, including our corporate office and stores.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Our employees contribute significantly to our business operations. We require a significant amount manpower on our payroll as our processing facility though, technologically advanced, is labour intensive. As of August 31, 2022, we had 163 full-time employees. We consider our employees to be assets of our organization and we are committed to building and nurturing our human capital.

S.No.	Function	Number of Employees
1.	Top Management	7
2.	Legal, Accounts and Finance	9
3.	Administration	13
4.	Designing	5
5.	Human Resource	4
6.	Sales and Marketing	91
7.	Production and Quality	21
8.	Security	9
9.	Logistics	4
	Total	163

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our employees as of July 31, 2022:



CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

We have adopted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") policy in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014. In FY 2021-22, we have constituted CSR committee as per the applicable Act. Our CSR policy defines the framework for implementing CSR activities in compliance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder. We believe that our CSR initiatives contribute to our overall strategy of engaging with our customers and localizing our brand. We have contributed to CSR initiative across domains such as healthcare of communities in semi-urban and rural areas. The recent contribution of the Company was towards medical health camp for families in slums of Jaipur.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Our Company has obtained registration and/or made applications for the registration of the following trademarks:

S.No.	Trademark	Class	Application Number	Date of Application	Status
1.	Wordmark: MOTISONS	14	1357662	17.05.2005	Registered
2.	Device mark:	14	2214140	30/09/2011	Registered
3.	Device mark:	14	2214141	30/09/2011	Registered

PROPERTIES

Owned:

The Company **owns** (on freehold/leasehold basis) following properties as of the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

S.	Particulars of the property,	Agreement	Seller/Lessor	Tenure	Usage
No.	location, description and area	Date		/ Term	
1.	G1-103-104 and G-107-108,	Lease deed	Rajasthan State	99	Manufacturing
	SEZ Phase II, Sitapura, Jaipur	dated August	Industrial Development	years	Unit
		24, 2006	and Investment		
			Corporation		
2.	Plot No. A-711, Siddharth	Sale deed	Bhupendra Kumar Jain	-	Investment
	Nagar Block -A, Near Jawahar	dated June			purposes
	Circle, Jaipur.	15, 2018			



Leased:

The Company has taken following properties on **lease** as of the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus

	(Amount in ₹							
S. No.	Particulars of the property, location, description and area	Lease Deed dated	Lessor	Annual Lease Rent	Tenure / Term	Usage	Related Party	Registered
1.	Shop No. 270, Johari Bazaar, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Mrs. Namita Chhabra	5,25,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	N.A.
2.	Shop No. 271, Johari Bazaar, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra	5,25,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	N.A.
3.	Shop No. 272, Johari Bazaar, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra	5,25,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	N.A.
4.	Shop No. 276, Johari Bazaar, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra	5,25,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	N.A.
5.	Shop No. 2444, Gheewalo ka raasta, Johari Bazar, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra	3,90,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	N.A.
6.	D-100, Jaipur Nagar Chokdi Haveli City, Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Shivad Area, Jaipur	September 06, 2022	Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited	9,00,000/-	11 Months	Manufacturing Unit	Yes	N.A.
7.	F-33, Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	60,00,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	N.A.
8.	SB-111, Jaipur Nagar Chokdi Haveli City, Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Shivad Area, Jaipur	June 05, 2022	Motisons Global Private Limited	60,00,000/-	11 Months	Jewellery Showroom Parking	Yes	N.A.
9.	SB-110, Jaipur Nagar Chokdi Haveli City, Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Shivad Area, Jaipur	August 31, 2022	Motisons Global Private Limited	1,32,00,000/-	5 years	Jewellery Showroom	Yes	Yes



KEY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The indicative summary detailed in this chapter, is based on the current provisions of key statutes, rules, regulations, notifications, memorandums, circulars, and policies which are subject to amendments, changes and/or modifications. The information in this section has been obtained from publications available in the public domain. The description of the applicable regulations as given below has been provided in a manner to provide general information to the investors and may not be exhaustive and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional legal advice.

The following description is a summary of certain key statutes, rules, regulations, notifications, memorandums, circulars, and policies which are applicable to our Company and the business undertaken by our Company.

INDUSTRY SPECIFIC LAWS

Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council

The Government of India has designated the Gem and Jewellery Export Promotion Council ("GJEPC") as the importing and exporting authority in India in keeping with its international obligations under Section IV(b) of the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme ("KPCS"). The KPCS has been implemented in India from January 1, 2003 by the Government of India through communication No. 12/13/2000-EP (G & J) dated November 13, 2002. The GJEPC has been notified as the nodal agency for trade in rough diamonds. The KPCS is a joint government, international diamond industry and civil society initiative to stem the flow of conflict diamonds, which are rough diamonds used by rebel movements to finance wars against legitimate governments. Under the Special Economic Zones Rules, 2006, the Development Commissioners have been delegated powers to issue Kimberley Process Certificates for units situated in the respective Special Economic Zone (the "SEZ").

The Legal Metrology Act, 2009

The Legal Metrology Act, 2009 ("Legal Metrology Act") seeks to establish and enforce standards of weights and measures, regulate trade and commerce in weights, measures and other goods which are sold or distributed by weight, measure or number and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The Legal Metrology Act provides that for prescribed specifications all weights and measures should to be based on metric system only. Further, the Legal Metrology Act lays down penalties for various offences, including but not limited to, use or sale of non-standard weight or measure, contravention of prescribed standards, counterfeiting of seals and tampering with license.

The Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016

The Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016 ("**BIS Act**") provides for the establishment of a national standards authority for the harmonious development of the activities of standardization, conformity assessment and quality assurance of goods, articles, processes, systems and services. Under the BIS Act, the Central Government, after consulting the Bureau of Indian Standards ("**BIS**"), can notify which precious metal articles or other goods or articles are required to be marked with a 'Hallmark' or 'Standard Mark', subject to certain conditions for sale and testing of such articles. Under the BIS Scheme, the Government of India has identified the 'Bureau of Indian Standards' as the sole agency in India to operate the BIS Scheme which aims to ensure that quality control is built in the system in alignment with the international criteria on hallmarking. Functions of the bureau include, inter-alia, (a) recognizing as an Indian standard, any standard established for any article or process by any other institution in India or elsewhere; (b) specifying a standard mark which shall be of such design and contain such particulars as may be prescribed to represent a particular Indian standard; and (c)



conducting such inspection and taking such samples of any material or substance as may be necessary to see whether any article or process in relation to which the standard mark has been used confirm to the Indian Standard or whether the standard mark has been improperly used in relation to any article or process with or without a license. The bureau is also the licensing authority for quality standards.

The Bureau of Indian Standards (Hallmarking) Regulations, 2018

The Bureau of Indian Standards (Hallmarking) Regulations, 2018 (**"BIS Hallmarking Regulations"**) prescribe that all jewellery manufacturers must obtain a certificate of registration from the BIS in order to sell precious metal articles notified under the BIS Act. The certificate of registration shall be granted to specific premises and will be valid for a lifetime. The Hallmarking of Gold Jewellery and Gold Artefacts Order, 2020, which came into effect on June 16, 2021, prescribes that gold jewellery and gold artifacts shall be sold only by registered jewellers through certified sales outlets, after fulfilling the terms and conditions of certificate of registration as specified in the Bureau of Indian Standards (Hallmarking) Regulations, 2018. However, certain precious metal articles are excluded from the above order, including any article meant for export, which conforms to any specification required by the foreign buyer, any article of gold thread and an article with weight less than two grams.

FOREIGN TRADE AND INVESTMENT LAWS

The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999

The foreign investment in India is governed, among others, by the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, the Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 ("**FEMA Rules**") and the Consolidated FDI Policy (effective from October 15, 2020) issued by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India earlier known as the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion ("**FDI Policy**"), each as amended. Further, the Reserve Bank of India has enacted the Foreign Exchange Management (Mode of Payment and Reporting of Non-Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2019 on October 17, 2019, which regulate mode of payment and remittance of sale proceeds, among others.

100% foreign investment under the automatic route, i.e., without requiring prior governmental approval, is permitted in the manufacturing sector.

Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992

The Foreign Trade (Regulation and Development) Act, 1992 ("**FTA**") is the main legislation concerning foreign trade in India. FTA read along with Foreign Trade (Regulation) Rules, 1993, provides for the development and regulation of foreign trade by facilitating imports into, and augmenting exports from, India and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The FTA seeks to increase foreign trade by regulating imports and exports to and from India. It authorizes the government to formulate as well as announce the export and import policy and to keep amending the same on a timely basis. The government has also been given a wide power to prohibit, restrict and regulate the exports and imports in general as well as specified cases of foreign trade. The FTA read with the Foreign Trade Policy, 2015-2020 prohibits anybody from undertaking any import or export except under an Importer-Exporter Code number ("**IEC**") granted by DGFT. Hence, every entity in India engaged in any activity involving import or export is required to obtain an IEC unless specifically exempted from doing so. IEC shall be valid until it is cancelled by the issuing authority. IEC allotted to an applicant is valid for all its branches, divisions, units and factories. Failure to obtain IEC shall attract penalty under the FTA.



Foreign Trade Policy (2015-2020)

The revised foreign trade policy for the period of 2015- 2020 issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India includes gems and jewellery within a separate scheme for exporters of gems and jewellery. For the gems and jewellery sector, the foreign trade policy for the period of 2015-2020 provides for broadly four schemes in relation to exports of gems and jewellery (i) advance procurement / replenishment of precious metals from nominated agencies; (ii) replenishment authorization for gems; (iii) replenishment authorization for consumables; and (iv) advance authorization for precious metals.

Certain agencies have been permitted to import diamonds to their laboratories without any import duty, for the purpose of certification or grading reports, with a condition that the same should be reexported with the certification or grading reports, as per pre-determined procedures. Additionally, nominated agencies and their associates, with approval of Department of Commerce and the GJEPC, may export gold, silver or platinum jewellery and articles thereof for exhibitions abroad. Personal carriage of gems and jewellery export parcels by foreign bound passenger, and import parcels by an Indian importer or foreign national may be permitted.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India has by way of a notification dated March 31, 2022, extended the period of the foreign trade policy for 2015-2020 by six months and it will now remain in force until September 30, 2022.

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR LAW LEGISLATIONS

The employment of workers, depending on the nature of activity, is regulated by a wide variety of generally applicable labour laws. The following is an indicative list of employment labour laws which is be applicable to our Company due to the nature of our business activities:

Factories Act, 1948

The term 'factory', as defined under the Factories Act, 1948 ("Factories Act") includes any premises which employs or has employed on any day in the previous 12 months, 10 or more workers and in which any manufacturing process is carried on with the aid of power, or any premises wherein 20 or more workmen are employed at any day during the preceding 12 months and in which any manufacturing process is carried on without the aid of power. Respective State Governments have issued rules in respect of the prior submission of plans and their approval for the establishment of factories and registration and licensing of factories. In Rajasthan, 'factory' includes any premises which employs or has employed on any day in the previous 12 months, 20 or more workers and in which any manufacturing process is carried on with the aid of power, or any premises wherein 40 or more workmen are employed at any day during the preceding 12 months and in which any manufacturing process is carried on without the aid of power. The Factories Act mandates the 'occupier' of a factory to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all workers in the factory premises. Further, the "occupier" of a factory is also required to ensure (i) the safety and proper maintenance of the factory such that it does not pose health risks to persons in the factory premises; (ii) the safe use, handling, storage and transport of factory articles and substances; (iii) provision of adequate instruction, training, and supervision to ensure workers' health and safety; and (iv) cleanliness and safe working conditions in the factory premises. If there is a contravention of any of the provisions of the Factories Act or the rules framed thereunder, the occupier and manager of the factory may be punished with imprisonment or with a fine or with both.



Employees' Compensation Act, 1923*

The Employees Compensation Act, 1923 ("**EC Act**") provides for payment of compensation to injured employees or workmen by certain classes of employers for personal injuries caused due to an accident arising out of and during the course of employment. Under the EC Act, the amount of compensation to be paid depends on the nature and severity of the injury. The EC Act also lays down the duties / obligations of an employer and penalties in cases of non-fulfillment of such obligations thereof. There are separate methods of calculation or estimation of compensation for injury sustained by the employee. The employer is required to submit to the Commissioner for Employees' Compensation a report regarding any fatal or serious bodily injury suffered by an employee within 7 days of death / serious bodily injury.

Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952*

The Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 ("**EPF Act**") is applicable to factories and establishment employing more than 20 employees, subject notification by the government from time to time. All the establishments under the EPF Act are required to be registered with the appropriate Provident Fund Commissioner. Also, in accordance with the provisions of the EPF Act, the employers are required to contribute to the employees' provident fund the prescribed percentage of the basic wages, dearness allowances and remaining allowance (if any) payable to the employees. The employee shall also be required to make the equal contribution to the fund. The Central Government under Section 5 of the EPF Act frames the Employees Provident Scheme, 1952.

Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948*

The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 ("**ESI Act**") an act to provide for certain benefits to employees in case of sickness, maternity and employment injury and to make provision for certain other matters in relation thereto. It shall apply to all factories (including factories belonging to the Government) other than seasonal factories. Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall apply to a factory or establishment belonging to or under the control of the Government whose employees are otherwise in receipt of benefits substantially similar or superior to the benefits provided under ESI Act. The ESI Act requires all the employees of the establishments to which the ESI Act applies to be insured in the manner provided there under. Employer and employees both are required to make contribution to the fund. The return of the contribution made is required to be filed with the Employee State Insurance department.

The Rajasthan Shops and Commercial Establishments Act, 1958

The Rajasthan Shops and Commercial Establishments Act, and Rules, are applicable to all the shops and commercial establishments in the whole of the Rajasthan State. The Act is enacted for the purpose of protecting the rights of employees. The Act regulate the working and employment conditions of the workers employed in shops and establishments including commercial establishments and provide for fixation of working hours, rest intervals, overtime, holidays, maternity leave and benefits, termination of service, maintenance of shops, and establishments and other rights and obligations of the employers and employees. All establishments have to be registered under the shops and establishments legislations of the state where they are located. There are penalties prescribed in the form of monetary fine or imprisonment for violation of the Act.

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ("**POSH Act**") was enacted by the Indian Parliament to provide protection against sexual harassment



of women at workplace and prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment and for matters connected therewith. The POSH Act makes it mandatory for every organisation to frame an anti-sexual harassment policy. Further an organisation having 10 or more employees is required to constitute an Internal Complaints Committee to entertain complaints that may be made by an aggrieved woman. Every employer has a duty to provide a safe working environment at workplace which shall include safety from the persons coming into contact at the workplace, organizing awareness programs and workshops, display of rules relating to the sexual harassment at any conspicuous part of the workplace, provide necessary facilities to the internal or local committee for dealing with the complaint, such other procedural requirements to assess the complaints.

In addition to the abovementioned labour laws, following labour related legislations are also applicable to our Company:

- The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972*;
- The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965**;
- The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961*;
- The Minimum Wages Act, 1948**;
- The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976**;
- The Payment of Wages Act, 1936**;
- The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947***;

*The Code on Social Security, 2020, once notified will repeal, inter alia, the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923, the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

** The Code on Wages, 2019, once relevant provisions are notified, will repeal the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, Minimum Wages Act, 1948, Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 and the Payment of Wages Act, 1936.

***The Industrial Relations Code, 2020, once notified, will repeal inter alia the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

In order to rationalize and reform all labour laws in India, the Indian Government has notified four labour codes which are yet to come into force as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, which are as follows:

Code on Wages, 2019

The Code on Wages, 2019 received the assent of the President of India on August 8, 2019, and proposes to subsume four existing laws namely, the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 and the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the appropriate government.

Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020

The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020, and proposes to subsume certain existing legislations, including the Factories Act, 1948, the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, the Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 and the Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the appropriate government.



Industrial Relations Code, 2020

The Industrial Relations Code, 2020 received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020 and it proposes to subsume three existing legislations, namely, the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Trade Unions Act, 1926 and the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the appropriate government.

Code on Social Security, 2020

The Code on Social Security, 2020 received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020 and it proposes to subsume certain existing legislations including the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923, the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Building and Other Construction Workers' Welfare Cess Act, 1996 and the Unorganized Workers' Social Security Act, 2008. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the appropriate government.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

Trade Marks Act, 1999

The Trade Marks Act, 1999 ("**Trade Marks Act**") governs the statutory protection of trademarks and prevention of the use of fraudulent marks in India. Indian law permits the registration of trademarks for both goods and services. As per the provisions of the Trade Marks Act, an application for trademark registration may be made with the relevant Trade Marks Registry by any person or persons claiming to be the proprietor of a trade mark, whether individually or as joint applicants, and can be made on the basis of either actual use or intention to use a trademark in the future. Once granted, a trademark registration is valid for 10 years unless cancelled, subsequent to which, it can be renewed. If not renewed, the mark lapses and the registration is required to be restored to gain protection under the provisions of the Trade Marks Act. The Trade Marks Act prohibits registration of deceptively similar trademarks and provides for penalties for infringement, falsifying and falsely applying trademarks among others. Further, pursuant to the notification of the Trade Marks (Amendment) Act, 2010, simultaneous protection of trademark in India and other countries has been made available to owners of Indian and foreign trademarks. It also seeks to simplify the law relating to the transfer of ownership of trademarks by assignment or transmission and to bring the law in line with international practices.

The Copyright Act, 1957

The Copyright Act, 1957, along with the Copyright Rules, 2013 ("**Copyright Laws**") governs copyright protection in India. Even while copyright registration is not a prerequisite for acquiring or enforcing a copyright in an otherwise copyrightable work, registration under the Copyright Laws acts as prima facie evidence of the particulars entered therein and helps expedite infringement proceedings and reduce delay caused due to evidentiary considerations. Upon registration, the copyright protection for a work exists for a period of 60 years following the demise of the author. Reproduction of a copyrighted work for sale or hire and issuing of copies to the public, among others, without consent of the owner of the copyright are acts which expressly amount to an infringement of copyright. The Copyright Laws prescribe a fine, imprisonment or both for violations, with enhanced penalty on second or subsequent convictions.



The Designs Act, 2000

The Designs Act, 2000 ("**Designs Act**") protects any visual design of objects that are not purely utilitarian. An industrial design consists of the creation of a shape, configuration or composition of pattern or colour, or combination of pattern and colour in three-dimensional form containing aesthetic value. The Design Act provides an exclusive right to apply a design to any article in any class in which the design is registered.

ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS

Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 ("EP Act") has been enacted for the protection and improvement of the environment. It stipulates that no person carrying on any industry, operation or process shall discharge or emit or permit to be discharged or emitted any environmental pollutant in excess of such standards as may be prescribed. Further, no person shall handle or cause to be handled any hazardous substance except in accordance with such procedure and after complying with such safeguards as may be prescribed. EP Act empowers the Central Government to take all measures necessary to protect and improve the environment such as laying down standards for emission or discharge of pollutants, providing for restrictions regarding areas where industries may operate and generally to curb environmental pollution.

The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 **("EP Rules**") prescribes the standards for emission or discharge of environmental pollutants from industries, operations or processes, for the purpose of protecting and improving the quality of the environment and preventing and abating environmental pollution.

Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 ("**Water Act**") aims to prevent and control water pollution and to maintain or restore wholesomeness of water. The Water Act provides for one Central Pollution Control Board, as well as state pollution control boards, to be formed to implement its provisions, including enforcement of standards for factories discharging pollutants into water bodies. Any person intending to establish any industry, operation or process or any treatment and disposal system likely to discharge sewage or other pollution into a water body, is required to obtain the consent of the relevant state pollution control board by making an application.

Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981

The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 ("Air Act") aims to prevent, control and abate air pollution, and stipulates that no person shall, without prior consent of the relevant state pollution control board, establish or operate any industrial plant which emits air pollutants in an air pollution control area. They also cannot discharge or cause or permit to be discharged the emission of any air pollutant in excess of the standards laid down by the relevant state pollution control board. The Central Pollution Control Board and the state pollution control boards constituted under the Water Act perform similar functions under the Air Act as well. Pursuant to the provisions of the Air Act, any person establishing or operating any industrial plant within an air pollution control area, must obtain the consent of the relevant state pollution control board prior to establishing or operating such industrial plant.



Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016

The Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 ("Hazardous Waste Rules") regulate the management, treatment, storage and disposal of hazardous waste by imposing an obligation on every occupier and operator of a facility generating hazardous waste to dispose of such waste without harming the environment. The term "*hazardous waste*" has been defined in the Hazardous Waste Rules and any person who has, control over the affairs of the factory or the premises or any person in possession of the hazardous waste has been defined as an "*occupier*". Every occupier and operator of a facility generating hazardous waste must obtain authorization from the relevant state pollution control board. Further, the occupier, importer or exporter is liable for damages caused to the environment resulting from the improper handling and disposal of hazardous waste and must pay any financial penalty that may be levied by the respective state pollution control board.

Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991

The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 ("**PLI Act**") imposes liability on the owner or controller of hazardous substances for any damage arising out of an accident involving such hazardous substances. A list of hazardous substances covered by the PLI Act has been enumerated by the Government by way of a notification. The owner or handler is also required to take out an insurance policy insuring against liability under the PLI Act. The rules made under the PLI Act mandate that the employer has to contribute towards the environment relief fund, a sum equal to the premium paid on the insurance policies. The amount is payable to the insurer.

In addition to the above-mentioned environmental laws, there are other environmental laws which may be applicable to our Company as per the nature of the business activities carried-out by us.

TAXATION LAWS

The Customs Act, 1962

All the provisions relating to customs applicable on import / export of goods in / from India are consolidated under the Indian Customs Act, 1962. Customs duties are levied on the goods at the rates specified in the Schedules of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975. The Taxable event is import into or export from India. Export duties (Second Schedule) are levied at present on a limited number of items but import duties are levied at present on almost all items except few. The said Act also provides for valuation of imported goods and export goods along with assessment procedure for proper implementation of the provisions.

The Income Tax Act, 1961

The Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") *inter alia* governs the income tax on different categories of income accrued and received by an Indian company. An Indian company is taxed on its universal income. As per the provisions of the IT Act, the income tax is paid by the companies registered in India on the net profit that it makes from businesses and other incomes. It is taxed at a specific rate as prescribed by the IT Act, subject to the changes in the rates announced, if any, every year.

In addition to the aforementioned material legislations which are applicable to our Company, some of the tax legislations that may be applicable to the operations of our Company include:

- 1. Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 and various state-wise legislations made thereunder;
- 2. Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;
- 3. Indian Stamp Act, 1899 and various state-wise legislations made thereunder; and
- 4. State-wise legislations in relation to professional tax.



OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS

The Companies Act, 2013

In the functioning of the corporate sector, although freedom of companies is important, protection of the investors and shareholders, on whose funds they flourish, is equally important. The Companies Act, 2013 ("**Companies Act**") is a principal law regulating the rights and duties of a company incorporated in India. An Indian company is under an obligation to undertake several compliances mentioned under the Companies Act.

The Companies Act provides for, among other things, changes to the regulatory framework governing the issue of capital by companies, corporate governance, audit procedures, corporate social responsibility, remuneration of directors, meetings of directors and shareholders, declaration of dividend, the requirements for independent directors, director's liability, class action suits, and the inclusion of women directors on the boards of companies. The Companies Act prescribes regulatory mechanism regarding all relevant aspects including organizational, financial, and managerial aspects of companies.

The Competition Act, 2002

The Competition Act, 2002 ("**Competition Act**") is an act to prevent practices having adverse effect on competition, to promote and sustain competition in markets, to protect interest of consumer and to ensure freedom of trade in India. The Competition Act deals with prohibition of (i) certain agreements such as anti-competitive agreements; and (ii) abuse of dominant position and regulation of combinations. No enterprise or group shall abuse its dominant position in various circumstances as mentioned under the Competition Act.

The Competition Commission of India ("**CCI**") is the market regulator in India established in accordance with the provisions of the Competition Act. The prima facie duty of CCI is to eliminate practices having adverse effect on competition, promote and sustain competition, protect interest of consumer and ensure freedom of trade. Further, any combinations, such as merger, amalgamation, acquisition or similar arrangement, which meet a certain asset/turnover threshold as prescribed in the Competition Act mandates CCI approval which involves complex filing requirements. CCI has extra territorial jurisdiction, to investigate, order inquiry and pass order, in respect of the acts taken place outside India which has or may have appreciable adverse effect in India.

Special Economic Zone

A SEZ is a geographically bound duty-free zone for the purposes of trade and operations. SEZs were first introduced in April, 2000 as a part of the Export-Import Policy. The Special Economic Zones Act, 2005 (the"**SEZ Act**") and the Special Economic Zones Rules, 2006 (the "**SEZ Rules**") simplified the procedure for development, operation and maintenance of the SEZs and for the setting up of and conducting business in the SEZs. Under the SEZ Act and the SEZ Rules, the incentives and facilities offered to the SEZ units include:

a. exemption from payment of taxes, duties or cess for any goods or services exported out of, or imported into, or procured from SEZs by SEZ units or developers, subject to the terms, conditions and limitations as may be prescribed, under the enactments specified in the SEZ Act; and



b. 100% income tax exemption on export income for SEZ units under Section 10AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for the first five assessment years, 50% for the next five assessment years thereafter and 50% of the ploughed back export profit for the next five assessment years.

However, in accordance with Section 10AA of the IT Act read with the Taxation and Other Laws (Relaxation of Certain Provisions) Ordinance, 2020 and the notification dated June 24, 2020 issued by the Central Board of Direct Taxes, Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, only SEZ units, which began manufacturing or producing articles or things or provide any services prior to September 30, 2020, in a case where the letter of approval, required to be issued in accordance with the provisions of the SEZ Act has been issued on or before March 31, 2020, shall be eligible for the incentive referred to in (b) above.

For setting up a unit in an SEZ, a letter of approval has to be obtained from the Development Commissioner of the concerned SEZ. The grant of a letter of approval is dependent upon the unit meeting certain terms and conditions, as set out in the SEZ Act and the SEZ Rules. Such conditions include, among other things, the achievement of positive net foreign exchange to be calculated cumulatively for a period of five years from the commencement of production, in accordance with the formula set out in the SEZ Rules and the execution of a bond-cum-legal undertaking with regard to its obligations pertaining to proper utilization and account of goods, imported or procured duty free and the achievement of positive net foreign exchange.

The Consumer Protection Act, 2019

The Ministry of Consumer Affairs notified certain sections of the Consumer Protection Act, 2019 ("**COPRA**") by way of the notification dated July 15, 2020 (with effect from July 20, 2020), including sections regulating the formation and functioning of the Consumer Protection Council at the national, state and district levels, the formation and functioning of Consumer Dispute Redressal Commissions at the national, state and district levels, mediation of consumer disputes, product liability actions and punishment for manufacturing for sale or storing, selling or distributing or importing products containing adulterants and spurious goods.

The COPRA provides a mechanism for the consumer to file a complaint against a product manufacturer, selleror service provider in cases of unfair contract or trade practices, restrictive trade practices, defected goods, goods which are hazardous or likely to be hazardous to life being sold in contravention to safety standards, deficiency in services and price charged being unlawful. It also places product liability on a manufacturer or product service provider or product seller, to compensate for any harm caused by defective product or deficiency in services. It provides for a three-tier consumer grievance redressal mechanism at the national, state and district levels. Non-compliance of the orders of the redressal commissions attracts criminal penalties. The COPRA has, inter alia, also introduced a Central Consumer Protection Authority to regulate matters relating to violation of rights of consumers, unfair trade practices and false or misleading advertisements, which are prejudicial to the interests of public and consumers and promote, protect and enforce the rights of consumers. The COPRA has also brought e-commerce entities and their customers under its purview including providers of technologies or processes for enabling product sellers to engage in advertising or selling goods or services to a consumer, online market places and online auction sites.

The Ministry of Consumer Affairs issued the Consumer Protection (E-Commerce) Rules, 2020 ("**E-Commerce Rules**") under the COPRA on July 23, 2020 which govern the online sale of goods, services, digital products by entities which own, operate or manage digital or electronic facility or platform for electronic commerce ("**E-commerce Entities**"), all models of e-commerce (including marketplace or inventory based), and all e-commerce sellers. The E-Commerce rules lay down the duties and liabilities of E-Commerce Entities and e-commerce sellers.



Municipality Laws

Pursuant to the Constitution (Seventy-Fourth Amendment) Act,1992 the respective state legislatures in India have power to endow the municipalities with power to implement schemes and perform functions in relation to matters listed in the 12th Schedule to the Constitution of India. The respective States of India have enacted laws empowering the municipalities to issue trade license for operating stores and implementation of regulations relating to such license along with prescribing penalties for non-compliance.

The Information Technology Act, 2000 and the rules made thereunder

The Information Technology Act, 2000 (the **"Information Technology Act"**) and the rules made under it seek to: (i) provide legal recognition to transactions carried out by various means of electronic data interchange involving alternatives to paper-based methods of communication and storage of information; (ii) facilitate electronic filing of documents; and (iii) create a mechanism for the authentication of electronic documentation through digital signatures. The Information Technology Act provides for extraterritorial jurisdiction over any offence or contravention under the Information Technology Act committed outside India by any person, irrespective of their nationality, if the act or conduct constituting the offence or contravention involves a computer, computer system or computer network located in India. Additionally, the Information Technology Act empowers the Government of India to direct any of its agencies to intercept, monitor or decrypt any information in the interest of sovereignty, integrity, defence and security of India, among other things.



HISTORY AND CERTAIN CORPORATE MATTERS

BRIEF HISTORY OF OUR COMPANY

Our Company was originally formed as partnership firm under the name and style of "**M/s MOTISONS JEWELLERS**, pursuant to a deed of partnership dated October 16,1997 as amended and restated from time to time. M/s Motisons Jewellers was thereafter converted into a public limited company in the name & style of "**Motisons Jewellers Limited**" on **May 09, 2011** pursuant to the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 and was granted a certificate of incorporation dated May 09, 2011 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Jaipur, Rajasthan ("**ROC**") bearing Corporate Identification Number "**U36911RJ2011PLC035122**".

For information on our Company's profile, activities, market, service, etc., market of each segment, standing of our Company in comparison with prominent competitors, with reference to its services, management, managerial competence, technology, market, major suppliers and customers, environmental issues, geographical segment, etc. wherever applicable, please refer to chapters titled *"Our Business", "Industry Overview", "Restated Financial Statements", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation"* and *"Government and Other Approvals"* beginning on page 150, 120, 224, 289 and 323 respectively.

CHANGES IN THE REGISTERED OFFICE

There has been no change in the registered office of our Company since the date of Incorporation. However, the Board of Directors of the Company *vide* board resolution passed in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 11, 2022, have resolved and granted approval to maintain the books of accounts of the Company at the corporate office at SB-110, Motisons Tower, Lalkothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur-302015 Rajasthan.

MAIN OBJECTS OF OUR COMPANY

The main objects contained in our Memorandum of Association are as follows:

- 1) To acquire by operation of law under Part IX of the Companies Act, 1956 the business of partnership firm now being carried on under the name and style of M/s. MOTISONS JEWELLERS, as going concern including all assets, movable and immovable, rights, debts and liabilities in connection therewith.
- 2) To start and carry on the business of manufacture, cut, polish, process, mine, hire, repairer and stores or otherwise acquire, hold, buy, sell, exchange, distribute or otherwise dispose of trade, deal in import and export any and all classes and kinds of Bullion, Jewellery, Gems, Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, Pearls, Coral and other precious, semi-precious, artificial, synthetic, imitation stones, Brass wares, handicrafts, enamel wares and articles including paintings, curious, antiques ivory, ivory, artificial Jewellery and Ornaments, articles made of gold, silver and other precious metals whether embedded with precious, semi-precious or imitation stones, jewellery accessories, pearls, beads, comprised in the term Jewellery and Ornaments and to carry on the business of consultants in the related field.
- 3) To carry on the business as processors, dealers, traders, buyers, sellers, designers, importers, exporters and deal in all kinds of machinery used in gem and jewellery spare parts, accessories.



AMENDMENTS TO THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

Set out below are the amendments to the Memorandum of Association of our Company since its incorporation:

Date of Shareholders' Resolution /	Details of the modifications
Effective date October 01, 2011	Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of our Company was amended to reflect the increase in our authorised share capital from ₹27,00,00,000 /- (Rupees Twenty- Seven crores only) divided into 2,70,00,000 (Two crore Seventy Lakhs) Equity shares of ₹10/- each into ₹50,00,00,000/- (Rupees Fifty crore) divided into 5,00,00,000 (Five
March 20, 2012	crore) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each. Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of our Company was amended to reflect the increase in our authorised share capital from ₹ 50,00,00,000/- (Rupees Fifty crores) divided into 5,00,00,000 (Five crore) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each to ₹ 65,00,00,000/- (Rupees Sixty-Five crore only) comprising of 6,50,00,000 (Six crore fifty lakh) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each.
March 01, 2016	Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of our Company was amended to reflect the increase in our authorised share capital from \gtrless 65,00,00,000/- (Rupees Sixty-Five crore only) comprising of 6,50,00,000 (Six crore fifty lakh) Equity shares of \gtrless 10/- each to $\end{Bmatrix}$ 85,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eighty-Five crore only) divided into \gtrless 65,00,00,000/- (Rupees Sixty-five crore only) comprising of 6,50,00,000(Six crore fifty lakhs) Equity shares of $\end{Bmatrix}$ 10/- each and $\end{Bmatrix}$ 20,00,000/- (Twenty crore only) comprising of 2,00,000(Two crore) Preference shares of $\end{Bmatrix}$ 10/- each.
July 01, 2022	Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of our Company was amended to reflect the reclassification in our authorised share capital from ₹ 85,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eighty-Five crore only) divided into ₹ 65,00,00,000/-(Rupees Sixty-five crore only) comprising of 6,50,00,000 (Six crore fifty lakhs) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each and ₹ 20,00,00,000/- (Twenty crore only) comprising of 2,00,00,000 (Two crore) Preference shares of ₹ 10/- each to ₹ 85,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eighty-Five crore only) divided into ₹ 75,00,00,000/-(Rupees Seventy-five crore only) comprising of 7,50,00,000 (Seven crore fifty lakhs) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each and ₹ 10,00,00,000/- (Ten crore only) comprising of 1,00,00,000 (One crore) Preference shares of ₹ 10/- each.
July 01, 2022	Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of our Company was amended to reflect the increase in our authorised share capital from ₹ 85,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eighty- Five crore only) divided into ₹ 85,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eighty-Five crore only) divided into ₹ 75,00,00,000/-(Rupees Seventy-five crore only) comprising of 7,50,00,000 (Seven crore fifty lakhs) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each and ₹ 10,00,00,000/- (Ten crore only) comprising of 1,00,00,000 (One crore) Preference shares of ₹ 10/- each to ₹ 1,13,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Thirteen crore only) divided into ₹ 1,03,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Three crore only) comprising of 10,30,00,000 (Six crore fifty lakhs) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each and ₹ 10,00,00,000/- (Ten crore only) comprising of 1,00,00,000 (One crore) Preference shares of ₹ 10/- each.
August 08, 2022	Clause III B of MOA was amended to replace Clause III (B) from 'Objects incidental or ancillary to the attainment of Main Objects" to 'Matters which are necessary for furtherance of the objects specified in Clause III (A)' and the existing Clause III C 'Other Objects' stands deleted in full.



MAJOR EVENTS AND MILESTONES OF OUR COMPANY

The following table sets forth the key events and milestones in the history of our Company, since incorporation:

Year	Events	
	Incorporation of our Company as a public limited company	
2011	Certificate for commencement of Business of our Company	
	Established our flagship showroom at Tonk Road Jaipur	
2014	Established our Johri Bazar Silver Showroom at 276, Johri Bazar, Jaipur	
2017	Commencement of operations at our production unit at D-100, Siwar Area, Bapu Nagar, Jaipur	
2019	Collaborated with ASAL by Abu Sandeep for exhibitions at Unit No. KG03, National Indian	
	Building No. 1, Dr V.B. Gandhi Marg, Kalaghoda Fort, Mumbai	
2020	Collaborated with Asal by Abu Sandeep for exhibition at Banjara Hills, Hyderabad	
2021	Opened another showroom at F-33, Gautam Marg, Sector 6, Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur	

KEY AWARDS, ACCREDITATIONS OR RECOGNITION

Year	Events
2016	Certificate of Honour for "Store of the Year Chain Store-Less than 10 Stores" at the Retail
	Jewellers Guild Awards by UBM
	Certificate of Honour for "First Prize in Student Category" at the 9 th Jewellery Design
	Awards "Tradition Meets the Contemporary" powered by Gemological Institute of
	America ("GIA").
2017	Certificate of Honour for the category of "Most Innovative Marketing Campaign Radio" at
	the Retail Jewellers Guild Awards by UBM
2018	Certificate of Honour in the category of "Store of the Year - Standalone Store More than
	5000 sq. ft." at the Retail Jewellers Guild Awards by UBM
	Award for "Best Necklace Design under ₹ 10,00,000" powered by Gemological Institute of
	America ("GIA").
	Award for "India's Coolest Store in North Region – Large Format" at India's Coolest Store
	Awards organised by Indian Jeweller Magazine
	Certificate of Honour for "India's Most Preferred Jewellers" powered by UBM
	Award for "Third Prize in Open to All Category" at the 11 th Jewellery Design Awards
	Gemstone powered by Jewellers Association Show ("JAS").
2019	Award for "Retailer of the Year" by The Jewellery World Awards ("JWA") (formerly known
	as JNA)
	"Trusted Brand Award" by Consumers World
	Certificate of Honour for the "Best Decoration of Shop/Showroom" at the Deepawali
	Mahotsav, 2019 from the Rajasthan Government
2020	Award for "Best Polki Bangle/Bracelit of the Year" from Jewellery Eminence Awards
	("JEA")
	Award for "Best Diamond Necklace of the Year (Below ₹ 8,00,000)" from Jewellery
	Eminence Awards ("JEA")

STRATEGIC AND FINANCIAL PARTNERS

Our Company does not have any strategic partnership and financial partnership as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Apart from the various arrangements with bankers and financial institutions which our Company undertakes in the ordinary course of business, our Company does not have any other financial partners.



TIME AND COST OVERRUN

Our Company has not experienced any significant time and cost overrun in setting up projects.

LAUNCH OF KEY PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, ENTRY IN NEW GEOGRAPHIES OR EXIT FROM EXISTING MARKETS

For details of key products or services launched by our Company, capacity/ facility creation, location of our plants and entry into new geographies or exit from existing markets, see **"Our Business"** beginning on page 150.

DEFAULTS OR RESCHEDULING OF BORROWINGS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS/ BANKS

There are no defaults or rescheduling of borrowings from financial institutions or banks or conversion of loans into equity in relation to our Company. For further details about our financial arrangements, see *"Financial Indebtedness"* on page 314.

REVALUATION OF ASSETS

Our Company has neither revalued its assets nor has issued any Equity or Preference Shares by capitalizing any revaluation reserves in the last ten years.

DETAILS REGARDING MATERIAL ACQUISITION OR DISINVESTMENTS OF BUSINESS / UNDERTAKINGS, MERGERS, AMALGAMATION

Our Company has not made any business acquisition, merger and amalgamation or disinvestment of business in the last ten years.

HOLDING COMPANY

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Company does not have a holding company.

SUBSIDIARIES OF OUR COMPANY

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Company does not have any subsidiaries.

JOINT VENTURES OF OUR COMPANY

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Company does not have any joint ventures.

SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER AGREEMENTS

There are no shareholders and other material agreements, apart from those entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on or intended to be carried on by us.

AGREEMENTS WITH KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OR A DIRECTOR OR PROMOTERS OR ANY OTHER EMPLOYEE OF THE COMPANY

There are no agreements entered into except in the ordinary course of business by a Key Managerial Personnel or Director or Promoters or any other employee of our Company, either by themselves or on behalf of any other person, with any shareholder or any other third party with regard to compensation or profit sharing in connection with dealings in the securities of our Company.



GUARANTEES GIVEN BY PROMOTERS OFFERING ITS SHARES IN THE OFFER FOR SALE

This is a fresh issue of Equity Shares and our Promoters are not offering their shares in this Issue.

MATERIAL AGREEMENTS

Our Company has not entered into any material agreements with strategic partners, joint venture partners and/or financial partners, other than in the ordinary course of business of our Company.



OUR MANAGEMENT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In terms of the Articles of Association, our Company is required to have not less than 3 (three) Directors and not more than 15 (fifteen) Directors including Debenture and Alternative Director. As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, our Board comprises of 10 (ten) Directors including three (3) Executive Directors and Seven (7) Non-Executive Directors out of which Five (5) are Independent Directors. Our Board also has two (2) women Directors. The composition of the Board of Directors is in compliance with the Companies Act, and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The following table sets forth details regarding our Board of Directors as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

S. No.	Name, Designation, Address, Occupation, Date of Birth, Nationality, Age, Period of Directorship and DIN	Current Term	Other Directorships
1.		For a term of three years with effect from July 01, 2022 to June 30, 2025 and shall be liable to retire by rotation.	Indian companies: 1. Motisons Global Private Limited 2. Motisons Hotels and Resorts (India) Private Limited 3. Motisons Shares Private Limited 4. Motisons Buildtech Private Limited 5. Motisons Townships Private Limited 6. Motisons Commodities Private Limited 7. Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited 8. Rainbow Buildcon Private Limited 9. Roopganga Colonisers Private Limited 10. Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited Foreign companies: None
			LLP: Innocent Investment Consultants LLP
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	For a term of three years with effect	Indian companies: 1. Motisons Global Private
	Designation: Managing Director Date of birth: June 18, 1974	from July 01, 2020 to June 30, 2023 and shall be liable to retire by rotation	Limited 2. Motsions Hotels and Resorts (India) Private Limited 3. Motisons Shares Private
	Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C- Scheme, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan, India		Limited



	Date of Birth, Nationality, Age, Period of Directorship and DIN Dccupation: Business Age: 48 years		4. Motisons Buildtech Private
C A	Occupation: Business		
A			
	Age: 48 years		Limited 5. Motisons Townships Private
			Limited
	Devied of divertowsking Cinco incomposition		6. Motisons Commodities
	Period of directorship: Since incorporation of the company.		Private Limited 7. Motisons Entertainment
			(India) Private Limited
0	DIN: 00120792		 Kalpsagar Private Limited Rainbow Buildcon Private
N	Nationality: Indian		Limited
			10. Roopganga Colonisers Private Limited
			11. Evershine Suppliers Private Limited
			12. Alliance Tradecom Private
			Limited
			13. Mayukh Vinimay Private Limited
			14. Regent Dealers Private Limited
			15. Rose Suppliers Private Limited
			16. Regent Barter Private Limited 17. Mayukh Vintrade Private
			Limited
			18. Shivansh Buildcon Private
			Limited 19. Gun Sagar Builders Private
			Limited
			Foreign companies: None
			LLP: Innocent Investment
			Consultants LLP
3. L	aksh Chhabra	For a term of three	Indian companies:
C	Designation: Joint Managing Director	2022 to August 07, 2025 and shall be	1. Bholenath Real Estate Private
C	Date of birth: February 22, 2001		2. Godawari Estates Private
	Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-	liable to retire by rotation	Limited
	Scheme, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan, India		Foreign companies: None
c	Occupation: Business		LLP: None
A	Age: 21 years		
	Period of directorship: Since August 08, 2022		



S. No.	Name, Designation, Address, Occupation, Date of Birth, Nationality, Age, Period of Directorship and DIN	Current Term	Other Directorships
	DIN: 09695269		
	Nationality: Indian		
4.	Kajal Chhabra	Liable to retire by	Indian companies:
	Designation: Non-Executive Director	rotation	 Kalpsagar Private Limited Shashi Commodity Private
	Date of birth: November 29, 1977		Limited
	Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C- Scheme, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan, India		Foreign companies: None
	Occupation: Business		LLP: Innocent Investment Consultants LLP
	Age: 44 years		
	Period of directorship: Since incorporation of the company.		
	DIN: 00120914		
	Nationality: Indian		
5.	Namita Chhabra	Liable to retire by	Indian companies: Shashi
	Designation: Non-Executive Director	rotation	Commodity Private Limited
	Date of birth: August 18, 1971		Foreign companies: None
	Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C- Scheme, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan, India		LLP: Innocent Investment Consultants LLP
	Occupation: Business		
	Age: 51 years		
	Period of directorship: Since incorporation of the company.		
	DIN: 00205859		
	Nationality: Indian		
6.	Sushil Kumar Gangwal	For a term of five	Indian companies: None
	Designation: Independent Director	years with effect from May 25, 2022 to May 24, 2027	Foreign companies: None
	Date of birth: February 12, 1960	and shall not be liable to retire by	LLP: None
	Address: 46, Arjun Nagar, Tonk Road,	rotation	



S. No.	Name, Designation, Address, Occupation, Date of Birth, Nationality, Age, Period of Directorship and DIN	Current Term	Other Directorships
7.	Directorship and DIN Durgapura, Jaipur 302018, Rajasthan, India Occupation: Retired Age: 62 Years Period of directorship: Since May 25, 2022 DIN: 09573928 Nationality: Indian Sunil Chordia Designation: Independent Director	For a term of five years with effect from May 25, 2022	Indian companies:
	Date of birth: April 16, 1982Address: 2501, Boulevard-2, LBS Marg, Opp. R City Mall, Ghatkopar West, Mumbai 400086, Maharashtra, IndiaOccupation: BusinessAge: 40 YearsPeriod of directorship: Since May 25, 2022DIN: 02994743Nationality: Indian	to May 24, 2027 and shall not be liable to retire by rotation	 Sunrise Mangaon Projects Private Limited Sankalp Spaces Private Limited Best Deal Properties Private Limited Foreign companies: None LLP: Sunrise Housing Paradise LLP Mother Earth Granites LLP
8.	Alpesh Fatehsingh PurohitDesignation: Independent DirectorDate of birth: October 26, 1988Address: 39 Sky City Vernis, Opp. AgrasenBhavan, 07 Club Road, Shela, Ahmedabad380058, Gujarat, IndiaOccupation: BusinessAge: 33 YearsPeriod of directorship: Since May 25, 2022DIN: 07389212Nationality: Indian	For a term of five years with effect from May 25, 2022 to May 24, 2027 and shall not be liable to retire by rotation	 Indian companies: 1. Anjani synthetics limited 2. Insolation energy limited 3. Pinnacle credit advisors private limited Foreign companies: None LLP: Pinnacle Risk Advisory LLP



S. No.	Name, Designation, Address, Occupation, Date of Birth, Nationality, Age, Period of Directorship and DIN	Current Term	Other Directorships
9.	Jayesh Nemchand Mehta	For a term of five years with effect	Indian companies: None
	Designation: Independent Director	from August 01, 2020 to July 31,	Foreign companies: None
	Date of birth: June 22, 1960	2025 and shall not be liable to retire by	LLP: None
	Address: 302 Vishwa Jyot, 109 Tilak Road, Opp. Balaji Mandir, Ghatkopar East, Mumbai, 400077, Maharashtra, India	rotation	
	Occupation: Business		
	Age: 62 Years		
	Period of directorship: Since August 1, 2015		
	DIN: 07239052		
	Nationality: Indian		
10.	Vikas Kaler	For a term of five years with effect	Indian companies: None
	Designation: Independent Director	from September 15, 2022 and shall not	Foreign companies: None
	Date of birth: June 03, 1994	be liable to retire by rotation	LLP: None
	Address: House Number 313 (F-2), Vasundhara Colony, Tonk Road, Ward No. 55, Jaipur-302018, Rajasthan, India		
	Occupation: Business		
	Age: 28 Years		
	Period of directorship: Since September 15, 2022		
	DIN: 09737095		
	Nationality: Indian		

BRIEF BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

Sandeep Chhabra is the Chairman and Whole Time Director of our Company. He has cleared higher secondary examination conducted by Board of Secondary Education, Rajasthan in the year 1987 in the field of Commerce. Mr. Sandeep Chhabra stepped into business and has been associated with the brand "Motisons Jewellers" since 1997. He brought his strong business acumen and vision to the Company at a very early age. He has more than two decades of experience in the business of



manufacturing and retailing of jewellery made of gold, diamond, and other precious and semiprecious stones. In his capacity as a Chairman and Whole-time Director, he mentors, guides and provides perspective to the Board and management of the Company for strategic planning and enriching the brand for long run.

Sanjay Chhabra is the Managing Director of our Company. He cleared higher secondary examination conducted by Central Board of Secondary Education in the year 1993 in the field Commerce. Vigorously seizing the right opportunity, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra associated himself with Motisons Jewellers in 1997 and thereafter diligently worked towards building the brand *'Motisons'*. He has an experience of more than two decades in jewellery industry. Being a part of the top management, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra is responsible for devising long-term business plans, new business initiatives and achieving customer service excellence.

Laksh Chhabra is the Joint Managing Director of our Company. He has completed his Bachelor of Science in Faculty of Humanities Management from University of Manchester and has joined our Company in 2022. Laksh Chhabra has entered into the business with innovation driven vision and is currently responsible for finance and accounting operations.

Kajal Chhabra is the Non-Executive Director of our Company. She has cleared secondary examination conducted by Board of Secondary Education, Rajasthan in the year 1994. She has experience of more than a decade in jewellery business. She has been associated with our Company since its incorporation and has observed the Company take its shape and grow. Her enthusiasm and passions have provided strong visions to our business operations. She assists in curating elevated jewellery designs as per the latest market trends. She is acting as a director of Shashi Commodity Private Limited and Kalpsagar Pvt. Ltd. Earlier, she has held directorships of various other associate companies.

Namita Chhabra is the Non-Executive Director of our Company. She has been associated with the brand "Motisons Jewellers" since 1997. She has cleared secondary examination conducted by Board of Secondary Education, Rajasthan in the year 1987. She has experience of more than a decade in the business of manufacturing and retailing of gold, kundan, pearl, silver and diamond Jewellery. She is acting as a director of Shashi Commodity Private Limited. Earlier, she has held directorships of various other associate companies.

Sushil Kumar Gangwal is an Independent Director of our Company. He has graduated in Bachelor of Commerce from Subodh College, Jaipur. He worked with Rajasthan Financial Corporation (RFC) from 1982 till 2020. He retired as Deputy Manager (Finance) from RFC and has over 35 years of experience in finance sector. He was then, appointed on May 25, 2022 in Motisons Jewellers Limited as non-executive independent director of Our Company.

Sunil Chordia is an Independent Director of our Company. He has completed his Bachelor of Commerce from M. L. V. Government College, Bhilwara. He is also the member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and awarded by diploma in International Financial Reporting from Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and has been in practice since August, 2004. He has the experience of 18 years. Earlier he was Director of Aehan Finance Private Limited and Genuine Commercial Services Private Limited. He joined our Company in 2022.

Alpesh Fatehsingh Purohit is an Independent Director of our Company. He has completed his Post Graduation Diploma in Management Finance from St. Kabir Institute of Professional Studies, Ahmedabad. He has an overall experience of approximately 11 years. Previously he worked in Credit Analysis and Research Limited as a Junior Analyst during the period from April, 2011 to July, 2012. He thereafter worked with Nandan Exim Limited as an Assistant Manager Finance for the period of two years. He thereafter floated his own advisory firm Pinnacle Risk Advisory LLP in year 2016 and



company Pinnacle Credit Advisors Private Limited in year 2019 and is rendering corporate advisory in rating improvement. He joined our Company in 2022.

Jayesh Nemchand Mehta is an Independent Director of our Company. He joined our Company in 2015. He has completed his Bachelor of Commerce from University of Bombay. He has also completed the CA Intermediate Examination of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. He holds Diploma in Network-Centered Computing by the academic council of NIIT at Mumbai. He joined our Company in 2015.

Vikas Kaler is an Independent Director of our Company. He has completed his Bachelor of Arts from University of Rajasthan. He has also completed his Bachelor of Law (LLB) from University of Rajasthan. He has experience of three years in running business. He joined our Company in 2022.

DETAILS OF DIRECTORSHIP IN COMPANIES SUSPENDED OR DELISTED

None of our Directors is or was a director of any listed company, whose shares have been or were suspended from being traded on any stock exchanges, in the last five years prior to the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, during the term of their directorship in such company.

Further, none of our Directors is, or was, a director of any listed company, which has been or was delisted from any stock exchange during the term of their directorship in such company.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN OUR DIRECTORS

Except as mentioned below none of the directors of our Company are related to each other or to any of the Key Managerial Personnel.

NAME OF THE DIRECTOR	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
	Brother of Sanjay Chhabra
	Husband of Namita Chhabra
Sandeep Chhabra	Father of Laksh Chhabra
	Brother-in-Law of Kajal Chhabra
	Uncle of Kaustubh Chhabra
	Brother of Sandeep Chhabra
	Husband of Kajal Chhabra
Sanjay Chhabra	Father of Kaustubh Chhabra
	Brother-in-Law of Namita Chhabra
	Uncle of Laksh Chhabra
	Wife of Sanjay Chhabra
	Mother of Kaustubh Chhabra
Kajal Chhabra	Sister-in-Law of Sandeep Chhabra
	Aunt of Laksh Chhabra
	Sister-in-Law of Namita Chhabra
	Wife of Sandeep Chhabra
	Mother of Laksh Chhabra
Namita Chhabra	Sister-in-Law of Sanjay Chhabra
	Aunt of Kaustubh Chhabra
	Sister-in-Law of Kajal Chhabra
	Son of Sanjay Chhabra and Kajal Chhabra
Kaustubh Chhabra	Nephew of Sandeep Chhabra and Namita Chhabra
	Cousin of Laksh Chhabra
Laksh Chhabra	Son of Sandeep Chhabra and Namita Chhabra



NAME OF THE DIRECTOR	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP	
	Nephew of Sanjay Chhabra and Kajal Chhabra	
	Cousin of Kaustubh Chhabra	

ARRANGEMENT OR UNDERSTANDING WITH MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS, CUSTOMERS, SUPPLIERS OR OTHERS

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, there are no arrangements or understanding with major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others, pursuant to which any of the Directors or Key Management Personnel were selected as a director or member of the senior management.

SERVICE CONTRACTS WITH DIRECTORS

Our Company has not entered into any service contracts with our Directors which provide for benefits upon the termination of their employment.

OTHER CONFIRMATIONS

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

- 1. None of our Directors are on the RBI list of Wilful Defaulters or declared as a fraudulent borrower.
- 2. None of our Directors are fugitive economic offender as defined under Regulation 2(1)(p) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation 2018.

BORROWING POWERS

In accordance with Articles of Association and Section 180(1)(c) of Companies Act, the members of our Company vide resolution passed on March 01, 2019 in their EGM have authorised our Board (including its committee) to borrow from time to time, any sum or sums of monies, which together with the monies already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained or to be obtained by our Company from its bankers in the ordinary course of business), may exceed the aggregate of the paid-up share capital of our Company and its free reserves, provided that the total amount of monies so borrowed by our Company shall not at any time exceed the limit of ₹ 50,000 lakh.

REMUNERATION/COMPENSATION PAID TO MANAGING DIRECTOR AND WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR

Except as mentioned below, no other current Directors have received remuneration during the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2022.

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Name of Director	FY 2021-22
Sandeep Chhabra	42.00
Sanjay Chhabra	42.00
TOTAL	84.00

Compensation of our Executive Directors

The Compensation payable to our Executive Directors will be governed as per the terms of their appointment and shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198 and 203 and any other



applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.

Terms and conditions of employment of our Chairman and Whole-time Director

Mr. Sandeep Chhabra has been re-designated as Chairman and Whole Time Director of our Company with effect from July 01, 2022 for a period of three years. The terms of appointment of Sandeep Chhabra have been laid down under the employment agreement dated **July 01, 2022**. The significant terms and conditions of his employment are as follows:

Remuneration	₹3,50,000 per month Salary may be revised periodically based on the recommendation of the Board of Directors or Nomination and Remuneration Committee, if any.	
Term of Appointment	3 Years from July 01, 2022 subject to liable to retire by rotation.	
Perquisites	 A. Encashment of leave at the end of tenure, if any, as per the policy of the Company. B. Group Mediclaim Insurance and Group Personal Accident Insurance Policy as per the policy of the Company. 	

Further, he shall be entitled to reimbursement of actual entertainment and travelling expenses incurred from time to time to perform his duties as per the rules of the Company.

The Company shall provide and maintain the car with Chauffeur.

Terms and conditions of employment of our Managing Director

Mr. Sanjay Chhabra has been re-appointed as Managing Director of our Company with effect from July 01, 2020 for a period of three years. The updated terms of appointment of Sanjay Chhabra have been laid down under the employment agreement dated **July 01, 2022**. The significant terms and conditions of his employment are as follows:

Remuneration	₹ 3,50,000 per month Salary may be revised periodically based on the recommendation of the Board of Directors or Nomination and Remuneration Committee, if any.	
Term of Appointment	3 Years from July 01, 2020 subject to liable to retire by rotation.	
Perquisites	A. Encashment of leave at the end of tenure, if any, as per the policy of the Company.B. Group Mediclaim Insurance and Group Personal Accident Insurance Policy as per the policy of the Company.	

Further, he shall be entitled to reimbursement of actual entertainment and travelling expenses incurred from time to time to perform his duties as per the rules of the Company.

The Company shall provide and maintain the car with Chauffeur.



Terms and conditions of employment of our Joint Managing Director

Mr. Laksh Chhabra has been appointed as Joint Managing Director of our Company with effect from August 08, 2022 for a period of three years. The terms of appointment of Laksh Chhabra have been laid down under the employment agreement dated **August 08, 2022**. The significant terms and conditions of his employment are as follows:

Remuneration	₹75,000 per month Salary may be revised periodically based on the recommendation of the Board of Directors or Nomination and Remuneration Committee, if any.	
Term of Appointment	3 Years from August 08, 2022 subject to liable to retire by rotation.	
Perquisites	 A. Encashment of leave at the end of tenure, if any, as per the policy of the Company. B. Group Mediclaim Insurance and Group Personal Accident Insurance Policy as per the policy of the Company. 	

Further, he shall be entitled to reimbursement of actual entertainment and travelling expenses incurred from time to time to perform his duties as per the rules of the Company.

The Company shall provide and maintain the car with Chauffeur.

Terms and conditions of employment of our Independent Director and Non – Executive Director

Non – Executive Directors and Independent Directors of the Company may be paid sitting fees, commission and any other amounts as may be decided by our Board in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws and regulations.

Our Company has not paid any remuneration to Non – Executive Directors and Independent Directors in the FY 2021 – 2022.

Remuneration Paid to Our Directors from Our Subsidiaries and Associate Companies

Our Company has no subsidiary and associate companies, therefore, remuneration paid from subsidiary and associate companies to the Directors is not applicable.

Contingent and deferred compensation payable to the Directors

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, there is no contingent or deferred compensation payable to the Directors, which does not form part of their remuneration.

Bonus or profit-sharing plan for the Directors

Our Company does not have any bonus or profit-sharing plan for our Directors, other than the performance and project linked incentive given to all employees.

SHAREHOLDING OF DIRECTORS IN OUR COMPANY

The Articles of Association do not require our Directors to hold any qualification shares.



The shareholding of our Directors in our Company as of the date of filing this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, on a fully diluted basis, is set forth below:

S. No.	Name	No. of Equity Shares	Percentage of the pre- issue capital (%)	Percentage of the post-issue capital (%)
1.	Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	21.908%	[•]
2.	Sandeep Chhabra	6,35,5000	9.781%	[•]
3.	Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	0.693%	[•]
4.	Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	9.357%	[•]
5.	Laksh Chhabra	20,000	0.031%	[•]
	GRAND TOTAL	2,71,40,000	41.77%	[•]

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

All our Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of fees and commission, if any, payable to them for attending meetings of the Board or a committee thereof as well as to the extent of other remuneration, commission and reimbursement of expenses payable to them.

Our Directors may also be regarded as interested in Equity Shares held by them, if any, or that may be subscribed by and allotted to their relatives, or the entities with which they are associated as promoters, directors, partners, proprietors or trustees or to the companies, firms and trust, in which they are interested as directors, promoters, members, partners and trustees, pursuant to the Issue and to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the Equity Shares. For further details, refer to chapter titled *"Restated Financial Statements Note 42: Related Party Transactions"* and *"Our Promoters and Promoter Group"* beginning on page 272 and 209.

Certain of our Directors may be deemed to be interested in the contracts, transactions, agreements or arrangements entered into or to be entered into by our Company with any company in which they hold directorships/ shareholding or any partnership firm in which they are partners as declared in their respective capacity.

No sum has been paid or agreed to be paid to our Directors or to firms or companies in which they may be members, in cash or shares or otherwise by any person either to induce him/ her to become, or to qualify him/ her as, a director, or otherwise for services rendered by him/ her or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

(i) Interest in the Promotion of our Company

Except, Sandeep Chhabra, Sanjay Chhabra, Kajal Chhabra and Namita Chhabra, who are the promoters of our Company, none of our Directors have any interest in the promotion or formation of our Company as on the date of this Draft Red herring Prospectus.

None of our other Directors have any interest in the promotion and formation of our Company other than in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Interest in the property of our Company

Our Directors do not have any interest in any property acquired or proposed to be acquired of the Company or by the Company except other disclosed in the heading titled "*Properties*" under the chapter titled "*Our Business*" beginning on page 150.

(iii) Loans to directors



Except as stated in "*Restated Financial Statements – Note 42 (Related Parties Transactions)*" on page 272, our Directors have not received any loan from our Company.

(iv) Interest as a creditor of our Company

Except as stated in "*Restated Financial Statements – Note 42 (Related Parties Transactions)*" on page 272, our Directors have not directly given any loan to our Company.

(v) Interest in the business of our Company

Except as stated in "*Restated Financial Statements – Note 42 (Related Parties Transactions)*" on page 272, and to the extent of shareholding in our Company, if any, our Directors do not have any other interest in our business.

(vi) Payment of benefits (non-salary related)

Except as disclosed above, no amount or benefit has been paid or given within the two years preceding the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or is intended to be paid or given to any of our Directors except the normal remuneration for services rendered as Directors.

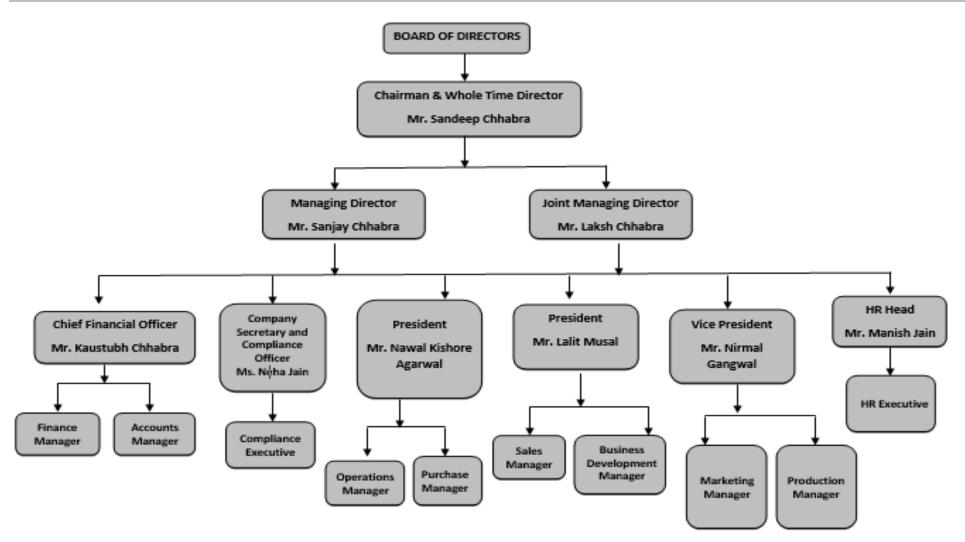
CHANGES IN THE BOARD IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Following are the changes in directors of our Company in last three years prior to the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus:

Name	Date of Change	Reason	
Vikas Kaler	September 15, 2022 Appointed as an Independent Director		
Laksh Chhabra	August 08, 2022	Appointment as Additional Director and further	
		designated as Joint Managing Director	
Sandeep Chhabra	July 01, 2022	Re-designated as Chairman and Whole-Time Director	
Sanjay Chhabra	July 01, 2022	Revision in terms of appointment as Managing Director	
Santosh Kumar Jain	June 25, 2022	Resignation as an Independent Director	
Sushil Kumar Gangwal	May 25, 2022	Appointed as an Independent Director	
Sunil Chordia	May 25, 2022	Appointed as an Independent Director	
Alpesh Fatehsingh Purohit	May 25, 2022	Appointed as an Independent Director	
Mahendra Kumar Patni	May 03, 2022 Resignation as an Executive Director		
Kamal Chand Jain	May 03, 2022 Resignation as an Executive Director		
Kajal Chhabra	November 29, 2021 Re-appointment as Non-Executive Director		
Namita Chhabra	November 29, 2021	1 Re-appointment as Non-Executive Director	
Mahendra Kumar Patni	December 30, 2020	0 Re-appointment as an Executive Director	
Kamal Chand Jain	December 30, 2020	Re-appointment as an Executive Director	
Jayesh Nemchand Mehta	August 01, 2020	01, 2020 Re-appointment as Independent Director	
Sandeep Chhabra	July 01, 2020 Re-appointment as Chairman and Managing Director		
Sanjay Chhabra	July 01, 2020 Re-appointment as Vice-Chairman and Managing		
		Director	
Kajal Chhabra	September 26, 2019 Re-appointment as Non-Executive Director		
Namita Chhabra	September 26, 2019		



MANAGEMENT ORGANISATION CHART





CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The provisions relating to corporate governance prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations will be applicable to us immediately upon listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. We are in compliance with the requirements of applicable regulations, including the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Companies Act and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in respect of corporate governance including constitution of our Board and committees thereof. The corporate governance framework is based on an effective independent Board, separation of the Board's supervisory role from the executive management team and constitution of the Board committees, as required under law.

Our Board has been constituted in compliance with the Companies Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and in accordance with best practices in corporate governance. The Board function either as a full Board or through various committees constituted to oversee specific operational areas. The executive management of our Company provides the Board detailed reports on its performance periodically.

Currently, our Board has ten Directors comprising of three Executive Directors, and seven Non-Executive Directors (including two woman Directors), out of which five are Non-Executive Independent Directors. Further, our Non-Independent Directors are liable to retire by rotation.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

(i) Audit Committee

Our Company has reconstituted an Audit Committee as per Section 177 of the Companies Act and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations *vide* resolution passed at the meeting of the Board held on **September 14, 2022**.

The terms of reference of Audit Committee adheres to the requirements of Regulation 18 of the listing agreement, proposed to be entered into with the Stock Exchanges in due course. The Audit Committee presently comprises of following four Directors:

Name of the Director	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Sunil Chordia	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director
Jayesh Nemchand Mehta	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director
Sushil Kumar Gangwal	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director

The Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company would act as the secretary to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee shall inter alia undertake following roles and responsibilities:

- 1. Oversight of Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- 2. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company.
- 3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.



- 4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
- (i) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act;
- (ii) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
- (iii) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
- (iv) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- (v) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
- (vi) Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
- (vii) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- 5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- 6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, right issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus /notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter.
- 7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence, performance and effectiveness of audit process.
- 8. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- 9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- 10. Valuation of undertakings or assets of our Company, wherever it is necessary.
- 11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- 12. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems.
- 13. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- 14. Discussion with internal auditors any significant findings and follow up there on.
- 15. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board.



- 16. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- 17. Look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- 18. Review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism.
- 19. Approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- 20. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience & background, etc. of the candidate.
- 21. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.
- 22. Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the Company and its shareholders.
- 23. Reviewing the management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations.
- 24. Reviewing the management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors.
- 25. Reviewing the internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses.
- 26. Reviewing the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee.
- 27. Reviewing the statement of deviations
- Quarterly Statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
- (b) Annual Statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- 28. Such other matters as may be required to be carried out by the Audit Committee pursuant to amendment under any law, from time to time.



Quorum of Audit Committee Meeting

The quorum shall be either two members or one third of the members of the Audit Committee whichever is greater, but there shall be a minimum of two Independent Directors, who are members, present.

(ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Our Company has reconstituted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee in accordance with Section 178 of Companies Act and Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations. The constitution of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was approved by meeting of the Board held on **September 14, 2022**.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of following Directors:

Name of the Director	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Sunil Chordia	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director
Sushil Kumar Gangwal	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director
Vikas Kaler	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director

The Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company would act as the secretary to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The scope and function of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and its terms of reference shall include the following:

- 1. **Tenure**: The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall continue to be in function as a committee of the Board until otherwise resolved by the Board.
- 2. **Quorum of Meetings**: The quorum for the meeting shall be either two members or one third of the members of the committee, whichever is greater, including at least one independent director in attendance. Meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall be called at least seven days' notice in advance.
- 3. Role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee not limited to but includes:
- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- For every appointment of an independent director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:
 - a) use the services of an external agencies, if required;
 - b) consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
 - c) Consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors, its committees and individual directors to be carried out either by the Board, by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or by an independent external agency and review its implementation and



compliance;

- Devising a policy on diversity of board of directors.
- Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.
- Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.
- Such other matters as may be required to be carried out by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee pursuant to amendment under any law, from time to time.

(iii) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Our Company has constituted a Stakeholders' Relationship Committee to redress complaints of shareholders of our Company. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted vide resolution passed at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on **September 14, 2022**.

The Stakeholder's Relationship Committee comprises of following Directors:

Name of the Director	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Jayesh Nemchand Mehta	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director
Alpesh Fatehsingh Purohit	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director
Sanjay Chhabra	Member	Managing Director

The Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company would act as the secretary to the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee shall oversee all matters pertaining to investors of our Company. The scope and function of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and its terms of reference shall include the following:

- 1. **Tenure:** The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee shall continue to be in function as a committee of the Board until otherwise resolved by the Board, to carry out the functions of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee as approved by the Board.
- 2. **Quorum of Meetings:** The quorum shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third be rounded off as one) or two members, whichever is higher.
- 3. **Role of Stakeholder's Relationship Committee:** The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee shall consider and resolve grievance of security holders, including but not limited to:
- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of



new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc;

- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.
- Such other matters as may be required to be carried out by the Stakeholders Relationship Committee pursuant to amendment under any law, from time to time.

(iv) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was reconstituted by our Board at their meeting held on **September 14, 2022** in terms of Section 135 of the Companies Act. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of following Directors:

Name of the Director	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Sandeep Chhabra	Chairman	Chairman & Whole Time Director
Sunil Chordia	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director
Sanjay Chhabra	Member	Managing Director

The Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company would act as the secretary to the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

The terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of our Company are as follows:

- i. Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.
- ii. Review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities to be undertaken by the Company.
- iii. Annually review the CSR Policy and associated frameworks, processes and practices of the Company and make appropriate recommendations to the Board.
- iv. Monitor if the Company is taking appropriate measures to ensure the successful implementation of CSR activities.
- v. Formulate and monitor the implementation of the CSR annual action plan, in accordance with the Company's CSR policy and provisions of applicable laws from time to time.
- vi. Monitor the administrative overheads in pursuance of CSR activities or projects or programs so that they do not exceed the prescribed thresholds.
- vii. Such other matters as may be required to be carried out by the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee



pursuant to amendment under any law, from time to time.

(v) Internal Complaints Committee

The Internal Complaints Committee was reconstituted by our Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 at their meeting held on **September 14, 2022**. The Internal Complaints Committee comprises of following Directors:

Name of the Director	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Kajal Chhabra	Presiding Officer	Non-Executive Director
Namita Chhabra	Member	Non-Executive Director
Neha Jain	Member	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
Meena Jain Choudhary	Member	External Member

The terms of reference of the Internal Complaints Committee of our Company are as follows:

- To provide a Redressal mechanism for complaints relating to sexual harassment at the workplace.
- To act as Inquiry Authority on a complaint of sexual harassment.
- To ensure that complainant and witnesses are not victimized or discriminated because of their complaint.
- Bring about awareness about what comprises 'sexual harassment' at the workplace by way of workshops, posters, documents, notices, seminars, etc.
- To educate all employees of the Company about:
 - a) Sexual harassment at workplace, its effects and laws against it.
 - b) Filing a complaint with the Internal Complaint Committee.
- Such other matters as may be required to be carried out by the Internal Complaint Committee pursuant to amendment under any law, from time to time.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Our Company is managed by our Board of Directors, assisted by qualified and experienced professionals, who are permanent employees of our Company. Below are the details of the Key Managerial Personnel of our Company:

Sandeep Chhabra is the Chairman and Whole Time Director of our Company. For details see, "Brief Biographies of Directors" and "Remuneration/Compensation paid to Managing Director and Whole-Time Director" at page 190 and 193 respectively.

Sanjay Chhabra is the Managing Director of our Company. For details see, "Brief Biographies of Directors" and "Remuneration/Compensation paid to Managing Director and Whole-Time Director" at page 190 and 193 respectively.



Laksh Chhabra is the Joint Managing Director of our Company. For details see, "Brief Biographies of Directors" and "Remuneration/Compensation paid to Managing Director and Whole-Time Director" at page 190 and 193 respectively.

Kaustubh Chhabra, Chief Financial Officer

Kaustubh Chhabra, aged 23 years, is the Chief Financial Officer of our Company. He holds bachelor's degree in administration from Kalinga University, Raipur. He has the experience of 5 years. Prior to joining our Company he has worked as Director of Finance in Khyati Gems DMCC, Dubai. He joined our Company in July 2022. His remuneration for Fiscal 2022 was NIL.

Neha Jain, Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer

Neha Jain, aged 37 years, is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company. She holds a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in commerce from University of Rajasthan. She also holds a bachelor's degree in law (LLB) from University of Rajasthan. She holds a post graduate diploma in business administration from Symbiosis Centre for Distance Learning (SCDL). She is an associate member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. She joined our Company as the Manager (Company Secretary and legal) on November 1, 2011. She has 15 years of experience in secretarial sector. Prior to joining our Company, she is practising as a Company Secretary. In October 2011 she surrendered her Certificate of Practice. She is responsible for undertaking various functions in our Company including ensuring conformity with the regulatory provisions applicable to our Company. Her remuneration for Fiscal 2022 was ₹ 13,00,000.

REALTIONSHIP BETWEEN KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Except as mentioned below none of the Key Managerial Personnel of our Company are related to each other as per section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013.

NAME OF THE DIRECTOR	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
Sandeep Chhabra	Brother of Sanjay Chhabra
	Father of Laksh Chhabra
	Uncle of Kaustubh Chhabra
	Brother of Sandeep Chhabra
Sanjay Chhabra	Father of Kaustubh Chhabra
	Uncle of Laksh Chhabra
	Son of Sanjay Chhabra
Kaustubh Chhabra	Nephew of Sandeep Chhabra
	Cousin of Laksh Chhabra
	Son of Sandeep Chhabra
Laksh Chhabra	Nephew of Sanjay Chhabra
	Cousin of Kaustubh Chhabra

ARRANGEMENTS AND UNDERSTANDING WITH MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS, CUSTOMERS, SUPPLIERS AND OTHERS

None of our Key Managerial Personnel have been selected pursuant to any arrangement or understanding with any major Shareholders, customers or suppliers of our Company, or others.



RETIREMENT AND TERMINATION BENEFITS

Our Key Managerial Personnel have not entered into any service contracts with our Company which include termination or retirement benefits. Except statutory benefits upon termination of their employment in our Company or superannuation, none of the Key Managerial Personnel is entitled to any benefit upon termination of employment or superannuation.

BONUS OR PROFIT-SHARING PLAN OF THE KEY MANAERIAL PERSONNEL

None of the Key Managerial Personnel are party to any bonus or profit-sharing plan of our Company other than the performance linked incentives given to Key Managerial Personnel.

CONTINGENT AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PAYABLE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

None of our Key Managerial Personnel has received or is entitled to any contingent or deferred compensation accrued for the Fiscal 2022.

STATUS OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

All our Key Managerial Personnel are permanent employees of our Company.

SHAREHOLDING OF THE KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Except Sandeep Chhabra, Sanjay Chhabra and Laksh Chhabra, as disclosed in the section entitled *"Shareholding of Directors in our Company"* on page 195 none of our Key Managerial Personnel hold any Equity Shares in our Company.

CHANGES IN KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Except as mentioned below, and as specified in *"Changes in our Board of Directors in the last three years"* on page 197, there have been no changes in the Key Managerial Personnel in the last three years:

Name	Date of Change	Reason
Laksh Chhabra	August 08, 2022	Appointed as Additional Director and further designated as
		Joint Managing Director
Neha Jain	August 05, 2022	Re-designated as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
Sandeep Chhabra	July 01, 2022	Re-designated as Chairman and Whole-Time Director
Sandeep Chhabra	July 01, 2022	Resignation as a CFO
Sanjay Chhabra	July 01, 2022	Revision in the terms as Managing Director
Kaustubh Chhabra	July 01, 2022	Appointment as a CFO

ATTRITION OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

As on the date of filing this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, history of attrition rate of our Key Managerial Personnel of our Company is not higher than the industry attrition rate.



EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION

For details of our Company's employee stock option, see "Capital Structure – Employee Stock Option Scheme" on page 88.

INTERESTS OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Except as disclosed under *"Interest of Directors"* on page 196, our Key Managerial Personnel are interested in our Company to the extent of the remuneration or benefits to which they are entitled to as per their terms of appointment and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them during the ordinary course of their service.

PAYMENT OR BENEFIT TO OFFICERS OF OUR COMPANY (NON-SALARY RELATED)

No non-salary amount or benefit has been paid or given or is intended to be paid or given to any of our Company's employees including the Key Managerial Personnel and our Directors within the two preceding years.



OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTER GROUP

OUR PROMOTERS

The Promoters of our Company are:

- 1. Sandeep Chhabra;
- 2. Sanjay Chhabra;
- 3. Namita Chhabra;
- 4. Kajal Chhabra;
- 5. Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra (HUF);
- 6. Sandeep Chhabra (HUF); and
- 7. Sanjay Chhabra (HUF)

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Sandeep Chhabra, Sanjay Chhabra, Namita Chhabra, Kajal Chhabra, Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra (HUF), Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) and Sanjay Chhabra (HUF) together hold **3,92,90,000 Equity Shares**, representing **60.47%** of the issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company.

For details on shareholding of our Promoters in our Company, please see the section titled "*Capital Structure – Build-up of Equity Shareholding of our Promoters in our Company*" shareholding in our Company" on page 93.

DETAILS OF OUR PROMOTER

SANDEEP CHHABRA:



Sandeep Chhabra, aged 53 years, is the Promoter, Chairman and Whole Time Director on our Board. For the Complete Profile of Sandeep Chhabra along with details of his date of birth, personal address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements see "Our Management – Board of Directors" on page 186.

His Permanent Account Number is AAPPC5032M

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Sandeep Chhabra holds 63,55,000 Equity Shares, representing 9.781% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.



SANJAY CHHABRA:



Sanjay Chhabra, aged 48 years, is the Promoter and Managing Director of our Company. For the Complete Profile of Sanjay Chhabra along with details of his date of birth, personal address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements see *"Our Management – Board of Directors"* on page 186.

His Permanent Account Number is AASPC8903A.

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Sanjay Chhabra holds 1,42,35,000 Equity Shares, representing 21.908% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.

NAMITA CHHABRA:



Namita Chhabra, aged 51 years, is the Promoter and Non-Executive Director of our Company. For the Complete Profile of Namita Chhabra along with details of her date of birth, personal address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements see *"Our Management – Board of Directors"* on page 188.

Her Permanent Account Number is **ADYPC5170C.**

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Namita Chhabra holds 60,80,000 Equity Shares, representing 9.357% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.

KAJAL CHHABRA:



Kajal Chhabra, aged 44 years, is the Promoter and Non-Executive Director of our Company. For the Complete Profile of Namita Chhabra along with details of her date of birth, personal address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements see "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 188.

Her Permanent Account Number is ACUPC6485D.

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Kajal Chhabra holds 4,50,000 Equity Shares, representing 0.693% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.



MOTI LAL SANDEEP CHHABRA (HUF)

Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) came into existence on September 04, 1969 and Sandeep Chhabra is its Karta with Sanjay Chhabra, Kaustubh Chhabra, Prakkhar Chhabra and Laksh Chhabra as its coparceners and Namita Chhabra, Kajal Chhabra, Tarushi Chhabra and Palak Chhabra, as its members.

Permanent Account Number: AAAHM8469B

Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur, Rajasthan- 302001

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) holds 64,20,000 Equity Shares, representing 9.88% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.

SANDEEP CHHABRA (HUF)

Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) came into existence on February 17, 2001 and Sandeep Chhabra is its Karta with Laksh Chhabra as its coparceners and Namita Chhabra, Tarushi Chhabra and Palak Chhabra as its members.

Permanent Account Number: AAIHS4494L

Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur, Rajasthan- 302001

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) holds 40,00,000 Equity Shares, representing 6.16% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.

SANJAY CHHABRA (HUF)

Sanjay Chhabra (HUF) came into existence on February 07, 2001 and Sanjay Chhabra is its Karta with Kaustubh Chhabra and Prakkhar Chhabra as its coparceners and Kajal Chhabra as its members.

Permanent Account Number: AAIHS4497K

Address: B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur, Rajasthan- 302001

As on date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, Sanjay Chhabra (HUF) holds 17,50,000 Equity Shares, representing 2.69% of the pre-issued issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.

Our Company confirms that the permanent account number, bank account number(s), passport number, Aadhar card number and driving license number of our individual Promoters Sandeep Chhabra, Sanjay Chhabra, Namita Chhabra and Kajal Chhabra and details of the permanent account number and bank account numbers of Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra (HUF), Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) and Sanjay Chhabra (HUF) shall be submitted to the Stock Exchanges at the time of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.



CHANGE IN THE CONTROL OF OUR COMPANY

Except Sandeep Chhabra (HUF) and Sanjay Chhabra (HUF), all our Promoters are the original promoters of our Company. There has not been any change in control of our Company in five years immediately preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

INTERESTS OF PROMOTER

Our Promoters are interested in our Company to the extent they have promoted our Company and to the extent of their respective shareholdings in our Company and their directorship in our company (in case of individual promoters) and the dividends payable and other distribution in respect of their respective shareholdings in our Company. Our individual promoters are also interested to the extent of shareholding of their relatives in our Company. For further details of shareholding of our promoters in our Company, see *"Capital Structure – Build-up of Equity Shareholding of our Promoters in our Company"* beginning on page 93.

Additionally, our promoters may be interested in transactions entered into by our Company with other entities (i) in which our Promoters hold shares, or (ii) controlled by our Promoters.

For further details of interest of our Promoters in our company, see *"Restated Financial Statement Note 42 – Related Party Transactions"* on page 272.

Our individual Promoters may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of the remuneration, benefits and reimbursement of expenses payable to them as Directors on our Board. For further details see *"Our Management"* on page 186.

Except Sandeep Chhabra, Sanjay Chhabra, Namita Chhabra and Kajal Chhabra who are promoters and directors of our Company holding 2,71,20,000 equity shares (41.74%), none of our other directors or Group Companies have any interest in the promotion of our Company.

Our Promoters are not interested as a member of a firm or company, and no sum has been paid, or agreed to be paid to our Promoters them or to any firm or company, in cash or shares or otherwise by any person either to induce him to become, or to qualify him as a director, promoter or otherwise for services rendered by such Promoters or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

Except to the extent of their directorship and shareholding in our Group Companies, our Promoters do not have any interest in any venture that is involved in any activities similar to those conducted by our Company. For further details see *"Our Management"* on page 186.

Our Promoters are not interested in any other entity which holds any intellectual property rights that are used by our Company.

Our Promoters may also be interested to the extent of providing personal guarantees for some of the loans taken by our Company. For details see "*Capital Structure – Equity Shareholding of our Promoters* and *Promoter Group*", "*Our Management*" and "*Restated Financial Statements – Note* 42 (*Related Parties Transactions*)" on page 209, 186 and 272.



INTEREST IN PROPERTY, LAND, CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDING AND SUPPLY OF MACHINERY

Except as stated in the sections entitled *"Our Business"* and *"Restated Financial Statement Note 42 – Related Party Transactions"* beginning on pages 150 and 272, respectively, our Promoters have no interest, whether direct or indirect, in any property acquired by our Company within the preceding three years from the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or proposed to be acquired by it, or in any transaction by our Company with respect to the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery.

PAYMENT OR BENEFITS TO PROMOTER OR PROMOTER GROUP

Except as disclosed below and as stated in *"Restated Financial Statement Note 42 – Related Party Transactions"* and *"Our Management"* on pages 272 and 186, respectively, there has been no amounts paid or benefits granted by our Company to our Promoters or any of the members of the Promoter Group in the two years preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, nor is there any intention to pay any amount or provide any benefit to our Promoters or Promoter Group as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

DISASSOCIATION BY PROMOTERS IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Our individual Promoters, namely, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Ms. Namita Chhabra and Ms. Kajal Chhabra have not disassociated themselves from any companies or firm during the preceding three years from the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

MATERIAL GUARANTEES

Our Promoter has not provided any material guarantees to third parties with respect to the specified securities of our Company.

EXPERIENCE OF OUR PROMOTERS IN THE BUSINESS OF OUR COMPANY

For details in relation to experience of our individual Promoters in the business of our Company, please refer to the chapter titled *"Our Management"* on page 186. Further, our Promoter HUFs have no experience in the business of the Company.

LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR PROMOTERS

Except as disclosed in *"Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments"* on page 318, there are no legal and regulatory proceedings involving our Promoters as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

PROMOTER GROUP

In addition to the Promoters named above, the following individuals and entities form a part of the Promoter Group of our Company in terms of Regulation 2(1) (pp) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations:



(a) Natural persons who are part of the Promoter Group

The natural persons who are part of our Promoter Group (being the immediate relatives of our Promoters), apart from our Promoters mentioned above are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Promoter	Name of the Relative	Relationship with the Promoter
1.	Sandeep Chhabra	Late Moti Lal Jain	Father
		Late Vimla Devi Jain	Mother
		Namita Chhabra	Spouse
		Laksh Chhabra	Son
		Tarushi Chhabra	Daughter
		Palak Chhabra	
		Sanjay Chhabra	Brother
		Meeta Rajeev Patni	<u>c:</u> .
		Shashi Sogani	Sister
		Asha Kala	
		Mahendra Kumar Patni	Spouse's Father
		Late Sudha Patni	Spouse's Mother
		Rashmiben Vireshchandra Kasliwal	Spouse's Sister
2.	Sanjay Chhabra	Late Moti Lal Jain	Father
		Late Vimala Devi Jain	Mother
		Kajal Chhabra	Spouse
		Prakkhar Chhabra	Son
		Kaustubh Chhabra	5011
		Meeta Rajeev Patni	
		Shashi Sogani	Sister
		Asha Kala	Sister
		Seema Jain	
		Sandeep Chhabra	Brother
		Kamal Chand Jain	Spouse's Father
		Nirmala Jain	Spouse's Mother
		Anurag Jain	Spouse's Brother
		Kavita V Jain	Spouse's Sister
3.	Namita Chhabra	Mahendra Kumar Patni	Father
		Late Sudha Patni	Mother
		Sandeep Chhabra	Spouse
		Laksh Chhabra	Son
		Tarushi Chhabra	Daughter
		Palak Chhabra	
		Rashmiben Vireshchandra Kasliwal	Sister
		Late Moti Lal Jain	Spouse's Father
		Late Vimala Devi Jain	Spouse's Mother
		Sanjay Chhabra	Spouse's Brother
		Meeta Rajeev Patni	Spouse's Sister



Sr. No.	Name of the Promoter	Name of the Relative	Relationship with the Promoter
		Shashi Sogani	
		Asha Kala	
		Seema Jain	
4.	Kajal Chhabra	Kamal Chand Jain	Father
		Nirmala Jain	Mother
		Sanjay Chhabra	Spouse
		Prakkhar Chhabra	Son
		Kaustubh Chhabra	3011
		Anurag jain	Brother
		Kavita V Jain	Sister
		Late Moti Lal Jain	Spouse's Father
		Late Vimala Devi Jain	Spouse's Mother
		Sandeep Chhabra	Spouse's Brother
		Meeta Rajeev Patni	
		Shashi Sogani	Spouso's Sistor
		Asha Kala	Spouse's Sister
		Seema Jain	

(b) Entities forming part of the Promoter Group

As of the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the companies, bodies corporate, firm, trust and HUF forming part of our Promoter Group are as follows:

Body corporates forming part of the Promoter Group

- 1. Motisons Global Private Limited
- 2. Godawari Estates Private Limited
- 3. Motisons Buildtech Private Limited
- 4. Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited
- 5. Motisons Shares Private Limited
- 6. Gun Sagar Builders Private Limited
- 7. Rainbow Buildcon Private Limited
- 8. Motisons Commodities Private Limited
- 9. Mayukh Vintrade Private Limited
- 10. Mayukh Vinimay Private Limited
- 11. Rose Suppliers Private Limited
- 12. Roopganga Colonisers Private Limited
- 13. Motisons Hotel and Resorts (India) Private Limited
- 14. Evershine Suppliers Private Limited
- 15. Regent Dealers Private Limited
- 16. Regent Barter Private Limited
- 17. Alliance Tradecom Private Limited
- 18. Shashi Commodity Private Limited
- 19. Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited
- 20. Bholenath Real Estate Private Limited



- 21. Motisons Townships Private Limited
- 22. Kalpsagar Private Limited
- 23. Sristhi Agriculture Products Private Limited

Firms forming part of the Promoter Group

- 1. Jaipur Brothers
- 2. Chhabra Brothers
- 3. Moti Developers
- 4. Innocent Investment Consultants LLP
- 5. Vidhyasagar Developers
- 6. KLP Enterprises
- 7. Kala Sports
- 8. Saarvam Industries LLP
- 9. WF Advisors

Hindu Undivided Families (HUF's) forming part of the Promoter Group

- 1. Anurag Jain HUF
- 2. Kamal Chand Jain HUF



OUR GROUP COMPANIES

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and pursuant to the resolution passed by our Board at its meeting held on September 01, 2022 "Group Companies" shall include (I) Such companies with which there were related party transactions during the period for which financial information is disclosed, as covered under applicable accounting standards, and (II) any other companies considered material by the board of directors of the relevant issuer company.

Accordingly, all such companies with which our company had related party transactions as covered under the relevant accounting standard (i.e., Ind AS 24) as per the Restated Financial Information, have been considered as group companies in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations

Additionally, pursuant to the materiality policy, a company shall be disclosed as a group company in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus if: (i) such other company hold more than 10% of the company's share capital and (ii) monetary value of the company's transactions with such companies in Financial year ending March 31, 2022 as disclosed in restated Financial Information exceeds individually or in aggregate 10% of total restated revenue or expenses of the company

Based on the above, our Group Companies are set forth below

- 1. Motisons Shares Private Limited;
- 2. Gun Sagar Builders Private Limited;
- 3. Godawari Estates Private Limited;
- 4. Motisons Global Private Limited;
- 5. Motisons Commodities Private Limited;
- 6. Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited;
- 7. Motisons Buildtech Private Limited;
- 8. Motisons Hotel and Resorts (India) Private Limited;
- 9. Motisons Townships Private Limited;
- 10. Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited;
- 11. Rainbow Buildcon Private Limited;
- 12. Mayukh Vintrade Private Limited;
- 13. Roopganga Colonisers Private Limited;
- 14. Shashi Commodity Private Limited;
- 15. Bholenath Real Estate Private Limited;
- 16. Kalpsagar Private Limited.

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations certain financial information in relation to our Group Companies for the previous three financial years, extracted from their respective audited financial statements (as applicable) are available at the respective websites indicated below. These are collectively referred to as the *"Group Company Financial Information"*.

Our Company is providing links to such websites solely to comply with the requirements specified under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

None of our Company, the BRLM or any of the Company's or the BRLM respective directors, employees, affiliates, associates, advisors, agents or representatives have verified the information available on the websites indicated below.



DETAILS OF OUR TOP FIVE GROUP COMPANIES

The details of our top five Group Companies (based on market capitalisation one month prior to the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, in the case of our listed Group Companies and turnover, in the case of unlisted Group Companies) are provided below:

1. MOTISONS SHARES PRIVATE LIMITED

Corporate Information:

Motisons Shares Private Limited is a private company having its registered office at 2nd Floor, Chandwani Smariti Bhawan, Jwalapur-Kankhal Main Road, Near Ram Nagar, Haridwar- 249403, Uttarakhand. It was incorporated on July 13, 2005, under the Companies Act, 1956. The corporate identification number of Motisons Shares Private Limitedis U67120UR2005PTC000351.

Financial Performance:

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, financial information in relation to Motisons Shares Private for FY 2020-21, FY 2019-20 and FY 2018-19 are available on our Company's website at https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/investors.

2. <u>GUN SAGAR BUILDERS PRIVATE LIMITED</u>

Corporate Information:

Gun Sagar Builders Private Limited is a private company limited by shares having its registered office at 133, Mahaveer Nagar Ist Tonk Road Jaipur- 302018, Rajasthan. It was incorporated on March 14, 2012, under the Companies Act, 1956. The corporate identification number of Gun Sagar Builders Private Limited is U70101RJ2012PTC038208.

Financial Performance:

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, financial information in relation to Motisons Shares Private for FY 2020-21, FY 2019-20 and FY 2018-19 are available on our Company's website at <u>https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/investors</u>.

3. GODAWARI ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED

Corporate Information:

Godawari Estates Private Limited is a private company having its registered office at 102/B Plot No. 8, Muktanand Nagar, Tonk Road Jaipur- 302018, Rajasthan. It was incorporated on November 27, 1989, under the Companies Act, 1956. The corporate identification number of Godawari Estates Pvt Ltd is U70109RJ1989PTC060656.



Financial Performance:

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, financial information in relation to Motisons Shares Private for FY 2020-21, FY 2019-20 and FY 2018-19 are available on our Company's website at <u>https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/investors</u>.

4. MOTISONS GLOBAL PRIVATE LIMITED

Corporate Information:

Motisons Global Private Limited is a private company having its registered office at 7th Floor, Motisons Tower, SB-110, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur- 302015, Rajasthan. It was incorporated on August 16, 2007, under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The corporate identification number of Motisons Global Private Limited is U45201RJ2007PTC024849.

Financial Performance:

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, financial information in relation to Motisons Shares Private for FY 2020-21, FY 2019-20 and FY 2018-19 are available on our Company's website at https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/investors.

5. MOTISONS COMMODITIES PRIVATE LIMITED

Corporate Information:

Motisons Commodities Private Limited is a private company limited by shares having its registered office at 2nd Floor, Chandwani Smariti Bhawan, Jwalapur-Kankhal Main Road, Near Ram Nagar, Haridwar-249403, Uttarakhand. It was incorporated on October 23, 2003, under the Companies Act, 1956. The corporate identification number of Motisons Commodities Private Limited is U74999UR2003PTC000348.

Financial Performance:

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, financial information in relation to Motisons Shares Private for FY 2020-21, FY 2019-20 and FY 2018-19 are available on our Company's website at <u>https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/investors</u>.

DETAILS OF OUR OTHER GROUP COMPANIES

1. MOTISONS ENTERTAINMENT (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited is situated at 7th Floor, SB -110, Motisons Tower, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan.



2. MOTISONS BUILDTECH PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Motisons Buildtech Private Limited is situated at B-9, Vivekanand Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan.

3. MOTISONS HOTELS AND RESORTS (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMTED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Motisons Hotels and Resorts (INDIA) Private Limited is situated at 7th Floor, Motisons Tower, SB-110, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan-302015.

4. MOTISONS TOWNSHIPS PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Motisons Townships Private Limited is situated at 7th Floor, Motisons Tower, SB-110, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan-302015.

5. SHIVANSH BUILDCON PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited is a situated at 7th Floor, Motisons Tower, SB-110, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur Rajasthan-302015.

6. RAINBOW BUILDCON PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Rainbow Buildcon Private Limited is a situated at 7th Floor, Motisons Tower, SB-110, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur Rajasthan-302015.

7. MAYUKH VINTRADE PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Mayukh Vintrade Private Limited is a situated at Room no. 102/A, Plot no. 8, Muktanand Nagar, Tonk Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan-302018.

8. <u>ROOPGANGA COLONISERS PRIVATE LIMITED</u>

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Roopganga Colonisers Private Limited is a situated at 7th Floor, Motisons Tower, SB-110, Lal Kothi, Tonk Road, Jaipur Rajasthan-302015.



9. SHASHI COMMODITY PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Shashi Commodity Private Limited is a situated at 401, C-55, Roop Kamal Apartment Sarojini Marg, C-Scheme Jaipur Rajasthan-302001.

10. BHOLENATH REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Bholenath Real Estate Private Limited is a situated at 248, Mushfaf Bhawan, Haldiyon Ka Rasta, Johari Bazar, Jaipur, Rajasthan-302003.

11. KALPSAGAR PRIVATE LIMITED

Registered Office:

The Registered Office of Kalpsagar Private Limited is a situated at 2, Ashram Marg, Tonk road, Jaipur Rajasthan-302018.

NATURE AND EXTENT OF INTEREST OF OUR GROUP COMPANY

a) Interest in the promotion or formation of our Company

None of our Group Companies have any interest in the promotion or formation of our Company.

b) Interest in the properties acquired or proposed to be acquired by Our company in the past three years before filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus

Except as provided herein below, none of our Group Companies have any interest in the properties acquired by Our company within the three years preceding the date of filing this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

Our Company has entered into a rent deed dated **September 06, 2022** with **Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited** (our Group Company) for using the property situated at D-100, Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Jaipur – 302015 for manufacturing of jewellery.

Our Company has entered into separate rent deeds dated **August 31, 2022** and **June 05, 2022** with **Motisons Global Private Limited** (our Group Company), for use of its jewellery showroom and parking area respectively situated at SB-110 and 111, Tonk Road, Bapu Nagar, Jaipur 302015, Rajasthan.

c) Interest in transactions for acquisition of land, construction of building and supply of machinery

None of our companies have any interest in any transaction for the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery etc.



LITIGATION

Except as stated in the chapter titled "Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments" beginning on page 318, there is no pending litigation involving any Group Companies which may have a material impact on our Company.

COMMON PURSUITS BETWEEN OUR GROUP COMPANIES AND OUR COMPANY

The predominant business activity of the Company is Jewellery. Apart from jewellery business our company is not engaged in any other business.

Though the object clause or constitutional documents of all our Group Companies permit them to undertake similar business to that of the business of the Company, none of our Group Companies are in the same line of business as our Company and there are no common pursuits between our Company and our Group Company.

Related Business Transactions within the Group and Significance on the Financial Performance of Our Company:

Except as disclosed in *"Restated Financial Statements- Note 42 (Related Parties Transactions)"* on page 272, there are no related business transactions with the Group Companies.

BUSINESS INTERESTS

Except in the ordinary course of business and as stated in *"Restated Financial Statements- Note 42 (Related Parties Transactions)"* on page 272, none of our Group Companies have any business interest in our Company.



DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on September 14, 2022, have adopted a dividend distribution policy. The declaration and payment of dividend on our Equity Shares, if any, will be recommended by our Board and approved by our Shareholders, at their discretion, in accordance with provisions of our Articles of Association and applicable law, including the Companies Act (together with applicable rules issued thereunder).

Any future determination as to the declaration and payment of dividends will be at the discretion of our Board and will depend on factors that our Board deems relevant, including among others, profits earned and available for distribution during the financial year, accumulated reserves, including retained earnings, earning stability, mandatory transfer of profits earned to specific reserves, crystallization of contingent liabilities of our Company. In addition, our ability to pay dividends may be impacted by a number of factors, including restrictive covenants under our current or future loan or financing documents. For more information on restrictive covenants under our current loan agreements, see *"Financial Indebtedness"* on page 314. Our Company may pay dividend by cheque, or electronic clearance service, as will be approved by our Board in the future. Our Board may also declare interim dividend during the financial year, between two annual general meetings as and when they consider fit. We may retain our earnings in order to make better use of the available funds and increase the value of the stakeholders in the long run.

Our Company has not declared any dividends on the Equity Shares during the last three Fiscals, and the period from March 31, 2022, until the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

For details in relation to the risk involved, see "*Risk Factors No. 36 – Our Company may not be able to pay dividends in the future. Our ability to pay dividends in the future will depend upon our future earnings, financial condition, cash flows, working capital requirements and capital expenditures and the terms of our financing arrangements.*" On page 58.



SECTION VII – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RESTATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Independent Auditor's Examination Report on Restated Financial Information

The Board of Directors Motisons Jewellers Limited, 270, 271, 272 & 276 Johari Bazar, Jaipur – 302003, Rajasthan, India

Dear Sirs,

- 1. We have examined the attached Restated Financial Information of Motisons Jewellers Limited (the "Company"), comprising the Restated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, the Restated Statements of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Restated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Restated Cash Flow Statement for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, the Summary Statement of Significant Accounting Policies, and other explanatory information (collectively, the "Restated Financial Information"), as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 25th August, 2022 for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus/Red Herring Prospectus/ Prospectus ("DRHP/RHP/Prospectus") prepared by the Company in connection with its proposed Initial Public Offer of equity shares ("IPO") prepared in terms of the requirements of:
 - a) Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act");
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended ("ICDR Regulations"); and
 - c) The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019) issued by the Instituteof Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), as amended from time to time (the "Guidance Note").
- 2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Restated Financial Information for the purpose of inclusion in the DRHP to be filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), the stock exchanges where the equity shares of the Company are proposed to be listed ("Stock Exchanges") and the Registrar of Companies, Jaipur ("ROC"), in connection with the proposed IPO. The Restated Financial Information have been prepared by the management of the Company on the basis of preparation stated in Note No. 1 to the Restated Financial Information.
- 3. The responsibilities of the Board of Directors of the Company includes designing, implementing, andmaintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the RestatedFinancial Information. The Board of Directors are also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Company complies with the Act, ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note.
- 4. We have examined such Restated Financial Information taking into consideration:
 - a) The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance withour engagement letter dated 14th December, 2021 in connection with the proposed IPO of equity shares of the Company;



- b) The Guidance Note also requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI;
- c) Concepts of test checks and materiality to obtain reasonable assurance based on verification of evidence supporting the Restated Financial Information; and
- d) The requirements of Section 26 of the Act and the ICDR Regulations. Our work was performedsolely to assist the board of directors in meeting their responsibilities in relation to the compliance with the Act, the ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note in connection with the proposed IPO.
- 5. These Restated Financial Information have been compiled by the management from:
 - a) Audited financial statements of the Company audited and reported by us for the year ended March 31, 2022 prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under Companies Act, 2013 specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 22th August2022.
 - b) Audited financial statements of the Company as at and for the years ended, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 prepared in accordance with the with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Act ("Indian GAAP") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, at the relevant time, which have been Audited and reported by erstwhile Statutory Auditor VKG & Co., Chartered Accountants
 - c) The financial information for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 included in such restated financial information have been prepared by the management by preparing Ind-AS financial statements wherein Ind-AS transition / restatement adjustments have been made to the audited financial statements of the Company and prepared in accordance with the Indian accounting standards as notified under Companies Act, 2013.
- 6. For the purpose of our examination, we have relied on:
 - a) Auditors' report issued by us dated 22th August, 2022 on the financial statements of the Company as at March 31, 2022
 - b) Auditors' Report issued by the previous Auditor dated September 4, 2021, December 4, 2020 on the financial statements of the Company as at and for the years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 respectively.

The Ind-AS transition and restatement adjustments made to such audited financial statements[referred as above] to comply with Ind-AS along with the basis of preparation set out in Note 1 to the Restated Financial Information and statement of reconciliation thereof set out in Note 52, have beenverified by us.

7. Based on our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Restated Financial Information:



- a) have been prepared after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies, material errors and regrouping / reclassifications retrospectively in the financial years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 to reflect the same accounting treatmentas per the accounting policies and grouping / classifications followed as at and for the year ended;
- b) have been prepared after incorporating IND AS Adjustment to the audited Indian GAAP financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 as mentioned in notes to restated financial information
- c) does not contain any qualification requiring adjustments.
- d) have been prepared in accordance with the Act, ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note.
- 8. The Restated Financial Information does not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the respective dates of the reports on the audited financial statements mentioned as above
- 9. This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports issued by us, nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.
- 10. We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.
- 11. Our report is intended solely for use of the Board of Directors for inclusion in the DRHP/RHP/Prospectus to be filed with SEBI, Stock Exchanges and ROC in connection with the proposed IPO. Our report should not be used, referred to, or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent in writing. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For Keyur Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN.: 141173W

Sd/-Keyur Shah Proprietor Membership No.: 153774 UDIN - 22153774ASPFQO3025

Date: 25-08-2022 Place: Ahmedabad



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MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

					ALIN .
					(Amount in Lakhs)
r. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As yt 31st March, 2022	As at 31st Merch, 2021	As at 31st March, 2010
1	ASSETS	1100	Page History swas	and the still see a	2425 1111 211 2012
Α.	Non-Current Assets				
	a) Property Plant & Equipments	2	485.53	355.34	366.34
	in) Right of Lise Assets	20	620.30	825.82	1.031.34
	c) Intangible Assets	2	9.72	3.04	2.5
	d) Capital work-in-progress	2	(m)	134.78	134.0
	e) Financial Assets				
	Other Financial Assets	3	56.83	194.00	189.5
	g) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	4	73.32	70.86	66.0
	10 Diller Non-Carient Assets	5	09.37	02.43	129.2
	Total Non-Current Asiets		1.315.27	1.653.29	1,859.1
400	Current Assets		100000	- North Colorest	
	a) inventories	6	28.375.82	23,984,21	23.151.7
	b) Financial Asiata	0	28,373.54	23,204.21	\$3,134,4
		7	206.17	221.53	634.9
	- Trackt revalvables.				
	Cash and cash equivalents	8	540.81	607.34	225.2
	 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash 	8	8.56	1.24	3.3
	Gaskualentz	1.23			
	- Loans	0	-	300.41	
	c) Other Current Assets	10	206.36	772.19	858.1
	Total Current Assets		29,337.72	25,883.92	24,671.1
	TOTAL ASSETS	1.52	30,652.99	27,542.21	26,760.2
	EQUITY AND LIANUTIES				
1	EQUITY				
-	a) Equity Share capital	11	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497,5
	b) Other Equity - attentiatable to emmers of the				
	company	12	5,047.78	3,598.79	2,653.9
	Total Equity		11.545.28	10,096.29	9.151.4
2	LIABILITIES		11,049-20	10/059-65	2,421/4
*	A CONTRACTOR OF				
•	Non-Current Liabilities				
	a) Financial Liabilities	1.222	21222		10 A.M. 10
	- Long Term Borrowings	11	1,625.97	1,043.35	942.9
	- Long Tarro Lasser Lisbillies	14	547.79	741.25	943.8
	- Long-berm Financial Liabilities	15	\$45.00	484.09	426.4
	Ib) Long Term Pravisions				
	c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	4			+
	8) Other Non-Current Liabilities		1		+
	Total Non-Cerrent Liebilities		2,718.66	3,170.70	2,313,2
8	Current Liabilities				
	a) financial Liabilities				
	- Short Term Borrowings	16	13,534.50	12,200.13	32,770.3
	- Short Term Lease Liabilities	17	195.47	200.55	181.5
	Trade payables				
	(1) Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprise and	18			
	Small Enterprises	10	385.44	303.12	161.0
	(ii) Total autstanding dues of Creditors othar than	1.125	10000		10000
	Micro Enterprise and Small Enterprises	18	1,557.52	1,087.56	1,772.4
	(b) Short-Term Provisions	19	5.12	4.04	4.0
	c) Other Current Liabilities	20	438.43	394.41	401.4
	d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	23	430.43	85.41 R5.41	54.7
	Total Carrent Liabilities		16,389.05	14,275.22	15,295.5
	rotal current cudulties	1.12	10,389.03	14,273.22	13,213.31
	Total Liabilities	1	19,107.71	17,445.92	17,608.8
	TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		30.652.99	27,542.21	26,760.2
	The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial	2 2	30,032.03	41,894.41	20,192.21
	THE PLANT WHITE THE PLANT AND A PLANT OF THE	3-54			

Noter

The above statement should be read with the Statement of Notes to the Restated Financial information in Annexure 4. as per our report of even

date attached For, Keyur Shah & Co. F.R. No: 141173W

Chartered Accountants

Sd/-Keyur Shah Proprietor

M.No. 153774

Date :- 25th August, 2022 Place > Ahmedabad

For, Moticons Jewellers Limited

Sd/-Sandeep Chhabra Chairman & Whole Time Director (DIN: 00120838) Sdi-Keustubh Chitebre C.F.O. (PAN: BKOPCISISM) Date - 25th August, 2022 Place > Jaipur

Sd/-Senjey Chhabra Managing Director (DIN: 00120792) Sd-

Neba Jain C.S. (PAN: AGUPIOGERI)



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

Restated Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended



20		3000-	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	The second second	(Amount in Lakhs)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
1	Income	1.33		20.000	
	a) Revenue from operations	22	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.3
	b) Other income	23	14.12	2.21	4.6
	Total income		31,447.13	21,306.22	21,898.9
щ	Expenses				
	 a) Cost of materials consumed 	24	3,148.09	1,321.95	Z,153.4
	b) Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	25	28,321.10	16,558.81	16,727.9
	c) Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-In-Progress and Stock-In-Trade	26	(5,064.31)	(502.00)	(286.5
	d) Employee Benefit Expenses	27	702.72	563.45	595.8
	e) Finance costs	28	1,593.13	1,539.03	1,647.3
		29	282.72	266.67	294.1
	 Depreciation and amortization expense 	30			
	g) Other Expenses	30	464.72	251.69	343.7
	Total Expenses		29,448.17	19,999.63	21,475.9
	Profit Before Tax (PBT) (I-II)		1,998.96	1,305.59	422.9
IV	Extra Ordinary Items				
v	Tax Expense	31			
	a) Current tax		526.45	345.13	130.9
	b) Deferred tax		(2:21)	(5.71)	(24.3
	Total Tax Expenses		524.24	339.4Z	106.6
VI.	Profit After Tax (PAT) (III-IV)		1,474.72	967.17	316.3
/11	Other Comprehensive Income / (Expense)				
	a) items that will not be reclassified to		1.00	(3.61)	(1.8
	Profit & Loss		1.00	(5.01)	12.0
	income tax in respect of above		(0.25)	0.91	0.4
	b) Items that may be reclassified to Profit & Loss			1	
	Income tax in respect of above				
	Total Other Comprehensive Income		0.75	(2.70)	(1.4
х	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (V+VI)		1,475.47	964.47	314.9
	Earnings per equity share of Rs. 10/- each (in Rs.)				
	a) Basic	32	2.27	1,49	0.4
	b) Diluted	32	2.27	1.49	0.4
	The accompanying notes are integral part of these Financial Statement	1.54			
	For, Keyur Shah & Co.		For, Motisons Jeweller	s Limited	
	F.R. No: 141173W				
	Chartered Accountants				076.10 TO
			SdJ-	.9	Sd/-
	\$d/-		Sandeep Chhabra Chairman & Whole Tim		Sanjay Chhabra Managing Director
	Keyur Shah		(DIN: 00120838)		(DIN: 00120792)
	Proprietor		(a. 1993) (a. 1993)		
	M.No. 153774				
			544/+		540-
			Kaustubh Chhabra		Neha Jain
			C.F.O.		
			C.F.O.	0	C.S.
			C.F.O. (PAN: BKOPC9515M)		
	Date :- 25th August, 2022				C.S. (PAN: AGUPI0069)



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED	the second
Restated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on 31st March, 2022	C me
A. Equity Share Capital	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Amount
As at 1 April 2021	6,497.50
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	
Restated balance as at 1 April 2021	6,497.50
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	
As at 31 March 2022	6,497.50
Particulars	Amount
As at 1 April 2020	6,497.50
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	
Restated balance as at 1 April 2020	6,497.50
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	
As at 31 March 2021	6,497.50
Particulars	Amount
As at 1 April 2019	6,497.50
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	
Restated balance as at 1 April 2019	6,497.50
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	
As at 31 March 2020	6,497.50

B. Other Equity

(Amount in Lakhs)

	R	eserves & Surph	45	all managements	
Particulars	Securities Premium	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Other Comprehensiv e income	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2021	500.00	2,844.69	250.00	4.11	3,598.80
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors					
Restated balance as at 1 April 2021	500.00	2,844.69	250.00	4.11	3,598.80
Net Profit/ (Loss) during the Year	-	1,474,72	-	-	1,474.72
Remeasurement Gain/(Loss) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	2		2	(0.74)	(0.74)
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Expense)		1,474.72		(0.74)	1,473.98
Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve		(50.00)		-	(50.00)
Dividend on Preference share		(25.00)	50.00		25.00
Balance as at 31 March, 2022	500.00	4,244.41	300.00	3.37	5,047.78



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

Restated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on 31st March, 2022



	R	eserves & Surpli	us	Other	
Particulars	Securities Premium	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	- Other Comprehensiv e Income	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2020	500.00	1,952.51	200.00	1.41	2,653.92
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-			-	
Restated balance as at 1 April 2020	500.00	1,952.51	200.00	1.41	2,653.92
Net Profit/ (Loss) during the Year		967.17	-		967.17
Remeasurement Gain/(Loss) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	:2	. 7		2.70	2.70
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Expense)	•	967.17	18	2.70	969.87
Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve	-	(50.00)			(\$0.00)
Dividend on Preference share	*3	(25.00)	50.00		25.00
Securities Premium on Issue of Equity Share Capital					
Balance as at 31 March, 2021	500.00	2,844.68	250.00	4.11	3,598.79

2	R	eserves & Surph	15	Other	
Particulars	Securities Premium	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Other Comprehensiv e Income	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2019	500.00	2,362.05		-	2,862.05
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors		(725.88)			(725.88
Restated balance as at 1 April 2019	\$00.00	1,636.17	200.00		2,336.17
Net Profit/ (Loss) during the Year		316.36			316.36
Remeasurement Gain/(Loss) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	*:			1.41	1.41
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Expense)		316.36		1.41	317.77
Balance as at 31 March, 2020	\$00.00	1,952.53	200.00	1.41	2,653.94

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

(a) Securities Premium: The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium reserve.

(b) Retained earnings: Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserve, dividends or other distributions to shareholders.

The accompanying notes are integral part of these standalone financial statements



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

Restated Cashflow Statement for the year ending on 31st March, 2022



			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at	As At
	31-03-2022	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	250202035	288721220	105302
Net profit Before Tax and Extraordinary Iteams	1,998.96	1,306.59	422.98
Adjustments For:			
Depreciation	282.72	266.67	294.17
Adjustment for Gratuity-OCI	(1.00)	3.61	1.89
(Interest Received)	(11.65)	(1.63)	(4.33)
Net (gain) / loss on Foreign Exchanges	[1.02]	{0.58}	(0. 30)
Interest and Finance Charges	1,593.13	1,539.04	1,647.34
Operating Profit before working capital changes	3,861.14	3,113.70	2,361.75
Adjustment For:	10-10-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	105/22/12/22/	10.000 000
Decrease/(Increase) in Triventories	(4,291.61)	(832.64)	[157.49]
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade receivables	17.35	411.28	[487.18]
Decrease/(Increase) in Short-term loans and advances	300.41	(300.41)	-
Decrease/(increase) in Other Non Current Asset	(0.12)	49.77	109.27
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Current Asset	565.88	85.96	(836.61)
Decreasel/Increase in Trade Payables	553.28	(493.01)	350.48
Decrease//increase in Other Current Liabilities	44.02	(7.08)	(55.91)
(Decrease)/Increase in Short Term Provisions	1.08	0.05	.4.00
(Decrease)/Increase in Current Tax Liabilities	186.08	30.65	(15.91)
Cash Generated from Operations	1,137.51	2,058.57	1,272.40
Taxes Paid	(526.45)	(345.13)	(130.93)
Net Cash From /(Used in) Operating Activities (A)	611.00	1,713.44	1,141.47
Cash Flow From Investing Activities			
(Purchase) / Sale of Fixed Assets/ Capital Work in Progress	(79.30)	(71.34)	(25.00)
Interest Received	11.65	1.63	4.33
Sale of Investments	1.4	-	1.09
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Financial Asset	137.18	(4.49)	(3.73)
Net Cash From /(Used In) Investing Activities (8)	69.53	(74.20)	(23.31)
Cash Flow From Financing Activities			
Interest and Finance Charges	(1,593.13)	(1,539.04)	(1,647.34)
Decrease)/Increase in Short Term Borrowing	1,334.42	(\$69.95)	508.82
(Decrease)/Increase in Long Term Borrowing	(317.48)	1,000.37	[38.97]
(Decrease)/Increase in Short Term Lease	(5.07)	19.01	[16.14]
(Decrease)/Increase in Long Term Lease	(195.47)	(200.55)	(148.19)
Decrease/Increase in Long Term Financial Liabilities	35.91	32.64	29.68
Net gain / loss on Foreign Exchanges	1.02	0.58	0.30
Net Cash From Financing Activities (c)	(739.80)	(1,256.94)	(1,311.84)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash (A)+(B)+(C)	(59.21)	382.30	(193.68)
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	608.58	226.28	419.96
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year	549.37	608.58	226.28

For, Keyur Shah & Co. F.R. No: 141173W Chartered Accountants

Sd/-Keyur Shah Proprietor M.No. 153774

Date > 25th August, 2022 Place > Ahmedabad For, Motisons Jewellers Limited

Sd/-Sandeep Chhabra Chairman & Whole Time Director (DIN: 00120838)

5đ/-

Kaustukh Chhabra C.F.O. (PAN: 8KOPC9515M) Date :- 25th August, 2022 Place :- Jalpur 54/-

Sanjay Chhabra Managing Director (DIN: 00120792)

Sd/-Neha Jain C.S. (PAN: AGUPJ0069J)





NOTE - 1 - Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended on March 31, 2022

1.1 Corporate Information:

Motisons Jewellers Limited is a limited company incorporated under the companies act 1956 on 09.05.2021 having corporate identity No. U36811RJ2011PLC035122. The company registered under part IX of the companies Act 1956 by acquiring by operation of law business of partnership firm M/s Motisons Jewellers. The company is engaged in the business of Manufacturing & Trading of Bullion, Jewellery, Sarafa, Precious & Semi Precious Stones. The Company is doing business from showroom at Johan Bazar, Jaipur and Tonk Road, Jaipur. The company is having its Manufacturing unit in SEZ, Sitapura, Jaipur and Bapunagar, Tonk Road, Jaipur.

1.2 Basis of Preparation of Restated Standalone Financial Statements:

- The Restated Standalone Financial Information of the company comprises the Restated Standalone Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31 2020, the Restated Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Restated Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Restated Standalone Statement of Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2022 and year ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, the Summary Statement of Significant Accounting Policies, and Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Information (collectively, the "Restated Standalone Financial Information/ Financial Statement").
- These Statements have been prepared by the Management of the company in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time, issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') in pursuance of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("ICDR Regulations") for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus ("DRHP)/ Red Herring Prospectus ('RHP') / Prospectus in connection with its proposed initial public offering of equity shares prepared by the Company in terms of the requirements of:
 - Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), as amended from time to time;
 - Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended to date (the "SEBI ICDR Regulations") issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI"); and
 - III. The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), as amended from time to time (the "Guidance Note").
- The Restated Standalone Financial Information have been prepared to contain information/disclosures and incorporating adjustments set out below in accordance with the ICDR Regulations:
- Adjustments to the profits or losses of the earlier years for the changes in accounting policies if any to reflect what the profits or losses of those years would have been if a uniform accounting policy was followed in each of these years and of material errors, if any;
- Adjustments for reclassification/regroupings of the corresponding items of income, expenses,





assets and liabilities retrospectively in the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the Restated Standalone Financial Information of the company for the year ended March 31, 2022 and the requirements of the SEBI Regulations, if any; and

- The resultant impact of tax due to the aforesaid adjustments, if any.
- The company follows historical cost convention and accrual method of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements, except otherwise stated.
- The Restated Standalone Financial Information are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) except otherwise stated.
- These Restated financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

1.3 Significant Accounting Policies:

1.3.1 General Information

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

(a) Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities (including derivative instruments if any), and

(b) Defined Benefit Plans – Plan Assets

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind A5'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Upto the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirement of Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (Indian GAAP), which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and considered as "Previous GAAP". In these restated financial information company has adopted "Indian Accounting standard" and financial statement as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31 2020 has been presented as per the requirement of Indian Accounting standard as notified under Companies Act, 2013 as amended form time to time.

1.3.2 Fair Value Measurement

Some of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a financial reporting team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values.

The financial reporting team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the financial reporting team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or





liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

1.3.3 Current and Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current /Non- Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is -

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for
- at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

1.3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

(a) Tangible Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property,





Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately.

Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

Depreciation

Free hold land is not depreciated. Leasehold land and the improvement costs are amortized over the period of the lease. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using Written Down Value Method (WDV). Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 as below:

Name of Property, Plants and Equipment	Useful Life'
Building with RCC Structure	60 Years
Plant and Machinery	15 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Computer	3 Years
Vehicle	8 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Electronic Equipment	10 Years

* The useful life has been assessed based on technical evaluation, taking into account the nature of the asset and the estimated usage basis management's best judgement of economic benefits from those classes of assets.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Derecognition

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a Property, Plant and Equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is de recognised.

(b) Capital Work-in-Progress and Capital Advances

Cost of Property, Plant and Equipment not ready for intended use, as on the balance sheet date, is shown as a "Capital Work-in-Progress". The Capital Work-in-Progress is stated at cost. Any expenditure in relation to survey and investigation of the properties is carried as Capital Work-in-Progress. Such expenditure is either capitalized as cost of the projects on completion of construction project or the same is expensed in the period in which it is decided to abandon such project. Any advance given towards acquisition of Property, Plants and Equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is disclosed as "Other Non-Current Assets".

(c) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible Assets.





Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Amortization

The amortization expenses on Intangible assets with the finite lives are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Intangible assets being trademark, software and website are recognized in the books of accounts at the incurred in their acquisition. The software being intangible in nature are amortized on pro-rata basis using Written Down Value Method over the useful life estimated by the management which is three years. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with finite useful life is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Derecognition

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an Intangible Asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

1.3.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets - Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets or group of Assets, called Cash Generating Units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

There are no losses from impairment of assets to be recognized in the financial statements.

1.3.6 Lease

(a) The Company as a Lessee

The Company, as a lessee, recognises a right- of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation,





accumulated impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

(b) The Company as a Lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

1.3.7 Investment Properties

Items of investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation/ amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use. Investment properties are depreciated on straight line method on pro-rata basis at the rates specified therein. Subsequent expenditure including cost of major overhaul and inspection is recognized as an increase in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

1.3.8 Inventories

Items of inventories under raw material, Work in Progress and consumables are measured at cost and Finished good and other items are valued at cost and net realizable value w.e. less after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads net of recoverable taxes incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition. Inventories valued on above basis is certified by the management.

1.3.9 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs include exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period for which they are incurred.





1.3.10 Employee Benefits

(A) Short-Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

(B) Post-Employment Benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. The Company makes the contribution to UC India, which is funded defined benefit plan for qualifying emploees. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans

(a) Gratuity Scheme: The Company pays gratuity to the employees who have completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid @ 15 days basic salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur in Other Comprehensive Income.

(iii) Other Long - Term Employee Benefits

Entitlement to annual leave is recognized when they accrue to employees.

1.3.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The Company has generally typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Generally, control is transferred upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods is made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the Company has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised on when the services are rendered and related cost are incurred over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period.





Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognised when it becomes unconditional.

Export Incentives

Export incentive revenues are recognized when the right to receive the credit is established and there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection.

Interest Income

Interest Income from a Financial Assets is recognised using effective interest rate method. And it is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.

Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the amount has been established.

Provision for Price Variation

In accordance with the prevailing international market practice, the purchase and sale of copper products are accounted for on provisional invoice basis pending final invoice in terms of purchase contract/ order pending on the price of LME.

Company is following practice of recognizing the difference of the value of provisional invoice and final invoice of its customers whose final invoice could not be raised in the current financial year by way of price variation claims which is included in the turnover of the company.

Surplus / (Loss) on disposal of Property, Plants and Equipment / Investments

Surplus or loss on disposal of property, plants and equipment or investment is recorded on transfers of title from the Company, and is determined as the difference between the sales price and carrying value of the property, plants and equipment or investments and other incidental expenses.

Rental Income

Rental income arising from operating lease on investments properties is accounted for on a straight – line basis over the lease term except the case where the incremental lease reflects inflationary effect and rental income is accounted in such case by actual rent for the period.

Insurance Claim

Claim receivable on account of insurance is accounted for to the extent the Company is reasonably certain of their ultimate collections.

Other Income

Revenue from other income is recognized when the payment of that related income is received or credited.

1.3.12 Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and





Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets which are capitalised as cost of assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

1.3.13 Government Grants and Subsidies

Grants in the nature of subsidies which are non-refundable are recognized as income where there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all the necessary conditions attached to them. Income from grants is recognized on a systematic basis over periods in which the related costs that are intended to be compensated by such grants are recognized.

Refundable government grants are accounted in accordance with the recognition and measurement principle of Ind AS 109, "Financial Instruments". It is recognized as income when there is a reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to the grants. Income from such benefit is recognized on a systematic basis over the period of the grants during which the Company recognizes interest expense corresponding to such grants.

1.3.14 Financial Instruments - Financial Assets

(A) Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

(B) Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Further, the Company, through an irrevocable election at initial recognition, has measured certain investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI. The Company has made such election on an





instrument-by-instrument basis. These equity instruments are neither held for trading nor are contingent consideration recognized under a business combination. Pursuant to such irrevocable election, subsequent changes in the fair value of such equity instruments are recognized in OCI. However, the Company recognizes dividend income from such instruments in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

(C) Investments

Investments are classified in to Current or Non-Current Investments. Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date of acquisition are classified as Current Investments. All other Investments are classified as Non - Current Investments. However, that part of Non - Current Investments which are expected to be realized within twelve months from the Balance Sheet date is also presented under "Current Investments" under "Current portion of Non-Current Investments" in consonance with Current/Non-Current classification of Schedule - III of the Act.

All the equity investment which covered under the scope of Ind AS 109, "Financial Instruments" is measured at the fair value. Investment in Mutual Fund is measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). Trading Instruments are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

(D) Investment in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company has accounted for its investments in Subsidiaries, associates and joint venture at cost less impairment loss (if any).

(E) Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of Financial Assets other than those measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL).

1.3.15 Financial Instruments - Financial Liabilities

(A) Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognised at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

(B) Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

1.3.16 Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting

The Company enters into derivative contracts in the nature of forward currency contracts with external parties to hedge its foreign currency risks relating to foreign currency denominated





financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The Company formally establishes a hedge relationship between such forward currency contracts ('hedging instrument') and recognised financial assets ('hedged item') through a formal documentation at the inception of the hedge relationship in line with the Company's Risk Management objective and strategy.

The hedge relationship so designated is accounted for in accordance with the accounting principles prescribed for a cash flow hedge under Ind AS 109, 'Financial Instruments'.

Recognition and measurement of cash flow hedge:

The Company strictly uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain forecasted transactions. As per Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments, foreign currency forward contracts are initially measured at fair value and are re-measured at subsequent reporting dates. Changes in the fair value of these derivatives that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised in hedge reserve (under reserves and surplus) through other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

The accumulated gains / losses on the derivatives accounted in hedge reserve are transferred to the statement of profit and loss in the same period in which gains / losses on the underlying item hedged are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition:

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. When hedge accounting is discontinued for a cash flow hedge, the net gain or loss will remain in hedge reserve and be reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in the same period or periods during which the formerly hedged transaction is reported in the statement of profit and loss. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gains / losses recognised in hedge reserve is transferred to the statement of profit and loss.

Fair Value Hedge:

The Company designates derivative contracts or non-derivative Financial Assets/Liabilities as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of change in fair value of hedged item due to movement in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices.

Changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and hedged items that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of maturity.

1.3.17 Derecognition of Financial Instruments

The Company derecognises a Financial Asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the Financial Asset expire or it transfers the Financial Asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A Financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.





1.3.18 Financial Instruments - Offsetting

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the amount and it intends, either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.3.19 Taxes on Income

The tax expenses for the period comprises of current tax and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income. In which case, the tax is also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

(a) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the income Tax authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted at the Balance sheet date.

(b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Presentation

The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

1.3.20 Segment Reporting

Segments are identified having regard to the dominant source and nature of risks and returns and the internal organization and management structure. The company primarily operates single Operating Business, hence looking to the nature of business segment reporting is not applicable to company

1.3.21 Research and Development

Revenue expenditure pertaining to research is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as and





when incurred. (if any)

Development costs are capitalised as an intangible asset if it can be demonstrated that the project is expected to generate future economic benefits, it is probable that those future economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs of the asset can be measured reliably, else it is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. (if any)

1.3.22 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for bonus element in equity share. Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

1.3.23 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

1.3.24 Events after Reporting Date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of condition that existed at the end of reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

1.3.25 Non - Current Assets Held For Sales

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and sale is considered highly probable.

A sale is considered as highly probable when decision has been made to sell, assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition, assets are being actively marketed and sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within 12 months of the date of classification.

Non-current assets held for sale are neither depreciated nor amortised.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost of sale and are presented separately in the Balance Sheet.





1.3.26 Cash Flows Statement

Cash Flows Statements are reported using the method set out in the Ind AS – 7, "Cash Flow Statements", whereby the Net Profit / (Loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of the transactions of a Non-Cash nature, any deferrals or accrual of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

1.3.27 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, cash at banks, short-term deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.3.28 (A) Amendments to Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013

On 24 March, 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. The amendments revise Division I, II and III of Schedule III and are applicable from 1 April, 2021. Key amendments relating to Division II which relate to companies whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 are:

Balance Sheet:

Lease liabilities should be separately disclosed under the head 'financial liabilities', duly
distinguished as current or non-current.

 Certain additional disclosures in the statement of changes in equity such as changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors and restated balances at the beginning of the current reporting period.

· Specified format for disclosure of shareholding of promoters.

 Specified format for ageing schedule of trade receivables, trade payables, capital work-inprogress and intangible asset under development

 If a company has not used funds for the specific purpose for which it was borrowed from banks and financial institutions, then disclosure of details of where it has been used.

 Specific disclosure under 'additional regulatory requirement' such as compliance with approved schemes of arrangements, compliance with number of layers of companies, title deeds of immovable property not held in name of company, loans and advances to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMP) and related parties, details of benami property held, etc.

Statement of profit and loss:

 Additional disclosures relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), undisclosed income and crypto or virtual currency specified under the head 'additional information' in the notes forming part of standalone financial statements.

(B) Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from 1st April, 2022 as below:





Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind A5 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognize such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

Ind A5 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

1.4 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty:

The preparation of the Company's Financial Statements requires management to make judgment, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in next financial years.

1.4.1 Income Tax

The Company's tax jurisdiction is in India. Significant judgments are involved in estimating budgeted profits for the purpose of paying advance tax, determining the income tax provisions, including the amount expected to be paid / recovered for uncertain.

1.4.2 Property Plant and Equipment/ Intangible Assets

Estimates are involved in determining the cost attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets are depreciated/amortised over their estimated useful life, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful life and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/ amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful life and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation/amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.





1.4.3 Defined Benefits Obligations

The costs of providing Gratuity and other post-employment benefits are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with ind A5 – 19, "Employee Benefits" over the period during which benefit is derived from the employees' services. It is determined by using the Actuarial Valuation and assessed on the basis of assumptions selected by the management. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These assumptions include salary escalation rate, discount rates, expected rate of return on assets and mortality rates. Due to complexities involved in the valuation and its long term in nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to change in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

1.4.4 Fair value measurements of Financial Instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model, which involve various judgments and assumptions.

1.4.5 Recoverability of Trade Receivables

Judgments are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

1.4.6 Provisions

The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability (including litigations) requires the application of judgment to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

1.4.7 Impairment of Financial and Non – Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for Financial Assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

In case of non-financial assets company estimates asset's recoverable amount, which is higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

1.4.8 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which there is probability of utilisation against the future taxable profit. The Company uses judgment to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.





1.5 First Time Adoption of IND AS

The Company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2021 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly, the impact of transition has been provided in the Opening Reserves as at 1st April 2020. The figures for the previous period have been restated, regrouped and reclassified wherever required to comply with the requirement of Ind AS and Schedule III.



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

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Note -2 - Property, Plant & Equipments, Right Of Use, Intangibles & Capital Work-In-Progress

A. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENTS

Particulars	Electric Equipments	Lease Improvement	Building at Sitapura Factory	Computers & Printers	Motor Cycle/ Cycles	Furniture & Fixtures	Generators & Inverters	Motor Cars	Plant & Machinery	Telephones	Land	Lease Hold Land	Total
Gross Block			11000000										
As at 31 March 2019	21.34	35.22	30.89	51.71	4.39	16.45	5.64	475.00	91.78	8.50	42.85	138.82	922.59
Additions	0.11	-	10	3.71		1.27				0.10	200	5.49	10.68
Disposals/ Adjustments				÷				-				5 m	
As at 31 March 2020	21.45	35.22	30.89	55.42	4.39	17.72	5.64	475.00	91.78	8.60	42.85	144.31	933.27
Additions	*	÷.		0.32	1	(*		43.22	4.11	1.45	· .		49.10
Disposals/ Adjustments						<u>a</u>		1		-			¥
As at 31 March 2021	21.45	35.22	30.89	55.74	4.39	17.72	5.64	518.22	95.89	10.05	42.85	144.31	982.37
Additions	55.66		1.45	10.02	ş	79.80		6.90	35.80	1.09	1.00	16.24	205.51
Disposals/ Adjustments	547.033 St					0.000			Y-10-15-			1978	NS0025=
As at 31 March 2022	77.11	35.22	30.89	65.76	4.39	97.52	5.64	525.12	131.69	11.14	42.85	160.55	1,187.88
Accumulated Depreciation													
As at 31 March 2019	15.63	27.71	12.69	48.38	3.12	14.75	4.73	272.87	54.48	6.55		18.46	479.37
Depreciation charge for the year	1.49	1.99	1.33	2.40	0.31	0.33	0.15	63.25	13.99	0.82		1.46	87.52
Reversal on Disposal/ Adjustments			1.	2	1	2		250				8	÷
As at 31 March 2020	17.12	29.70	14.02	50.78	3.43	15.08	4.88	336.12	68.47	7.37	(1)	19.92	566.89
Depreciation charge for the year	1.12	1.46	1.23	1.34	0.23	0.35	0.11	43.37	8.73	0.74	144	1.46	60.14
Reversal on Disposal/ Adjustments		1990			17-633 		004010		(2))()= 			1221	200868
As at 31 March 2021	18.24	31.16	15.25	52.12	3.66	15.43	4.99	379.49	77.20	8.11	1993	21.38	627.03
Depreciation charge for the year	6.66	1.08	1.13	3.01	0.17	9.00	0.06	43.25	8.58	0.92	100	1.46	75.32
Reversal on Disposal/ Adjustments			-	÷									
As at 31 March 2022	24.90	32.24	16.38	55.13	3.83	24.43	5.05	422.74	85.78	9.03		22.84	702.35
Net Block													
Balance as on 31 March 2020	4.33	5.52	16.87	4.64	0.96	2.64	0.76	138.88	23.31	1.23	42.85	124.39	366.38
Balance as on 31 March 2021	3.21	4.05	15.64	3.62	0.73	2.29	0.65	138.73	18.69	1.94	42.85		355.34
Balance as on 31 March 2022	52.21	2.98	14.51	10.63	0.56	73.09	0.59	102.38	45.91	2.11	42.85	137.71	485.53



B. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

	(Amount in Lakhs)			
Particulars	Land & Building	Total		
Gross Block	38			
As at 31 March 2019	1,236.86	1,236.86		
Additions	9			
Disposals/ Adjustments				
As at 31 March 2020	1,236.86	1,236.86		
Additions	8			
Disposals/ Adjustments	<u>24</u>			
As at 31 March 2021	1,236.86	1,236.86		
Additions	25 25	2		
Disposals/ Adjustments		÷		
As at 31 March 2022	1,236.86	1,236.86		
Accumulated Depreciation				
As at 31 March 2019	10 E			
Depreciation charge for the year	205.52	205.52		
Reversal on Disposal of Assets		55.51 JQ251		
As at 31 March 2020	205.52	205.52		
Depreciation charge for the year	205.52	205.52		
Reversal on Disposal of Assets	2	×		
As at 31 March 2021	411.04	411.04		
Depreciation charge for the year	205.52	205.52		
Reversal on Disposal of Assets	1000	======		
As at 31 March 2022	616.56	616.56		
Net Block				
Balance as on 31 March 2020	1,031.34	1,031.34		
Balance as on 31 March 2021	825.82	825.82		
Balance as on 31 March 2022	620.30	620.30		

Particulars	Goodwill A/C	Software	Trade Mark &	Website	Total
			Copy	Development	
			Right(Motison	Exp.	
Gross Block	2		Preto Ante di Anta Cassi	1100000	
As at 31 March 2019		17.21	0.06	3.08	20.35
Additions	27	•		1.32	1.32
Disposals/ Adjustments					
As at 31 March 2020		17.21	0.06	4.40	21.67
Additions		1.50	6.70)		1.50
Disposals/ Adjustments	S			-	~
As at 31 March 2021	19	18.71	0.06	4.40	23.17
Additions	8 	8.25	0.32		8.57
Disposals/ Adjustments	191			20 F	
As at 31 March 2022	-	26.96	0.38	4.40	31.74
Accumulated Depreciation					
As at 31 March 2019		16.24	0.05	1.70	17.99
Depreciation charge for the yea	8 Sa -	0.11	1993	1.01	1.12
Reversal on Disposal of Assets			0.00		
As at 31 March 2020		16.35	0.05	2.71	19.11
Depreciation charge for the yea		0.05		0.97	1.02
Reversal on Disposal of Assets		-	1.00		-
As at 31 March 2021		16.40	0.05	3.68	20.13
Depreciation charge for the yea	· · · ·	1.40	0.11	0.38	1.89
Reversal on Disposal of Assets		1000		2000	100
As at 31 March 2022		17.80	0.16	4.06	22.02
Net Block					
Balance as on 31 March 2020	-	0.86	0.01	1.69	2.56
Balance as on 31 March 2021	1.1	2.31	0.01	0.72	3.04
Balance as on 31 March 2022		9.16	0.22	0.34	9.72

D. CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS

	(Amount in Lakhs)
	ShowRoom
Particulars	Under
	Construction
Gross Block	2012 Contract of the second
As at 31 March 2019	101.05
Additions	13.00
Capitalised During the Year	202 SHO - SHO - SHO
As at 31 March 2020	114.05
Additions	20.73
Capitalised During the Year	100 C
As at 31 March 2021	134.78
Additions	
Capitalised During the Year	134.78
As at 31 March 2022	S (*
Pafer Note No 45	

Refer Note No - 45



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 3 - Other Financial Assets- Non Current (Unsecured Considered Good)

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at \$1st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Security Deposits	46.36	184.69	182.23
Plan Asset (net off of liability) (Gratuity)	10.47	9.31	7.29
Total	56.83	194.00	189.52
Note - 4 - Deferred Tax Assets (Net)			(Amount in Lakhs)
	As At	As At	As At
Particulars	31-03-2022	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
WDV as Per Companies Act 2013	314.71	192.61	201.69
WDV as Per Income Tax Act	494.81	365.95	375.04
Difference in WDV	180.10	173.34	173.35
Allowance for doubtful debts	1.04	1.12	3.19
Deferred tax on lease liability created under Ind AS 110	743.20	943.81	1,125.34
Total Assets	924.40	1,118.27	1,301.88
Tax Rate as per income Tax	25.17	25.17	25.17
Total Deferred Tax Assets	232.65	281.45	327.66
Deferred tax on ROU asset created under Ind AS 116	618.51	822.91	1,027.31
EIR On Term Loan	4.11	4.50	4.80
Deferred Tax Liability on Plant Assets (Gratuity)	10.47	9.31	7.29
Total Liability	633.09	836.72	1,039.40
Tax Rate as per income Tax	25.17	25.17	25.17
Total Deferred Tax Liability	159.34	210.59	261.60
Closing (DTA) / DTL at the year end	73.32	70.86	66.06
Opening (DTA) / DTL	70.86	66.06	42.23
(DTA) / DTL Created during Current Years	2.46	4.80	23.83
Note - 5 - Other Non Current Assets			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Balances with Revenue Authorities	69.57	69.45	119.22
Total	69.57	69.45	119.22
Note - 6 - Inventories			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Raw materials	652.95	1,317.96	976.64
Finished goods/ Stock in Trade	27,710.46	22,646.15	22,144.15
Packing materials	12.41	20.10	30.99
Total	28,375.82	23,984.21	23,151.78
Note - Inventories are stated and valued by the manageme Note - 7 - Trade Receivables - Current	int of the company		(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 7 - Trade Receivables - Current			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Unsecured - Considered Good	207.21	224.65	638.10
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debt	1.04	1.12	3.19
Total	206.17	223.53	634.91

Refer Note No - 43 - for Ageing of Trade Receivable



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 8 - Cash & Bank Balances		(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash in Hand	388,60	115.23	B1.71
Bank Balance			
In Current Accounts	152.21	491.11	143,43
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	540.81	607.34	225.14
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	22		
Balances with bank in Fixed Deposit accounts	8.56	1.24	1.14
Total Other Bank Balances	8.56	1.24	1.14
Total	549.37	608.58	226.28
later	and the second s	L Dest and a set	

Note:-

- Cash in hand is certified and verifie by the management of the company as on last date of Respective Financial Year

Note - 9 - Loans & Other Financial Assets - Current (Unsecured Considered Good)			(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Loans				
Loans to Related Parties	÷	300.41	÷	
Total	· · ·	300.41		
Note - 10 - Other Current Assets			(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Others				
Advance to Supplier (Other than capital advances)	29.45	674.67	730.21	
Advance to Staff	8.22	6.94	5.37	
Statutory - GST and others Receivable	140.25	72.82	110.55	
Prepaid Expenses	28.44	17.76	12.03	
Total	205.36	772.19	858.16	
Note - 11 - Equity Share Capital			(Amount in Lakhs)	

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Authorised 8,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	8.500.00		
8,50,00,000 Equity Shares of HS. 10/- each Issued	8,500.00	8,500.00	8,500.00
6,49,75,000 (31 March 2020 - 6,49,75,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.5
Subscribed & Paid up 6,49,75,000 (31 March 2020 - 6,49,75,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50
Total	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50
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Refer - Note 11A for detailed note on Equity Share Capital



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note 11A : Restated Standalone Statement of Share Capital

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
Failleans	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Authorised share capital		615-	18.
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each			
- Number of shares	6,50,00,000	6,50,00,000	6,50,00,000
-Amount in Lakhs	6,500.00	6,500.00	6,500.00
Preference shares of Rs. 10 each			
- Number of shares	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000
-Amount in Lakhs	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
	8,500.00	8,500.00	8,500.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up			
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each			
- Number of shares	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000
-Amount in Lakhs	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50
	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50

Reconciliation of equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Balance at the beginning of the period/year			
- Number of shares	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000
-Amount in Lakhs	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50
Add: Shares issued during the period/year			
- Number of shares		14	
-Amount in Lakhs	-		
Balance at the end of the period/year			
- Number of shares	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000
-Amount in Lakhs	6,497.50	6,497.50	6,497.50



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares of the Company

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each			
Sanjay Chhabra			
- Number of shares	1,42,35,000	1,42,35,000	1,42,35,000
- Percentage holding (%)	21.91%	21.91%	21.91%
Namita Chhabra			
- Number of shares	60,80,000	60,80,000	60,80,000
- Percentage holding (%)	9.36%	9.36%	9.36%
Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF			
- Number of shares	64,20,000	64,20,000	64,20,000
- Percentage holding (%)	9.88%	9.88%	9.88%
Sandeep Chhabra			
- Number of shares	63,55,000	63,55,000	63,55,000
- Percentage holding (%)	9.78%	9.78%	9.78%
Motisons Entertainment (India) Pvt. Ltd.			
- Number of shares	73,60,000	73,60,000	73,60,000
- Percentage holding (%)	11.33%	11.33%	11.33%
Motisons Global Pvt. Ltd.			
- Number of shares	1,82,85,000	1,82,85,000	1,82,85,000
- Percentage holding (%)	28.14%	28.14%	28.14%
Sandeep Chhabra HUF			
- Number of shares	40,00,000	40,00,000	40,00,000
- Percentage holding (%)	6.16%	6.16%	6,16%

Particulars	Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year For the year ended 31 March 2022					
Fall (conars	No of Shares	% of total Shares	% Change during the year			
Sandeep Chhabra	63,55,000	9.78%	0.00%			
Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	21.91%	0.00%			
Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	0.36%	0.00%			
Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	0.69%	0.00%			
Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	64,20,000	9.88%	0.00%			
Sandeep Chhabra HUF	40,00,000	6.16%	0.00%			
Sanjay Chhabra HUF	17,50,000	2.69%	0.00%			
Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	73,60,000	11.33%	0.00%			
Motisons Global Private Limited	1,82,85,000	28.14%	0.00%			
Laksh Chhabra	20,000	0.03%	0.03%			
Kaustubh Chhabra	10,000	0.02%	0.02%			
Prakkhar Chhabra	10,000	0.02%	0.02%			
Mahendra Kumar Patni		0.00%	-0.03%			
Kamal Chand Jain		0.00%	-0.03%			



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



3		ev Promoters at the end	and the second
Particulars	For th	e year ended 31 March	2021
- articulary	No of Shares	% of total Shares	% Change during the
		2.20071200002402402800044	year
Sandeep Chhabra	63,55,000	9.78%	0.00%
Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	21.91%	0.00%
Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	9.36%	0.00%
Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	0.69%	0.00%
Mahendra Kumar Patni	20,000	0.03%	0.00%
Kamal Chand Jain	20,000	0.03%	0.00%
Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	64,20,000	9.88%	0.00%
Sandeep Chhabra HUF	40,00,000	6.16%	0.00%
Sanjay Chhabra HUF	17,50,000	2.69%	0.00%
Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	73,60,000	11.33%	0.00%
Motisons Global Private Limited	1,82,85,000	28.14%	0.00%

-	Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year For the year ended 31 March 2020					
Particulars	No of Shares	% of total Shares	% Change during the year			
Sandeep Chhabra	63,55,000	9.78%	0.00%			
Sanjay Chhabra	1,42,35,000	21.91%	0.00%			
Namita Chhabra	60,80,000	9.36%	0.00%			
Kajal Chhabra	4,50,000	0.69%	0.00%			
Mahendra Kumar Patni	20,000	0.03%	0.00%			
Kamal Chand Jain	20,000	0.03%	0.00%			
Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	64,20,000	9.88%	0.00%			
Sandeep Chhabra HUF	40,00,000	6.16%	0.00%			
Sanjay Chhabra HUF	17,50,000	2.69%	0.00%			
Motisons Entertainment (India) Private Limited	73,60,000	11.33%	0.00%			
Motisons Global Private Limited	1,82,85,000	28.14%	0.00%			

Terms & Rights attached to Equity Shares.

The Company has only one class of share referred to as Equity Shares having a par value of Rs.10/- each. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend on such shares is payable in proportion to the paid up amount. Dividend (if any) recommended by board of directors (other than interim dividend) is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of winding up of the company, the holder of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company after all preferential amounts and external liabilities are paid in full. However, no such preferential amount exists currently. The distribution of such remaining assets will be on the basis of number of Equity Shares held and the amount paid up on such shares.

Note:

The figures disclosed above are based on the restated standalone summary statement of assets & liabilities of company.
 The above statement should be read with the significant accounting policies as appearing in notes 1 to restated financial.



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 12 - Other Equity			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Securities Premium Reserve			
Balance at the beginning of the year	500.00	500.00	500.00
Add : Securities premium credited on share issue			
Balance at the end of the year	500.00	500.00	500.00
Retained Earning	0.000000		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,844.69	1,952.51	2,362.05
Add: Net Profit/(Net Loss) For the year	1,474.72	967.17	316.30
Less:- Written off Goodwill	1000 C	-	(1,000.00)
Add/ Less:- Effect on Retained Earning on First time adoption of IND A5	-	-	637.02
Less:- Other Adjustment (Restatement)			(62.90)
Less:- Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserves	(\$0.00)	(50.00)	(200.00)
Less:- Prefe Dividend Payable	(25.00)	(25.00)	(100.00)
Balance at the end of the year	4,244.41	2,844.68	1,952.53
Capital Redemption Reserve	4,244,41	2,044.05	1,332.33
Balance at the beginning of the year	250.00	200.00	
Add:- Transfer from retained earnings	50.00	50.00	200.00
Balance at the end of the year	300.00	250.00	200.00
· 이렇게 가장 가장 이 가장 이 가장 이 것 이 것 같아요. ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	300.00	250.00	200.00
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Sain and losses on account of translating the financial			
statements of foreign Operations			
Balance at the beginning of the year	4.11	1.41	
Changes during the year	(0.74)	2.70	1.41
Balance at the end of the year	3.37	4.11	1.41
Total Other Equily	5,047.78	3,598.79	2,653.94
Note - 13 - Long Term Borrowings			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Secured Borrowings		(1.4.2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	
From Banks	1,629.98	1,947.85	947.79
Less:- Ind As transaction Cost Adjustment	(4.11)	(4.50)	(4.80)
Total	1,625.87	1,943.35	942.99
Refer Note No - 13 (A) for detailed terms & Condition related to Bo	nowing		
Note - 14 - Long Term Lease Liabilities			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Lease Liabilities	547.79	743.26	943.81
Total Refer Note No _ 37	547.79	743.26	943.81
Note - 15 - Other Long Term Financial Liabilities	L. Delaster	544 Marco - 1	(Amount in Lakhs)
	60.00		

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Preference Share Liability	395.00	359.09	326.44
Pref Dividend Payable	150.00	125.00	100.00
Please fiefer Note No. below - 15 (a) & 15 (b)			
Total	545.00	484.09	426.44



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



ote 15 (a) Preference Share Capital			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Authorised			
2,00,00,000 Preference Share of Rs. 10/- each	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Issued			
1,00,00,000 Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00
Subscribed & Paid up			
1,00,00,000 Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00
Total	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00

Note 15 (b) Optionally Convertible Preference Share Capital

Name of Shareholders	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Gajraj Tradecom Private Limited	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	12	101
- Number of shares	1,00,00,000.00	1,00,00,000.00	1,00,00,000.00
- Percentage holding (%)	100%	100%	100%
National State Street Researchers			(*************************************

Note - 16 - Short Term Barrowings			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Secured (Repayable on Demand) (From Bank)			
Axis Bank (OD)	3,588.59	3,636.01	3,440.02
ICICI Bank (OD)	981.61	787,94	503.27
ICICI Bank - 1 (CC/EPC/BD/ etc.,)			251.91
ICICI Bank - 2 (CC/EPC/BD/ etc.)	(E)	19	251.91
Current Maturities of Non-Current Borrowings			
Current maturities of Long - Term Debt	319.61	119.68	39.61
From Others (Repayable on Demand)			
Inter Corporate Deposit	1,190.78	459.89	1,363.03
Directors	7,453.99	7,196.61	6,920.37
Directors Relative	S		2
Total	13,534.58	12,200.13	12,770.12

Refer Note No - 16 (A) for detailed terms & Condition related to Borrowing

Note - 17 - Short Term Lease Liabilities			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Current maturities of Long Lease Liabilities	195.47	200.55	181.54
Total	195.47	200.55	181.54





(Amount in Lakhs)

iNo.	Lender	Nature of Facility	Loan	Outstanding as on 31st March , 2022	Rate of Interest/M argin	Repayment Terms	Security / Principal terms and conditions	Collateral Security / Other Condition
				Note	13 (A) Long	Term Borrowings		
1	ICICI Bank Ltd	CCLG5	170.00	165,28	8.25%	4 year EMIs post 1 year moratorium.	Extension of charge created on existing facility.	Guarantee by NCGTC
2	Yes Bank Ltd	ECLOS	191.68	191.60	8.60%	4 year EMIs.	Extension of charge created on existing facility.	з т .
з	Axis bank Ltd	OD	3,500.00	3,388.59	8.10%	On Demand	Pari passu charge by way of Hypothecation on entire Current Assets present & future.	Personal Guarantee of all shareholders. 12 properties listed in sanction letter.
4	Axis bank Ltd	TOD	200.00	200.00	10.00%	30 Days from date of disbursement		10 10
5	ICICI Bank Ltd	OD	1,000.00	981.61	8.25%	12 Month (Eligible for Renewal)	Exclusive Charge	Personal Guarantee of all shareholders. 3 properties listed in sanction letter.
6	Axis Bank Ltd	ECLGS	680.00	637.50	8.50%	4 year EMIs post 1 year moratorium.	Extension of charge created on existing facility.	-
7	Yes Bank Ltd	Term Loan	1,000.00	931.32	9.80%	15 Years		58 110, Bapu Nagar, Tonk Road Jaipur
8	Axis bank Ltd	Auto Loan	34.74	23.90	7.46%	35 Months	Fortuner Car	7,52,900
10	Т	otal	6,776.42	6,519.80				

				521.00	100 mm (100 mm)			(Amount in Lakh
iNo.	Lender	Nature of Facility	Loan	Outstanding as on 31st March, 2022	Rate of Interest/M argin	Repayment Terms	Security / Principal terms and conditions	Collateral Security / Other Condition
				Note	16 (A) Short	Term Borrowing		
1	Sandeep Chhabra	Unsecured Loan	3,542.99	3,492.38	12.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
2	Sanjay Chitabra	Unsecured Loan	1,302.45	1,354.53	12.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
3	Namita Chhabra	Unsecured Loan	1,499.10	1,661.01	12.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
4	Kajal Chhabra	Unsecured Loan	902.06	946.07	12.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
5	Bhavesh Silk Industries pvt Ltd	Unsecured Loan	100.00	100.00	12.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
6	Godawari Estates Pvt kd	Unsecured Loan	1,521.32	795.73	10.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
7	Silver land Devbelopers	Unsecured Loan	272.94	295.05	9.00%	On Demand	NA	NA
	T	otal	9,140.87	8,644.77				



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 18 - Trade Payables			(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Un-Disputed dues				
Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprise and small enterprise	386.44	303.12	161.0	
Total outstanding dues-Other Related to Goods	1,282.80	846.38	1,595.9	
Total outstanding dues -Others Related to Service	274.72	241.18	126.6	
Disputed dues Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprise and small enterprise		23	÷	
Total outstanding dues others				
Total	1,943.96	1,390.68	1,883.6	
Refer Note No - 44 - for Ageing of Trade Payable	-1		00/11/00	
Note - 19 - Short Term Provisions			(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Provision for others	5.12	4.04	4.0	
Total	5.12	4.04	4.0	
Note - 20 - Other Short term Liabilities (Non Financial)	(Amount in Lai			
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Advance from customers	126.82	167.50	104.5	
Statutory Dues - GST and others	165.01	120.56	134.7	
Expenses Payable	146.60	106.35	162.2	
Total	438.43	394.41	401.4	
Note - 21 - Current Tax Liabilities			(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Provision for Income Tax [net of prepaid taxes]	271.49	85.41	54.7	



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 22 - Revenue From Operations			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
Sale of Products			
Sales of Gold & Diamond Jewellery	26,054.10	17,084.62	18,193.04
Sales of Silver Articles & Jewellery	2,411.57	1,875.75	1,741.79
Gold Bullion	2,917.20	2,475.02	2,157.95
Export& SEZ Sales	210.48	29.30	
Job Work	0.34	3.68	
Less : Sales Return	(160.68)	(164.36)	{198.47
Total	31,433	21,304	Z1,894
Note - 23 - Other Income			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
Interest Income	11.65	1.63	4.33

and reaction of the second	.11.00	1.00	4122
Other Non-Operating Income			
Gain on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (net)	1.02	0.58	0.30
Other Non-Operating Income	1.45		-
Total	14.12	2.21	4.63
Interest Income comprises:	20		- 04
Interest on Loans and Advances	10.25	0.44	T.
Interest from Banks on Deposit	0.19	0.09	0.05
Interest on Income tax Refund			3.29
Interest Income - Ind AS	1.21	1.10	1.00
Total	11.65	1.63	4.34
Other Non Operating Income Comprises:	25		
Reward Points Credit	0.25		÷3
Sales Prompt Incentive	1.20	4	÷
Total	1.45	<u>a</u>	÷

ote - 24 - Cost Of Materials Consumed			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
Raw Material	10		
Opening Stock at the beginning of the year	1,317.96	976.64	1,092.68
Add : Purchases and Incidental Expenses (Net of returns, claims/ discount, if any)	2,350.44	1,576.78	1,924.70
Less : Closing Stock at the end of the year	652.95	1,317.96	976.64
Packing Material			
Opening Stock at the beginning of the year	20.10	30.99	44.01
Add : Purchases and Incidental Expenses (Net of returns, claims/ discount, If any)	124.95	75.63	99.69
Less : Closing Stock at the end of the year	12.41	20.10	30.99
Total	3,148.09	1,321.98	2,153,45
-			



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



ote - 25 - Purchase of Stock-In-Trade Particulars	Year Ended on	Year Ended on	(Amount in Lakhs) Year Ended on
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Purchases and Incidental Expenses (Net of returns, claims/discount, if any)	28,321.10	16,558.81	16,727.9
Total	28,321.10	16,558.81	16,727.9

Note - 26 - Changes In Inventories Of Finished Goods,	(Amount in Lakhs)		
Particulars	Year Ended on B1st March, 2022	Year Ended on B1st March, 2021	Year Ended on Bist March, 2020
Opening Stock			
Work-In-Progress		100	÷.
Finished Goods / Stock-in Trade	22,646.15	22,144.15	21,857.59
	22,646.15	22,144.15	21,857.59
Closing Stock			
Work-in-Progress		-	
Finished Goods / Stock-in Trade	27,710.46	22,646.15	22,144.15
	27,710.46	22,646.15	22,144.15
Total	(5,064.31)	(502.00)	(286.56)
	CT1		

Note - 27	Employee Benefit Expenses	
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lote - 27 - Employee Benefit Expenses			(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020	
Salary and Allowances	408.89	323.21	365.30	
Directors Remuneration	84.00	69.00	24.00	
Contribution to £5I and PF	11.13	8.82	12.24	
Staff Weifare Expenses	22.11	8.64	22.38	
Bonus	27.61	22.90	27.22	
Rent Free Accommodation		4.50	18.00	
Gratuity Expenses	7.48	6.38	6.92	
Sales incentives	141.50	120.00	120.00	
Total	702.72	\$63.45	595.86	

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Year Ended on B1st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
39.00	42.37	56.39
914.52	879.59	944.73
85.35	104.36	121.57
35.91	32.64	29.68
517.95	479.69	494.59
0.40	0.38	0.38
1,593.13	1,539.03	1,647.34
	B1st March, 2022 39.00 914.52 85.35 35.91 517.95 0.40	Bist March, 2022 Bist March, 2021 39.00 42.37 914.52 879.59 85.35 104.36 35.91 32.64 517.95 479.69 0.40 0.38

lote - 29 - Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particiuars	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipments	75.30	60.12	87.52
Depreciation on Right of Use Assets	205.52	205.52	205.52
Amortisation of Intangible Assets	1.90	1.03	1.13
Total	282.72	266.67	294.17



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



		2010		
Note -	30 -	Other	Expenses	

	Year Ended on	Year Ended on	Year Ended on
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Manufacturing & Service Cost			
Job Charges	78.21	8.06	23.4
Freight and Cartage		0.38	3.2
Consumables and Tools	12.42	8.34	11.1
Wages	47.84	35.02	61.0
Rent on Manufacturing Unit			
Total Manufacturing & Service Cost	138.47	51.80	.98.8
Administration, Selling & Other Expenses			
Advertisement Expenses	43.66	9.26	21.2
Annual Maintenance Charges	4.70	3.26	2.2
Auditors Remuneration	1.50	1.50	1.5
Donation Expenses	1.00		0.5
Independent Director Sitting Fees	0.60	0.60	0.6
Commission and Brokerage	48.99	42.01	19.1
Power and Fuel	71.75	65.47	67.3
Hallmarking Expenses	14.84	14.56	17.3
Insurance	18.25	18.04	18,1
Legal & Professional Fees	25.94	8.95	7.3
General Expenses	12.83	8.95	9.1
Internet & Telephone Expenses	4.17	3.22	3.3
Printing & Stationery	11.92	2.79	4.3
Repair Others	5.50	4.30	7.5
Repair of Building	0.67	1000	0.9
Membership Fees	0.71	1.07	0.1
Software Upgradation Charges	2.47	1.21	1.5
Sales Promotion Expenses	22.49	14,41	48.3
Discount	3.02	0.07	1.4
Testing & Polishing Expenses	0.77	0.68	1.4
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	2.60	0.69	4.9
Rate & Taxes	11.72	0.88	3.1
CSR Expenditure	16.00		
Expected Credit Loss	(0.09)	(2.07)	3.1
Misc Exp	0.24	0.04	
Total Administration, Selling & Other Expenses	326.25	199.89	244.8
	454.72	251.69	343.7

Note - 31 - Tax Expense		1	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March, 2022	Year Ended on 31st March, 2021	Year Ended on 31st March, 2020
Tax Expenses	\$26.45	345.13	130.93
Deffered Tax Expenses/(Reversal)	2.21	5.71	24.31
Total	\$28.66	350.84	155.24



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 32 - Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Net Profit / (Loss) for calculation of basic / diluted EP5	1,474.68	967.18	316.34
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares in calculating Basic and Diluted EPS	649.75	649.75	649.75
Basic and Diluted Earnings/(Loss) Per Share	2.27	1.49	0.49
Nominal Value of Equity Shares	10.00	10.00	10.00

Note - 33 - Details of Employee Benefits:

The Company has the following post-employment benefit plans:

A. Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to defined contribution plan recognised as expense for the year is as under:

The Company offers its employees benefits under defined contribution plans in the form of provident fund and other fund. Provident fund cover substantially all regular employees which are on payroll of the company. Both the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and approved superannuation fund. The contributions are normally based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

COLOR DE COLOR		(Amount in Lakhs)
Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
11.13	8.82	12.24
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

B. Defined Benefit Plan - Gratuity:

(i) The Company administers its employees' gratuity scheme funded liability. The present value of the liability for the defined benefit plan of gratuity obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation by an independent actuary at the period end, which is calculated using the projected unit credit method, which recognises each year of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

(ii) Gratuity benefits in India are governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The key features are as under

Benefits Offered	15/26* salary* Duration of service
Salary Definition	Basic Salary Including Dearness Allowance (if any)
Benefit Ceiling	Benefit Ceiling of Rs 20 Lakhs
Vesting Conditions	5 Years of Continuous Service (Not Applicable in Case of Death/ Disability
Benefit Eligibility	Upon Death or resignation or withdrawalor retirement
Retirement Age	60 Years

(iii) Characteristics of defined benefit plans and risks associated with them:

Valuation of defined benefit plan are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions and other regulatory framework which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above benefit plans which are as follows:

A. Actuarial Risk:

It is the risk that benefits will cost more than expected. This can arise due to one of the following reasons:

Adverse Salary Growth Experience:

Salary hikes that are higher than the assumed salary escalation will result into an increase in Obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

Variability in mortality rates:

If actual mortality rates are higher than assumed mortality rate assumption than the Gratuity Benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Since there is no condition of vesting on the death benefit, the acceleration of cashflow will lead to an actuarial loss or gain depending on the relative values of the assumed salary growth and discount rate.

Variability in withdrawal rates:

If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rate assumption than the Gratuity Benefits will be paid earlier than expected. The impact of this will depend on whether the benefits are vested as at the resignation date.





B. Investment Risk:

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

C. Liquidity Risk:

Employees with high salaries and long durations or those higher in hierarchy, accumulate significant level of benefits. If some of such employees resign/retire from the company there can be strain on the cashflows.

D. Market Risk:

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. One actuarial assumption that has a material effect is the discount rate. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in Defined Benefit Obligation of the plan benefits & vice versa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

E. Legislative Risk:

Legislative risk is the risk of increase in the plan liabilities or reduction in the plan assets due to change in the legislation/regulation. The government may amend the Payment of Gratuity Act thus requiring the companies to pay higher benefits to the employees. This will directly affect the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation and the same will have to be recognized immediately in the year when any such amendment is effective.

B. Changes in the Present value of Obligation			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Present Value of Obligation as at the beginning	59.13	59.71	53.42
Eument Service Cost	8.16	6.91	7.33
Interest Expense or Cost	4.29	4.33	3.87
Benefit Paid	(3.14)	(7.29)	(2.45
Re-measurement (or Actuarial) (gain) / loss arising from:			
- experience variance	0.18	(4.53)	(2.44
Present Value of Obligation as at the end of the year	68.61	59.13	\$9.7
Bifurcation of Actuarial losses/ (gains)			
Actuarial losses/ (gains) arising from experience adjustments	0.18	(4.53)	[2:44
Actuarial losses/ (gains)	0.18	(4.53)	(2.44
Expected Benefit Payments in Future Years (Projections are for current members and their currently accumula	ted benefits}		
Year 1	6.03	3.89	5.59
Year 2	3.98	2.44	1.04
Year 3	1.08	3,43	3.43
Year 4	1.42	0.88	3.04
Year 5	1.07	1.15	0.75
Year 6 and above	55.03	47.34	45.8
Sensitivity Analysis of Defined Benefit Obligation with			

references to Key Assumptions

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Discount Rate Sensitivity			
Increase by 1%	62.41	53.64	54.29
Decrease by 1%	75.93	62.62	66.12
Salary growth rate Sensitivity			
Increase by 1%	75.88	65.57	66.08
Decrease by 1%	62.34	53.58	54.23
Withdrawal rate (W.R.) Sensitivity			
Increase by 1%	68.62	59.12	59.70
Decrease by 1%	68.59	59.12	59.70



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

			200
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Amounts recognized in Balance Sheet	- <i>5</i> 2		
Net Liability / (Asset) recognised in Balance Sheet	(10.47)	(9.31)	(7.29)
Amounts recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss			
Current Service Cost	8.16	6.91	7.31
Net interest on net Defined Liability / (Asset)	4.29	4.33	3.87
Expected return on plan assets	(4.96)	(4.86)	(4.26)
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	7.48	6.38	6.92
Actuarial Assumptions			

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Discount Rate	7.25%	7.25%	7.2.5%
Expected rate of salary increase	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Expected Return on Plan Assets			
Mortality Rates	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.
Rate of Employee Turnover	5,00%	5.00%	5.00%
Retirement Age	60	60	60
Note - 34 - Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
(I) Contingent Liabilities			
a) GST Demand	127.75		
b) Income Tax Demand	1490.56	1229.40	1354.79

Note - 35 - Covid -19

The outbreak of Covid-19 pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company's operations and revenue were impacted partially due to Covid-19.

Note - 36 - Segment Reporting

Looking to the nature of Business, Company is operating under single Operating segement hence Segement Reporting is not applicable as per IND AS 108

Note - 37 - LEASES (Right to Use of Assets)

The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of Land and buildings and office premises taken on leave and license basis. The Company has recorded the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments discounted at the incremental borrowing rate and the ROU asset at its carrying amount. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 10.00 %.

The break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities is as follows:

이가 한 것을 통하는 것이 가지 않는다. 것은 것은 것은 것을 통하는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것을 가 있다. 것은 것은 것을 하는 것은 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것을 하는 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것을 하는 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것을 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 것을 수 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 않다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 것이 같이			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022 As at 3	Ist March, 2021 As at	31st March, 2021
Current Lease Liabilities	195.47	200.55	181.54
Non - Current Lease Llabilities	547.79	743.26	943.81
Total	743.26	943.81	1,125.34

The movement in lease liabilities is as follows:

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
943.80	1,125.34	1,225.36
		64.31
85.35	104.36	121.57
285.90	285.90	285.90
743.26	943.80	1,125.34
	March 31, 2022 943.80 	March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 943.80 1,125.34 85.35 104.36 285.90 285.90





The details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022 As at 3	Year Ended March 31, 2020	
Not later than one year	261.00	285.90	285.90
1-2 Years	236.00	261.00	285.90
2-3 Years	201.00	235.00	251.00
More than 3 Years	194.25	395.25	631.25

Note - 38 - Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management - Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial labilities mainty comprise the loans and borrowings in foreign as well as domestic currency, money related to capital expenditures, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, trade and other receivables that derive directly from its business operations.

The Company is exposed to the Market Risk, Credit Risk and Liquidity Risk from its financial instruments.

The Management of the Company has implemented a risk management system which is monitored by the Board of Directors of the Company. The general conditions for compliance with the requirements for proper and future-oriented risk management within the Company are set out in the risk management principles. These principles aim at encouraging all members of staff to responsibly deal with risks as well as supporting a sustained process to improve risk awareness. The guidelines on risk management specify risk management processes, compulsory limitations, and the application of financial instruments. The risk management system aims to identify, assess, mitigate the risks in order to minimize the potential adverse effect on the Company's financial performance.

The following disclosures summarize the Company's exposure to the financial risks and the information regarding use of derivatives employed to manage the exposures to such risks. Quantitative Sensitivity Analysis has been provided to reflect the impact of reasonably possible changes in market rate on financial results, cash flows and financial positions of the Company.

A. Financial Assets and Liabilities

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Ad	at 31st March, 2022	
Amortised Cost **	FVTPL ***	FVTOCI
2	22	0.20
206.18	80	
540.81	*	
8.56		(*)
56.83	÷.	
812.37	1	1041
15,160.46		
1,943.96	1. C	0.000
545.00	20	
17,649.42	¥2	S#31
	Amortised Cost ** 206.18 540.81 8.56 56.83 812.37 15,160.46 1,943.96 545.00	206.18 - 540.81 - 8.56 - 56.83 - 812.37 - 15,160.46 - 1,943.96 - 545.00 -



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



	As at 31st March, 2021		
Particulars	Amortised Cost **	FVTPL ***	EVTOCI
Assets Measured at		04030	
Investments*		2	
Trade receivables	223.53	2	20
Cash and Cash Equivalent	607.34	+	+
Other Bank Balances	1.24		
Loans	300.41	+	-
Other Financial Assets	194.01		
Total	1,326.52		۲
Liabilities Measured at	2		
Borrowings (including current maturities of non-current	14,143.47	÷.	+
borrowings)			
Trade payables	1,390.68		
Other Financial Liabilities	484.09	×	G.
Total	16,018.24	8	1
	A	s at 31st March, 2020	
Particulars	Amortised Cost **	FVTPL ***	FVTOCI
Assets Measured at			
Trade receivables	634.91	2	2
Cash and Cash Equivalent	225.14		2
Other Bank Balances	1.14	-	2
makes where the second	100.01		

Total	16,023.22		
Other Financial Liabilities	426.44	÷	÷
borrowings) Trade payables	1,883.69	2	
Liabilities Measured at Borrowings (including current maturities of non-current	13,713.09	-	.+:
Total	1,050.71		(e)
Other Financial Assets	189.51		24

(*) Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, "Separate financial statements", and hence not presented here.

(**) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost approximates their respective carrying values as the management has assessed that there is no significant movement in factor such as discount rates, interest rates, credit risk from the date of the transition. The fair values are assessed by the management using Level 3 inputs.

(***) The financial instruments measured at FVTPL represents current investments and derivative assets having been valued using level 2 valuation hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments as referred to in note below has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or itabilities [Level 1 measurements] and lowest priority to unobservable inputs [Level 3 measurements].

The categories used are as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical instruments in an active market

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a net asset value or valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.





B. Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market Risk comprises three types of Risk: "Interest Rate Risk, Currency Risk and Other Price Risk". Financial instrument affected by the Market Risk includes loans and borrowings in foreign as well as domestic currency, retention money related to capital expenditures, trade and other payables.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that fair value or future cash outflows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. An upward movement in the interest rate would adversely affect the borrowing cost of the Company. The Company is exposed to long term and short - term borrowings. The Company manages interest rate risk by monitoring its mix of fixed and floating rate instruments and taking actions as necessary to maintain an appropriate balance. The Company has not used any interest rate derivatives.

Exposure to Interest Rate Risk

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Borrowing bearing Long Term /Short Term	15,160.46	14,143.47	13,713.09
Sensitivity Analysis			
Profit / (Loss) estimates to higher / lower interest rate	expense from borrowings bearing	variable rate of interest	as a result of changes in
			(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars(*)	As at 31st March, 2022 As at 3	1st March, 2021 As at 3	1st March, 2020
Interest Rate Increase by 50 Basis Points	(32.60)	(32.46)	(27.17)
Interest Rate - Decrease by 50 Basis Points	32.60	32.46	27.17
(*) holding all other variable constant. Tax impact not co	ansidered.		

(b) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the US Dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the Company.

(c) Other Price Risk

Other Price Risk is the Risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments in equity/equity-oriented instruments recognized at FVTPL/FVTOCI.

-		(Am	ount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022 As at 31s	t March, 2021 As at 31st	t March, 2020
Investments (FVTPL)		4	
Investments (FVTOCI)		1.42	

C. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other Financial assets measured at amortized cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

The Company assesses and manages credit risk based on internal credit rating system. Internal credit rating is performed for each class of financial instruments with different characteristics. The Company assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. (i) Low credit risk, (ii) Moderate credit risk, (iii) High credit risk.

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.





Financial assets (other than trade receivables) that expose the entity to credit risk are managed and categorized as follows:

Basis of categorisation	Asset class exposed to credit	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash quivalents, other bank balances, loans and other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss.
Moderate credit risk	other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss, unless credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, in which case allowance is measured at life time expected credit loss.
High credit risk	other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss (when there is significant deterioration) or specific provision whichever is higher

Financial assets (other than trade receivables) that expose the entity to credit risk (Gross exposure): -

(Amount in Lakhs)

As at 31st March, 2022 As at 31st March, 2021 As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
--	--	------------------------	------------------------	------------------------

Low Credit Risk			
Cash and cash equivalents	540.81	607.34	225.14
Bank Balances other than above	8.56	1.24	1.14
Loans		300.41	-
Other Financial Assets	56.83	194.01	189.51
Moderate/ High Credit Risk	# ()		
Total	606.19	1102.99	415.80

(i) Cash and cash equivalent and bank balance:

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank balance is managed by only accepting highly rated banks and diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks.

(ii) Loans and Other financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes Security Deposit to various authorities , Loans to staff and other receivables. Credit risk related to these other financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously, while at the same time internal control system in place ensure the amounts are within defined limits.

(iii) Trade receivables:

Particulars

Life time expected credit loss is provided for trade receivables. Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions. Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

(a) Expected credit losses:

Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach:

The Company recognizes lifetime expected credit losses on trade receivables & other financial assets using a simplified approach, wherein Company has defined percentage of provision by analyzing historical trend of default based on the criteria defined below and such provision percentage determined have been considered to recognize life time expected credit losses on trade receivables (other than those where default criteria are met in which case the full expected loss against the amount recoverable is provided for). Further, the Company has evaluated recovery of receivables on a case to case basis. No provision on account of expected credit loss model has been considered for related party balances. The Company computes credit loss allowance based on provision matrix. The provision matrix is prepared on historically observed default rate over the expected life of trade receivable and is adjusted for forward - looking estimate. The provision matrix at the end of reporting period is as follows:

	Particulars	Expected Loss Rate
.	All Receivables	0.50%





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Movement in Expected Credit Loss Allowance on Trade Receivables	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31xt March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	1.12	3.19	(a)
Loss Allowance measured at lifetime expected credit losses	(0.09)	(2.07)	3.19
Balance at the end of reporting period	1.04	1.12	3.19

D. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising the funds to meet the commitments essociated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

Financing arrangements:

The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

		(Amount in Lakhs)
For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
21200000 10808-10-09		
129.80	212.06	59.98
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2022 31st March, 2021

Expiring beyond One Year

The cash credit and other facilities may be drawn at any time and may be terminated by the bank without notice.

Maturities of Financial Liabilities:

The tables below analyze the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on their contractual maturities for all nonderivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant. AS per Amesure "A"

E. Capital Management

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the company's ability to continue as a going concern, to provide an adequate return to share holders

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of balance sheet. Management assesses the Company's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Company's various classes of debt. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company manages its capital on the basis of Net Debt to Equity Ratio which is Net Debt (Total Borrowings net of Cash and Cash Equivalents) divided by total equity.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022 As at 31st March, 2021 As at 31st March,						
Total Borrowings	15,160.46	14,143.47	18,713.09				
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	540.81	607.34	225.14				
Net Debt (A)	14,619.65	13.536.13	13,487.95				
Total Equity (B)	11.545.24	10,096.31	9.151.43				
Capital Gearing Ratio (B/A)	0.79	0.75	0.68				

The Company has complied with the covenants as per the terms and conditions of the major borrowing facilities throughout the Reporting Period.

Note - 39 - Balance confirmation of Receivables

Confirmation letters have not been obtained from all the parties in respect of Trade Receivable, Other Non- Current Assets and Other Current Assets. Accordingly, the balances of the accounts are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequent adjustments, if any.

Note - 40 - Balance Confirmation of Payables

Confirmation letters have not been obtained from all the parties in respect of Trade Payable and other current liabilities. Accordingly, the balances of the accounts are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequent adjustments, if any.

Note - 41 - Events occurring after the Balance sheet Date

The Group evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to approval of the financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the financial statements. There are no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.





Note - 42 - Restated Standalone Statement of Related Party Transaction

Sr No.	Name of Party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Amount outstanding as on 31-03- 2022 Payable/(Rece ivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 01- 04-2021 to 31- 03-2022	Amount of Transaction credited in 01- 04-2021 to 31- 03-2022	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2021 Payable/(Rece ivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2020-21	Amount of Transaction credited in 2020-21	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2020 Payable/(Rece ivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2019-20	Amount of Transaction credited in 2019-20	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2019 Payable/(Rece ivable)
1			Rent paid(excl. TDS)	182.68	192.00	176.64	167.32	192.00	92.64	67.96	192.00	160.64	36.60
	Motisons Global Private Limited	Associate	Electricity exp ouarancee	1.10	46.38	47.82	2.55	45.33	42.78	2	49.85	49.85	-
6			Commission (excl. TDS)	24.28	0.95	10.00	15.23	6.13	10.00	11.35	8.65	20.00	
2	Godawari Estates Private Limited	Associate	Interest (excl. Tds)	174.14	59.51	5.95	120.58	61.88	4.64	63.34	178.15	114.82	8
	Godawan Estates Private Linited	Associate	Unsecured Loan	621.59	779.15	1,384.40	16.34	1,459.15	480.00	995.49	1,171.46	214.00	1,952.95
3	Motisons Buildtech Private Limited	Associate	Rent for Accomodation paid			0.08	0.08	4.16	4.09		18.00	19.35	1.35
4	Shivansh Buildcon Private Limited	Associate	Rent paid(excl. TDS)	6.57	9.00	16.39	13.96	9.00	(0.91)	4.05	9.00	7.79	2.84
5	Motisons Shares Private Limited(MG-17657)	Associate	Sales	-	_			0.87	0.36	0.51		0.51	
6	Gun Sagar Builders Private	Director relative is	Interest Received		10.66	10.25	0.41	0.03	0.44		S4	R .	. ÷.
	Limited	Director and	Payments	10	300.00		(300.00)	1	300.00		100	10	20
7	12	0.0 2.54.941 2.54	Loan	1,344.79		45.00	1,299.79	8	(P.)	1,299.79	51.27	195.00	1,156.06
	www.www.www.www.www.	Shareholder and	Rent paid(excl. TDS)	12.03	11.14	11.42	12.31	11.14	10.86	12.03	11.14	11.14	12.03
		Vice Chairman &	Salary	(3.60)	42.00	44.29	(1.30)	34.50	36.29	0.49	12.00	12.20	0.69
	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	MD	Interest Paid	9.74	148.07	141.00	2.66	191.67	189.01		180.66	180.66	8
	6 X		Guarantee fees	4.16	0.22	4.38		5 T)	4 4 P-74	i sai		5	
8	Î		Interest Paid	89.44	387.55	457.83	159.72	399.18	239.46		373.08	373.08	8
		Shareholder and	Rent paid(excl. TDS)	6.36	5.89	6.03	6.51	5.89	5.74	6.36	5.89	5.89	6.36
	Sandeep Chhabra	Chairman & MD	Salary	(3.60)	42.00	44.29	(1.30)	34.50	36.29	0.49	12.00	12.20	0.69
		chairman & ND	Loan	3,402.95	-	19.68	3,383.27	1		3,383.27	27.83	273.00	3,138.09
			Guarantee fees	8.91	0.47	9.38						. S	÷
9	n		Loan	853.42	50.00	50.00	853.42	2	3 13%	853.42	207.81	86.00	975.23
	Kajal Chhabra	Shareholder and	Interest Paid	92.65	104.45	10.45	(1.36)	73.52	74.88		77.07	77.07	. ×.
	Construction of the second second	Director	Guarantee fees	4.16	0.22	4.38		E B	1.1.1	8			~ ~
	a		Rent paid(excl. TDS)	2.36	2.63	2.69	2.43	2.63	2.56	2.36	2.63	2.63	2.36



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	12114149-00

Sr No.	Name of Party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Amount outstanding as on 31-03- 2022 Payable/(Rece ivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 01- 04-2021 to 31- 03-2022	 Red All concernsions and 	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2021 Payable/(Rece ivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2020-21	Amount of Transaction credited in 2020-21	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2020 Payable/(Rece ivable)	Amount of Transaction debited in 2019-20	Amount of Transaction credited in 2019-20	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2019 Payable/(Rece ivable)
10	50 50	XI.	Purchase			-			100	8	10	720.80	720.80
	Sec. Alternation	Shareholder and	Interest Paid	308.24	179.89	17.99	146.34	124.55	9.34	31,13	105.45	74.32	1
	Namita Chhabra		Loan	1,352.77			1,352.77			1,352.77		501.60	851.17
		Director	Rent paid(excl. TDS)	4.73	5.25	5.38	4.86	5.25	5.12	4.73	5.25	0.53	2
			Guarantee fees	4.16	0.22	4.38				1	-		10
11	Kamal Chand Jain	Shareholder and	Sales	2		2	20-	2 742	8		0.25	0.25	2-
12	Moti Lal Sandeep Chhabra HUF	Shareholder & HUF of Director	Rent paid(excl. TDS)	3.84	60.00	75.01	18.85	60.00	47.15	6.00	60.00	67.80	13.80
13	Anurag Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales	8	0.15	0.15	52	0.02	0.02		0.13		0.13
14	Asha Kala	Relative of Promoter	Sales			-	EI EI		0.06	(0.06)	0.06	×	-
15	Kala Sports	Relative of Promoter	Sales	Ω.	2		er Li	8 	÷.	12		0.66	(0.66)
16	Kavita Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales	1 12		2		0.62	0.62		0.25	0.25	
17	Mahendra Kumar Patni	Relative of Promoter	Sales		-	-			-	-	0.50	0.50	
18	Prakhar Chhabra	Relative of Promoter	Sales							12	0.03	0.03	
19	Seema Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales				8	18.36	18.36		0.70	0.70	
20	Nirmala Jain	Relative of Promoter	Sales				8			3 34	0.20	0.20	8
21	Saarvam Industries LLP	Relative of Promoter	Sales		0.10	0.10	8			1 12		×.,	
22	Kalpsagar Private Limited	Associate	Loan				5	š	1	57 B	86.30	0.02	86.28
	Naipsagai Frivate Littiteu	Associate	Interest	. ×	2			1	(F)	12 12	2.17	2.17	8



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

Note - 43 - Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

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12	m	5		
15	2.5	v	2	
-	10-		•	

(Amount in Lakhs)

Asat	31st	March.	2022	

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Considered Good	200	204.90	2.32	10	(e)		207.21	
Which have significant increase IN credit risk		1.0		1.0				
Credit Impaired	14						. K.	
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		-		-	-	-	(1.04)	
Trade Receivables	1.4	204.90	2.32			14	206.17	

Note :- Trade Receivable Ageing schedule including related parties

As at 31st March, 2021

As at 31st March, 2021		Outstand	ting for follow	ing periods	from due		mount in Lakhs) ent
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Considered Good	24	197.60	9.82	17.23		6	224.65
Which have significant increase IN credit risk	-	-		1	(m)	100	
Credit Impaired				10			
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts							[1.12]
Trade Receivables		197.60	9.82	17.23		-	223.53

Note :- Trade Receivable Ageing schedule including related parties

As at 1st April, 2020

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 - Z Years	Z - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Considered Good		597.36	40.74			-	638.10	
Which have significant increase IN credit risk		-	-	-	-		÷2	
Credit Impaired	1.0	1.0	-		2	1		
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		(a.)					(3.19)	
Trade Receivables		597.36	40.74	198			634.91	

Note :- Trade Receivable Ageing schedule including related parties



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

Note - 44 - Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

Ams D

As at 31st March, 2022

(Amount in Lakhs)

Less than 1 year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total		
735.87				735.87		
1,208.09	-	1	+	1,208.09		
	- 2	-	57			
	1		24			
1,943.96		1.0	04	1,943.96		
	year 735.87 1,208.09 - -	year Years 735.87 1,208.09 - -	year Years Years 735.87 1,208.09 	Less than 1 1 - 2 2 - 3 than 3 year Years Years Years 735.87 1,208.09		

As at 31st March, 2021

(Amount in Lakhs)

Outstanding for following periods from due date	of payment
---	------------

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment

Less than 1 year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
303.12		-7	70	303.12
1,087.56	24	10	14	1,087.56
	2.5		1.5	
		24		
1,390.68	1.4	19	38	1,390.68
	year 303.12 1,087.56	year Years 303.12 - 1.087.56 - 	year Years Years 303.12 1.087.56	Vear Years Years Years Years 1,087.56

As at 1st April, 2020

(Amount in Lakhs)

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
MSME	161.06				161.06
Others	1.722.63				1,722.63
Disputed dues- MSME		1.1		10	
Disputed dues- Others	4	- 14			
Trade Payables	1,883.69			100	1,883.69



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

Note - 45 - Capital Work in Progress Ageing Schedule

(Amount in Laki	15)

44	14	79.46	March.	2022
- 80	aı	3125	inarcn.	LULL

	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in progress	20			14	
Projects temporarily suspended	*	÷.		244	-

As at 31st March, 2021 (Amount in					mount in Lakhs)	
		Amount in CWIP for a period of				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Projects in progress	20.73	114.05	- A.		134.78	
Projects temporarily suspended	22	-	-		+	

As at 1st April, 2020 (Amount in Lakhs					
New York	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in progress	13.00	101.05		14	114.05
Projects temporarily suspended	÷				+5



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

Note - 46 - Additional regulatory information

A)The title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease reements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.

B)The Company does not have any investment property.

C)The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) and Intangible assets.

D)There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and their related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are outstanding as on 31 March 2022:

(i) repayable on demand; or,

(ii) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

E)No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

F]The company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

G)The company has not undertaken any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

H) No Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

I) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the undrstanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever (Ultimate Beneficiaries) by or on behalf of the company or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

J) The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entitylies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever (Ultimate Beneficiaries) by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

K) No transactions has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the income Tax Act, 1961. There are no such previously unrecorded income or related assets.

L) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

M) Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company has formed a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as required under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The

funds have been spent on the activities specified in Schedule VII of the Act. Details of the CSR spending are as follows:

1. Gross amount required to be spent:	
---------------------------------------	--

Sr No.	Year Ended	Prescribed CSR Expenditure (Amount in Lakhs) (Refer Note No 2)
1	31-Mar-22	25.85
2	31-Mar-21	15.66
3	31-Mar-20	

Notes:

1. The amount disclosed is for the year ended March 31, 2022.

For and upto the year ended March 31, 2021, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility were applicable to the company.

2. Amount spent for the period/years ended:

Sr No.	Year Ended	Other Than Construction/Acquisition of Assets (Amount in Lakhs)
1	31-Mar-22	
2	31-Mar-21	16.00
3	31-Mar-20	

Note - 47 - Previous year's figures have been regrouped, reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year classification / disclosure.*





Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended

Note - 48 - First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS')

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

For all period up to and including the year March 31, 2021, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of The Companies Act, 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ("Previous GAAP"). For the year ended on March 31, 2022 prepared and presented in accordance with the indian Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 in accordance with the accounting policies as set out by the Company in Note No. 1.

The Accounting Policies as set out in Note No. 1 have been applied in preparing its financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 including the Comparative information for the year ended on March 31, 2021 and the Opening ind AS Balance Sheet on the date of transition i.e., April 01, 2020.

In preparing its Ind AS Balance Sheet as at April 01, 2020 and in preparing the Comparative information for the period ended March 31,2021, the Company has adjusted amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with Previous GAAP. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its financial statements prepared under Previous GAAP for the followings:

a) Balance Sheet as at April 01, 2020 (Transition Date);

- b) Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021;
- c) Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on March 31, 2021; and

d) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2021

Ind AS 101 - First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standard, allow the first-time adopters, exemptions from the retrospective application and exemption of certain requirements of the Other Ind AS. The Company has availed the following exemptions as per Ind AS 101.

A. Ind AS Optional Exemptions:

1) Deemed cost of property, Plant and equipment and intangible Assets

The Company has elected to consider the Carrying Value of all its Property, Plants and Equipment's (PPE) and Intangible Assets recognized in the financial statements prepared under Previous GAAP and use the same as Deemed Cost in the Opening ind AS Financial Statements.

2) Deemed cost for Investments in subsidiaries

The carrying amount of Company's Investments in its Subsidiries Companies as per the financial statements of the Company prepared under Previous GAAP, are considered as Deemed Cost for measuring such investments in the Opening Ind AS Financial Statements.

3) Leases:

The company has elected to measure the right of use assets at the date of transition as if ind AS 116 had been applied since the commencement date of the lease, but discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of transition to Ind AS. Further the following expedients were used on transition to Ind AS.:

the use of single discount rate to portfolio of leases with reasonably similar Characteristics.

- the accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease of less than 12 months as on transition date as short term leases.

3) Preference Share:

The company has elected to measure the Preference share at the date of transition as per ind as 109. Company has adopt amortisation cost method for the purpose of recogarition preference share as financial liability.

A. Ind AS Mandatory Exceptions:

1) Estimates:

An entity estimates in accordance with ind AS at the date of transition to ind AS shall be consistent with estimate made for the same date in accordance with Previous GAAP (after adjustment to affect any difference in accounting policies) unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error.

Ind AS estimates as at 01st April, 2020 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with Previous GAAP. The Company made estimates for following items in accordance with ind AS at the date of transition as there were not required under previous GAAP.

The company has applied modified retrospective approach to all leases contract existing as at 01 April 2020 under Ind As 116

2) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities:

The classification and measurement of financial assets will be made considering whether the conditions as per Ind AS 109 are met based on facts and circumstances existing as on date of transition. Financial Assets can be measured using effective interest method by assessing its contractual cash flow characteristics only on the basis of facts and circumstance existing at the date of transition and if it is impracticable to assess elements of modified time value of money i.e., use of effective interest method, fair value of financial assets at the date of transition shall be the new carrying amount of that asset. The measurement exemption applies for financial liabilities as well.





Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 49 - Restated Standalone Statement of Capitalisation	6	Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Pre Issue	Post Issue
Borrowings		
Short- term	13,214.97	13,214.97
Long-term (including current maturities) (A)	2,490.48	2,490.48
Total Borrowings (B)	15,705	15,705
Shareholders' funds		
Share capital	6,497.50	[-]
Other Equity	5,047.74	[-]
Total Shareholders' funds (C)	11,545	[-]
Long- term borrowings/ equity* {(A)/(C)}	0.22	[-]
Total borrowings / equity* {(B)/(C)}	1.36	1-]

* equity= total shareholders' funds

Notes:

 Short-term borrowings implies borrowings repayable within 12 months from the Balance Sheet date. Long-term borrowings are debts other than short-term borrowings and also includes the current maturities of long-term borrowings (included in other current liabilities).

2. The above ratios have been computed on the basis of the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Company.

3. The above statement should be read with the Statement of Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Information of the Company



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 50 - Statement of Tax Shelter		(A	mount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March			
Particulars	2022	2021	2020	
Profit before tax, as restated (A)	1,998.92	1,306.60	422.97	
Tax rate (%) (B)	25.17%	25.17%	25.17%	
Tax expense at nominal rate [C= (A*B)]	503.09	328.85	106.45	
Adjustments	23 2			
Permanent differences				

Tax paid as per "MAT" or "Normal" provision	Normal	Normal	Normal
Tax Expenses= MAT or Normal Provision of Income Tax w.e. is higher	526.45	345.13	130.93
Total Tax Payable (C) +(H)	526.45	345.13	130.93
Tax impact of adjustments (H)=(G)*(B)	23.36	16.28	24.48
Net adjustments(G)=(D+E+F)	92.83	64.69	97.26
Deduction under Chapter VI-A (F)			
Total timing differences (E)	75.53	56.80	96.42
Pertaining to IND AS Adjustment	67.31	55.35	73.43
Depreciation difference as per books and as per tax	8.22	1.45	22.99
Timing differences			
Total permanent differences (D)	17.30	7.89	0.84
Addition under section 28 to 44DA	17.30	7.89	0.84

Notes:

 The above statement is in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard - 12, "Income Taxes" prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The permanent/timing differences for the years 31 March 2020 and 2021 have been computed based on the income-tax returns filed for the respective years after giving adjustments to restatements, if any.

3. Figures for the Year ended 31st March 2022 have been derived from the provisional computation of total income prepared by the Company in line with the final return of income will be filed for the assessment year 2022-2023 and are subject to any change that may be considered at the time of filing return of income for the assessment year 2022-2023

4. Statutory tax rate includes applicable surcharge, education cess and higher education cess of the year concerned.

5. The above statement should be read with the Statement of Notes to the Standalone Financial Information of the Company.



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note	- 51 - Restated Standalone Statement of Other Financial Information			Amount in Lakhs	
Sr.	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March			
по.	Fatucalais	2022	2021	2020	
A	Net worth, as restated	11,545.28	10,096.29	9,151.44	
В	Profit after tax, as restated	1,474.72	967.17	316.36	
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/ year				
с	For Basic/Diluted earnings per share	6,49,75,000.00	6,49,75,000.00	6,49,75,000.00	
	Earnings per share				
D	Basic/Diluted earnings per share (B/C)	2.27	1.49	0.49	
£	Return on Net Worth (%) (8/A*100)	12.77%	9.58%	3.461	
F	Number of shares outstanding at the end of the period/ year (IN Number)	6,49,75,000.00	6,49,75,000.00	6,49,75,000.00	
G	Net asset value per equity share of Rs. 10 each(A/F)	17.77	15.54	14.08	
H	Face value of equity shares	10.00	10.00	10.00	
1	Earning Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation & Amortization (EBITDA)	3,874.77	3,112.31	2,364.47	
Note	5>				
1)	The ratios have been computed in the following manner :				
(8)	Basic and Diluted earnings per share	Restated Profit after	tay attributable to e	multu charebolde	

a) basic and bildred earnings per sitale	nestated mont aner tax activities to equity sital enough.
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding
	during the period/year
b) Return on net worth (%) =	Restated Profit after tax
	Restated Net worth as at period/ year end
c) Net asset value per share	Restated Net Worth as at period/ year end
	Total number of equity shares as at period/ year end

2) The figures disclosed above are based on the Restated Financial Information of the Company.

3) Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year adjusted for the number of equity shares issued during the period/year multiplied by the time weightage factor. The time weightage factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days.

5) Ratios for the Year ended on March, 2021 have not been annualised.

 Net worth for the ratios represents sum of share capital and reserves and surplus (share premium and surplus in the Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss).

5) The above statement should be read with the Statement of Notes to the Restated Financial Information of the Company in Annex

6) Earning Before Interest , Taxes, Depreciation & Amortization (EBITDA) = Profit Before Tax + Finance Cost + Dep. & Amortisaton



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 52 - Statement of Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Information

Restatement adjustments, Material regroupings and Non-adjusting items

(a) Impact of restatement adjustments

Below mentioned is the summary of results of restatement adjustments made to the audited financial statements of the respective period/years and its impact on profits.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March			
Particulars	2022	2021	2020	
Profit after tax as per audited financial statements	1,474,68	959,10	365.45	
Adjustments to net profit as per audited financial statements :-				
Allowance for Expected Credit Loss & reversal thereof		2.07	(3.19	
Effect of Deferrement of Transaction Cost		(0.30)	(0.38	
Deferred Tax (Oserge) / Credit on above adjustments	+	4.08	24.54	
Reclassification of net actuarial (gain)/ loss on employee defined benefit obligations to OCI	10	(1.58)	0.02	
Interest Expenses/ Income & Depreciation Charged Due to ROU Assets & Lease	÷.	(308.79)	(326.10	
Interest Expenses on Remesurement of Financial Uability Reversal of rent charged to statement of profit and loss as ROU Assets	(2)	(32.64)	(29.68	
& lease liabilities recognised		285.90	285.90	
Increase / Decrease in Amortisation	+	(1,46)	(1.46	
Increase / Decrease in Expenses/Income	-	7.89	0.11	
Excess / Short Provision for Tax/MAT		52,92	1.13	
Total adjustments	1	8.09	(49.11)	
Restated profit after tax for the period/ years	1,474.68	967,19	316.34	

A positive figures represents addition and figures in brackets represents deletion in the corresponding head in the audited financial statements for respective reporting periods to arrive at the restated numbers.

(b) Explanatory notes for the restatement adjustments

- (i) The Amount relating to the Income / Expenses have been adjusted in the year to which the same realted to & under which head the same realtes to.
- (ii) The Company has provided Excess or Short Provision/MAT in the year in which the income Tax Return has been filled for the respective financial year But in the Restated Financial Information the company has provided Excess or Short Provision/MAT in the year to which it relates to.
- (iii) There is charge in deferred tax assets / liabilities as per audited books of accounts and as per restated books for respective financial covered under the restated financial information and the same has been given effect in the year to which the same realities to.

To give Explanatory Notes Regarding Adjustment >

Appropriate adjustment have been made in the restated financial statement, wherever required, by reclassification of the corresponding item of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, in order to bring them I line with the groupings asper audited financial of the company for all the years and teh requirements of teh Securities and Exchange Board of India (issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2018.

(c) Reconciliation of restated Equity / Networth:

Particulars	As at 31st March			
	2022	2021	2020	
Equity / Networth as per Audited Financials	11,546.10	11,684.10	10,724.99	
Adjustment for: Difference Pertaining to changes in Profit / Loss due to Restated Effect for the period covered in Restated Financial	(0.86)	(41.02)	(49.10)	
OCI Effect	-	4.11	1.41	
Prior Period Adjustments		574.12	574.12	
Preferrence Capital Effect		(125.00)	(100.00)	
Good will Written off	-	(1,000.00)	(1,000.00)	
Reclasification of Equity to Financial Liability		(1,000.00)	(1,000.00)	
Equity / Networth as Restated	11,545	10,096	9,151	

To give Explanatory Notes Regarding Adjustment :-

Appropriate adjustment have been made in the restated financial statement, wherever required, by reclassification of the corresponding item of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, in order to bring them I line with the groupings asper audited financial of the company for all the years and the requirements of teh Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2018.



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 53 - Statement of Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Information A. Changes in Accounting Policies in the Periods/Years Covered In The Restated Financials

There is no change in significant accounting policies adopted by the Company except as mentioned below

B. Notes On Restatement Made In The Restated Financials

1) The financial statements including financial information have been prepared after making such regroupings and adjustments, considered appropriate to comply with the same. As result of these regroupings and adjustments, the amount reported in the financial statements/information may not necessarily be same as those appearing in the respective audited financial statements for the relevant years.

2) Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for) - A disclosure for a contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation that may, require an outflow of the Company's resources.

3) Figures have been rearranged and regrouped wherever practicable and considered necessary.

4) The management has confirmed that adequate provisions have been made for all the known and determined liabilities and the same is not in excess of the amounts reasonably required to be provided for.

5) The balances of trade payables, trade receivables, loans and advances are unsecured and considered as good are subject to confirmations of respective parties concerned.

6) Realizations: In the opinion of the Board and to the best of its knowledge and belief, the value on realization of current assets and loans and advances are approximately of the same value as stated.

7) Contractual liabilities: All other contractual liabilities connected with business operations of the Company have been appropriately provided for.

8) Amounts in the financial statements: Amounts in the financial statements are rounded off to nearest lakhs. Figures in brackets indicate negative values.

9) For all period up to and including the year March 31, 2021, the Company had prepared its Audited financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of The Companies Act, 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ("Previous GAAP"). For the year ended on March 31, 2022 prepared and presented in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 in accordance with the accounting policies as set out by the Company in Note No. 1. and for ther purpose of Restated Financial Statement all the period are presented as per Indian Accounting Standard notified under the Companies Act, 2013



Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 53 - Statement of Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Information

A. Changes in Accounting Policies in the Periods/Years Covered In The Restated Financials

There is no change in significant accounting policies adopted by the Company except as mentioned below

8. Notes On Restatement Made In The Restated Financials

1) The financial statements including financial information have been prepared after making such regroupings and adjustments, considered appropriate to comply with the same. As result of these regroupings and adjustments, the amount reported in the financial statements/information may not necessarily be same as those appearing in the respective audited financial statements for the relevant years.

2) Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for) - A disclosure for a contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation that may, require an outflow of the Company's resources.

3) Figures have been rearranged and regrouped wherever practicable and considered necessary.

4) The management has confirmed that adequate provisions have been made for all the known and determined liabilities and the same is not in excess of the amounts reasonably required to be provided for.

5) The balances of trade payables, trade receivables, loans and advances are unsecured and considered as good are subject to confirmations of respective parties concerned.

6) Realizations: In the opinion of the Board and to the best of its knowledge and belief, the value on realization of current assets and loans and advances are approximately of the same value as stated.

 Contractual liabilities: All other contractual liabilities connected with business operations of the Company have been appropriately provided for.

8) Amounts in the financial statements: Amounts in the financial statements are rounded off to nearest lakhs. Figures in brackets indicate negative values.

9) For all period up to and including the year March 31, 2021, the Company had prepared its Audited financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of The Companies Act, 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ("Previous GAAP"). For the year ended on March 31, 2022 prepared and presented in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 in accordance with the accounting policies as set out by the Company in Note No. 1, and for ther purpose of Restated Financial Statement all the period are presented as per Indian Accounting Standard notified under the Companies Act, 2013





Note - 54 - Accounting Ratios:

	Ratio	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2020	% change	% change	Reason for Variance*
A Cu	irrent ratio (in times)						
OU	ment Assets	29,337.72	25,888.92	24,871.13			
Cu	irrent Liabilities	16,389.05	14,275.22	15,295.58			
Cu	rrent ratio (in times)	1.79	181	1.63	-1.29%	11.53%	
B De	ebt-Equity Ratio (in times)						
To	cal Debts	15,160.45	14,143.48	13,713.11			
Sh	are Holder's Equity + RS	11,545.28	10,095.29	9,151.44			
De	ebt-Equity Ratio	3.31	1.40	1.50	-6.26%	-6.51%	
C De	bt Service Coverage Ratio(in times)						
Ea	roing available for debt service	3,874.81	3,132,29	2,364.49			Increased in GP Margins alongwi
-72		A10					savings in Indirect costs due to COV
int	terest + installment	15,160.45	14,143,48	13,713,11			19 resulting in incresed earniungs
			- 5.04 F. (041). 40				1st year and increased turnov
De	bt Service Coverage Ratio,	0.26	0.22	0.17	36.15%	27.62%	resulting in higher profits in 2nd year
D Re	tum on Equity Ratio (in %)						
			10000	of the last			Improved efficiency in arriving at th
Ne	et After Tax	1,474,72	967.17	316.35			final product reflected by improve
130	1.00.0000000000000000000000000000000000	02020202	1022252010	0.000000			GP margin in 1st year and substanti
Av	erage Share Holder's Equity	10,820.79	9,623.87	9,048.61			increase in turnover resulting
							increased profit due to high
ne	tum on Equity Ratio,	13.63%	10.05%	3.50%	35.61%	187.44%	efficiency in 2nd year.
ε	ventory Turnover Ratio (in times)						
	Real Sector Sector Sector Sector Sector Sector	1001000	1001000000				Better inventory management and C
Co	ist of Goods Sold	26,543.34	17,430.58	18,693.74			
Av	erage inventory	26,180.02	23,558.00	11,575.89			margin in 1st year and substanti
In	ventory Turnover Ratio	1.01	0.74	1.61	37.09%	-54.20%	increase is turnover resulting in mo
	Sector States and the sector sector sector sector						consumption of goods in 2nd year.
F	ade Receivables turnover ratio (in						
tin	nes)						
Ne	t Credit Sales	31,433.01	21.304.01	21,894,31			increased trade receivables due
							COVID 19 and general mark
av	erage Receivable	214.85	429.22	391.32			sentiments in 1st year and decrea-
							in credit sales mixed with time
Tn	ade Receivables turnover ratio,	146.30	49.63	55.95	194.76%	-11.29%	recovery of outstanding debtors 2nd year.
	ade payables turnover ratio (In						
G	voe payabes samover rado (m nes)						
	oversy						Decreased credit purchases due 1
Ch	edit Furchase	2,350.44	1,576.78	1,924.70			COVID 19 and related uncertainiti-
	centers Bacable	1,667.32	1.637.18	1,708.45			in 1st year and increased cred
3450	eráge Payable	1,007.34	1,05/-10	7,100.40			purchases due to increase
Tra	ade payables turnover ratio (in						consumption of goods as a result
	nes)	1.41	0.96	1.13	46.37%	-14.51%	substantially increased turnover
200							2nd year.
H Ne	t capital turnover ratio (In times)						
							Decrease in turnover due to extende
Be	venue from Operations	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.31			
							period of COVID 19 lockdowns in 1
Ne	et Working Capital	12,948.67	11,613.70	9,575.55			year and Substantial Increase
1		20000					turnover alongwith bett
							management of trade receivables an
332	t capital turnover ratio	2.43	1.83	2.29	32.33%	-19.77%	monagement of place receivables at



MOTISONS JEWELLERS LIMITED

Notes to the Restated Financial Statements for the year ended



Note - 54	 Accounting 	Balliner
14046 - 34	* Accounting	marinos.

Ratio	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2020	% change	% change	Reason for Variance*
1 Net profit ratio (in %)						
Net Profit	1,474.72	967.17	316.36			Higher profits due to better GP margins alongwith substantial savings in indirect costs such as sales
Revenue form Operation	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.31			promotion, travelling, employee costs, etc due to COMD 19 restrictions in 1st year and maintenance of the same in
Net profit ratio	4,69%	4.54%	1,44%	3.34%	214.19%	proportion to the turnover in 2nd year.
J Return on Capital employed (in %)						
Earning Before Interest and Taxes	3,592.09	2,845.62	2,070.32			Increased GP margins because of better efficiency in 1st year and
Capital Employed	27,448.96	25,183.59	23,989.86			substantial increase in turnover
Return on Capital employed	13.09%	11.30%	8.63%	15.81%	30.93%	resulting in improved returns in 2nd
K. Return on investment (in %)						
Income Generated from Investment						Interest earned on FD is for entire 1st
Funds	0.19	0.09	0.05			year and new investments made in FD were made only for part of the year
Invested funds	8.56	1.24	1.14			during 21-22 Thus invested funds during 21-22 earned income only for
	2.22%	7.26%	4.39%	-69.42%	65.48%	, part of the year alongwith reduced
Return on investment						rate of returns by banks.



OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

				(₹ in lakhs)
S.	Particulars	For the	e Year Ended 31 N	/larch
no.	Particulars	2022	2021	2020
Α	Net worth, as restated	11,545.28	10,096.29	9,151.44
В	Profit after tax, as restated	1,474.72	967.17	316.36
	Weighted average number of equity shares			
	outstanding during the period/ year			
с	For Basic/Diluted earnings per share (in	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000
C	Number)			
	Earnings per share			
D	Basic/Diluted earnings per share (B/C)	2.27	1.49	0.49
Ε	Return on Net Worth (%) (B/A*100)	12.77%	9.58%	3.46%
F	Number of shares outstanding at the end of the	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000	6,49,75,000
	period/ year (in Number)			
G	Net asset value per equity share of ₹ 10	17.77	15.54	14.08
9	each(A/F)			
Н	Face value of equity shares	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation &	3,874.77	3,112.31	2,364.47
	Amortization (EBITDA)			

The Financial Ratio based on Restated Financial Statement of the Accounting are as follow:

Notes:

1. The ratios have been computed as per the following formulas:

(i) Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share:

<u>Restated Profit after Tax available to equity shareholders</u> Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year

(iii) Net Asset Value (NAV) per Equity Share:

<u>Restated Net worth of Equity Share Holders</u> Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year

(iv) Return on Net worth (%):

<u>Restated Profit after Tax available to equity shareholders</u> Restated Net worth of Equity Shareholders

- 2. The figures disclosed above are based on the Restated Financial Information of the Company.
- 3. Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year adjusted for the number of equity shares issued during the period/year multiplied by the time weightage factor. The time weightage factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period/year.



- 4. Ratios for the Year ended on March, 2021 have not been annualised.
- 5. Net worth for the ratios represents sum of share capital and reserves and surplus (share premium and surplus in the Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss).
- 6. The above statement should be read with the Statement of Notes to the Restated Financial Information of the Company in Annexure 4.
- 7. Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation & Amortization (EBITDA) = Profit Before Tax + Finance Cost + Dep. & Amortization.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our "**Restated Financial Statements**" on page 224.

This Draft Red Herring Prospectus may include forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, and our actual financial performance may materially vary from the conditions contemplated in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those described below and elsewhere in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. For further information, see "Forward Looking Statements" on page 23. Also read "Risk Factors" and "Key Factors that may affect our Results of Operation" on pages 35 and 291, respectively, for a discussion of certain factors that may affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, the financial information for Fiscals 2020, 2021 and 2022 included herein is derived from the Restated Financial Information, included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, have been prepared in accordance with requirements of the Companies Act and Ind AS and restated in accordance with the SEBI Regulations, which differ in certain material respects from IFRS, U.S. GAAP and GAAP in other countries. For further information, see "**Restated Financial Statements**" on page 224.

Unless the context otherwise requires, in this section, references to "we", "us", "our", "the Company" or "our Company" refers to Motisons Jewellers Limited.

OVERVIEW

We are a Jewellery retail player with a history of more than 2 decades in the jewellery industry having experienced entrepreneurs as our Promoters with more than 20 years of experience. Our jewellery business includes the sale of jewellery made of gold, diamond, kundan and sale of other jewellery products that include pearl, silver, platinum, precious, semi-precious stones and other metals. Our other offerings include gold and silver coins, utensils and other artifacts. We commenced our business through a partnership firm '*M*/s Motisons Jewellers' in 1997 which was subsequently converted into public limited company in 2011 and currently have presence across multiple prominent locations in Jaipur, Rajasthan.

We started our jewellery business in 1997 with a single showroom in Jaipur, Rajasthan. Our first outlet, famously known as the '*Traditional Store*' was set up amidst the famous lanes of the busiest Johri Bazaar, renowned jewellery hub in the heart of the city. This Johri Bazaar showroom displaying gold and diamond jewellery was approx. 304 sq. ft. in area which was expanded to 1355 sq. ft. by 2002 with growth in the business. We have, since then, expanded our network of showrooms and the product portfolio and currently operate 4 showrooms under the "*Motisons*" brand, located across the city of Jaipur. The flagship store '*Motisons Tower*' is located at the high street of Tonk Road, Jaipur. The showroom at Tonk Road spans in an area of approx. 11,700 Sq Ft and has 3 floors with a dedicated floor space for silver, gold, and diamond jewellery respectively. The most recent outlet, opened in the year 2021, is situated in the affluent neighborhood in the southwestern part of Jaipur at Vaishali Nagar.

In addition to selling products at our showrooms, we also sell our products through our online platform at <u>https://www.motisonsjewellers.com/</u>. We launched our website in the year 2011 and online sales commenced from 2018 for younger and more digitally savvy customers who can browse our catalogue



based on preferences, collections and designs, and purchase the jewellery directly and have it delivered to their homes. We also arrange virtual appointments to assist our customers. Products generally offered through online marketplaces are diverse and not available in the showrooms.

We primarily source finished jewellery from third party manufacturing vendors located across India. This includes all types of jewellery made of gold, diamond and other precious and semi precious stones. Additionally, to cater to the increasing demand in the market, we also engage artisans on job work basis and have our own manufacturing facilities located in Jaipur, Rajasthan for diamond and gem stone studded jewellery. We outsource the work of making ornaments to various artisans with whom we have developed strong relationships. We offer a large variety of handcrafted jewellery, which are designed and manufactured by our in-house designers in close collaboration along with skilled local craftsman located across the country. To ensure optimum prices and mitigate the risk of suppliers' concentration, we procure raw materials from various suppliers across the country. This procurement process enables us to offer a wide range of products.

Our product profile includes traditional, contemporary and combination designs across jewellery lines, for special occasions such as weddings and festivals to daily wear jewellery for all ages, genders and across various price points. Our offerings include gold jewellery, diamond jewellery and other silverware from handmade Indian ethnic to the cutting-edge styles of the urban world. Our gold, diamond and other jewellery inventory in each showroom reflects customer preferences and designs. Our focus on design and innovation, our ability to recognize consumer preferences and market trends, the intricacy of our designs and the quality of our products are our key strengths. We have a dedicated design team, focused on developing new products and designs that meet customers' requirements. In addition, our access to a range of contract manufacturers that are generally smaller, localized jewellery manufacturers from various parts of India allows us to offer a diverse product range. We also customize jewellery for individual needs.

Our experience of close to two decades has enabled us to build an effective business model that gives us control over our processes from raw material procurement, design, manufacturing and marketing to sales through our network. Our business model allows us to monitor and control the quality of our products on the supply side, and provides us the ability to respond quickly to our customers' needs and preferences on the demand side. Our diamond jewellery is certified by various agencies including IGI, GIA and IDT. As per the demand of customers, we also provide our internal certifications. All our gold and silver jewellery products in line are hallmarked by BIS, except gold jewellery weighing less than two grams, which does not require to be hallmarked.

Our Company is managed by our promoters, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, the Chairman & Whole Time Director, son of Late Mr. Moti Lal Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, the Managing Director, son of Late Mr. Moti Lal Chhabra, who have experience of more than two decades each in the jewellery industry. The Promoters hail from a business family and started with a strong vision to take the jewellery division to an all-new level in the retail sector. Their relationships with our suppliers, customers and other industry participants have been instrumental in implementing our growth strategies. Our Promoters continues to remain actively involved in our operations and brings to our Company their vision and leadership which we believe has been instrumental in sustaining our business operations and as a result, today the brand successfully operates from 4 prominent locations in Jaipur. Over the years, our management team has helped scale our operations and includes professionals with extensive experience in the retail and jewellery industry as well as finance and marketing.



SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE LAST FINANCIAL PERIOD

In the opinion of the Board of Directors of our Company, since the date of the last financial statements disclosed in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, there have not arisen any circumstance that materially and adversely affect or are likely to affect the business activities or profitability of our Company or the value of its assets or its ability to pay its material liabilities within the next twelve months except as mentioned below:

- 1) The Board of Directors have decided to get their equity shares listed pursuant to Section 23 of the Companies Act 2013, by a resolution passed at its meeting held on September 14, 2022 proposed the Issue, subject to the approval of the shareholders and such other authorities as may be necessary.
- 2) The shareholders of the Company have, pursuant to Section 23 of the Companies Act 2013, by a special resolution passed in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on September 15, 2022 authorized the Initial Public Offer.
- 3) Mr. Kaustubh Chhabra has been appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. 01.07.2022.
- 4) Mr. Laksh Chhabra has been appointed as the Joint Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. 08.08.2022

KEY FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT OUR RESULTS OF OPERATION

Our results of operations have been, and will be, affected by many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Our results of operations and financial conditions are affected by numerous factors including the following:

A. Ability to expand the customer base and develop new products capabilities to meet evolving preferences in the Jewellery industry and generate new sales.

Our results of operations are dependent on the number, size and location of, and sales from, our showrooms. Customer relationships are the core of our business. Our ability to grow our customer base and drive market adoption of our products is affected by the pace at which the jewellery industry grows. We expect that our revenue growth will be primarily driven by the pace of adoption of our offerings. This will drive our ability to acquire new customers and increase sales to existing customers, which in turn, will affect our future financial performance.

Our ability to profitably expand our network and product offerings is dependent on our ability to efficiently manage our corresponding increase in expenditures. We have grown our operations by introducing variety of products to meet potential requirements of our customers and create market for our products. To service and grow our relationships with our existing customers and to win new customers, we are required to provide them with products that address their requirements, to anticipate and understand trends in their relevant markets and to continually address their needs as those change and evolve.

Our future growth shall depend on our ability to identify emerging market trends, offer new products and new designs to customers and inculcate strong culture of innovation which will enable us to



expand the range of our offerings to customers and improve the delivery of our products along with growing our portfolio of various sized products to increasingly represent our revenue from operations, widened the customer base that we cater to, and typically have a higher margin profile.

B. Maintaining our brand image and catering to changing consumer preferences

We derive substantially all of our revenue from sales of jewellery products, which depends significantly on the strength and reputation of our brand. We attribute the strength and reputation of our brand to our historical ability to provide customers with transparency in the purchase process and pricing of jewellery and create a positioning of trust and transparency in the minds of our customers. We strive to appeal to a broad base of customers with a multifaceted optimizing strategy, which we implement by endeavoring to understand the market preferences and trends in the geographies in which we operate and offering a range of jewellery products in our showrooms that are tailored to such tastes. We undertake numerous marketing initiatives to promote our brand image. For Fiscals 2022, 2021 and 2020 our expenses for advertising and other marketing costs were ₹88.71 Lakhs, ₹65.68 Lakhs and ₹115.14 Lakhs respectively. We believe that we have built a trusted brand with a high recall value and strive to maintain it through impactful communication via our long-standing associations with marquee national, regional and local brand ambassadors, who communicate the salient aspects of our brand. For further details on our marketing and promotion efforts, see "**Our Business – Marketing and Promotion**" on page 164.

The jewellery industry is subject to shifting consumer preferences and more specifically, jewellery preferences often vary significantly by region. In order to compete effectively in our industry, we must be able to identify and respond to shifting consumer demands and preferences. Being able to adapt to the changes in our customers' preferences is an important factor in our operational and financial performance.

Recognizing early the powerful potential of engaging customers online, we invested and launched our online platform, <u>www.motisonsjewellers.</u>com where we cater to younger and more digitally savvy customers. Through this online platform our customers can purchase a wide variety of jewellery. Our online platform offers us another distribution channel to reach customers and potentially drive further traffic to our showrooms. See "*Our Business – Online Sales*" on page 164.

C. Product mix and pricing

Changes in the relative mix of gold jewellery, studded jewellery and other jewellery products have had and will continue to have an impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

The products in our showrooms generally have a predetermined making charge or value-added charge. Our jewellery prices are programmed directly into our central ERP system and are primarily based on our costs of production, including the costs of raw materials and production costs. Our jewellery prices also reflect applicable taxes as well as general market demands and price trends. The price of the underlying gold component of our jewellery is based on prevailing market rates, accounting for the global market gold price (which is generally quoted in U.S. Dollars) and the relative value of the Indian Rupee (or local currencies in our Middle East operations). Our production charges and margins are determined by our senior management team in consultation with regional management.



D. Seasonality

Our sales have historically exhibited certain seasonal fluctuations, reflecting higher sales volumes and profit margins during festivals and other occasions. Historically, sales in the third quarter and fourth quarter have typically been higher than the first quarter and second quarter of the fiscal year. We stock certain inventory to account for this seasonality, while our fixed costs such as lease rentals, employee salaries, showroom operating costs and logistics-related expenses, which form a significant portion of operating costs, are relatively constant throughout the year.

Consequently, lower than expected net sales during any third or fourth quarters or more pronounced seasonal variations in sales in the future could have a disproportionate impact on our operating results for the year, or could strain our resources and impair cash flows. Any slowdown in demand for our jewellery during peak season or failure by us to accurately foresee and prepare for such seasonal fluctuations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The effect of seasonality is expected to further decrease with greater geographical diversification.

E. Increasing competition in the industry;

We face competition from multiple competitors in the markets in which we operate. Success of our operations depends on our ability to effectively compete, including by continuing to differentiate our brand and products from competition by maintaining our brand perception centered around the values of trust and transparency and by continuing to optimize our product assortment and marketing campaigns to cater to preferences in the markets in which we operate. For further details, see "*Business – Competition*" on page 165.

F. Changes in fiscal, economic or political conditions in India

Our results of operations are dependent on the overall economic conditions in the markets in which we operate. Any slowdown in these economies, including due to a global economic slowdown or changes in interest rates, government policies or taxation, social and civil unrest, pandemics and political, economic or other developments could adversely affect our business and results of operations. Even though there are many factors that affect levels of consumer confidence and spending, demand for jewellery can be relatively inelastic in our markets as it is often purchased for wedding-related, religious, cultural and sentimental reasons.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND CERTAIN NON-GAAP MEASURES

In evaluating our business, we consider and use certain non-GAAP financial measures and key performance indicators that are presented below as supplemental measures to review and assess our operating performance. The presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures and key performance indicators are not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the Restated Financial Information. We present these non-GAAP financial measures and key performance indicators because they are used by our management to evaluate our operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are not defined under Ind AS and are not presented in accordance with Ind AS. The non-GAAP financial measures and key performance indicators have limitations as analytical tools. Further, these non-GAAP financial measures and key performance indicators may differ from the similar information used by other companies, including peer companies, and hence their comparability may be limited. Therefore,



these matrices should not be considered in isolation or construed as an alternative to Ind AS measures of performance or as an indicator of our operating performance, liquidity, profitability or results of operation.

EBITDA and EBITDA Margin

EBITDA is defined as our profit/loss before tax less other income before finance cost and depreciation and amortisation. Profit/loss before tax margin is defined as profit/loss before tax divided by revenue from operations. EBITDA margin is defined as our EBITDA as a percentage of revenue from operations.

The following table reconciles our profit/loss before tax (an IndAS financial measure) to EBITDA for the periods indicated.

			(₹ in lakhs)
Category	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-2021	FY 2019-2020
Restated (loss) / profit after tax	1,474.72	967.17	316.36
Add: Total Tax Expense	524.20	339.44	106.60
Add: Finance Costs	1593.13	1539.03	1647.34
Add: Depreciation and Amortisation expense	282.72	266.67	294.17
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation	3,874.77	3112.31	2364.47
and amortization expenses (EBITDA)			
Revenue from operations	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.31
EBITDA Margin	12.33%	14.61%	10.80%

The following table sets forth certain key performance indicators for the periods indicated:

				(₹ in lakhs)
Category	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-2021	FY 2019-2020	CAGR
Revenue from Operations	31,433.01	21,304.01	21,894.31	12.81%
EBIDTA ⁽¹⁾	3,874.77	3,112.31	2,364.47	17.90%
EBIDTA Margin (%) ⁽²⁾	12.33%	14.61%	10.80%	4.51%
PAT	1,474.72	967.17	316.36	67.05%
PAT Margin (%) ⁽³⁾	4.69%	4.54%	1.44%	48.08%
ROE ⁽⁴⁾	13.63%	10.05%	3.50%	57.33%
ROCE ⁽⁵⁾	13.09%	11.30%	8.63%	14.90%

1. EBITDA is calculated as restated PAT for the year, plus total tax expenses, exceptional items, finance costs and depreciation and amortization expenses, less interest on income tax.

2. EBITDA Margin is calculated as EBITDA as a percentage of revenue from operations.

3. PAT Margin is calculated as restated PAT for the year as a percentage of revenue from operations.

4. ROE is calculated as restated PAT for the year divided by average shareholder's equity.

5. ROCE is calculated as EBIT divided by capital employed.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

These Restated Financial Information have been compiled by the management from:

a) Audited financial statements of the Company audited and reported by us for the year ended March 31, 2022 prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under Companies Act, 2013 specified under



section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on August 22, 2022.

- b) Audited financial statements of the Company as at and for the years ended, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Act ("Indian GAAP") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, at the relevant time, which have been Audited and reported by erstwhile Statutory Auditor VKG & Co., Chartered Accountants.
- c) The financial information for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 included in such restated financial information have been prepared by the management by preparing Ind-AS financial statements wherein Ind-AS transition / restatement adjustments have been made to the audited financial statements of the Company and prepared in accordance with the Indian accounting standards as notified under Companies Act, 2013.

The optimizing policies have been consistently applied by our Company in preparation of the Restated Financial Statements and are consistent with those adopted in the preparation of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

The Restated Financial Statements have been prepared so as to contain information / disclosures and incorporating adjustments set out below in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations:

- Adjustments to the profits or losses of the earlier years for the changes in accounting policies if any to reflect what the profits or losses of those periods would have been if a uniform accounting policy was followed in each of these years and of material errors, if any;
- Adjustments for reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, retrospectively in the years ended March 31, 2022, March 21, 2021 and March 31, 2020, in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the Restated Financial Statements of for the year ended March 31, 2022 and the requirements of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, if any; and
- The resultant impact of tax due to the aforesaid adjustments, if any.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on the Restated Financial Statements. For details of significant accounting policies followed by us while preparing our financial statements, see "*Restated Financial Statements*" on page 224.

OVERVIEW OF REVENUE & EXPENDITURE

Revenue and Expenses

Our revenue and expenses are reported in the following manner:

Total Revenue

Our Total Revenue comprises of revenue from operations and other income.

Revenue from operations – Our revenue from operations majorly comprises of sale of jewellery made of gold, diamond, kundan and sale of other jewellery products that include silver, precious,



semi-precious stones and other metals. We also sale other offerings such as gold and silver coins, utensils and other artifacts made of gold, silver and other precious metals.

Other Income – Our other income primarily includes income from interest on loans and advances and other non operating income.

Expenses

Our expenses comprise of cost of materials consumed, purchase of Stock-in-Trade, Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods, employee benefit expenses, finance costs, depreciation & amortization expenses and other expenses.

- Cost of material consumed Cost of material consumed primarily consists of cost of procuring raw materials i.e., primarily gold and precious / semi-precious stones and packaging material expense.
- Purchase of Stock-in-Trade Purchases of stock-in-trade comprises gold, diamond and others that includes silver ornaments, etc.
- Change in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods Changes in inventories of finished goods is calculated based on the opening stock and closing stock of gold, diamonds and others.
- Employee benefit expenses Our employee benefit expenses mainly include Salaries and allowances, sales incentives, directors' remuneration, bonuses, contribution to provident fund and other funds, gratuity and other staff welfare expenses.
- Finance costs Our finance costs include interest on secured and unsecured borrowings, lease liabilities, preference share capital and other borrowing costs.
- Depreciation and amortization expenses Depreciation and amortisation expenses majorly comprise
 (i) depreciation of property, plant and equipment; and (ii) depreciation on right-of-use assets.
- Other expenses Other expenses comprise of manufacturing and service cost, administration, selling and other expenses.



OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth selected financial data from our Restated Statement of profit and loss for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the components of which are also expressed as a percentage of total revenue for such periods:

						in lakhs)	
Particulars	For the Year ended	March 31,	For the Year ended March 31, For the Year e		For the Year ended	ended March 31,	
	2022		2021		2020		
	Amt in Lakhs	(%)*	Amt in Lakhs	(%)*	Amt in Lakhs	(%)*	
Revenue:							
Revenue from operations	31,433.01	99.96%	21,304.01	99.99%	21,894.31	99.98%	
Other income	14.12	0.04%	2.21	0.01%	4.63	0.02%	
Total Revenue	31,447.13	100.00%	21,306.22	100.00%	21,898.94	100.00%	
Expenses:							
Cost of materials consumed	3,148.09	10.01%	1,321.98	6.20%	2,153.45	9.83%	
Purchase of stock-in-trade	28,321.10	90.06%	16,558.81	77.72%	16,727.97	76.39%	
Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP	(5,064.31)	-16.10%	(502.00)	-2.36%	(286.56)	-1.31%	
and Traded Goods							
Employee benefits expense	702.72	2.23%	563.45	2.64%	595.86	2.72%	
Finance costs	1,593.13	5.07%	1,539.03	7.22%	1,647.34	7.52%	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	282.72	0.90%	266.67	1.25%	294.17	1.34%	
Other expenses	464.72	1.48%	251.69	1.18%	343.73	1.57%	
Total Expenses	29,448.17	93.64%	19,999.63	93.87%	21,475.96	98.07%	
Profit / (loss) before tax	1,998.96	6.36%	1,306.59	6.13%	422.98	1.93%	
Tax Expense							
Current Tax	526.45	1.67%	345.13	1.62%	130.93	0.60%	
Deferred tax (credit)/charge	(2.21)	-0.01%	(5.71)	-0.03%	(24.31)	-0.11%	
Total Tax Expense	524.24	1.67%	339.42	1.59%	106.62	0.49%	
Profit for the year/period	1,474.71	4.69%	967.17	4.54%	316.36	1.44%	

* (%) column represents percentage of total revenue.



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SUMMARY ON RESULT OF OPERATIONS FROM OUR RESTATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022, 2021 AND 2020

Total Revenue

Total revenue comprises of revenue from operations and other income which are as described below:

Revenue from operations – Revenue from operations primarily include revenue from sale of jewellery made of gold, diamond, kundan and sale of other jewellery products that include silver, precious, semi-precious stones and other metals. Revenue also includes sale of other offerings such as gold and silver coins, utensils and other artifacts made of gold, silver and other precious metals:

					('₹ in Lakhs)		
Cotogony	FY 202	1-22	FY 2020-21		FY 201	FY 2019-20		
Category	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)		
(A) Manufacturing Sales*								
- Diamond and Gem Stone	241.46	0.77%	29.30	0.14%	143.17	0.65%		
Studded Jewellery								
- Gold Jewellery	1,758.12	5.59%	708.39	3.33%	330.30	1.51%		
- Silver jewellery and articles	1,017.56	3.24%	725.38	3.40%	697.45	3.19%		
Total (A)	3,017.14	9.60%	1,463.06	6.87%	1,170.92	5.35%		
(B) Trading Sales								
- Gold Jewellery	23,561.54	74.96%	16,303.14	76.53%	17,437.48	79.64%		
- Diamond and Gem Stone	3,315.59	10.55%	2,318.41	10.88%	2,230.96	10.19%		
Studded Jewellery								
- Silver jewellery and articles	1,444.89	4.60%	1,138.76	5.35%	1,029.77	4.70%		
- Diamond and other stones	93.50	0.30%	76.65	0.36%	25.18	0.12%		
Total (B)	28,415.52	90.40%	19,837.27	93.12%	20,723.39	94.65%		
(C) Others (Job Work Income)	0.34	0.00%	3.68	0.02%	-	0.00%		
TOTAL	31,433.00	100%	21,304.01	100.00%	21,894.31	100.00%		

*Includes products manufactured in the Company's units as well as on job-work basis. Note: Percentage of total Revenue from Operations

> **Other income** – Breakup of other income is set forth for the period indicated:

			(₹ in lakhs)		
Deuticulous	For the year ended 31 March				
Particulars	2022	2021	2020		
Interest Income					
Interest on Loans and Advances	10.25	0.44	-		
Interest from Banks on Deposit	0.19	0.09	0.05		
Interest on Income tax Refund	-	-	3.29		
Interest Income on Lease Deposit	1.21	1.10	1.00		
Other Non-Operating Income					
Gain on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (net)	1.02	0.58	0.30		
Other Non-Operating Income					
 Reward Points Credit 	0.25	-	-		
 Sales Prompt Incentive 	1.20	-	-		
Total	14.12	2.21	4.63		



Total Expenses

Our total expenses comprise of (i) Cost of materials consumed (ii) Purchase of stock-in-trade (iii) Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods (iv) employee benefits expense, (v) finance cost, (vi) depreciation and amortization expense and (vii) other expenses.

Cost of material consumed – The following table sets forth a breakdown of our cost of materials consumed for the periods indicated:

·			(₹ in lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March				
Particulars	2022	2021	2020		
Raw Material					
Opening Stock at the beginning of the year	1,317.96	976.64	1,092.68		
Add: Purchases and Incidental Expenses	2,350.44	1,576.78	1,924.70		
(Net of returns, claims/ discount, if any)					
Less: Closing Stock at the end of the year	652.95	1,317.96	976.64		
Packing Material					
Opening Stock at the beginning of the year	20.10	30.99	44.01		
Add: Purchases and Incidental Expenses	124.95	75.63	99.69		
(Net of returns, claims/ discount, if any)					
Less: Closing Stock at the end of the year	12.41	20.10	30.99		
Total	3,148.09	1,321.98	2,153.45		

Purchase of stock-in-trade – The following table sets forth a breakdown of purchases of stock-in-trade expense for the periods indicated:

			(₹ in lakhs)			
Particulars	For the	For the year ended 31 March				
Particulars	2022	2021	2020			
Purchases and Incidental Expenses (Net of returns, claims/ discount, if any)	28,321.10	16,558.81	16,727.97			
Total	28,321.10	16,558.81	16,727.97			

Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods – The following table sets forth a breakdown of changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods for the periods indicated:

			(₹ în lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March				
Particulars	2022	2021	2020		
Opening Stock					
Work-in-Progress	-	-	-		
Finished Goods / Stock-in Trade	22,646.15	22,144.15	21,857.59		
	22,646.15	22,144.15	21,857.59		
Closing Stock					
Work-in-Progress	-	-	-		
Finished Goods / Stock-in Trade	27,710.46	22,646.15	22,144.15		
	27,710.46	22,646.15	22,144.15		
Total	(5,064.31)	(502.00)	(286.56)		



Employee Benefit Expenses – The following table sets forth a breakdown of our employee benefits expense for the periods indicated:

			(₹ in lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March				
	2022	2021	2020		
Salary and Allowances	408.89	323.21	365.30		
Directors Remuneration	84.00	69.00	24.00		
Contribution to ESI and PF	11.13	8.82	12.24		
Staff Welfare Expenses	22.11	8.64	22.18		
Bonus	27.61	22.90	27.22		
Rent Free Accommodation	-	4.50	18.00		
Gratuity Expenses	7.48	6.38	6.92		
Sales Incentives	141.50	120.00	120.00		
Total	702.72	563.45	595.86		

Finance Costs – Bifurcation of finance costs is described below:

			(₹ in lakhs)	
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March			
Particulars	2022	2021	2020	
Interest expense:				
Bank & Financial Charges	39.00	42.37	56.39	
On Other Borrowing (Unsecured Loan)	914.52	879.59	944.73	
On Lease Liabilities	85.35	104.36	121.57	
On Preference Share-Financial Liability	35.91	32.64	29.68	
On Borrowing	517.95	479.69	494.59	
On EIR	0.40	0.38	0.38	
Total	1,593.13	1,539.03	1,647.34	

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses – Following is the bifurcation of the depreciation expense:

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	For the	e year ended 31	March
Particulars	2022	2021	2020
Depreciation on Property, Plant and	75.30	60.12	87.52
Equipments			
Depreciation on Right of Use Assets	205.52	205.52	205.52
Amortisation of Intangible Assets	1.90	1.03	1.13
Total	282.72	266.67	294.17

Other expenses – The following table sets forth a breakdown of our other expenses for the periods indicated:

			(₹ in lakhs)		
Provide Laws	For the	For the year ended 31 March			
Particulars	2022	2021	2020		
Manufacturing & Service Cost					
Job Charges	78.21	8.06	23.45		
Freight and Cartage	-	0.38	3.22		
Consumables and Tools	12.42	8.34	11.14		
Wages	47.84	35.02	61.06		
Rent on Manufacturing Unit	-	-	-		



Deuticulous	For the year ended 31 March			
Particulars	2022	2021	2020	
Total Manufacturing & Service Cost	138.47	51.80	98.87	
Administration, Selling & Other Expenses				
Advertisement Expenses	43.66	9.26	21.24	
Annual Maintenance Charges	4.70	3.26	2.22	
Auditors Remuneration	1.50	1.50	1.53	
Donation Expenses	1.00	-	0.51	
Independent Director Sitting Fees	0.60	0.60	0.60	
Commission and Brokerage	48.99	42.01	19.10	
Power and Fuel	71.75	65.47	67.39	
Hallmarking Expenses	14.84	14.56	17.33	
Insurance	18.25	18.04	18.15	
Legal & Professional Fees	25.94	8.95	7.37	
General Expenses	12.83	8.95	9.12	
Internet & Telephone Expenses	4.17	3.22	3.36	
Printing & Stationery	11.92	2.79	4.20	
Repair Others	5.50	4.30	7.58	
Repair of Building	0.67	-	0.91	
Membership Fees	0.71	1.07	0.12	
Software Upgradation Charges	2.47	1.21	1.58	
Sales Promotion Expenses	22.49	14.41	48.37	
Discount	3.02	0.07	1.42	
Testing & Polishing Expenses	0.77	0.68	1.49	
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	2.60	0.69	4.96	
Rate & Taxes	11.72	0.88	3.12	
CSR Expenditure	16.00	-	-	
Expected Credit Loss	(0.09)	(2.07)	3.19	
Misc Exp	0.24	0.04	-	
Prior Period Expenses	-	-	-	
Total Administration, Selling & Other Expenses	326.25	199.89	244.86	
Grand Total	464.72	251.69	343.73	

Tax Expenses

Our tax expenses comprise of current tax and deferred tax.

COMPARISION OF RESTATED FINANCIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 WITH FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Total Revenue:

		(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
31,447.13	21,306.22	47.60%

Our total revenue has increased by 47.60% to ₹31,447.13 Lakhs for financial year 2021-22 from ₹21,306.22 Lakhs for financial year 2020-21 bifurcated into revenue from operations and other income.



Revenue from Operations

		(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
31,433.01	21,304.01	47.55%

Revenue from Operations has increased by 47.55% to ₹31,433.01 Lakhs in financial year 2021-22 from ₹21,304.01 Lakhs in financial year 2020-21. This increase is driven due to an increase retail activity i.e., increase in gold and studded jewellery sold by us. This was driven primarily by an increase in jewellery sold at our showrooms. A further breakup of item-wise sales in FY 2021-22 and 2020-21 is given below. Further the rates of gold have also increased which has led to increased revenue.

Ũ			(*	₹in Lakhs)	
Cotogony	FY 20	21-22	FY 202	FY 2020-2021	
Category	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	
(A) Manufacturing Sales*					
- Diamond and Gem Stone Studded Jewellery	241.46	0.77%	29.30	0.14%	
- Gold Jewellery	1,758.12	5.59%	708.39	3.33%	
- Silver jewellery and articles	1,017.56	3.24%	725.38	3.40%	
Total (A)	3,017.14	9.60%	1,463.06	6.87%	
(B) Trading Sales					
- Gold Jewellery	23,561.54	74.96%	16,303.14	76.53%	
- Diamond and Gem Stone Studded Jewellery	3,315.59	10.55%	2,318.41	10.88%	
- Silver jewellery and articles	1,444.89	4.60%	1,138.76	5.35%	
- Diamond and other stones	93.50	0.30%	76.65	0.36%	
Total (B)	28,415.52	90.40%	19,837.27	93.12%	
(C) Others (Job Work Income)	0.34	0.00%	3.68	0.02%	
TOTAL	31,433.00	100.00%	21,304.01	100.00%	

Other Income

	(₹ in lakhs)		
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %	
14.12	2.21	538.91%	

During the year 2021-22, the other income of our company increased to ₹14.12 Lakhs from ₹2.21 Lakhs in 2020-21, representing an increase of 538.91%. This was majorly due to interest income earned on loans and advances of ₹10.25 Lakhs in FY 2021-22 as against ₹0.44 Lakhs in FY 2020-21. This interest was on account of loans and advances given by our Company to related party in March 2021 which was repaid back to the Company in August 2021. Therefore, the interest income was earned in FY 2021-22.

Total Expense

	(₹ in lakhs)		
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %	
29,448.17	19,999.63	47.24%	

The total expenditure for the financial year 2021-22 was increased to ₹29,448.17 Lakhs from ₹19,999.63 Lakhs in 2020-21, representing a 47.24% increase, primarily owing to increase in our cost of sales and purchase of stock-in-trade. A further description is given as under.



Cost of material consumed

	(₹ in lakhs)		
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %	
3,148.09	1,321.98	138.13%	

Cost of material consumed for the financial year 2021-22 increased to ₹3,148.09 Lakhs from ₹1,321.98 Lakhs in 2020-21, representing an increase of 138.13%. This was primarily attributable to increase in purchases and increase in manufacturing activity on account of high demand of products in the market and maintenance of large amount of stock in the showrooms.

Purchase of stock-in-trade

		(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
28,321.10	16,558.81	71.03%

Purchase of stock in trade for the financial year 2021-22 increased to ₹28,321.10 Lakhs from ₹16,558.81 lakhs in 2020-21, representing 71.03% increase variance. This was primarily attributable to optimizing of inventory to cater to the demand and stock displayed in showrooms.

Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods

		(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
(5,064.31)	(502.00)	908.83%

Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods for the financial year 2021-22 increased to ₹(5,064.31) Lakhs from ₹(502.00) Lakhs in 2020-21, majorly due to due to optimizing of the inventory.

Employee benefits expenses

·	(₹ in lakhs)		
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %	
702.72	563.45	24.72%	

Our Company has incurred ₹702.72 Lakhs as employee benefit expenses in 2021-22, as compared to ₹563.45 Lakhs in 2020-21, reflecting an increase of 24.72%. This was mainly due to increase in Salary and Allowances by ₹85.68 Lakhs, Sales Incentives by ₹21.50 Lakhs, Director Remuneration by ₹15.00 Lakhs and staff welfare expenses of ₹13.47 Lakhs.

Finance Cost

		(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
1,593.13	1,539.03	3.52%

Finance costs increased by ₹54.10 lakhs in 2021-22 over 2020-21, representing a change of 3.52%. This slight increase was due to increase in bank interest on account of increase in working capital limits and unsecured loans.



Depreciation and Amortization expense

	-	(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
282.72	266.67	6.02%

Depreciation for the financial year 2021-22 stood at ₹282.72 Lakhs as compared to ₹266.67 Lakhs in 2020-21, showing an increase of 6.02% because of additions in tangible fixed assets during the year.

Other Expense

		(₹ in lakhs)
2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
464.72	251.69	84.64%

The company's other expenses saw an increase of 84.64%, amounting to ₹213.03 Lakhs, majorly due to increase in the following expenses.

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	Variance
Job Charges	78.21	8.06	70.15
Advertisement Expenses	43.66	9.26	34.40
Legal & Professional Fees	25.94	8.95	16.99
CSR Expenditure	16.00	-	16.00
Wages	47.84	35.02	12.82
Rate & Taxes	11.72	0.88	10.84
Printing & Stationery	11.92	2.79	9.13
Sales Promotion Expenses	22.49	14.41	8.08
Commission and Brokerage	48.99	42.01	6.98
Power and Fuel	71.75	65.47	6.28

The expenses have increased on account of increase in cost of sales. The business operations of the company have increased thereby optimizing stock in the showrooms.

Provision for Tax and Net Profit

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	Variance in %
Taxation Expenses	524.24	339.42	54.45%
Profit after Tax	1,474.71	967.17	52.48%

Our current tax expense increased by 54%% to ₹524.24 Lakkhs in FY 2021-22 from ₹339.42 Lakkhs in FY 2020-21, primarily due to an increase in our taxable income.

As a result of the foregoing factors, our profit for FY 2021-22 increased to ₹1,474.71 Lakhs from ₹967.17 Lakhs for FY 2020-21.

COMPARISION OF RESTATED FINANCIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 WITH FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Total Revenue:

		(₹ in lakhs)
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %
21,306.22	21,898.94	(2.71) %



Our total revenue has decreased by 2.71% to ₹ 21,306.22 Lakhs for financial year 2020-21 from ₹ 21,898.94 Lakhs for financial year 2019-20 bifurcated into revenue from operations and other income.

Revenue from Operations

		(₹ in lakhs)
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %
21,304.01	21,894.31	(2.70) %

Revenue from Operations has decreased marginally by 2.70% to ₹21,304.01 Lakhs for financial year 2020-21 from ₹21,894.31 Lakhs for financial year 2019-20. This decrease was primarily due to the nationwide lockdown being imposed towards the end of the FY 2020-21.

Other Income

		(₹ in lakhs)
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %
2.21	4.63	(52.27) %

During the year 2020-21, the other income of our company decreased to ₹2.21 Lakhs from ₹4.63 Lakhs in 2019-20, representing a decrease of 52.27%. This slight decrease was due to decrease in interest received on Income tax refund by ₹3.29 Lakhs.

Total Expense

		(₹ in lakhs)
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %
19,999.63	21,475.96	(6.87) %

The total expenditure for the financial year 2020-21 was decreased to ₹19,999.63 Lakhs from ₹21,475.96 Lakhs in 2019-20, representing a slight decrease of 6.87% mainly due to a reduction in our operations on account of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Cost of material consumed

		(₹ in lakhs)
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %
1,321.98	2,153.45	(38.61) %

Cost of material consumed for the financial year 2020-21 decreased to ₹1,321.98 Lakhs from ₹2,153.45 Lakhs in 2019-20, representing a decrease of 38.61%. This was primarily attributable to an increase in gold sale rates, and decreasing in manufacturing activity.

Purchase of stock-in-trade

		(₹ in lakhs)
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %
16,558.81	16,727.97	(1.01) %

Purchase of stock in trade for the financial year 2020-21 marginally decreased to ₹16,558.81 Lakhs from ₹16,727.97 Lakhs in 2019-20, representing a decline of 1.01%. This was primarily attributable to closure of showrooms due to lockdown imposed on account of COVID-19 pandemic.



Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods

(₹ in lakhs			
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %	
(502.00)	(286.56)	75.18%	

Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP and Traded Goods for the financial year 202021 increased to ₹(502.00) Lakhs from ₹(286.56) Lakhs in 2019-20.

Employee benefits expenses

(₹ in lakh			
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %	
563.45	595.86	(5.44) %	

Our Company incurred ₹563.45 Lakhs as employee benefit expenses in 2020-21, as compared to ₹595.86 Lakhs in 2019-20, reflecting a slight reduction of 5.44%. This was mainly due to decrease in Salaries and wages by ₹42.09 Lakhs, Staff welfare expenses by ₹13.54 Lakhs, Rent Free Accommodation by ₹13.50 Lakhs, Bonus by ₹4.32 Lakhs and Contributions to ESI and PF by ₹3.42 Lakhs. This decrease was partially offset by increase in Director's remuneration by ₹45.00 Lakhs.

Finance Cost

(₹ in lakhs			
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %	
1,539.03	1,647.34	(6.57) %	

Finance costs decreased by ₹108.31 Lakhs in 2020-21 over 2019-20, representing a change of 6.57%, due to decrease in interest on Other Borrowing (Unsecured Loan) by ₹65.14 Lakhs, on Lease Liabilities by 17.21 Lakhs due to the unwinding of discount on the Company's lease agreements, on borrowings by ₹14.90 Lakhs and on Bank & Financial Charges by ₹14.02 Lakhs on account of reduced loan utilization levels.

Depreciation and Amortization expense

•	(₹ in lakhs <u>)</u>		
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %	
266.67	294.17	(9.35) %	

Depreciation for the financial year 2020-21 stood at ₹266.67 Lakhs as compared to ₹294.17 Lakhs in 2019-20, reflecting a reduction of 9.35% since there were no major additions in tangible fixed assets of the Company during the year.

Other Expense

(₹ in lakhs			
2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %	
251.69	343.73	(26.78) %	

The company's other expenses saw a decrease of 26.78%, amounting to ₹92.04 Lakhs, majorly due to the following factors:

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	Variance
Sales Promotion Expenses	14.41	48.37	(33.96)
Wages	35.02	61.06	(26.04)



Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	Variance
Job Charges	8.06	23.45	(15.39)
Advertisement Expenses	9.26	21.24	(11.98)
Expected Credit Loss	(2.07)	3.19	(5.26)
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	0.69	4.96	(4.27)
Repair Others	4.30	7.58	(3.28)
Hallmarking Expenses	14.56	17.33	(2.77)
Rate & Taxes	0.88	3.12	(2.24)
Commission and Brokerage	42.01	19.10	22.91

Provision for Tax and Net Profit

(₹ in lakhs)				
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	Variance in %	
Taxation Expenses	339.42	106.62	218.35%	
Profit after Tax	967.17	316.36	205.72%	

Our current tax expense increased by 218.35% to ₹339.42 Lakhs in FY 2020-21 from ₹106.62 Lakhs in FY 2019-20, primarily due to an increase in our taxable income.

As a result of the foregoing factors, our profit for FY 2020-21 increased to ₹967.17 Lakhs from ₹316.36 Lakhs for FY 2019-20.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have historically financed the expansion of our business and operations primarily through debt financing and funds generated from our operations. From time to time, we may obtain loan facilities to finance our short-term working capital requirements.

CASH FLOW

The table below summaries our cash flows from our Restated Financial Information for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

			(₹ in lakhs)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31			
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	611.06	1,713.44	1,141.47	
Net cash generated from / (used in) Investing Activities	69.53	(74.20)	(23.31)	
Net cash generated from / (used in) from financing activities	(739.80)	(1,256.94)	(1,311.84)	
Net Increase / (decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(59.21)	382.30	(193.68)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	608.58	226.28	419.96	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	549.37	608.58	226.28	

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Financial year 2021-22

Our net cash generated from operating activities was ₹611.06 Lakhs for the financial year 2021-22. Our operating profit before working capital changes was ₹3,861.14 Lakhs which was primarily adjusted for increase in inventories by ₹4,391.61 Lakhs. This was significantly offset by decrease in Other Current Asset by ₹565.88 Lakhs, increase in Trade Payables by ₹553.28 Lakhs, decrease in Short-term loans and advances by ₹300.41 Lakhs, increase in Current Tax Liabilities by ₹186.08 Lakhs, increase in



Other Current Liabilities by ₹44.02 Lakhs and decrease in Trade receivables by ₹17.35 Lakhs. The cash generated from operations has also been adjusted for taxed paid of ₹526.45 Lakhs.

Financial year 2020-21

Our net cash generated from operating activities was ₹1,713.44 Lakhs for the financial year 2020-21. Our operating profit before working capital changes was ₹3,113.70 Lakhs which was primarily adjusted for increase in inventories by ₹832.44 Lakhs, decrease in trade payables by ₹493.01 Lakhs, increase short term loans & advances by ₹300.41 Lakhs and decrease in other current liabilities by ₹7.08 Lakhs. This was partially offset by decrease in trade receivables by ₹411.38 Lakhs, other current assets by ₹85.96 Lakhs, other non-current assets by ₹49.77 Lakhs and increase in Current Tax Liabilities by ₹30.65 Lakhs. The cash generated from operations has also been adjusted for taxed paid of ₹345.13 Lakhs.

Financial year 2019-20

Our net cash generated from operating activities was ₹1,141.47 Lakhs for the financial year 2019-20. Our operating profit before working capital changes was ₹2,361.75 Lakhs which was primarily adjusted for increase in other Current Assets by ₹836.61 Lakhs, trade receivables by ₹487.18 Lakhs, inventories by ₹157.49 Lakhs, decrease in other current liabilities by ₹55.91 Lakhs and decrease in Current Tax Liabilities by ₹15.91 Lakhs. This was offset by increase in payables by ₹350.48 Lakhs, decrease in other non-current assets by ₹109.27 Lakhs and increase in short-term provisions by ₹4.00 Lakhs.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Financial year 2021-22

Net cash generated in investing activities was ₹69.53 lakhs for the financial year 2021-22. This was primarily on account of decrease in Other Financial Asset (Security Deposits) and interest received which was slightly offset by purchase of fixed assets amounting to ₹79.30 Lakhs.

Financial year 2020-21

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹74.20 lakhs for the financial year 2020-21. This was primarily on account of purchase of fixed assets amounting to ₹71.34 Lakhs.

Financial year 2019-20

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹23.31 Lakhs for the financial year 2019-20. This was primarily on account of purchase of fixed assets amounting to ₹25.00 Lakhs.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Financial year 2021-22

Net cash utilized from financing activities for the financial year 2021-22 was ₹739.80 lakhs. This was primarily on account of Interest and Finance Charges of ₹1,593.13 Lakhs, repayment of long-term borrowings of ₹317.48 Lakhs and payments towards lease liabilities of ₹200.54 Lakhs. This was significantly offset by increase in Short Term Borrowings by ₹1,334.42 Lakhs and Long-Term Financial Liabilities of ₹35.91 Lakhs.

Financial year 2020-21

Net cash utilized from financing activities for the financial year 2020-21 was ₹1,256.94 Lakhs. This was on account of Interest and Finance Charges of ₹1,539.04 Lakhs, repayment of short-term borrowings of ₹569.95 Lakhs and payments towards long term lease liabilities of ₹200.55 Lakhs. This was offset by proceeds from long-term borrowings of ₹1,000.37 Lakhs, increase in Long-Term Financial Liabilities of ₹32.64 Lakhs and increase in short-term lease liabilities of ₹19.01 Lakhs.



Financial year 2019-20

Net cash utilized from financing activities for the financial year 2019-20 was ₹1,311.84 lakhs. This was on account of Interest and Finance Charges of ₹1,647.34 Lakhs, payments towards lease liabilities of ₹164.33 Lakhs and repayment of long-term borrowings of ₹38.97 Lakhs. This was offset by proceeds from short-term borrowings of ₹508.82 Lakhs and increase in Long-Term Financial Liabilities of ₹29.68 Lakhs.

FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

As on August 31, 2022, our company has total outstanding of secured borrowings from banks aggregating to ₹ 6,003.33 Lakhs in the ordinary course of business.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The following table sets forth our contingent liabilities and commitments as on March 31, 2022 as per restated financial statements:

	(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	As on March 31, 2022
GST Demand	127.75
Income Tax Demand	1,490.56
Total	1,618.31

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

We do not have any other off-balance sheet arrangements, derivative instruments or other relationships with any entity that have been established for the purposes of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Our capital expenditures include expenditures on property, plant and equipment. Property, plant and equipment include land, computers, furniture and fixtures, office equipment, plant and machinery, factory Shed / building, electrical installation and vehicles.

The following table sets out the capital expenditure (addition to property, plant and equipment) for the periods indicated:

			(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31		
	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20
Electric Equipments	55.66	-	0.11
Lease Improvement	-	-	-
Building	-	-	-
Computers & Printers	10.02	0.32	3.71
Motor Cycle/Cycles	-	-	-
Furniture & Fixtures	79.80	-	1.27
Generators & Inverters	-	-	-
Motor Cars	6.90	43.22	-
Plant & Machinery	35.80	4.11	-
Telephones	1.09	1.45	0.10



Particulars	For the year ended March 31				
	2021-22 2020-21 2019-20				
Land	-	-	-		
Lease Hold Land	16.24	-	5.49		
Capital WIP	-	20.73	13.00		

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions with certain of our promoters, directors and their entities and relatives primarily relate to remuneration, Short Term Borrowing, rent, Guarantee Fees, etc. For further details of such related parties under AS-18, refer chapter titled *"Restated Financial Statements"* beginning on page 224.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES IN LAST THREE YEARS

There is no change in accounting policy in the last 3 years except for provision of gratuity on actuarial basis. For further details, please refer to chapter titled *"Restated Financial Statements"* beginning on page 224.

QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company, if a customer or the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Our Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. We believe that our working capital is sufficient to meet our current requirements.

Market Risks

We are exposed to various types of market risks during the normal course of business. Market risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Effect of Inflation

In recent years, India has experienced relatively high rates of inflation. While we believe inflation has not had any material impact on our business and results of operations, inflation generally impacts the overall economy and business environment and hence could affect us

Unusual or infrequent events or transactions

Except as described in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, during the periods under review there have been no transactions or events, which in our best judgment, would be considered unusual or infrequent.



Known trends or uncertainties that have had or are expected to have a material adverse impact on sales, revenue or income from continuing operations.

Other than as disclosed in the section titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 35 to our knowledge there are no known trends or uncertainties that have or had or are expected to have a material adverse impact on revenues or income of our Company from continuing operations.

Future changes in relationship between costs and revenues

Other than as described in chapter titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 35 and in this section, to our knowledge there are no known factors that might affect the future relationship between cost and revenue. Our Company's future costs and revenues will be determined by demand/ supply situation, government policies, global market situation and prices of our material.

New Products or Business Segments

Other than as described elsewhere in this Red Herring Prospectus, there are no new products or business segments in which we operate.

The extent to which the business is seasonal

Our sales have historically exhibited certain seasonal fluctuations, reflecting higher sales volumes during the festival period, wedding season and other occasions as compared to other periods. As a result of such trends, we may experience some fluctuation in our revenues and profits during the course of our fiscal year. See "*Risk Factor No. 21 – Our income and sales are subject to seasonal fluctuations and lower income in a peak season may have a disproportionate effect on our results of operations*" on page 51.

Significant economic changes that materially affected or are likely to affect income from continuing operations.

Indian rules and regulations as well as the overall growth of Indian economy have a significant bearing on our operations. Major changes in these factors can significantly impact income from continuing operations.

Other than as described in the section titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 35, to our knowledge there are no significant economic changes that materially affects or are likely to affect income of our Company from continuing operations.

The extent to which material increases in net sales or revenue are due to better product quality and increase in number of customers

Increase in revenue is by and large linked to increases in volume of business activity by the Company.

Reservations, qualifications and adverse remarks

Except as disclosed in chapter titled "*Restated Financial Statements*" beginning on page 224, there have been no reservations, qualifications and adverse remarks.

Details of default, if any, including therein the amount involved, duration of default and present status, in repayment of statutory dues or repayment of debentures or repayment of deposits or repayment of loans from any bank or financial institution

Except as disclosed in chapter titled "*Restated Financial Statements*" beginning on page 224, there have been no defaults in payment of statutory dues or repayment of debentures and interest thereon or repayment of deposits and interest thereon or repayment of loans from any bank or financial institution and interest thereon by the Company.



(₹ in lakhs)

Material Frauds

There are no material frauds, as reported by our statutory auditor, committed against our Company, in the last three Fiscals.

Status of any publicly announced new products / projects or business segments

Our Company has not announced any new projects or business segments, other than disclosed in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus. For details of our new projects or business segments please refer to the chapter titled "*Our Business*" beginning on page 150.

Increase in income

Increases in our income are due to the factors described above in this chapter under "Key Factors that may affect our Results of Operation" and chapter titled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 291 and 35, respectively..

Any significant dependence on a single or few suppliers or customers

We majorly procure our raw materials and sell our products to various organisations / wholesalers. The following is the breakup of top five and top ten customers and suppliers of our Company as on March 31, 2022 are as below:

Particulars	Customers		U)	Suppliers
	Amount	% of Total Sales	Amount	% of Total Purchases
Тор 5	288.86	0.92%	13,084.35	42.48%
Top 10	373.36	1.19%	16,532.09	53.68%

Competitive Conditions

We face competition from existing and potential organized and unorganized competitors which is common for any business. We have, over a period of time, developed certain competitive strengths which have been discussed in section titled "*Our Business*" beginning on page 150.



CAPITALISATION STATEMENT

The following table sets forth our Company's capitalization as at March 31, 2022, on the basis of our Restated Financial Information, and as adjusted for the Issue. This table should be read in conjunction with *"Risk Factors", "Restated Financial Statements"* and *"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"* beginning on pages 35, 224 and 289, respectively.

Pre Issue	Post Issue*
13,214.97	13,214.97
2,490.48	2,490.48
15,705	15,705
6,497.50	[•]
5,047.74	[•]
11,545	[•]
0.22	[•]
1.36	[•]
	2,490.48 15,705 6,497.50 5,047.74 11,545 0.22

*Post-Offer capitalisation will be determined after finalisation of Issue Price.

**equity= total shareholders' funds

Notes:

- 1. Short-term borrowings implies borrowings repayable within 12 months from the Balance Sheet date. Long-term borrowings are debts other than short-term borrowings and includes the current maturities of long-term borrowings (included in other current liabilities).
- 2. The above ratios have been computed on the basis of the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Company.
- 3. The above statement should be read with the Statement of Notes to the Restated Standalone Financial Information of the Company



FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

Our Company has entered into financing arrangements with various banks in the ordinary course of business, including borrowings in the form of term loans and other working capital facilities to meet working capital requirements. For details of the borrowing powers of our Board, see *"Our Management-Borrowing Powers"* on page 193.

Our Company has obtained the necessary consents required under the relevant loan documentation for undertaking activities in relation to the Issue, including effecting a change in our capital structure, change in our shareholding pattern, change in our constitutional documents and change in the composition of our Board held by our Shareholders (including our Promoters) in connection with or post the Issue.

As on August 31, 2022 the Company had aggregate outstanding secured borrowings of ₹ 6,003.33 Lakhs. As on August 31, 2022, our lenders were ICICI Bank Limited, Axis Bank Limited and Yes Bank Limited. A brief summary of the borrowings is set forth below:

	,		(₹ in lakhs)
S.No.	Category of borrowing	Sanctioned	Outstanding amount
		amount	as on August 31,
			2022
	Fund Based Borrowings		
(i)	Term Loans		
	- Yes Bank	1,000.00	914.66
	 Loan against Property – Yes Bank 	191.68	187.10
	- Auto Loan – Axis Bank	34.74	19.27
	 Auto Loan – ICICI Bank* 	35.00	35.19
(ii)	Overdraft		
	- Temporary Overdraft Facility – Axis	200.00	200.00
	Bank**		
(ii)	Cash Credit		
	- Axis Bank	3,500.00	2,959.94
	- ICICI Bank	1,000.00	978.83
	- Working Capital Term Loan - Axis Bank	680.00	566.67
(iv)	GECL		
	- ICICI Bank	170.00	141.67
	Total	6,811.42	6,003.33

As certified by M/s Keyur Shah & Co, Chartered Accountants, our Statutory Auditor, pursuant to their certificate dated September 23, 2022.

*ICICI Bank Car loan Rs. 35.00 Lakhs has been sanctioned on August 06, 2022.

**Axis Bank Ltd. temporary overdraft was availed on 30-08-2022 for a period of 30 days.

As on March 31, 2022 the Company had aggregate outstanding unsecured loans of ₹ 8,644.77 Lakhs. A brief summary of the same is set forth below:

S.No.	Category of borrowing	Sanctioned amount	Outstanding amount as on March 31, 2022
Α	From Directors		
	- Sanjay Chhabra	1,302.45	1,354.53
	- Sandeep Chhabra	3,542.99	3,492.38
	- Namita Chhabra	1,499.10	1,661.01



S.No.	Category of borrowing	Sanctioned	Outstanding amount
		amount	as on March 31, 2022
	- Kajal Chhabra	902.06	946.07
В	From Corporates		
	 Bhavesh Silk Industries Pvt Ltd 	100.00	100.00
	- Godawari Estates Pvt Ltd	1,521.32	795.73
	 Silver Land Developers Pvt Ltd 	272.94	295.05
	Total	9,140.87	8,644.77

Principal terms of the borrowings availed by us:

The details provided below are indicative and there may be additional terms, conditions and requirements under the various financing documentation executed by us in relation to our indebtedness.

- 1. **Interest**: In terms of the facilities availed by us, the interest rate is typically the base rate of a specified lender and spread per annum. The spreads are different for different facilities. The interest rates for the loans availed by our Company typically range from 8.00% per annum to 10.00% per annum. This includes term loan, overdrafts and working capital facility.
 - 2. Validity/Tenor: The working capital facilities are typically repayable on demand of the lender as well as the on the basis of a mutually agreed repayment schedule. The validity of our credit facilities typically ranges between 1 month and 1 year. The tenor of our term loans typically ranges between 48 months to 189 months.
- 3. Security: In terms of some of our loan facilities, we are required to inter alia:
 - i) Mortgage charge of certain residential and commercial immovable properties of the director, promoter group and Company;
 - ii) First Pari Passu charge on current assets of the company;
 - iii) Furnish irrevocable and unconditional personal guarantees in the form prescribed by the lender from our promoters i.e., Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mrs. Namita Chhabra, Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, Motilal Sandeep Chhabra HUF, Sandeep Chhabra HUF and our Promoter Group members, Mr. Mahendra Kumar Patni, Mr. Kamal Chand Jain; our officer, Nirmal Gangwal;
 - iv) Corporate guarantee of our Promoter Group Company, Gun Sagar Builders Private Limited; and
 - v) Such other security as may be stipulated by the Bank from time to time.
- 4. **Penal Interest**: The terms of certain financing facilities availed by us prescribe penalties for non-compliance of certain obligations by us. These include, *inter alia*, breach of non-payment of instalments, breaching any provisions as set forth in the loan documentation entered into with the lenders or default in the performance of the obligations set forth in such loan documentation, etc. Penal interest for our Company ranges from 2.00% per annum to 8.00% per annum. Also, in some case, it is 2.00% per month on the overdue amount.
- 5. **Pre-payment penalty**: The facilities availed by our company allow pre-payment. Certain facilities allow for pre-payment on giving notice to the concerned lender. The loan from ICICI Bank does not allow pre- payment.
- 6. **Repayment**: The cash credit facilities are typically repayable on demand, while the working capital loans are typically either repayable on their respective due dates within the maximum



tenor or in structured instalments. The term loans are typically repayable in structured instalments.

- 7. **Restrictive covenants**: Borrower/Obligator shall not, without the prior written approval of the Bank:
 - i) Enter into any merger/amalgamation etc or do a buyback;
 - ii) Wind up/liquidate its affair or agree/authorise to settle any litigation/arbitration having a material adverse effect;
 - iii) Change the general nature of its business or undertake any expansion (over and above as declared in the projection during current sanction) or invest in any other entity;
 - iv) Permit any change in its ownership/control/management (including by pledge of promoter/sponsor shareholding in the Borrower to any third party)/beneficial owner or enter into arrangement whereby its business/operations are managed or controlled, directly or indirectly, by any other person. Unlisted Borrower shall submit yearly certificate to confirm compliance of the same.
 - v) Wind up, liquidate or dissolve its affairs or take any steps for its voluntary winding up or liquidation or dissolution
 - vi) Make any amendments to its constitutional documents;
 - vii) Avail any loan; and/or stand as surety or guarantor for any third-party liability or obligation; and/or provide any loan or advance to any third party
 - viii) Encumber its assets
 - ix) Pay any commission, brokerage, or fees to its promoters/directors/guarantors/security providers;
 - x) Dispose its assets other than as permitted by the Bank in writing.
 - xi) Repay any principal or interest on any loans availed from the shareholders/directors/partners/proprietor/co-parceners, relatives, friends or any other affiliates (as the case may be), as at the date of the execution of this Agreement.
 - xii) Declare dividend for any year except out of profits of the current year and subject to no default in payment/repayment obligation to the Bank.

This is an indicative list and there may be additional restrictive covenants under the various borrowing arrangements entered by us.

- 8. **Events of default**: Borrowing arrangements entered by our Company contain standard events of default, including:
 - a) Default in repayment of principal sums of loan;
 - b) Default in payment of interest;
 - c) Default by our Company on any loan or financial assistance availed;
 - d) Default in performance of covenants under other agreements;
 - e) Non-creation of security within stipulated timelines;
 - f) Delay or non-submissions of audited balance sheet within stipulated timelines;
 - g) Occurrence of extra ordinary circumstances having material adverse effect on security interest, business or financial condition of our Company, ability of our Company to perform obligations under borrowing arrangements;
 - h) Appointment of receiver, liquidator, agent, custodian, or another similar officer;
 - i) Initiation of winding up proceedings against our Company;
 - j) If our company attempts or purports to create any security interest over any of its assets which are charged in favour of the lender;



- k) Expropriation by any government, governmental authority, agency, official or entity, which in reasonable opinion of the lender causes material adverse effect;
- I) Change in control or ownership of our Company without the prior consent of the lenders;
- m) Any transaction document becomes ineffective, unenforceable or invalid;
- n) The death, lunacy, insolvency, failure in business of the borrower; and
- o) If it is certified by an accountant appointed by the Bank that the liabilities exceed the liabilities.

This is an indicative list and there may be additional terms that may amount to an event of default under the various borrowing arrangements entered by us.

Consequences of events of default: In terms of our borrowing arrangement for the facilities availed by us, the following, among others, are the consequences of occurrence of events of default, our lenders may:

- a. Consider appropriate action for revitalizing the distressed assets, in terms of guidelines issued by RBI, including restructuring of loan;
- b. Terminate or suspend further access by our Company to use or withdrawal of the loan;
- c. Require our Company to make immediate repayment of the outstanding balances;
- d. Enforce securities created pursuant to the security documents; and
- e. Appoint a nominee director on our Board.
- f. Publish information including photographs of the company and its directors and guarantors in case of wilful default.
- g. Demand the borrower to furnish cash collateral in respect of all or part of the loan.
- h. Exercise such other rights as may be available to the bank.

For details of financial and other covenants required to be complied with in relation to our borrowings, see *"Risk Factors No. 15 – The agreements governing our indebtedness contain conditions and restrictions on our operations, additional financing and capital structure"* on page 48.



SECTION VIII - LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

OUTSTANDING LITIGATIONS AND MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Except as stated below there are no outstanding (i) criminal proceedings involving our Company, Directors, or Promoters ("**Relevant Parties**"); (ii) actions by statutory or regulatory authorities involving the Relevant Parties; (iii) outstanding claims relating to direct and indirect taxes involving the Relevant Parties; and (iv) other pending litigation involving the Relevant Parties as determined to be material by our Board pursuant to the Materiality Policy (as disclosed herein below); or (v) litigation involving our Group Company which has a material impact on our Company. Further, except as stated in this section, there are no disciplinary actions including penalties imposed by SEBI or stock exchanges against our Promoter in the last five Financial Years including any outstanding action.

For the purposes of (iv) above in terms of Materiality Policy adopted by a resolution of our Board dated September 14, 2022, pending litigation would be considered 'material' if the monetary amount of claim by or against the entity or person in any such pending proceeding is in excess of ₹ 5,00,000/- and where the amount is not quantifiable, such pending cases are material from the perspective of the company's business, operations, prospects or reputation.

Our Company has no subsidiary as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

For the purposes of the above, pre-litigation notices received by the Relevant Parties or the Group Company from third parties (excluding those notices issued by statutory or regulatory or taxation authorities) have not and shall not, unless otherwise decided by our Board, be considered material until such time that any of the Relevant Parties or the Group Company, as the case may be, is impleaded as a defendant in litigation before any judicial or arbitral forum.

Further, in accordance with the Materiality Policy, our Company has considered such creditors 'material' to whom the amount due is equal to or in excess of ₹ 5,00,000/-.

Unless stated to the contrary, the information provided below is as of the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. All terms defined in a particular litigation disclosure below are for that particular litigation only.

LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR COMPANY

LITIGATION AGAINST OUR COMPANY

A. Outstanding criminal proceedings:

A criminal complaint having Crime no. 190/2022 is currently being investigated by Deputy Superintendent of Police, Anti-corruption Bureau, Rajasthan against some third party. In connection with the same, some bills issued by our Company's shops situated at Shop no. 270,71, 72, 76, Johari Bazaar, Jaipur and SB-110, Lal Khoti, Tonk Road, Jaipur have come into light. Our Company has received a notice bearing no. भ्रानिब्य्रो/ इन्टे0/2022/538 dated 17.08.2022 from the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Anti-corruption Bureau, Rajasthan for submission of sale of articles register and cash book for the period from October 20, 2016 to October 30, 2016 and November 5, 2020 to November 25, 2020. The documents have been submitted. We have not received any further information from the concerned authority.



B. Actions initiated by regulatory or statutory authorities:

Our Company has received notices dated June 18, 2022 bearing no. 132 and 134, at its shops at Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur and Lal Khothi, Jaipur from the Senior Inspector, Legal Metrology Mawana, Mill Road, Uttar Pradesh, issued under Rule 13(5) of the Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011, alleging that Our Company on its website motisonsjewellers.com has used "gms" as unit of weight, which is in violation of the aforesaid rules. A reply dated July 13, 2022 to said notice was filed by Our Company. No further action has been taken by the authority as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

C. Outstanding material civil litigation: NIL

LITIGATION BY OUR COMPANY

- A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL
- B. Outstanding material litigation: NIL

LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR PROMOTERS

LITIGATION AGAINST OUR PROMOTERS

- A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL
- B. Actions initiated by regulatory or statutory authorities: NIL
- C. Disciplinary action including penalty imposed by SEBI or stock exchanges against the promoters in last 5 financial years including outstanding action:
 - i) On January 05, 2022, our Promoters, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra had respectively received notices from the Investigations Department of SEBI seeking relevant supporting documents pursuant to trades conducted by each of them in the scrip of a listed company, Pincon Lifestyles Limited ("ListCo"), such as, bank statement, proof of payment/receipt, etc. latest by January 15, 2022 and was advised to submit the consideration received by each of them from the transferees of shares of ListCo to SEBI. Another notice was issued by SEBI to the abovementioned Promoters for submission of the reply, along with relevant supporting documents latest by February 24, 2022. Our Promoter, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mrs. Kajal Chhabra, requested for additional time from SEBI for responding to such notices. As on the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the abovementioned Promoters and member of Promoter Group have not received any further communication (including show cause notices) from SEBI.
 - ii) In the investigation conducted by SEBI into the trading activities of certain entities in illiquid stock options at the BSE for the period April 01, 2014 to September 30, 2015, SEBI found that 2,91,643 trades involved reversal of buy and sell positions by the clients and counterparties. In this matter, an inquiry was initiated against Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Promoters of the Company, for allegedly entering into nongenuine trades in violation of provision of Regulation 3(a), (b), (c), (d), 4(1) and 4(2)(a) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices) Regulations, 2003. A show cause dated September 21, 2018 was issued by SEBI, calling upon Mr. Sanjay Chhabra



and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra to show cause as to why an inquiry should not be held against them in terms of rule 4 of the Adjudication Rules and penalty be not imposed under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act for the aforesaid alleged violations. Meanwhile, an application for settlement of this matter was filed by them which was later on rejected by the competent authority under Regulation 6(1)(c) of the SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018. Thereafter, an opportunity of hearing was granted to Mr. Sanjay Chhabra on January 19, 2021 *vide* SEBI's letter dated January 14, 2021 and to Mr. Sandeep Chhabra on March 17, 2021 *vide* SEBI's letter dated March 02, 2021 and email dated March 05, 2021. Pursuant to the same, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra filed their reply to the on March 10, 2021. The SEBI *vide* adjudication orders Ref no.: Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11607 and Order/KS/PP-AS/2021-22/11608, both dated April 30, 2021 established the abovesaid violations against the Mr. Sandeep Chhabra and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and a penalty of ₹ 5,00,000/- was imposed under Section 15HA of the SEBI Act. The said penalty has been paid by Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, our Promoters. The matter stands disposed.

D. Outstanding material litigation: NIL

LITIGATION BY OUR PROMOTERS

A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL

B. Outstanding material litigation:

Sandeep Chhabra & Ors. v/s Union of India & Ors., S.B. Civil Writ Petition No. 22810/2018

A writ petition has been filed before the Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan at Jaipur Bench on September 27, 2018 by Our Promoters i.e. Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Mrs. Namita Chhabra, Mr. Sanjay Chhabra and Sanjay Chhabra HUF through its Karta Mr. Sanjay Chhabra against the Union of India, Ministry of Road, Transport and Highways, Government of India and others. The petitioners own a land situated in village Bagru, Khurd, Tehsil Sanganer, District Jaipur admeasuring 10.355 hectares. In 2012, the petitioners proposed to bring a residential township over the aforesaid land and got the land use converted from agricultural to residential from JDA and the lay out plan approved by JDA. Thereafter, the Ministry of Road, Transport and Highways issued a notification dated July 22, 2016 declaring its intention to acquire the land at national highway no. 8 in the stretch of the land from 286 km to 287.400 km (Jaipur-Kishangarh section) in district Jaipur wherein portion of land of the petitioners bearing survey nos. 45/1 admeasuring 0.0635 hectare out of total 0.63 hectare and survey no. 1042/45 admeasuring 0.2940 out of total 0.93 hectare was also included. The respondent issued another notification dated February 22, 2017 acquiring the land including the land of the petitioners. Therefore, the petitioners have sought quashing of notifications dated July 22, 2016 and February 22, 2017 issued under section 3A and 3D of the National Highways Act, 1956 by Ministry of Road Transport and Highways. The matter is pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan at Jaipur bench.

LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR DIRECTORS (OTHER THAN PROMOTERS)

LITIGATION AGAINST OUR DIRECTORS (OTHER THAN PROMOTERS)

A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL



- B. Actions initiated by regulatory or statutory authorities: NIL
- C. Outstanding material litigation: NIL

LITIGATION BY OUR DIRECTORS (OTHER THAN PROMOTERS)

- A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL
- B. Outstanding material litigation: NIL

OUTSTANDING LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR GROUP COMPANIES WHICH HAS A MATERIAL IMPACT ON OUR COMPANY

LITIGATION AGAINST OUR GROUP COMPANIES

- A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL
- B. Actions initiated by regulatory or statutory authorities: NIL
- C. Outstanding material litigation: NIL

LITIGATION BY OUR GROUP COMPANIES

- A. Outstanding criminal proceedings: NIL
- B. Outstanding material litigation: NIL

TAX PROCEEDINGS

COMPANY

Type of Proceedings	Number of Cases	Amount* (₹ in Lakhs)
Direct Tax	3	1,490.56
Indirect Tax	9	127.75**
Total	12	1,618.31

*To the extent quantifiable and ascertainable

**Amount aggregating to ₹ 39.12 Lakh has been added on the basis of show-cause notices received from *the* department.

PROMOTERS

Type of Proceedings	Number of Cases	Amount* (₹ in Lakhs)
Direct Tax	26^#	1.00**
Indirect Tax	NIL	NIL
Total	26^#	1.00**

To the extent quantifiable and ascertainable

*Amount does not include unquantifiable demand with respect to assessments pending under ection 147 read with 148 of Income Tax Act, 1961 having proposed addition of ₹ 961.59 Lakhs. Proposed addition to income of ₹ 209.67 Lakh has been challenged before the Hon'ble High Court f Rajasthan vide SB Civil Writ Petition No. 12272/2021 and 12274/2021 which are pending. Writ no. 12278/2021 filed before Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan in the case of Sandeep



The bab in the section 148A(b) of Income Tax, against the show cause notice issued by the "epartment under section 148A(b) of Income Tax Act has now become infructuous as the "epartment itself has dropped the proceedings for issuance of show cause notice under section 48 of Income Tax Act vide order no. ITBA/COM/F/17/2022-23/1044184696(1) dated 27.07.2022 assed under section 148A(d) of Income Tax Act. However, since the status of the matter is "ending before Hon'ble High Court of Rajasthan, it has been included with NIL amount."

DIRECTORS (OTHER THAN PROMOTERS)

Type of Proceedings	Number of Cases	Amount* (₹ in Lakhs)
Direct Tax	2	0.81
Indirect Tax	NIL	NIL
Total	2	0.81

*To the extent quantifiable and ascertainable

OUTSTANDING TAX LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR GROUP COMPANIES WHICH HAS A MATERIAL IMPACT ON OUR COMPANY

Direct Tax Proceedings: NIL

Indirect Tax Proceedings: NIL

OUTSTANDING DUES TO CREDITORS

In accordance with our Company's materiality policy, creditors to whom an amount exceeding ₹5,00,000/- were considered 'material' creditors. Based on this criterion, details of outstanding dues (trade payables) owed to micro, small and medium enterprises (as defined under Section 2 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006), material creditors and other creditors, as at March 31, 2022 by our Company, are set out below:

(Amount in Lakhs)

		-	
S.	Particulars	Number of	Balance as on
No		Creditors	March 31, 2022
1.	Total Outstanding dues to Micro, Small & Medium	6	386.44
	Enterprises		
2.	Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than	29	1507.97
	Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises		
Total			1894.41

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Except as stated in **"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation"** on page no. 289 of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, there have not arisen, since the date of the last financial statements disclosed in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, any circumstances which materially and adversely affect or are likely to affect our profitability taken as a whole or the value of our assets or our ability to pay our liabilities within the next 12 (Twelve) months.



GOVERNMENT AND OTHER APPROVALS

Except as disclosed herein, we have obtained all material consents, licenses, registrations, permissions and approvals from various governmental, statutory and regulatory authorities, which are necessary for undertaking the current business activities and operations of our Company. Except as disclosed below, no further approvals are material for carrying on the present business operations of our Company. In the event any of the approvals and licenses that are required for our business operations expire in the ordinary course, we make applications for their renewal from time to time.

Our Company has no Subsidiary as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

For details in connection with the regulatory and legal framework within which our Company operates, see *"Key Regulations and Policies"* on page 170.

APPROVALS IN RELATION TO THE ISSUE

For details, see "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures - Authority for the Issue" on page 327.

INCORPORATION DETAILS OF OUR COMPANY

- (a) Certificate of incorporation dated May 09, 2011, issued by the RoC to our Company in our name, being Motisons Jewellers Limited.
- (b) Our Company's Corporate Identity Number (CIN) is U36911RJ2011PLC035122.

APPROVALS IN RELATION TO OUR BUSINESS OPERATIONS

(a) Registrations under employment laws

S. No.	Details of Registration / Certificate			Issuing Authority	Date of Expiry
1.	Registration under Employees' State Insurance	Regional Office, Employees' State Insurance Corporation	150002464800009 10	28.10.2010	Valid till cancelled
2.	Registration under Employee Provident Fund	Employees Provident Fund Organisation	RJRAJ0020248000	Not available	Valid till cancelled
3.	Registration under Rajasthan Shops and Establishments Act, 1958 for the showroom at Vaishali Nagar	Inspector, Rajasthan Shops and Establishments Act, 1958l	SCA/2021/14/137 103	14.12.2021	Valid till cancelled
4.	Registration under Rajasthan Shops and Establishments Act, 1958 for the showroom Tonk Road	Inspector, Rajasthan Shops and Establishments Act, 1958	SCA/2021/14/135 108	08.07.2021	Valid till cancelled
5.	RegistrationunderRajasthanShopsandEstablishmentsAct,1958fortheshowroom	Inspector, Rajasthan Shops and Establishments Act, 1958	SH32/R-13क/P-51	Not available	Valid till cancelled



S. No.	Details of Registration / Certificate	Issuing Authority	Registration No./ Reference No./ License No.	Issuing Authority	Date of Expiry
	at 270, 271, 272, Johri				
	Bazar, Jaipur				
6.	Registration under	Inspector, Rajasthan	SCA/2022/14/135	28.09.2022	Valid till
	Rajasthan Shops and	Shops and	990		cancelled
	Establishments Act,	Establishments Act,			
	1958 for the showroom	1958			
	at 276 Johri Bazar, Jaipur				

(b) Foreign Trade Related Approvals

S. No.	Details of Registration/ Certificate/	Issuing Authority	Registration No./ Reference No./ License No.	Date of Issue/ Renewal	Date of Expiry
1.	Importer- Exporter Code Certificate (IEC)	Directorate General of Foreign Trade, Office of the Joint Director General of Foreign Trade, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India	1302012827	March 11, 2002	Valid till cancelled

(c) Tax Related Approvals

S. No	Nature of Registration/License	Registration/ License No.	Applicable Laws	Issuing Authority	Date of Expiry
1.	Permanent Account Number (PAN)	AAHCM1827H	Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Department	Valid till cancelled
		Tax Deduction	Account Number		
2.	TAN (Tax Deduction Account Number)	JPRM06111A	Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Department	Valid till cancelled
		Goods and Se	ervices Tax		
3.	GST Registration	08AAHCM1827H1ZG	Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and Rajasthan Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Government of India	Valid till cancelled

(d) Other Approvals and quality certifications

S. No.	Details of Registration/ Certificate	Issuing Authority	Registration No./ Reference No./ License No.	Date of Issue/ Renewal	Date of Expiry
1.	Udyam Registration Certificate for Manufacture of jewellery and related articles	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	UDYAM-RJ-17- 0003739	July 29, 2020	Valid till cancelled
2.	Letter of Approval for	Assistant Development	2-126-SEZ-II(J)	November	September
	Sitapura SEZ,	Commissioner, Office of	Proj./ 486	01, 2021	30, 2022



S. No.	Details of Registration/ Certificate	Issuing Authority	Registration No./ Reference No./ License No.	Date of Issue/ Renewal	Date of Expiry
	manufacturing unit	Development Commissioner			
3.	No Objection Certificate / Approval from the Chief Fire Officer for showroom at Tonk Road	Chief Fire Officer, Nagar Nigam (Greater), Jaipur	F.9()AA.FA/J.N.NI/ 22-23/782	August 01, 2022	February 3, 2023
4.	Verification Certificate for showroom at Tonk Road	Legal Metrology Officer, Consumer Affairs Department (Legal Metrology Cell)	113797	March 23, 2022	March 16, 2023
5.	Verification Certificate for showroom at Johri Bazar	Legal Metrology Officer, Consumer Affairs Department (Legal Metrology Cell)	104871	February 05, 2022	February 04, 2023
6.	Verification Certificate for showroom at Vaishali Nagar	Legal Metrology Officer, Consumer Affairs Department (Legal Metrology Cell)	105439	February 08, 2022	February 07, 2024

(e) Certifications and Memberships

S.	Nature of Certification / Issuing	Registration/License No.	Issuing Authority	Date of
No.	Authority			Expiry
	Ce	rtification		
1.	BIS Hallmark on gold jewellery and gold	HM/C-8376691/2166	Bureau of Indian	August
	artifacts for showroom at Johri Bazar		Standards	31, 2023
2.	BIS Hallmark on gold jewellery and gold	HM/C- 2513342/2167	Bureau of Indian	July 15,
	artifacts for showroom at Tonk Road		Standards	2023
3.	BIS Hallmark on gold jewellery and gold	HM/C-8490324322	Bureau of Indian	December
	artifacts for showroom at Vaishali		Standards	6, 2026
	Nagar			
4.	BIS Hallmark on Silver jewellery and	HM/C- 8400023908/755	Bureau of Indian	August
	silver artifacts for Johri Bazar		Standards	31, 2023
5.	BIS Hallmark on Silver jewellery and	HM/C- 8400024009/139	Bureau of Indian	July 15,
	silver artifacts for showroom at Tonk		Standards	2023
	Road			

MATERIAL APPROVALS WHICH HAVE BEEN APPLIED FOR AND ARE CURRENTLY PENDING

1. Application for addition of Shop no. 271 and 276 in the Employee Provident Fund registration vide application dated August 25, 2022;

MATERIAL APPROVALS FOR WHICH NO FRESH OR RENEWAL APPLICATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE

As on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, there are no material approvals that have not been applied for / renewed by our Company.



Intellectual Property Related Approvals

Trademarks

Our Company has made applications for the registration of the following trademarks:

S .	Trademark	Class	Application	Date of	Status	Applicant Name
No.			Number	Application		
1.	MOTISONS	14	1357662	17/05/2005	Registered	Motisons Jewellers Limited
2.	MS GROUP	14	2214140	30/09/2011	Registered	Motisons Jewellers Limited
3.	MS GROUP	14	2214141	30/09/2011	Registered	Motisons Jewellers Limited

Domain Name

Our Company has domain names 'motisonsjewellers.com', 'motisonsjewellers.in', 'motisonsjewellers.co.in', and 'motisons.com' registered under its name.



OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

AUTHORITY FOR THE ISSUE

Our Issue has been authorized by Our Board pursuant to a board resolution passed at its meeting held on **September 14, 2022** and the issue has also been authorized by a special resolution passed by our shareholders at an Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on **September 15, 2022**.

Our Board has approved this Draft Red Herring Prospectus pursuant to its resolution dated **September 29, 2022.**

PROHIBITION BY SEBI, RBI OR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES

Except as stated below, Our Company, our Promoters, our Directors and the members of the Promoter Group are not prohibited from accessing or operating the capital markets and are not debarred from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any securities market regulator in any jurisdiction or any other authority/court.

Motisons Commodities Private Limited, member of Our Promoter Group, was temporarily restrained by SEBI from buying, selling or dealing in securities market pending investigation. The said restrain has now been removed. For further details, see "*Risk Factor No. 4 - In past, some of our Promoters and our Promoter Group Companies have contravened the provisions of the SEBI Act and Regulations made thereunder for which penalties in nature of fine and/or debarment from accessing capital market have been imposed by SEBI. In certain matters, our Promoter has been acquitted also. If aby such violation occurs in future, it may affect our goodwill and future aspects*" on page 39.

Our Company, Promoters or Directors have neither been declared as Wilful Defaulters or Fraudulent Borrowers by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters or fraudulent borrowers issued by the RBI.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMPANIES (SIGNIFICANT BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP) RULES, 2018

Our Company, our Promoters, the members of the Promoter Group, if any, are in compliance with the Companies (Significant Beneficial Owners) Rules, 2018, in relation to the Company, to the extent in force and applicable, as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

DIRECTORS ASSOCIATED WITH THE SECURITIES MARKET

Except as stated below, none of our Directors are, in any manner, associated with the securities market.

Our Directors Sanjay Chhabra and Sandeep Chhabra are also directors of following entities registered as intermediaries with SEBI:

S.No.	Entity	Intermediary Type	Registration No.
	Motisons Shares Private Limited	Registered Stock Brokers	INZ000191336
1.		Registered Depository	IN-DP-149-2015
		Participants – CDSL	
2.	Motisons Commodities Private Limited	Registered Stock Brokers	INZ000086935

Other than as disclosed in "Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments" on page 318, there



are no outstanding action(s) initiated by SEBI against the directors of our Company in the five years preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

ELIGIBILITY FOR THE ISSUE

Our Company is eligible for the Issue in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and is in compliance with the conditions specified therein in the following manner:

- Our Company has had net tangible assets of at least ₹ 300 Lakh, calculated on a restated basis, in each of the preceding three full years (of 12 months each), of which not more than 50% are held in monetary assets;
- Our Company has an average operating profit of at least ₹ 1,500 Lakh, calculated on a restated basis, during the preceding three years (of 12 months each), with operating profit in each of these preceding three years;
- Our Company has a net worth of at least ₹100 Lakh in each of the preceding three full years (of 12 months each), calculated on a restated basis; and
- Our Company has not changed its name in the last one year.

Our Company's net tangible assets, monetary assets, monetary assets as a percentage of the net tangible assets, average operating profits and net worth, derived from the Restated Financial Statements included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus for the last three Fiscals ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 are set forth below:

Particulars	As at and for the Fiscal ended				
Faiticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020		
Net tangible assets, as restated ¹	29,949.65	26,642.49	25,660.30		
Monetary assets, as restated ²	755.54	832.11	861.19		
Monetary assets, as a percentage	2.52%	3.12%	3.36%		
of net tangible assets, as restated					
Operating Profit, as restated ³	3,577.97	2,843.41	2,065.69		
Net worth, as restated ⁴	11,545.28	10,096.29	9,151.44		

(*₹* in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

1. Net tangible assets' means the sum of all net assets of the Company excluding intangible assets as defined in Ind AS 38, deferred tax assets as defined in Ind AS 12 and Right of Use of Asset as defined in Ind AS 116, as per the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2 'Monetary assets' is the aggregate of cash in hand, balance with bank in current and deposit account and trade receivables.

3 'Operating profit' has been calculated as restated profit before finance costs, other income and tax expenses, each on a restated basis.

4 'Net worth' means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital of our Company and all reserves created out of profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, as per the restated statement of assets and liabilities of our Company in the Restated Financial Statements.

Our Company has operating profits in each of Fiscals 2022, 2021 and 2020 in terms of our Restated Financial Statements.

Our Company confirms that it is in compliance with the conditions specified in Regulation 7(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable, and will ensure compliance with the conditions specified in Regulation 7(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable. Further, our



Company confirms that it is not ineligible to make the Issue in terms of Regulation 5 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable.

The details of our compliance with Regulation 5 and Regulation 7(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable, are as follows:

- (a) None of our Company, our Promoters, members of our Promoter Group, our Directors are debarred from accessing the capital markets by SEBI.
- (b) None of our Promoters or our Directors are associated as promoters or directors of companies which are debarred from accessing the capital markets by SEBI.
- (c) None of our Company, our Promoters or Directors is a Wilful Defaulter or a Fraudulent Borrower.
- (d) None of our Promoters or Directors has been declared a fugitive economic offender in accordance with the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.
- (e) There are no outstanding convertible securities of our Company or any other right which would entitle any person with any option to receive Equity Shares of the Company as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- (f) Our Company along with the Registrar to our Company, have entered into tripartite agreements, each dated August 29, 2022 and September 23, 2022 with NSDL and CDSL, respectively, for dematerialization of the Equity Shares;
- (g) The Equity Shares of our Company held by the Promoters are in the dematerialised form; and
- (h) The Equity Shares are fully paid-up and there are no partly paid-up Equity Shares as on the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT SUBMISSION OF THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS TO SEBI SHOULD NOT, IN ANY WAY, BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ISSUE IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS. THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER, HOLANI CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED, HAVE CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2018. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING AN INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE COMPANY IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS, THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER ARE EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE COMPANY DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER HAVE FURNISHED TO SEBI, A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2022 IN THE



FORMAT PRESCRIBED UNDER SCHEDULE V (FORM A) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2018.

THE FILING OF THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS DOES NOT, HOWEVER, ABSOLVE THE COMPANY FROM ANY LIABILITIES UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 OR FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF OBTAINING SUCH STATUTORY AND/OR OTHER CLEARANCES AS MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE PROPOSED ISSUE. SEBI FURTHER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO TAKE UP, AT ANY POINT OF TIME, WITH THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER, ANY IRREGULARITIES OR LAPSES IN THIS DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS.

Note:

All legal requirements pertaining to the Issue are complied with at the time of filing/registration of the Red Herring Prospectus with the Registrar of Companies in terms of Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013. All legal requirements pertaining to the Issue will be complied with at the time of filing of the Prospectus with the Registrar of Companies in terms of sections 26, 32, 33(1) and 33(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

DISCLAIMER FROM OUR COMPANY, OUR DIRECTORS AND THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER

Our Company, our Directors, and the Book Running Lead Manager accept no responsibility for statements made otherwise than in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or in the advertisements or any other material issued by or at our Company's instance and anyone placing reliance on any other source of information, including our Company's website, www.motisonsjewellers.com, or the website of any affiliate of our Company and its Group Companies, would be doing so at his or her own risk.

The Book Running Lead Manager accept no responsibility, save to the limited extent as provided in the Issue Agreement and as will be provided for in the Underwriting Agreement.

All information shall be made available by our Company and the Book Running Lead Manager to the applicants and public and investors at large and no selective or additional information would be available for a section of the investors in any manner whatsoever, including at road show presentations, in research or sales reports, at collection centres or elsewhere.

None among our Company or any member of the Syndicate is liable for any failure in (i) uploading the Bids due to faults in any software/ hardware system or otherwise, or (ii) the blocking of the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account on receipt of instructions from the Sponsor Banks on the account of any errors, omissions or non-compliance by various parties involved, or any other fault, malfunctioning, breakdown or otherwise, in the UPI Mechanism.

Note:

Prospective investors who apply in the Issue will be required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, Underwriters, Book Running Lead Manager and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares and will not issue, sell, pledge, or transfer the Equity Shares to any person who is not eligible under any applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares. Our Company, Underwriters, Book Running Lead Manager and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire the Equity Shares.



The Book Running Lead Manager and their associates and affiliates in their capacity as principals or agents may engage in transactions with, and perform services for, our Company, our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, and their respective directors and officers, group companies, affiliates or associates or third parties in the ordinary course of business and have engaged, or may in the future engage, in commercial banking and investment banking transactions with our Company, its directors, the Promoters, officers, agents, and their respective group companies, affiliates or associates or third parties, for which they have received, and may in the future receive, compensation. As used herein, the term 'affiliate' means any person or entity that controls or is controlled by or is under common control with another person or entity.

DISCLAIMER IN RESPECT OF JURISDICTION

Any dispute arising out of the Issue will be subject to the jurisdiction of appropriate court(s) in Jaipur only.

The Issue is being made in India to persons resident in India (including Indian nationals resident in India who are competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, HUFs, companies, corporate bodies and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorized to invest in equity shares, domestic Mutual Funds registered with the SEBI, Indian financial institutions, commercial banks, regional rural banks, co-operative banks (subject to RBI permission), or trusts under applicable trust law and who are authorised under their constitution to hold and invest in shares, state industrial development corporations, permitted insurance companies registered with IRDAI, public financial institutions as specified in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act, 2013, permitted provident funds (subject to applicable law) and pension funds, National Investment Fund, insurance funds set up and managed by the army and navy or air force of Union of India and insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, India, systemically important NBFCs registered with the RBI and permitted Non-Residents including FPIs and Eligible NRIs, AIFs and other eligible foreign investors, if any, provided that they are eligible under all applicable laws and regulations to purchase the Equity Shares. This Draft Red Herring Prospectus does not constitute an invitation to subscribe the Equity Shares in the Issue in any jurisdiction, including India. Invitations to subscribe the Equity Shares in the Issue will be made only pursuant to the Red Herring Prospectus if the recipient is in India or the preliminary offering memorandum for the Issue, which comprises the Red Herring Prospectus and the preliminary international wrap for the Issue, if the recipient is outside India. No person outside India is eligible to apply for Equity Shares in the Issue unless that person has received the preliminary offering memorandum for the Issue, which contains the selling restrictions for the Issue outside India.

Any person into whose possession this Draft Red Herring Prospectus comes is required to inform him or herself about, and to observe, any such restrictions.

Neither the delivery of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or any offer for sale thereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of our Company from the date thereof or that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to this date.

ELIGIBILITY AND TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any state securities laws in the United States, and unless so registered, may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable U.S. state securities laws.



Accordingly, the Equity Shares are being offered and sold outside the United States in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S and the applicable laws of each jurisdiction where such offers and sales are made.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be issued or sold, and Applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction. Applicants are advised to ensure that any Application from them does not exceed investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law.

The Company and its respective affiliates, and others will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing representation, acknowledgement and agreement.

Applicants are advised to ensure that any Application from them does not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law.

Further, each Applicant wherever required must agree in the Allotment Advice that such Applicant will not sell or transfer any Equity Shares or any economic interest therein, including any off-shore derivative instruments, such as participatory notes, issued against the Equity Shares or any similar security, other than in accordance with the applicable laws.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF BSE

As required, a copy of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus has been submitted to BSE. The disclaimer clause as intimated by BSE to our Company, post scrutiny of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, shall be included in the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus prior to the RoC filing.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF NSE

As required, a copy of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus has been submitted to NSE. The disclaimer clause as intimated by NSE to our Company, post scrutiny of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, shall be included in the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus prior to the RoC filing.

LISTING

The Equity Shares offered pursuant to the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus are proposed to be listed on BSE and NSE. [•] will be the Designated Stock Exchange with which the Basis of Allotment will be finalised. Applications will be made to BSE and NSE for obtaining their permission for the listing and trading of the Equity Shares.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares at the Stock Exchanges are taken within six Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or within such other period as may be prescribed.

If our Company does not Allot the Equity Shares within such time as prescribed by SEBI/ six Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or within such timeline as prescribed by SEBI, all amounts received in the Public Issue Accounts will be transferred to the Refund Account and it shall be utilised to repay, without interest, all monies received from Applicants, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Applicants as prescribed under applicable law.



CONSENTS

Consents in writing of each of Our Directors, our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, our Previous Statutory Auditors, the Independent Chartered Accountant, legal counsel to the Issue, Banker to our Company, the Book Running Lead Manager, the Registrar to the Issue, and CareEdge Research have been obtained; and consents in writing of the Syndicate Members, Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Banks, Escrow Collection Bank(s) and Refund Bank(s) to act in their respective capacities, will be obtained and filed along with a copy of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC as required under the Companies Act and such consents shall not be withdrawn up to the time of filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC.

EXPERT OPINION

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions:

Our Company has received written consent dated **July 27, 2022** from M/s Keyur Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants to include their name as required under the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditor, and in respect of their examination report, dated August 25, 2022 on our Restated Financial Statements, and such consents have not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. However, the term "expert" and consent thereof shall not be construed to mean an "expert" or consent as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

Our Company has also received written consent dated **July 27, 2022** from M/s Keyur Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants to include their name as required under the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of their report dated September 27, 2022 on the statement of tax benefits in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

In addition, our Company has received written consent dated **September 13, 2022** from **Pawan Sut Sharma**, as chartered engineer to include his name under the Companies Act, 2013 in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of his certificate dated September 13, 2022 on the Company's manufacturing capacity and its utilization at certain manufacturing facilities, and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

In addition, our Company has received written consent dated August 25, 2022 from Lokesh Kumar Agarwal, Govt. Approved Jewellery Valuer to include his name under the Companies Act, 2013 in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of his certificate dated August 22, 2022 on the capacity to quantification and value of inventories of Gems & Jewellery owned by our company, and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

PREVIOUS RIGHTS AND PUBLIC ISSUES DURING THE LAST FIVE YEARS

We have not made any previous rights and/or public issues during the last five (5) years and are an "**Unlisted Issuer**" in terms of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and this Issue is an "Initial Public Offering" in terms of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.



COMMISSION AND BROKERAGE PAID ON PREVIOUS ISSUES OF OUR EQUITY SHARES IN LAST FIVE YEARS

Since this is the Initial Public Offer of the Company, no sum has been paid or has been payable as commission or brokerage for subscribing to or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for any of the Equity Shares since inception of the Company.

DETAILS OF PUBLIC/RIGHTS ISSUES BY LISTED GROUP COMPANIES, SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATE IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Neither our Company, any of our Group Companies, Subsidiaries or Associate have undertaken any capital issue or any public nor rights issue in the last three years nor listed or have made any application for listing on any stock exchange in India or overseas preceding date of filing this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

UNDERWRITING COMMISSION, BROKERAGE AND SELLING COMMISSION PAID ON PREVIOUS ISSUES OF THE EQUITY SHARES IN THE LAST FIVE YEARS

Since this is the Initial Public Offer of Equity Shares, no sum has been paid or is payable as commission or brokerage for subscribing to or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for any of the Equity Shares in since incorporation.

CAPITAL ISSUE DURING THE PREVIOUS THREE YEARS BY OUR COMPANY AND/OR LISTED GROUP COMPANIES OF OUR COMPANY

For details in relation to the capital issuances by our Company since incorporation, see "*Capital Structure* - *Notes to the Capital Structure*" on page 85 of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

PERFORMACE VIS-À-VIS OBJECTS

Our Company is an "Unlisted Issuer" in terms of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, and this issue is an "Initial Public Offering" in terms of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. Therefore, data regarding promise versus performance is not applicable to us. Further, we do not have any subsidiary. None of our Promoter Companies are listed on any stock exchange, so, data regarding promise versus performance is not applicable.

PERFORMANCE VIS-À-VIS OBJECTS – PUBLIC/ RIGHTS ISSUE OF THE LISTED PROMOTERS/LISTED SUBSIDIARIES OF OUR COMPANY

Our Company and the Promoters do not have securities listed on any stock exchange. There is no listed subsidiary company as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.



PRICE INFORMATION OF PAST ISSUES HANDLED BY THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS

(a) Holani Consultants Private Limited, our Book Running Lead Manager, has been issued a certificate of registration dated 31st January 2018 by SEBI as Merchant Banker Category 1 with registration no. INM000012467. Given below is the statement on price information of past issues handled by Holani Consultants Private Limited.

TABLE 1: PRICE INFORMATION OF PAST ISSUES HANDLED BY HOLANI CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED (during the current Fiscal and two Fiscals preceding the current Fiscal)

S .	Offer Name	Offer Size	Offer	Listing Date	Opening	+/-% change in closing	+/- % change in closing	+/- % change in closing
No.		(₹ in Lakhs)	Price		Price on	price, [+/- % change in	price, [+/- % change in	
			(₹)		listing	closing benchmark]-	closing benchmark]	closing benchmark]-
					date	30th calendar days from	90th calendar days	180th calendar days
						listing	from listing	from listing
1.	Network People Services	1,369.60/-	80/-	August 10, 2021	83.95/-	-8.70%	-18.99%	-13.04%
	Technologies Limited					[6.59%]	[10.98%]	[7.59%]
2.	Cool Caps Industries Limited	1162.80/-	38/-	March 24, 2022	35.90/-	74.09%	175.32%	N.A.
						[-0.29%]	[-10.51%]	

Sources: All the shares price data is from: www.nseindia.com



TABLE 2: SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE

Financial Year			No. of IPOs trading at discount- 30 th calendar days from listing		• .		No. of IPOs trading at discount- 180 th calendar days from listing		No. of IPOs trading at premium- 180 th calendar days from listing					
			Over 50%	Between	Less than	Over 50%	Between	Less than	Over 50%	Between	Less than	Over 50%	Between 25-	Less than
				25-50%	25%		25-50%	25%		25-50%	25%		50%	25%
2020-21	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2021-22	2 ^{\$}	2532.40	Nil	Nil	1	1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	Nil	Nil
2022-23	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

\$The Scrip of Network People Services Technologies Limited got listed on August 10, 2021.

\$The Scrip of Cool Caps Industries Limited got listed on March 24, 2022.

Note:

1) Benchmark Index considered as Sensex 30 Index and Nifty 50 Index.

2) Prices on NSE/BSE are considered for all of the above calculations.

3) In case 30th/90th/180th day is a holiday, closing price on NSE/BSE of the previous trading day has been considered.

4) In case $30^{th}/90^{th}/180^{th}$ day, scrips are not traded then closing price on NSE/BSE of the previous trading day has been considered.

5) Designated Stock Exchange as disclosed at the time of the Issue are considered for disclosing the price information, as applicable.



STOCK MARKET DATA OF EQUITY SHARES

This being an initial public offer of the Equity Shares of our Company, the Equity Shares are not listed on any stock exchange and accordingly, no stock market data is available for the Equity Shares.

MECHANISM FOR INVESTOR GRIEVANCES AND REDRESSAL SYSTEM

In accordance with the SEBI circulars dated February 15, 2018, March 16, 2021 and June 2, 2021 and subject to applicable law, any ASBA Bidder whose Bid has not been considered for Allotment, due to failure on the part of any SCSB, shall have the option to seek redressal of the same by the concerned SCSB within three months of the date of listing of the Equity Shares. SCSBs are required to resolve these complaints within 15 days, failing which the concerned SCSB would have to pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum for any delay beyond this period of 15 days. Further, the investors shall be compensated by the SCSBs in accordance with SEBI circular dated March 16, 2021 in the event of (i) delayed unblock for cancelled/withdrawn/deleted applications; (ii) blocking of multiple amounts for the same UPI application; (iii) blocking of more amount than the application amount; (iv) delayed unblocking of amounts for non-allotted/partially-allotted applications, for the stipulated period. In an event there is a delay in redressal of the investor grievance in relation to unblocking of amounts, the BRLM shall compensate the investors at the rate higher of ₹ 100 or 15% per annum of the application amount for the period of such delay.

The agreement between the Registrar to the Issue and our Company provides for retention of records with the Registrar to the Issue for a period of at least eight years from the last date of dispatch of the letters of allotment and demat credit to enable the investors to approach the Registrar to the Issue for redressal of their grievances.

All grievances in relation to the Bidding process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary to whom the Bid cum Application Form was submitted. The Bidder should give full details such as name of the sole or First Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidder DP ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the submission of Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for and the name and address of the Designated Intermediary where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Bidder and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than RIBs bidding through the UPI Mechanism) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or UPI ID in case of RIBs applying through the UPI Mechanism. The Registrar to the Issue shall obtain the required information from the SCSBs for addressing any clarifications or grievances of ASBA Bidders.

Anchor Investors are required to address all grievances in relation to the Issue to the BRLM.

Further, the Bidder shall also enclose a copy of the Acknowledgment Slip duly received from the concerned Designated Intermediary in addition to the information mentioned hereinabove.

The Registrar to the Issue shall obtain the required information from the SCSBs for addressing any clarifications or grievances of ASBA Bidders. Our Company, the BRLM and the Registrar to the Issue accept no responsibility for errors, omissions, commission or any acts of the Designated Intermediaries including any defaults in complying with its obligations under applicable SEBI ICDR Regulations. Investors can contact the Compliance Officer or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre- Issue or post- Issue related problems such as non-receipt of letters of Allotment, non-credit of allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund intimations and non-receipt of funds by electronic mode.



Our Company has constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee to redress complaints of shareholders of our Company. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted vide resolution passed at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on September 14, 2022. For further details on the Committees, see the chapter "*Our Management*" beginning on page 203.

Our Company has appointed Ms. Neha Jain as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer to redress the complaints, if any, of the investors participating in the Issue. See the chapter "*General Information*" beginning on page 75.

Our Company shall obtain authentication on the SCORES and comply with the SEBI circular (CIR/OIAE/1/2014) dated December 18, 2014 in relation to redressal of investor grievances through SCORES.

STATUS OF INVESTOR COMPLAINTS

We confirm that we have not received any investor complaint during the three (3) years preceding the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and hence there are no pending investor complaints as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

DISPOSAL OF INVESTOR GRIEVANCES BY LISTED COMPANIES UNDER THE SAME MANAGEMENT AS THE COMPANY

Our Company has no Subsidiary or Group Companies as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

DISPOSAL OF INVESTOR GRIEVANCES BY OUR COMPANY

Our Company estimates that the average time required by our Company or the Registrar to the Issue or the relevant Designated Intermediary, for the redressal of routine investor grievances shall be 10 Working Days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of non-routine complaints and complaints where external agencies are involved, our Company will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

EXEMPTION FROM COMPLYING WITH ANY PROVISIONS OF SECURITIES LAWS, IF ANY, GRANTED BY SEBI

Our Company has not sought any exemption under Regulation 300 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.



SECTION IX - ISSUE RELATED INFORMATION

TERMS OF THE ISSUE

The Equity Shares being issued, offered and Allotted and transferred pursuant to the Issue shall be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, SEBI ICDR Regulations, SCRA, SCRR, the MoA, AoA, SEBI Listing Regulations, the terms of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the Red Herring Prospectus, the Prospectus, the abridged prospectus, Bid cum Application Form, the Revision Form, the CAN/Allotment Advice and other terms and conditions as may be incorporated in other documents/certificates that may be executed in respect of the Issue. The Equity Shares shall also be subject to laws as applicable, guidelines, rules, notifications and regulations relating to the issue of capital and listing and trading of securities issued from time to time by SEBI, the Government of India, the Stock Exchanges, the RBI, RoC and/or other authorities, as in force on the date of the Issue and to the extent applicable or such other conditions as may be prescribed by the SEBI, the Government of India, the Stock Exchanges, the RoC and/or any other authorities while granting its approval for the Issue.

THE ISSUE

The Issue is a fresh Issue of Equity Shares by our Company. The entire Issue – related expenses shall be borne by our Company only. For further information, on the Issue – related expenses, see the chapter titled "**Objects of the Issue**" beginning on page 100.

RANKING OF EQUITY SHARES

The Equity Shares being offered/Allotted and transferred pursuant to the Issue shall be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, SEBI ICDR Regulations, SEBI Listing Regulations, SCRA, SCRR, our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association and shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing Equity Shares including in respect of the right to receive dividend, voting and other corporate benefits. For further details, see the chapter titled *"Main Provisions of the Articles of Association"* beginning on page 379.

MODE OF PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND

Our Company shall pay dividend, if declared, to our Equity Shareholders, as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association, and any guidelines or directions that may be issued by the Government in this regard. Dividends, if any declared by our Company after the date of Allotment, will be payable to the Bidders who have been Allotted Equity Shares in this Issue, for the entire year, in accordance with the applicable laws. For more information, see the chapters titled *"Dividend Policy"* and *"Main Provisions of the Articles of Association"* beginning on pages 223 and 379, respectively.

FACE VALUE, ISSUE PRICE, FLOOR PRICE AND PRICE BAND

The face value of each Equity Share is $\gtrless 10/-$ and the Issue Price at the lower end of the Price Band is $\gtrless [\bullet]$ per Equity Share and at the higher end of the Price Band is $\gtrless [\bullet]$ per Equity Share. The Anchor Investor Issue Price is $\gtrless [\bullet]$ per Equity Share. The Price Band and the minimum Bid Lot size for the Issue will be decided by our Company in consultation with the BRLM, and advertised in in all editions of $[\bullet]$, the English national newspaper, all editions of $[\bullet]$, the Hindi national newspaper and $[\bullet]$ editions of $[\bullet]$, the Regional



newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation, at least two Working Days prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date and shall be made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading the same on their websites. The Price Band, along with the relevant financial ratios calculated at the Floor Price and at the Cap Price, shall be pre-filled in the Bid cum Application Forms available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges. At any given point of time, there shall be only one denomination for the Equity Shares.

COMPLIANCE WITH DISCLOSURE AND ACCOUNTING NORMS

Our Company shall comply with all disclosure and accounting norms specified by SEBI from time to time.

RIGHTS OF THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS

Subject to applicable law, rules, regulations and guidelines and the Articles of Association, our equity Shareholders shall have the following rights:

- Right to receive dividend, if declared;
- Right to attend general meetings and exercise voting powers, unless prohibited by law;
- Right to vote on a poll either in person or by proxy or e-voting in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act;
- Right to receive offers for rights shares and be allotted bonus shares, if announced;
- Right to receive any surplus on liquidation subject to any statutory and preferential claims being satisfied;
- Right of free transferability of their Equity Shares, subject to applicable laws including and RBI rules and regulations; and
- Such other rights as may be available to a shareholder of a listed public company under the Companies Act 2013, the terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations and our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association and other applicable laws.

For a detailed description of the main provisions of our Articles of Association of our Company relating to voting rights, dividend, forfeiture and lien, transfer, transmission, consolidation and splitting, see the chapter titled *"Main Provisions of the Articles of Association"* beginning on page 379.

MARKET LOT AND TRADING LOT AND ALLOTMENT OF SECURITIES IN DEMATERIALISED FORM

In terms of Section 29 of the Companies Act 2013, and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Equity Shares shall be Allotted only in dematerialized form. As per the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the trading of the Equity Shares shall only be in dematerialised form on the Stock Exchanges. In this context, tripartite agreements had been signed among the Company, the respective Depositories and the Registrar to the Issue:

- Tripartite agreement dated **August 29, 2022** amongst our Company, NSDL and the Registrar to the Issue;
- Tripartite agreement dated **September 23, 2022** amongst our Company, CDSL and the Registrar to the Issue.

Our Company's Equity Share bear ISIN no. INEOFRK01012.



Since trading of the Equity Shares is in dematerialized form, the tradable lot is one Equity Share. Allotment in the Issue will be only in electronic form in multiples of one Equity Shares, subject to a minimum Allotment of [•] Equity Shares. For further details, see the chapter titled *"Issue Procedure"* beginning on page 351.

JOINT HOLDERS

Subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association, where two or more persons are registered as the holders of the Equity Shares, they will be deemed to hold such Equity Shares as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship.

NOMINATION FACILITY TO INVESTORS

In accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the sole or first Bidder along with other joint Bidders, may nominate any one person in whom, in the event of the death of sole Bidder or in case of joint Bidders, death of all the Bidders, as the case may be, the Equity Shares Allotted, if any, will vest to the exclusion of the other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner.

A person, being a nominee, entitled to the Equity by reason of the death of the original holder(s), will, in accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act 2013, be entitled to the same benefits to which he or she will be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the Equity Share(s). Where the nominee is a minor, the holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner, any person to become entitled to Equity Share(s) in the event of the holder's death during minority.

A nomination may be cancelled or varied by nominating any other person in place of the present nominee, by the holder of the Equity Share(s) who has made the nomination, by giving a notice of such cancellation or variation to our Company in the prescribed form. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. Fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form available on request at our Registered and Corporate Office or to the registrar and transfer agents of our Company. Further, any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act 2013, shall upon the production of such evidence as may be required by the Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as the holder of the Equity Shares; or
- to make such transfer of the Equity Shares, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, our Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the Equity Shares, and if the notice is not complied with within a period of 90 days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, interests, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Equity Shares, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Since the Allotment of Equity Shares in the Issue will be made only in dematerialized form, there is no need to make a separate nomination with our Company. Nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Bidder would prevail. If Bidders want to change their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant. Our Company shall comply with such disclosure and accounting norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.



BID/ ISSUE PROGRAMME

BID/ISSUE OPENS ON	[●] ⁽¹⁾
BID/ ISSUE CLOSES ON	[●] ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ Our Company in consultation with the BRLM, may consider participation by Anchor Investors. The Anchor Investor Bid/Issue Period shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

⁽²⁾ Our Company in consultation with the BRLM may, consider closing the Bid/Issue Period for QIBs one day prior to the Bid/Issue Closing Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations ⁽³⁾UPI mandate end time and date shall be at 12.00pm on [•].

An indicative timetable in respect of the Issue is set out below:

Event	Indicative Date
Bid/Issue Closing Date	[•]
Finalisation of Basis of Allotment with the Designated Stock Exchange	On or about [●]
Initiation of refunds (if any, for Anchor Investors)/ unblocking of funds from ASBA Account*	On or about [●]
Credit of Equity Shares to depository accounts of Allottees	On or about [•]
Commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges	On or about [•]

*In case of (i) any delay in unblocking of amounts in the ASBA Accounts (including amounts blocked through the UPI Mechanism) for cancelled/ withdrawn/ deleted ASBA Forms, the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate of ₹100 per day or 15% per annum of the Bid Amount, whichever is higher from the date on which the request for cancellation/withdrawal/ deletion is placed in Stock Exchanges bidding platform until the date on which the amounts are unblocked; (ii) any blocking of multiple amounts for the same ASBA Form (for amounts blocked through the UPI Mechanism), the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate ₹100 per day or 15% per annum of the total cumulative blocked amount except the original application amount, whichever is higher from the date on which such multiple amounts were blocked till the date of actual unblock; (iii) any blocking of amounts more than the Bid Amount, the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate of ₹100 per day or 15% per annum of the difference in amount, whichever is higher from the date on which such excess amounts were blocked till the date of actual unblock; (iv) any delay in unblocking of non-allotted/ partially allotted Bids, exceeding four Working Days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate of ₹100 per day or 15% per annum of the Bid Amount, whichever is higher for the entire duration of delay exceeding four Working Days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date by the SCSB responsible for causing such delay in unblocking. The post Issue BRLM shall be liable for compensating the Bidder at a uniform rate of ₹100 per day or 15% per annum of the Bid Amount, whichever is higher from the date of receipt of the Investor grievance until the date on which the blocked amounts are unblocked. The Bidder shall be compensated in the manner specified in the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/47 dated March 31, 2021 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021, as amended pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021, as amended pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 which for the avoidance of doubt, shall be deemed to be incorporated in the deemed agreement of the Company with the SCSBs, to the extent applicable.

The processing fees for applications made by Retail Individual Bidders or Individual investors bidding under the Non-Institutional Portion for an amount of more than ₹ 2.00 lakhs and up to ₹ 5.00 lakhs, using the UPI Mechanism may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021, read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021, read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022.



The above timetable, other than the Bid/Issue Closing Date, is indicative and does not constitute any obligation or liability on our Company or the BRLM.

In terms of the UPI Circulars, in relation to the Issue, the BRLM will be required to submit reports of compliance with timelines and activities prescribed by SEBI in connection with the allotment and listing procedure within six Working Days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, identifying non-adherence to timelines and processes and an analysis of entities responsible for the delay and the reasons associated with it.

Whilst our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for the listing and the commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges are taken within six Working Days of the Bid/Issue Closing Date, the timetable may be extended due to various factors, such as extension of the Bid/Issue Period by our Company in consultation with the BRLM, revision of the Price Band or any delay in receiving the final listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchanges. The commencement of trading of the Equity Shares will be entirely at the discretion of the Stock Exchanges and in accordance with the applicable laws.

SEBI is in the process of streamlining and reducing the post issue timeline for IPOs. Any circulars or notifications from SEBI after the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus may result in changes to the above-mentioned timelines. Further, the Issue procedure is subject to change to any revised SEBI circulars to this effect.

Submission of Bids (other than Bids from Anchor Investors):

Bid/Issue Period (except the Bid/Issue Closing Date)					
Submission and revision in Bids Only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time ("IST")					
Bid/Issue Closing Date*					
Submission and revision in Bids Only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. IST					
*UPI mandate and time and date chall be at 12 00mm on [a]					

*UPI mandate end time and date shall be at 12.00pm on [ullet]

On the Bid/Issue Closing Date, the Bids shall be uploaded until:

- (i) In case of Bids by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders, the Bids and the revisions in Bids shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (IST) and uploaded by 4.00 p.m. IST, and
- (ii) In case of Bids by Retail Individual Bidders, the Bids and the revisions in Bids shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (IST) and uploaded until 5.00 p.m. IST or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchanges, in case of Bids by RIBs.

On Bid/Issue Closing Date, extension of time may be granted by Stock Exchanges only for uploading Bids received by Retail Individual Bidders, after taking into account the total number of Bids received and as reported by the BRLM to the Stock Exchanges.

The Registrar to the Issue shall submit the details of cancelled/withdrawn/deleted applications to the SCSBs on daily basis within 60 minutes of the Bid closure time from the Bid/ Issue Opening Date till the Bid/Issue Closing Date by obtaining the same from the Stock Exchanges. The SCSBs shall unblock such applications by the closing hours of the Working Day and submit the confirmation to the BRLM and the



RTA on a daily basis, as per the format prescribed in SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021.

It is clarified that Bids not uploaded on the electronic bidding system or in respect of which the full Bid Amount is not blocked by SCSBs or not blocked under the UPI Mechanism in the relevant ASBA Account, as the case may be, would be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Bids on the Bid/Issue Closing Date, Bidders are advised to submit their Bids one day prior to the Bid/Issue Closing Date. Any time mentioned in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is IST. Bidders are cautioned that, in the event a large number of Bids are received on the Bid/Issue Closing Date, some Bids may not get uploaded due to lack of sufficient time. Such Bids that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Bids will be accepted only during Working days.

Investors may please note that as per letter no. List/SMD/SM/2006 dated July 3, 2006 and letter no. NSE/IPO/25101-6 dated July 6, 2006 issued by BSE and NSE respectively, Bids and any revision in Bids shall not be accepted on Saturdays and public holidays as declared by the Stock Exchanges. Bids by ASBA Bidders shall be uploaded by the relevant Designated Intermediary in the electronic system to be provided by the Stock Exchanges.

None of our Company or any member of the Syndicate is liable for any failure in (i) uploading the Bids due to faults in any software/ hardware system or otherwise; and (ii) the blocking of Bid Amount in the ASBA Account on receipt of instructions from the Sponsor Bank on account of any errors, omissions or non-compliance by various parties involved in, or any other fault, malfunctioning or breakdown in, or otherwise, in the UPI Mechanism.

Our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers, reserves the right to revise the Price Band during the Bid/Issue Period in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The revision in the Price Band shall not exceed 20% on either side, i.e., the Floor Price can move up or down to the extent of 20% of the Floor Price and the Cap Price will be revised accordingly, but the Floor Price shall not be less than the face value of the Equity Shares. In all circumstances, the Cap Price shall be less than or equal to 120% of the Floor Price, provided that the Cap Price shall be atleast 105% of the Floor Price.

In case of any revision to the Price Band, the Bid/Issue Period will be extended by at least three additional Working Days following such revision of the Price Band, subject to the Bid/Issue Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. In cases of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, our Company in consultation with BRLM, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid/Issue Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid/Issue Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. Any revision in the Price Band and the revised Bid/Issue Period, if applicable, shall be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges, by issuing a public notice, and also by indicating the change on the respective websites of the Book Running Lead Managers and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members and by intimation to Self-Certified Syndicate Banks ("SCSBs"), other Designated Intermediaries and the Sponsor Bank, as applicable.

In case of any discrepancy in the data entered in the electronic book vis-à-vis the data contained in the physical Bid cum Application Form, for a particular Bidder, the details as per the Bid file received from the Stock Exchanges shall be taken as the final data for the purpose of Allotment.



PERIOD OF OPERATION OF SUBSCRIPTION LIST

See "Terms of the Issue – Bid/ Issue Programme" on page 342.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription in the Issue as specified under Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR, including through devolvement of Underwriters, as applicable, within 60 days from the date of Bid/ Issue Closing Date on the date of closure of the Issue or; the minimum subscription of 90% of the fresh Issue on the date of closure of the Issue; or withdrawal of applications; or after technical rejections; or if the listing or trading permission is not obtained from the Stock Exchanges for the Equity Shares so offered under the Issue document, our Company shall forthwith refund the entire subscription amount received in accordance with applicable law including the SEBI circular bearing no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/47 dated March 31, 2021. If there is a delay beyond four days after our Company becomes liable to pay the amount, our Company and our Directors, who are officers in default, shall pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum.

In the event of an undersubscription in the Issue, after meeting the minimum subscription requirement of 90% of the Issue, the balance subscription in the Issue will be met through the issuance of balance part of the Issue.

Undersubscription, if any, in any category except the QIB portion, would be met with spill-over from the other categories at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers and the Designated Stock Exchange.

Further, in terms of Regulation 49(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company shall ensure that the number of Bidders to whom the Equity Shares will be Allotted will be not less than 1,000.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR DISPOSAL OF ODD LOTS

Since our Equity Shares will be traded in dematerialized form only and the market lot for our Equity Shares will be one Equity Share. Henceforth, no arrangements for disposal of odd lots are required.

RESTRICTION, IF ANY, ON TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF EQUITY SHARES

Except for lock-in of the pre-Issue capital of our Company, lock-in of the Promoter's minimum contribution under the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Anchor Investor lock-in as provided in the chapter titled **"Capital Structure"** beginning on page 85, and except as provided in the Articles of Association as detailed in **"Main Provisions of the Articles of Association"** on page 379, there are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of Equity Shares and on their consolidation/ splitting. Further, there are no restrictions on transmission of any shares of our Company and on their consolidation or splitting, except as provided in the Articles of Association.

NEW FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Our Company is not issuing any new financial instruments through this Issue.



ISSUE STRUCTURE

The Issue of upto 3,34,71,000 Equity Shares for cash at price of $\mathfrak{T}[\bullet]$ per Equity Share (including a share premium of $\mathfrak{T}[\bullet]$ per Equity Share) aggregating upto $\mathfrak{T}[\bullet]$ Lakh. The Issue shall constitute $[\bullet]$ %, of the post-Issue paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company.

Our Company may, in consultation with the BRLM, consider a Pre-IPO Placement of upto 60,00,000 Equity Shares for cash consideration aggregating up to \exists [•] lakhs, at its discretion, prior to filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the ROC. If the Pre-IPO Placement is completed, the amount raised pursuant to the Pre-IPO Placement will be reduced from the Issue, subject to compliance with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR. Details of the Pre-IPO Placement, if undertaken, shall be included in the Red Herring Prospectus.

The Issue is being made through the Book Building Process.

The Face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 10/- each.

Particulars	QIBs ⁽¹⁾	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
Number of Equity Shares available for Allotment/ Allocation ⁽²⁾	Not more than [•] Equity Shares.	Not less than [•] Equity Shares available for allocation or Issue less allocation to QIB Bidders and Retail Individual Bidders.	Not less than [•] Equity Shares available for allocation or Issue less allocation to QIB Bidders and Non- Institutional Bidders.
Percentage of Issue Size available for Allotment / Allocation.	Not more than 50% of the Issue Size shall be Allotted to QIBs. However, up to 5% of the Net QIB Portion will be available for allocation proportionately to Mutual Funds only. Mutual Funds participating in the Mutual Fund Portion will also be eligible for allocation in the remaining QIB Portion. The unsubscribed portion in the Mutual Fund Portion will be available for allocation to QIBs.	Not less than 15% of the Issue or the Issue less allocation to QIBs and Retail Individual Bidders will be available for allocation subject to the following: One-third of the Non -Institutional Portion will be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size more than ₹ 2.00 lakhs to ₹ 10.00 lakhs and two- thirds of the Non- Institutional Portion Will be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of the Non- Institutional Portion Will be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 10.00 lakhs. Provided that the unsubscribed portion in	Not less than 35% of the Issue or Issue less allocation to QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders will be available for allocation.



Particulars	QIBs ⁽¹⁾	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
		either of the sub-categories specified above may be allocated to applicants in the other sub- category of Non- Institutional Bidders.	
Basis of Allotment / allocation if respective category is oversubscribed*	 Proportionate as follows (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion): (a) up to [•] Equity Shares shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only; and (b) [•] Equity Shares shall be Allotted on a proportionate basis to all QIBs including Mutual Funds receiving allocation as per (a) above. Up to 60% of the QIB Portion (up to [•] Equity Shares) may be allocated on a discretionary basis to Anchor Investors of which one-third shall be available for allocation to Mutual Funds only, subject to valid Bid received from Mutual 	Proportionate however, The allotment of specified securities to each Non- Institutional Bidders shall not be less than the minimum application size, subject to availability in the Non-Institutional Portion, and the remainder, if any, shall be allotted on a proportionate basis in accordance with the conditions specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations.	The Allotment to each Retail Individual Bidder shall not be less than the minimum Bid lot, subject to availability of Equity Shares in the Retail Portion and the remaining available Equity Shares is any, shall be allotted on a proportionate basis. For details, see the chapter titled <i>"Issue</i> <i>Procedure"</i> beginning on page 351.
Minimum Bid	Such number of Equity Shares and in multiples of [●] Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 2.00 lakhs and in multiples of [●] Equity Shares thereafter	Such number of Equity Shares and in multiples of [●] Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 2.00 lakhs	 [•] Equity Shares and in multiples of [•] Equity Shares thereafter
Maximum Bid	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of [•] Equity Shares not exceeding the size of the Issue, subject to applicable limits.	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of [•] Equity Shares not exceeding the size of the Issue (excluding the QIB Portion), subject to applicable limits.	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of [●] Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount does not exceed ₹2.00 lakhs



Particulars	QIBs ⁽¹⁾	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
Mode of Allotment	Compulsorily in dematerialized f	orm.	
Mode of Bidding	Through ASBA process only (except for Anchor Investors)	Through ASBA process only (including the UPI Mechanism for an application size of up to ₹ 5.00 lakhs)	Through ASBA process only (including the UPI Mechanism)
Bid Lot	[•] Equity Shares and in multiple	es of $[\bullet]$ Equity Shares thereaf	ter
Allotment Lot	A minimum of [•] Equity Shares For Retail Individual Bidders, [•] thereafter, subject to availability	Equity Shares and in multiples	
Trading Lot	One Equity Share		
Who can apply ⁽³⁾	Public financial institutions as specified in section 2(72) of the Companies Act, 2013, scheduled commercial banks, Mutual Funds, FPIs other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices, VCFs, AIFs, FVCIs registered with SEBI, multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions, state industrial development corporation, insurance companies registered with IRDAI, provident funds (subject to applicable law) with minimum corpus ₹ 2,500 Lakh, pension funds with minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 Lakh, National Investment Fund set up by the Government, the insurance funds set up and managed by army, navy or air force of the Union of India, insurance funds set up and managed by the	Eligible NRIs, Resident Indian individuals, HUFs (in the name of the Karta), companies, corporate bodies, scientific institutions, societies, trusts, and FPIs who are individuals, corporate bodies and family offices.	Resident Indian individuals, HUFs (in the name of the Karta) and Eligible NRIs



Particulars	QIBs ⁽¹⁾	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
	Department of Posts, India and NBFC-SI.		
Terms of PaymentIn case of Anchor Investors: Full Bid Amount shall be payable by the Anchor at the time of submission of their Bids (4)			
	In case of all other Bidders: Full account of the ASBA Bidder that Form at the time of submission mechanism, bid amount shall collection request by applicant.	is specified in the ASBA (exclud of the ASBA Form and in cas	ing for Anchor Investors) e of UPI as an alternate

*Assuming full subscription in the Issue

⁽¹⁾ Our Company in consultation with the BRLM, may allocate up to 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds only, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price. In the event of under-subscription or non-Allotment in the Anchor Investor Portion, the balance Equity Shares in the Anchor Investor Portion shall be added to the Net QIB Portion. For details, see **"Issue Procedure"** beginning on page 351.

⁽²⁾ Subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price. The Issue is being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR and under Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

⁽³⁾ In case of joint Bids, the Bid cum Application Form should contain only the name of the first Bidder whose name should also appear as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names. The signature of only such first Bidder would be required in the Bid cum Application Form and such first Bidder would be deemed to have signed on behalf of the joint holders. Bidders will be required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, the Underwriters, their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives that they are eligible under applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares. Our Company reserves the right to reject, it its absolute discretion, all or any multiple Bids in any or all categories.

⁽⁴⁾ Full Bid Amount shall be payable by the Anchor Investors at the time of submission of the Anchor Investor Application Forms provided that any difference between the Anchor Investor Allocation Price and the Anchor Investor Issue Price shall be payable by the Anchor Investor Pay-In Date as indicated in the CAN. For details of terms of payment of applicable to Anchor Investors, see General Information Document available on the website of the Stock Exchanges and the BRLM.

Subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price, under-subscription, if any, in any category except the QIB Portion, would be met with spill-over from the other categories or a combination of categories at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers- and the Designated Stock Exchange.



WITHDRAWAL OF THE ISSUE

Our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right not to proceed with the Issue entire or portion of the Issue for any reason at any time after the Bid/Issue Opening Date but before the Allotment. In such an event, our Company would issue a public notice in the same newspapers in which the pre-Issue advertisements were published, within two days of the Bid/Issue Closing Date or such other time as may be prescribed by SEBI, providing reasons for not proceeding with the Issue Further, the Stock Exchanges shall be informed promptly in this regard by our Company and the BRLM. Also, BRLM through the Registrar to the Issue, shall notify the SCSBs and the Sponsor Banks to unblock the bank accounts of the ASBA Bidders within one Working Day from the date of receipt of such notification. In the event of withdrawal of the Issue and subsequently, plans of a fresh issue by our Company, a fresh draft red herring prospectus will be submitted again to SEBI.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Issue is also subject to obtaining (i) the final listing and trading approvals of the Stock Exchanges, which our Company shall apply for after Allotment and within six Working Days or such other period as may be prescribed, and (ii) the final RoC approval of the Prospectus after it is filed with the RoC. If our Company in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers withdraws the Issue after the Bid/Issue Closing Date and thereafter determines that it will proceed with a public offering of the Equity Shares, our Company shall file a fresh Draft Red Herring Prospectus with SEBI and the Stock Exchanges.

If Allotment is not made within the prescribed time period under applicable law, the entire subscription amount received will be refunded/unblocked within the time prescribed under applicable law.



ISSUE PROCEDURE

All Bidders should read the General Information Document, which highlights the key rules, processes and procedures applicable to public issues in general in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, the SCRA, the SCRR and the SEBI ICDR Regulations which is part of the Abridged Prospectus accompanying the Bid cum Application Form. The General Information Document is available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the Book Running Lead Manager. Please refer to the relevant provisions of the General Information Document which are applicable to the Issue.

Additionally, all Bidders may refer to the General Information Document for information in relation to (i) category of investors eligible to participate in the Issue, (ii) maximum and minimum Bid size, (iii) price discovery and allocation, (iv) payment instructions for ASBA Bidders, (v) issuance of Confirmation of Allocation Note and Allotment in the Issue, (vi) general instructions (limited to instructions for completing the Bid cum Application Form), (vii) Designated Date, (viii) disposal of applications, (ix) submission of Bid cum Application Form, (x) other instructions (limited to joint bids in cases of individual, multiple bids and instances when an application would be rejected on technical grounds), (xi) applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 relating to punishment for fictitious applications, (xii) mode of making refunds, and (xiii) interest in case of delay in Allotment or refund.

SEBI through the SEBI UPI Circulars introduced an alternate payment mechanism using UPI and consequent reduction in timelines for listing in a phased manner. UPI has been introduced in a phased manner as a payment mechanism with the ASBA for applications by Retail Individual Bidders through intermediaries from January 1, 2019. The UPI Mechanism for Retail Individual Bidders applying through Designated Intermediaries, in phase I, was effective along with the prior process and existing timeline of T+6 days ("**UPI Phase I**"), until June 30, 2019. Subsequently, for applications by Retail Individual Bidders through Designated Intermediaries, the process of physical movement of forms from such Designated Intermediaries to SCSBs for blocking of funds has been discontinued and only the UPI Mechanism for such Bids with existing timeline of T+6 days is applicable for a period of three months or launch of five main board public issues, whichever is later ("**UPI Phase II**").

Subsequently, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2019/133 dated November 8, 2019 extended the timeline for UPI Phase II till March 31, 2020. However, given the prevailing uncertainty due to the COVID- 19 pandemic, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2020/50 dated March 30, 2020 extended the timeline for UPI Phase II till further notice from SEBI. Thereafter, the final reduced timeline of T+3 days will be made effective using the UPI Mechanism for applications by Retail Individual Bidders ("UPI Phase III"), as may be prescribed by SEBI. Accordingly, the Issue will be made under UPI Phase II of the SEBI UPI Circulars, subject to any circulars, clarification or notification issued by SEBI from time to time. Further, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 read with the circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/47 dated March 31, 2021, circular no. dated SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 June 2, 2021, and circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 has introduced certain additional measures for streamlining the process of initial public offers and redressing investor grievances. This circular shall come into force for initial public offers opening on or after May 1, 2021 except as set out in circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and the provisions of this circular are deemed to form part of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

Furthermore, pursuant to circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/P/2022/45 dated April 5, 2022, all individual bidders in initial public offerings (opening on or after May 1, 2022) whose application sizes are



up to ₹500,000 shall use the UPI Mechanism. This circular has come into force for initial public offers opening on or after May 1, 2022 and the provisions of this circular are deemed to form part of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Subsequently, pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2022/75 dated May 30, 2022, applications made using the ASBA facility in initial public offerings (opening on or after September 01, 2022) shall be processed only after application monies are blocked in the bank accounts of investors (all categories).

The BRLM shall be the nodal entity for any issues arising out of the public issuance process. In terms of Regulation 23(5) and Regulation 52 of SEBI ICDR Regulations, the timelines and processes mentioned in SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2019/133 dated November 8, 2019 shall continue to form part of the agreements being signed between the intermediaries involved in the public issuance process and lead manager shall continue to coordinate with intermediaries involved in the said process.

Our Company and the Syndicate do not accept any responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information stated in this section and the General Information Document and are not liable for any amendment, modification or change in the applicable law which may occur after the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Bidders are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Bids are submitted in accordance with applicable laws and do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in the Red Herring Prospectus.

Further, our Company and the Syndicate are not liable for any adverse occurrences consequent to the implementation of the UPI Mechanism for application in this Issue.

BOOK BUILDING PROCEDURE

The Issue is being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR through the Book Building Process in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations wherein not more than 50% of the Issue shall be available for allocation to QIBs on a proportionate basis, provided that our Company in consultation with the BRLM, may allocate up to 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, of which one-third shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Issue Price. In the event of under- subscription, or non-allocation in the Anchor Investor Portion, the balance Equity Shares shall be added to the QIB Portion. Further, 5% of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis only to Mutual Funds, and the remainder of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIBs (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price. Further, not less than 15% of the Issue shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Bidders of which one-third shall be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size more than ₹ 2.00 lakhs to ₹ 10.00 lakhs and two-thirds shall be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 10.00 lakhs in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and not less than 35% of the Issue shall be available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Issue Price.

Under-subscription, if any, in any category, except in the QIB Portion, would be allowed to be met with spill over from any other category or combination of categories of Bidders at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the BRLM and the Designated Stock Exchange subject to receipt of valid Bids received at or above the Issue Price. However, under subscription, if any, in the QIB Portion will not



be allowed to be met with spill over from other categories or a combination of categories.

The Equity Shares, on Allotment, shall be traded only in the dematerialized mode on the platform of the Stock Exchanges.

Bidders should note that the Equity Shares will be Allotted to all successful Bidders only in dematerialized form. The Bid cum Application Forms which do not have the details of the Bidders' depository account, including DP ID, Client ID, PAN, and UPI ID (for Retail Individual Bidders Bidding through the UPI Mechanism), shall be treated as incomplete and will be rejected. Bidders will not have the option of being Allotted Equity Shares in physical form. However, they may get the Equity Shares rematerialized subsequent to Allotment of the Equity Shares in the Issue, in compliance with Applicable Law.

PHASED IMPLEMENTATION OF UPI MECHANISM

SEBI has issued the SEBI UPI Circulars in relation to streamlining the process of public issue of, among others, equity shares. Pursuant to the SEBI UPI Circulars, the UPI Mechanism has been introduced in a phased manner as a payment mechanism (in addition to mechanism of blocking funds in the account maintained with SCSBs under ASBA) for applications by UPI Bidders through Designated Intermediaries with the objective to reduce the time duration from public issue closure to listing from six Working Days to up to three Working Days. Considering the time required for making necessary changes to the systems and to ensure complete and smooth transition to the UPI payment mechanism, the SEBI UPI Circulars have introduced the UPI Mechanism in three phases in the following manner:

Phase I: This phase was applicable from January 1, 2019 until March 31, 2019 or floating of five main board public issues, whichever was later. Subsequently, the timeline for implementation of Phase I was extended till June 30, 2019. Under this phase, a Retail Individual Bidder had the option to submit the ASBA Form with any of the Designated Intermediary and use his/her UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds. The time duration from public issue closure to listing continued to be six Working Days.

Phase II: This phase has become applicable from July 1, 2019 and was to initially continue for a period of three months or floating of five main board public issues, whichever is later. SEBI, vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2019/133 dated November 8, 2019, has decided to extend the timeline for implementation of UPI Phase II until March 31, 2020. Subsequently, SEBI, vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2020/50 dated March 30, 2020, extended the timeline for implementation of UPI Phase II until sphase, submission of the ASBA Form by UPI Bidders through Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) to SCSBs for blocking of funds has been discontinued and replaced by the UPI Mechanism. However, the time duration from public issue closure to listing continues to be six Working Days during this phase.

Phase III: The commencement of this phase is yet to be notified by SEBI. In this phase, the time duration from public issue closure to listing would be reduced to three Working Days. Accordingly, upon commencement of Phase III, the reduced time duration shall be applicable for the Issue.

Pursuant to the UPI Circular, SEBI has set out specific requirements for redressal of investor grievances for applications that have been made through the UPI Mechanism. The requirements of the UPI Circular include, appointment of a nodal officer by the SCSB and submission of their details to SEBI, the requirement for SCSBs to send SMS alerts for the blocking and unblocking of UPI mandates, the



requirement for the Registrar to submit details of cancelled, withdrawn or deleted applications, and the requirement for the bank accounts of unsuccessful Bidders to be unblocked no later than one day from the date on which the Basis of Allotment is finalised. Failure to unblock the accounts within the timeline would result in the SCSBs being penalised under the relevant securities law. Additionally, if there is any delay in the redressal of investors' complaints in this regard, the relevant SCSB as well as the post – Issue BRLM will be required to compensate the concerned investor.

The Issue will be made under UPI Phase II of the SEBI UPI Circulars, unless UPI Phase III of the SEBI UPI Circulars becomes effective and applicable on or prior to the Bid/ Issue Opening Date. If the Issue is made under UPI Phase III of the SEBI UPI Circulars, the same will be advertised in all editions of [•], the English national newspaper, all editions of [•], the Hindi national newspaper and [•] editions of [•], the Regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation, on or prior to the Bid/ Issue Opening Date and such advertisement shall also be made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their websites.

All SCSBs offering facility of making application in public issues shall also provide facility to make application using UPI. Our Company will be required to appoint one of the SCSBs as a sponsor bank to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and NPCI in order to facilitate collection of requests and/or payment instructions of the UPI Bidders using the UPI.

The processing fees for applications made by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks make an application as prescribed in Annexure I of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 and provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021.

Further, pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45 dated April 5, 2022, all UPI Bidders applying in public issues where the application amount is up to ₹500,000 shall use the UPI Mechanism and shall also provide their UPI ID in the Bid cum Application Form submitted with any of the entities mentioned herein below:

- i. a Syndicate Member;
- ii. a stock broker registered with a recognised stock exchange (and whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity);
- iii. a Depository Participant (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity);
- iv. a registrar to an issue and share transfer agent (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity).

For further details, refer to the General Information Document available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the Book Running Lead Manager.

BID CUM APPLICATION FORM

Copies of the Bid cum Application Form (other than for Anchor Investors) and the Abridged Prospectus will be available with the Designated Intermediaries at relevant Bidding Centres and at the Registered Office. The electronic copy of the Bid cum Application Forms will also be available for download on the



websites of NSE (www.nseindia.com) and BSE (www.bseindia.com) at least one day prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date.

For Anchor Investors, the Bid cum Application Forms will be available at the offices of the Book Running Lead Manager. Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) must compulsorily use the ASBA process to participate in the Issue. Anchor Investors are not permitted to participate in this Issue through the ASBA process.

All ASBA Bidders must provide either, (i) bank account details and authorisation to block funds in the ASBA Form, or (ii) the UPI ID (in case of UPI Bidders), as applicable, in the relevant space provided in the ASBA Form and the ASBA Forms that do not contain such details will be rejected. Applications made by the UPI Bidders using third party bank account or using third party linked bank account UPI ID are liable for rejection.

UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism must provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Bid cum Application Form. Bid cum Application Forms that do not contain the UPI ID are liable to be rejected. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism may also apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications using the UPI handles as provided on the website of SEBI.

Further, Bidders shall ensure that the Bids are submitted at the Bidding Centres only on Bid cum Application Forms bearing the stamp of a Designated Intermediary (except in case of electronic Bid cum Application Forms) and Bid cum Application Forms not bearing such specified stamp maybe liable for rejection.

ASBA Bidders are also required to ensure that the ASBA Account has sufficient credit balance as an amount equivalent to the full Bid Amount which can be blocked by the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank(s), as applicable, at the time of submitting the Bid. In order to ensure timely information to investors, SCSBs are required to send SMS alerts to investors intimating them about Bid Amounts blocked/ unblocked including details as prescribed in Annexure II of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022.

The prescribed colour of the Bid cum Application Forms for various categories is as follows:

Category	Colour of Bid cum Application Form ⁽¹⁾
Resident Indians, including resident QIBs, Non-Institutional Bidders, Retail Individual Bidders and Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis ⁽²⁾	[•]
Eligible NRIs, FVCIs, FPIs and registered bilateral and multilateral institutions applying on a repatriation basis ⁽²⁾	[•]
Anchor Investors ⁽³⁾	[•]

⁽¹⁾ Excluding electronic Bid cum Application Forms

⁽²⁾ Electronic Bid cum Application forms and the abridged prospectus will also be available for download on the website of NSE (<u>www.nseindia.com</u>) and BSE (<u>www.bseindia.com</u>).

⁽³⁾ Bid cum Application Forms for Anchor Investors shall be available at the offices of BRLM.

In case of ASBA Forms, the relevant Designated Intermediaries shall upload the relevant Bid details (including UPI ID in case of ASBA Forms under the UPI Mechanism) in the electronic bidding system of the Stock Exchanges. Subsequently, for ASBA Forms (other than UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism),



Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) shall submit/ deliver the ASBA Forms to the respective SCSB where the Bidder has an ASBA bank account and shall not submit it to any non-SCSB bank or any Escrow Collection Bank. Stock Exchanges shall validate the electronic bids with the records of the CDP for DP ID/Client ID and PAN, on a real time basis and bring inconsistencies to the notice of the relevant Designated Intermediaries, for rectification and re-submission within the time specified by Stock Exchanges. Stock Exchanges shall allow modification of either DP ID/Client ID or PAN ID, bank code and location code in the Bid details already uploaded.

For UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, the Stock Exchanges shall share the Bid details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Bank to initiate UPI Mandate Request to UPI Bidders for blocking of funds. The Sponsor Bank shall initiate request for blocking of funds through NPCI to UPI Bidders, who shall accept the UPI Mandate Request for blocking of funds on their respective mobile applications associated with UPI ID linked bank account. The NPCI shall maintain an audit trail for every Bid entered in the Stock Exchanges bidding platform, and the liability to compensate UPI Bidders (Bidding through UPI Mechanism) in case of failed transactions shall be with the concerned entity (i.e. the Sponsor Bank, NPCI or the issuer bank) at whose end the lifecycle of the transaction has come to a halt. The NPCI shall share the audit trail of all disputed transactions/ investor complaints to the Sponsor Bank and the issuer bank. The Sponsor Bank and the Bankers to the Issue shall provide the audit trail to the Book Running Lead Manager for analysing the same and fixing liability.

The Sponsor Bank will undertake a reconciliation of Bid responses received from Stock Exchanges and sent to NPCI and will also ensure that all the responses received from NPCI are sent to the Stock Exchanges platform with detailed error code and description, if any. Further, the Sponsor Bank will undertake reconciliation of all Bid requests and responses throughout their lifecycle on daily basis and share reports with the Book Running Lead Manager in the format and within the timelines as specified under the SEBI UPI Circulars. Sponsor Bank and issuer banks shall download UPI settlement files and raw data files from the NPCI portal after every settlement cycle and do a three way reconciliation with Banks UPI switch data, CBS data and UPI raw data. NPCI is to coordinate with issuer banks and Sponsor Bank(s) on a continuous basis.

For all pending UPI Mandate Requests, the Sponsor Bank shall initiate requests for blocking of funds in the ASBA Accounts of relevant Bidders with a confirmation cut-off time of 12:00 pm on the first Working Day after the Bid/ Issue Closing Date ("**Cut-Off Time**"). Accordingly, UPI Bidders Bidding using through the UPI Mechanism should accept UPI Mandate Requests for blocking off funds prior to the Cut-Off Time and all pending UPI Mandate Requests at the Cut-Off Time shall lapse.

The Sponsor Bank shall host a web portal for intermediaries (closed user group) from the date of Bid/ Issue Opening Date till the date of listing of the Equity Shares with details of statistics of mandate blocks/unblocks, performance of apps and UPI handles, down-time/network latency (if any) across intermediaries and any such processes having an impact/bearing on the Issue Bidding process.

Further, Intermediaries shall retain physical bid cum application forms submitted by Retail Individual Bidders with UPI as a payment mechanism, for a period of six months and thereafter forward the same to the issuer/ Registrar to the Issue. However, in case of electronic forms, "**printouts**" of such Bids need not be retained or sent to the issuer. Intermediaries shall, at all times, maintain the electronic records relating to such forms for a minimum period of three years



ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION OF BIDS

- a) The Designated Intermediary may register the Bids using the on-line facilities of the Stock Exchanges. The Designated Intermediaries can also set up facilities for off-line electronic registration of Bids, subject to the condition that they may subsequently upload the off-line data file into the on-line facilities for Book Building on a regular basis before the closure of the Issue.
- b) On the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, the Designated Intermediaries may upload the Bids till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchanges and as disclosed in the Red Herring Prospectus.
- c) Only Bids that are uploaded on the Stock Exchanges Platform are considered for allocation/Allotment. The Designated Intermediaries are given till 1:00 pm on the next Working Day following the Bid/ Issue Closing Date to modify select fields uploaded in the Stock Exchange Platform during the Bid/ Issue Period after which the Stock Exchange(s) send the bid information to the Registrar to the Issue for further processing

The Equity Shares offered in the Issue have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any other applicable law of the United States and, unless so registered, may not be Issued or sold within the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, the Equity Shares are being issued and sold outside the United States in offshore transactions as defined and in compliance with Regulation S and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those issues and sales are made.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be issued or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

Important Information for Investors – Eligibility and Transfer Restrictions

Until the expiry of 40 days after the commencement of the Issue, an Issue or sale of the Equity Shares within the United States by a dealer (whether or not it is participating in the Issue) may violate the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act, unless made pursuant to available exemptions from the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and in accordance with applicable securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States. The Equity Shares have not been recommended by any U.S. federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, the foregoing authorities have not confirmed the accuracy or determined the adequacy of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or approved or disapproved the Equity Shares. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence in the United States. In making an investment decision investor must rely on their own examination of our Company and the terms of the Issue, including the merits and risks involved.

Eligible Investors

The Equity Shares are being issued and sold outside the United States, in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those issues and sales occur and who are deemed to have made the representations set forth immediately below.

Each purchaser that is acquiring the Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Issue outside the United States,



by a declaration included in the Bid cum Application Form and its acceptance of the Red Herring Prospectus and of the Equity Shares issued pursuant to the issue, will be deemed to have acknowledged, represented and warranted to and agreed with our Company and the BRLM that it has received a copy of the Red Herring Prospectus and such other information as it deems necessary to make an informed investment decision and that:

- 1. the purchaser is authorized to consummate the purchase of the Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Issue in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations;
- the purchaser acknowledges that the Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and accordingly may not be Issued or sold within the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act;
- 3. the purchaser is purchasing the Equity Shares issued pursuant to the issue in an offshore transaction meeting the requirements of Rule 903 of Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act;
- 4. the purchaser is not an affiliate of our Company or a person acting on behalf of an affiliate;
- 5. the purchaser agrees that neither the purchaser, nor any of its affiliates, nor any person acting on behalf of the purchaser or any of its affiliates, will make any "directed selling efforts" as defined in Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act in the United States with respect to the Equity Shares;
- 6. is not acquiring the Equity Shares as a result of any "directed selling efforts" (within the meaning of Rule 902(c) under the U.S. Securities Act);
- 7. the purchaser acknowledges that our Company, the BRLM, their respective affiliates and others will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements and agrees that, if any of such acknowledgements, representations and agreements deemed to have been made by virtue of its purchase of such Equity Shares are no longer accurate, it will promptly notify our Company, and if it is acquiring any of such Equity Shares as a fiduciary or agent for one or more accounts, it represents that it has sole investment discretion with respect to each such account and that it has full power to make the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements on behalf of such account.

PARTICIPATION BY THE PROMOTERS, THE MEMBERS OF THE PROMOTER GROUP, THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER, THE SYNDICATE MEMBER(S) AND PERSONS RELATED TO THE PROMOTERS/THE MEMBERS OF THE PROMOTER GROUP/THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGER

The Book Running Lead Manager and the Syndicate Members shall not be allowed to purchase the Equity Shares in any manner, except towards fulfilling their underwriting obligations. However, the respective associates and affiliates of the Book Running Lead Manager and the Syndicate Members may purchase Equity Shares in the Issue, either in the QIB Category, where the allocation is on a proportionate basis, or the Non-Institutional Category, as may be applicable to such Bidders, and such subscription may be on their own account or on behalf of their clients. All categories of investors, including respective associates or affiliates of the Book Running Lead Manager and Syndicate Members, shall be treated equally for the purpose of allocation to be made on a proportionate basis.



Except as stated below, neither the Book Running Lead Manager nor any associate of the Book Running Lead Manager can apply in the Issue under the Anchor Investor Portion:

- (i) mutual funds sponsored by entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Manager;
- (ii) insurance companies promoted by entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Manager;
- (iii) AIFs sponsored by the entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Manager; or
- (iv) FPIs (other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices) sponsored by the entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Manager.

Further, the Promoters and members of the Promoter Group shall not participate by applying for Equity Shares in the Issue. Further, persons related to the Promoters and the member of the Promoter Group shall not apply in the Issue under the Anchor Investor Portion.

However, a QIB who has any of the following rights in relation to our Company shall be deemed to be a person related to the Promoters or the members of the Promoter Group of our Company:

- (i) rights under a shareholders' agreement or voting agreement entered into with the Promoters or the members of the Promoter Group of our Company;
- (ii) veto rights; or
- (iii) right to appoint any nominee director on the Board.

Further, an Anchor Investor shall be deemed to be an "associate of the Book Running Lead Manager" if:

- (i) either of them controls, directly or indirectly through its subsidiary or holding company, not less than 15% of the voting rights in the other; or
- (ii) either of them, directly or indirectly, by itself or in combination with other persons, exercises control over the other; or
- (iii) there is a common director, excluding nominee director, among the Anchor Investors and the Book Running Lead Manager.

BIDS BY MUTUAL FUNDS

With respect to Bids by Mutual Funds, a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be lodged along with the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserve the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof, subject to applicable law.

Bids made by asset management companies or custodians of Mutual Funds shall specifically state names of the concerned schemes for which such Bids are made.

In case of a Mutual Fund, a separate Bid can be made in respect of each scheme of the Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and such Bids in respect of more than one scheme of the Mutual Fund will not be treated as multiple Bids provided that the Bids clearly indicate the scheme concerned for which such Bid has been made.



No Mutual Fund scheme shall invest more than 10% of its NAV in equity shares or equity-related instruments of any single company, provided that the limit of 10% shall not be applicable for investments in case of index funds or sector or industry specific schemes. No Mutual Fund under all its schemes should own more than 10% of any company's paid-up share capital carrying voting rights.

BIDS BY ELIGIBLE NRIS

Eligible NRIs Bidding on non-repatriation basis are advised to use the Bid cum Application Form for residents ([•] in colour). Eligible NRIs Bidding on a repatriation basis are advised to use the Bid cum Application Form meant for Non-Residents ([•] in colour). Only Bids accompanied by payment in Indian Rupees or freely convertible foreign exchange will be considered for Allotment. Eligible NRIs may obtain copies of Bid cum Application Form from the Designated Intermediaries.

Eligible NRI Bidders Bidding on a repatriation basis by using the Non-Resident Forms should authorise their SCSB (if they are Bidding directly through the SCSB) or confirm or accept the UPI Mandate Request (in case of UPI Bidders Bidding through the UPI Mechanism) to block their Non-Resident External ("**NRE**") accounts, or Foreign Currency Non-Resident ("**FCNR**") Accounts, and Eligible NRI Bidders Bidding on a non-repatriation basis by using Resident Forms should authorise their respective SCSBs (if they are Bidding directly through SCSB) or confirm or accept the UPI Mandate Request (in case of UPI Bidders Bidding through the UPI Mandate Request (in case of UPI Bidders Bidding directly through SCSB) or confirm or accept the UPI Mandate Request (in case of UPI Bidders Bidding through the UPI Mechanism) to block their Non-Resident Ordinary ("**NRO**") accounts for the full Bid Amount, at the time of the submission of the Bid cum Application Form.

In accordance with the FEMA Rules, the total holding by any individual NRI, on a repatriation basis, shall not exceed 5% of the total paid-up equity capital on a fully diluted basis or shall not exceed 5% of the paid-up value of each series of debentures or preference shares or share warrants issued by an Indian company and the total holdings of all NRIs and OCIs put together shall not exceed 10% of the total paid-up equity capital on a fully diluted basis or shall not exceed 10% of the total paid-up equity capital on a fully diluted basis or shall not exceed 10% of the paid-up value of each series of debentures or preference shares or share warrant. Provided that the aggregate ceiling of 10% may be raised to 24% if a special resolution to that effect is passed by the general body of the Indian company.

Eligible NRIs will be permitted to apply in the Issue through Channel I or Channel II (as specified in the SEBI UPI Circulars). Further, subject to applicable law, Eligible NRIs may use Channel IV (as specified in the SEBI UPI Circulars) to apply in the Issue, provided the UPI facility is enabled for their NRE/NRO accounts.

For details of restrictions on investment by NRIs, see "*Restrictions on Foreign Ownership of Indian Securities*" on page 377.

Participation of Eligible NRIs in the Issue shall be subject to the FEMA Rules.

BIDS BY HUFS

Bids by HUFs, should be made in the individual name of the Karta. The Bidder/Applicant should specify that the Bid is being made in the name of the HUF in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form as follows: "Name of sole or First Bidder/Applicant: XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through XYZ, where XYZ is the name of the Karta". Bids/Applications by HUFs will be considered at par with Bids/Applications from individuals.



BIDS BY FPIS

In terms of the SEBI FPI Regulations, the investment in Equity Shares by a single FPI or an investor group (which means multiple entities registered as FPIs and directly or indirectly having common ownership of more than 50% or common control) must be below 10% of the post- Issue Equity Share capital. Further, in terms of the FEMA Rules, the total holding by each FPI or an investor group shall be below 10% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company. With effect from April 1, 2020, the aggregate limit by FPIs shall be the sectoral caps applicable to the Indian company as prescribed in the FEMA Rules with respect to its paid-up equity capital on a fully diluted basis. While the aggregate limit as provided above could have been decreased by the concerned Indian companies to a lower threshold limit of 24% or 49% or 74% as deemed fit, with the approval of its board of directors and its shareholders through a resolution and a special resolution, respectively before March 31, 2020, our Company has not decreased such limit and accordingly the applicable limit with respect to our Company is 100%. In terms of the FEMA Rules, for calculating the aggregate holding of FPIs in a company, holding of all registered FPIs shall be included.

In case of Bids made by FPIs, a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued under the SEBI FPI Regulations is required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing which our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason. FPIs who wish to participate in the Issue are advised to use the Bid cum Application Form for Non- Residents ([•] in colour).

A FPI may purchase or sell equity shares of an Indian company which is listed or to be listed on a recognised stock exchange in India, and/or may purchase or sell securities other than equity instruments.

FPIs are permitted to participate in the Issue subject to compliance with conditions and restrictions which may be specified by the Government from time to time.

To ensure compliance with the applicable limits, SEBI, pursuant to its circular dated July 13, 2018, has directed that at the time of finalisation of the Basis of Allotment, the Registrar to the Issue shall (i) use the PAN issued by the Income Tax Department of India for checking compliance for a single FPI, and (ii) obtain validation from Depositories for the FPIs who have invested in the Issue to ensure there is no breach of the investment limit, within the timelines for issue procedure, as prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Subject to compliance with all applicable Indian laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals in terms of Regulation 21 of the SEBI FPI Regulations, an FPI, may issue, subscribe to or otherwise deal in offshore derivative instruments (as defined under the SEBI FPI Regulations as any instrument, by whatever name called, which is issued overseas by an FPI against securities held by it in India, as its underlying) directly or indirectly, only in the event (i) such offshore derivative instruments are issued only by persons registered as Category I FPIs, (ii) such offshore derivative instruments are issued only to persons eligible for registration as Category I FPIs, (iii) such offshore derivative instruments are issued after compliance with "know your client" norms, and (iv) such other conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

An FPI issuing offshore derivate instruments is also required to ensure that any transfer of offshore derivative instrument is made by, or on behalf of it subject to, among others, the following conditions:

(a) each offshore derivative instruments are transferred to persons subject to fulfilment of SEBI FPI Regulations; and



(b) prior consent of the FPI is obtained for such transfer, except when the persons to whom the offshore derivative instruments are to be transferred to are pre-approved by the FPI.

Further, Bids by following FPIs, submitted with the same PAN but with different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs may not be regarded as multiple Bids:

- FPIs which utilise the multi-investment manager ("**MIM**") structure.
- Offshore derivative instruments ("**ODI**") which have obtained separate FPI registration for ODI and proprietary derivative investments.
- Sub funds or separate class of investors with segregated portfolio who obtain separate FPI registration.
- FPI registrations granted at investment strategy level/sub fund level where a collective investment scheme or fund has multiple investment strategies/sub-funds with identifiable differences and managed by a single investment manager.
- Multiple branches in different jurisdictions of foreign bank registered as FPIs.
- Government and Government related investors registered as Category I FPIs.
- Entities registered as collective investment scheme having multiple share classes.

The Bids belonging to the aforesaid seven structures and having same PAN may be collated and identified as a single Bid in the Bidding process. The Equity Shares allotted in the Bid may be proportionately distributed to the applicant FPIs (with same PAN). In order to ensure valid Bids, FPIs making multiple Bids using the same PAN, and with different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs, are required to provide a confirmation along with each of their Bid cum Application Forms that the relevant FPIs making multiple Bids utilise any of the above-mentioned structures and indicate the name of their respective investment managers in such confirmation.

In the absence of such confirmation from the relevant FPIs, such multiple Bids shall be rejected.

BIDS BY SEBI REGISTERED AIFS, VCFS AND FVCIS

The SEBI AIF Regulations prescribe, among others, the investment restrictions on AIFs. Post the repeal of the SEBI VCF Regulations, the VCFs which have not re-registered as an AIF under the SEBI AIF Regulations shall continue to be regulated by the SEBI VCF Regulations until the existing fund or scheme managed by the fund is wound up and such fund shall not launch any new scheme after the notification of the SEBI AIF Regulations. The SEBI FVCI Regulations prescribe the investment restrictions on FVCIs.

Category I AIFs and Category II AIFs cannot invest more than 25% of the investible funds in one investee company directly or through investment in the units of other AIFs. A category III AIF cannot invest more than 10% of the investible funds in one investee company directly or through investment in the units of other AIFs. A VCF registered as a Category I AIF, as defined in the SEBI AIF Regulations, cannot invest more than one-third of its investible funds by way of subscription to an initial public offering of a venture capital undertaking.

The holding in any company by any individual VCF or FVCI registered with SEBI should not exceed 25% of the corpus of the VCF or FVCI. Further, VCFs and FVCIs can invest only up to 33.33% of the investible funds in various prescribed instruments, including in initial public offerings.

Further, the shareholding of VCFs, Category I AIFs or Category II AIFs and FVCIs in a company prior to an



initial public offering being undertaken by such company, shall be exempt from lock-in requirements, provided that such equity shares shall be locked in for a period of at least six months from the date of purchase by the VCF or AIF or FVCI. However, if such VCFs, Category I AIFs or Category II AIFs and FVCIs hold individually or with persons acting in concert, more than 20% of the pre- Issue shareholding of such company, this exemption from lock-in requirements will not be applicable.

There is no reservation for Eligible NRIs, AIFs, FPIs and FVCIs. All such Bidders will be treated on the same basis with other categories for the purpose of allocation. Participation of VCFs, AIFs or FVCIs in the Issue shall be subject to the FEMA Rules.

All non-resident investors should note that refunds (in case of Anchor Investors), dividends and other distributions, if any, will be payable in Indian Rupees only and net of bank charges and commission.

Our Company or the Book Running Lead Manager will not be responsible for loss, if any, incurred by the Bidder on account of conversion of foreign currency.

BIDS BY LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIPS

In case of Bids made by limited liability partnerships registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company in consultation with the BRLM reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof.

BIDS BY BANKING COMPANIES

In case of Bids made by banking companies registered with RBI, certified copies of: (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, and (ii) the approval of such banking company's investment committee are required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing which our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason.

The investment limit for banking companies in non-financial services companies as per the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, as amended, ("**Banking Regulation Act**"), and the Master Directions - Reserve Bank of India (Financial Services provided by Banks) Directions, 2016, as amended, is 10% of the paid-up share capital of the investee company, not being its subsidiary engaged in non-financial services, or 10% of the banking company's paid-up share capital and reserves, whichever is lower.

However, a banking company would be permitted to invest in excess of 10% but not exceeding 30% of the paid up share capital of such investee company if (i) the investee company is engaged in non-financial activities permitted for banking companies in terms of Section 6(1) of the Banking Regulation Act, (ii) the additional acquisition is through restructuring of debt, or to protect the banking company's interest on loans/investments made to a company, (iii) hold along with its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures or entities directly or indirectly controlled by the bank, and mutual funds managed by asset management companies controlled by the bank, more than 20% of the investee company's paid up share capital engaged in non-financial services. However, this cap does not apply to the cases mentioned in (i) and (ii) above.



Further, the aggregate investment by a banking company in all its subsidiaries and other entities engaged in financial services and non-financial services, including overseas investments, cannot exceed 20% of the banking company's paid up share capital and reserves.

The banking company is required to submit a time-bound action plan for disposal of such shares within a specified period to RBI. A banking company would require a prior approval of RBI to make (i) investment in a subsidiary or a financial services company that is not a subsidiary (with certain exceptions prescribed), and (ii) investment in a non-financial services company in excess of 10% of such investee company's paid-up share capital as stated in para 5(a)(v)(c)(i) of the Reserve Bank of India (Financial Services provided by Banks) Directions, 2016, as amended.

BIDS BY SCSBS

SCSBs participating in the Issue are required to comply with the terms of the circulars dated September 13, 2012 and January 2, 2013 issued by SEBI. Such SCSBs are required to ensure that for making applications on their own account using ASBA, they should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSBs. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for such Bids.

BIDS BY INSURANCE COMPANIES

In case of Bids made by insurance companies registered with the IRDA, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDAI must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof. The exposure norms for insurers are prescribed under Regulation 9 of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (Investment) Regulations, 2016 ("**IRDAI Investment Regulations**"), and are based on investments in the equity shares of a company, the entire group of the investee company and the industry sector in which the investee company operates. Bidders are advised to refer to the IRDAI Investment Regulations 2016, as amended, which are broadly set forth below:

- (a) equity shares of a company: the lower of 10%* of the outstanding equity shares (face value) or 10% of the respective fund in case of life insurer or 10% of investment assets in case of general insurer or reinsurer;
- (b) the entire group of the investee company: not more than 15% of the respective fund in case of a life insurer or 15% of investment assets in case of a general insurer or reinsurer or 15% of the investment assets in all companies belonging to the group, whichever is lower; and
- (c) the industry sector in which the investee company operates: not more than 15% of the fund of a life insurer or a general insurer or a reinsurer or 15% of the investment asset, whichever is lower.

The maximum exposure limit, in the case of an investment in equity shares, cannot exceed the lower of an amount of 10% of the investment assets of a life insurer or general insurer and the amount calculated under (a), (b) and (c) above, as the case may be.

*The above limit of 10% shall stand substituted as 15% of outstanding equity shares (face value) for insurance companies with investment assets of \gtrless 2,50,00,000 lakhs or more and 12% of outstanding equity shares (face value) for insurers with investment assets of \gtrless 50,00,000 lakhs or more but less than $\end{Bmatrix}$ 2,50,00,000 lakhs.



Insurance companies participating in this Issue shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by IRDAI, from time to time, including the IRDAI Investment Regulations for specific investment limits applicable to them.

BIDS BY SYSTEMICALLY IMPORTANT NON-BANKING FINANCIAL COMPANIES

In case of Bids made by NBFC-SI, a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued by RBI, a certified copy of its last audited financial statements on a standalone basis and a net worth certificate from its statutory auditor(s), must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right to reject any Bid, without assigning any reason thereof. NBFC-SI participating in the Issue shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by RBI from time to time.

The investment limit for Systemically Important NBFCs shall be as prescribed by RBI from time to time.

In accordance with existing regulations issued by the RBI, OCBs cannot participate in this Issue.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Bidders. Our Company and the BRLM are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Bidders are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that any single Bid from them does not exceed the applicable investment limits or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or regulation or as specified in the Red Herring Prospectus.

BIDS UNDER POWER OF ATTORNEY

In case of Bids made pursuant to a power of attorney by limited companies, corporate bodies, registered societies, eligible FPIs, AIFs, Mutual Funds, insurance companies, NBFC-SI, insurance funds set up by the army, navy or air force of the India, insurance funds set up by the Department of Posts, India or the National Investment Fund and provident funds with a minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs (subject to applicable laws) and pension funds with a minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, along with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be lodged along with the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right to accept or reject any Bid in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

Our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, in their absolute discretion, reserve the right to relax the above condition of simultaneous lodging of the power of attorney along with the Bid cum Application Form, subject to such terms and conditions that our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, may deem fit.

BIDS BY PROVIDENT FUNDS/PENSION FUNDS

In case of Bids made by provident funds/pension funds, subject to applicable laws, with minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, a certified copy of certificate from a chartered accountant certifying the corpus of the provident fund/pension fund must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our



Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager, reserves the right to reject any Bid, without assigning any reason therefor.

BIDS BY ANCHOR INVESTORS

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in addition to details and conditions mentioned in this section the key terms for participation by Anchor Investors are provided below. Anchor Investor Application Forms will be made available for the Anchor Investor Portion at the offices of the Book Running Lead Manager.

Except for Mutual Funds, AIFs or FPIs (other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices) sponsored by entities which are associates of the Book Running Lead Manager or insurance companies promoted by entities which are associates of the Book Running Lead Manager, no Book Running Lead Manager or its respective associates can apply in the Issue under the Anchor Investor Portion.

Further, an Anchor Investor shall be deemed to be an "associate of the Book Running Lead Manager" if: (i) either of them controls, directly or indirectly through its subsidiary or holding company, not less than 15% of the voting rights in the other, or (ii) either of them, directly or indirectly, by itself or in combination with other persons, exercises control over the other, or (iii) there is a common director, excluding nominee director, among the Anchor Investors and the Book Running Lead Manager.

The Bid must be for a minimum of such number of Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 1000.00 lakhs. A Bid cannot be submitted for over 60% of the QIB Category. In case of a Mutual Fund, separate Bids by individual schemes of a Mutual Fund will be aggregated to determine the minimum application size of ₹ 1000.00 lakhs.

One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion will be reserved for allocation to domestic Mutual Funds. Bidding for Anchor Investors will open one Working Day before the Bid/ Issue Opening Date and will be completed on the same day. Our Company, in consultation with the BRLM may finalise allocation to the Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis, provided that the minimum number of Allottees in the Anchor Investor Portion will not be less than:

- (a) maximum of two Anchor Investors, where allocation under the Anchor Investor Portion is up to ₹ 1000.00 lakhs;
- (b) minimum of two and maximum of 15 Anchor Investors, where the allocation under the Anchor Investor Portion is more than ₹ 1000.00 lakhs but up to ₹ 25,000.00 lakhs, subject to a minimum Allotment of ₹ 500.00 lakhs per Anchor Investor; and
- (c) in case of allocation above ₹ 25,000.00 lakhs under the Anchor Investor Portion, a minimum of five such investors and a maximum of 15 Anchor Investors for allocation up to ₹ 25,000.00 lakhs, and an additional 10 Anchor Investors for every additional ₹ 25,000.00 lakhs, subject to minimum Allotment of ₹ 500.00 lakhs per Anchor Investor.

Allocation to Anchor Investors will be completed on the Anchor Investor Bidding Date. The number of Equity Shares allocated to Anchor Investors and the price at which the allocation is made, will be made available in the public domain by the BRLM before the Bid/ Issue Opening Date, through intimation to the Stock Exchanges.



Anchor Investors cannot withdraw or lower the size of their Bids at any stage after submission of the Bid. If the Issue Price is greater than the Anchor Investor Allocation Price, the additional amount being the difference between the Issue Price and the Anchor Investor Issue Price will be payable by the Anchor Investors on the Anchor Investor pay-in date specified in the CAN. If the Issue Price is lower than the Anchor Investor Issue Price, Allotment to successful Anchor Investors will be at the higher price.

50% of the Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors under the Anchor Investor Portion shall be lockedin for a period of 90 days from the date of Allotment and the remaining 50% shall be locked in for a period of 30 days from the date of Allotment.

Bids made by QIBs under both the Anchor Investor Portion and the QIB Category will not be considered multiple Bids.

INFORMATION FOR BIDDERS

The relevant Designated Intermediary will enter a maximum of three Bids at different price levels opted in the Bid cum Application Form and such options are not considered as multiple Bids. It is the Bidder's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgment slip from the relevant Designated Intermediary. The registration of the Bid by the Designated Intermediary does not guarantee that the Equity Shares shall be allocated/Allotted. Such acknowledgement slip will be non-negotiable and by itself will not create any obligation of any kind. When a Bidder revises his or her Bid, he /she shall surrender the earlier acknowledgement slip and may request for a revised acknowledgment slip from the relevant Designated Intermediary as proof of his or her having revised the previous Bid.

In relation to electronic registration of Bids, the permission given by the Stock Exchanges to use their network and software of the electronic bidding system should not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company and/or the Book Running Lead Manager are cleared or approved by the Stock Exchanges, nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of compliance with the statutory and other requirements, nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our Company, the management or any scheme or project of our Company, nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness of any of the contents of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, nor does it warrant that the Equity Shares will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchanges.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Please note that QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders are not permitted to withdraw their Bid(s) or lower the size of their Bid(s) (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. Retail Individual Bidders can revise their Bid(s) during the Bid/ Issue Period and withdraw their Bid(s) until Bid/ Issue Closing Date. Anchor Investors are not allowed to withdraw or lower the size of their Bids after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date.

Do's:

- 1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and under applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;
- 2. Ensure that you have Bid within the Price Band;



- 3. Ensure that you (other than the Anchor Investors) have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number (for all Bidders other than UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism) in the Bid cum Application Form and such ASBA account belongs to you and no one else. Further, UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism must also mention their UPI ID and shall use only their own bank account which is linked to their UPI ID;
- UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that the bank, with which they have their bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount are available for blocking is UPI 2.0 certified by NPCI before submitting the ASBA Form to any of the Designated Intermediaries;
- 5. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism through the SCSBs and mobile applications shall ensure that the name of the bank appears in the list of SCSBs which are live on UPI, as displayed on SEBI website. UPI bidders shall ensure that the name of the app and the UPI handle which is used for making the application appears on the list displayed on SEBI website. An application made using incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB or bank which is not mentioned on SEBI website is liable to be rejected;
- 6. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Bid cum Application Form in the prescribed form;
- 7. Ensure that the details about the PAN, DP ID, Client ID and UPI ID (where applicable) are correct and the Bidders depository account is active, as Allotment of the Equity Shares will be in dematerialised form only;
- 8. Ensure that your Bid cum Application Form bearing the stamp of a Designated Intermediary is submitted to the Designated Intermediary at the Bidding Centre within the prescribed time. UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism, may submit their ASBA Forms with Syndicate Members, Registered Brokers, CRTAs or CDPs and should ensure that the Bid cum Application Form contains the stamp of such Designated Intermediary;
- 9. In case of joint Bids, ensure that First Bidder is the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI-linked bank account holder, as the case may be) and the signature of the First Bidder is included in the Bid cum Application Form;
- 10. If the First Bidder is not the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI-linked bank account holder, as the case may be), ensure that the Bid cum Application Form is signed by the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI linked bank account holder, as the case may be). Bidders (except UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism) should ensure that they have an account with an SCSB and have mentioned the correct bank account number of that SCSB in the Bid cum Application Form. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism should ensure that they have mentioned the correct UPI Bidders Bidding using the uPI Mechanism should ensure that they have mentioned the correct UPI-linked bank account number and their correct UPI ID in the Bid cum Application Form;
- 11. All Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) should submit their Bids through the ASBA process only;
- 12. Ensure that the name(s) given in the Bid cum Application Form is/are exactly the same as the name(s) in which the beneficiary account is held with the Depository Participant. In case of joint Bids, the Bid cum Application Form should contain only the name of the First Bidder whose name should also appear as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names;
- 13. Ensure that you request for and receive a stamped acknowledgment in the form of a counterfoil or by specifying the application number for all your Bid options as proof of registration of the Bid cum Application Form from the concerned Designated Intermediary;
- 14. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account maintained with the SCSB before submitting the Bid cum Application Form under the ASBA process to any of the Designated Intermediaries;
- 15. Submit revised Bids to the same Designated Intermediary, through whom the original Bid is placed and obtain a revised acknowledgment;
- 16. Except for Bids (i) on behalf of the Central or State Governments and the officials appointed by the courts, who, in terms of a SEBI circular dated June 30, 2008, may be exempt from specifying their



PAN for transacting in the securities market, (ii) Bids by persons resident in the state of Sikkim, who, in terms of a SEBI circular dated July 20, 2006, may be exempted from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, and (iii) any other category of Bidders, including without limitation, multilateral/bilateral institutions, which may be exempted from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, all Bidders should mention their PAN allotted under the IT Act. The exemption for the Central or the State Government and officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same. All other applications in which PAN is not mentioned will be rejected;

- 17. Ensure that the Demographic Details are updated, true and correct in all respects;
- 18. Ensure that thumb impressions and signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India are attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal;
- 19. Ensure that the category and the investor status is indicated in the Bid cum Application Form to ensure proper upload of your Bid in the electronic Bidding system of the Stock Exchanges;
- 20. Ensure that in case of Bids under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporates, trust etc., relevant documents, including a copy of the power of attorney, are submitted;
- 21. Ensure that Bids submitted by any person outside India should be in compliance with applicable foreign and Indian laws;
- 22. Bidders (except UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism) should instruct their respective banks to release the funds blocked in the ASBA Account under the ASBA process. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism, should ensure that they approve the UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to application amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment, in a timely manner;
- 23. Note that in case the DP ID, Client ID and the PAN mentioned in their Bid cum Application Form and entered into the online IPO system of the Stock Exchanges by the relevant Designated Intermediary, as the case may be, do not match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database, then such Bids are liable to be rejected;
- 24. Ensure that while Bidding through a Designated Intermediary, the Bid cum Application Form (other than for Anchor Investors and Retail Individual Bidders) is submitted to a Designated Intermediary in a Bidding Centre and that the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediary to deposit ASBA Forms (a list of such branches is available on the website of SEBI at <u>www.sebi.gov.in</u>);
- 25. Ensure that you have correctly signed the authorisation/undertaking box in the Bid cum Application Form, or have otherwise provided an authorisation to the SCSB via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form at the time of submission of the Bid;
- 26. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that details of the Bid are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using their UPI PIN. Upon the authorisation of the mandate using their UPI PIN, the UPI Bidder may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the UPI Bidder Bidding using the UPI Mechanism in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Bid Amount and authorised the Sponsor Bank to issue a request to block the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid Cum Application Form in their ASBA Account;
- 27. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism should mention valid UPI ID of only the Bidder (in case of single account) and of the First Bidder (in case of joint account) in the Bid cum Application Form;



- 28. UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism, who have revised their Bids subsequent to making the initial Bid, should also approve the revised UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the revised Bid Amount in their account and subsequent debit of funds in case of allotment in a timely manner;
- 29. Bids by Eligible NRIs, HUFs and FPIs other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices, for a Bid Amount of less than ₹200,000 would be considered under the Retail Category for the purposes of allocation and Bids for a Bid Amount exceeding ₹200,000 would be considered under the Non-Institutional Category for allocation in the Issue;
- 30. Ensure that Anchor Investors submit their Bid cum Application Forms only to the Book Running Lead Manager;
- 31. Ensure that you have accepted the UPI Mandate Request received from the Sponsor Bank prior to 12:00 p.m. of the Working Day immediately after the Bid/ Issue Closing Date; and
- 32. FPIs making MIM Bids using the same PAN, and different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs, are required to submit a confirmation that their Bids are under the MIM structure and indicate the name of their investment managers in such confirmation which shall be submitted along with each of their Bid cum Application Forms. In the absence of such confirmation from the relevant FPIs, such MIM Bids shall be rejected.

Don'ts:

- 1. Do not Bid for lower than the minimum Bid size;
- 2. Do not Bid for a Bid Amount exceeding ₹200,000 (for Bids by RIIs) and ₹500,000, net of Employee Discount, if any (for Bids by Eligible Employees);
- 3. Do not Bid/revise Bid Amount to less than the Floor Price or higher than the Cap Price;
- 4. Do not Bid on another Bid cum Application Form after you have submitted a Bid to a Designated Intermediary;
- 5. Do not pay the Bid Amount in cash, by money order, cheques or demand drafts or by postal order or by stock invest;
- 6. Do not send Bid cum Application Forms by post; instead submit the same to the Designated Intermediary only;
- 7. Anchor Investors should not Bid through the ASBA process;
- 8. Do not submit the Bid cum Application Forms to any non-SCSB bank or to our Company or at a location other than the Bidding Centres;
- 9. Do not Bid on a physical Bid cum Application Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary;
- 10. Do not Bid at Cut-off Price (for Bids by QIBs, Eligible Employees Bidding under the Employee Reservation Portion (subject to the Bid Amount being above ₹200,000) and Non-Institutional Bidders);
- 11. Do not fill up the Bid cum Application Form such that the Equity Shares Bid for exceeds the Issue size and/or investment limit or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations or under the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus;
- 12. Do not submit your Bid after 3.00 pm on the Bid/ Issue Closing Date;
- 13. If you are a QIB, do not submit your Bid after 3.00 p.m. on the QIB Bid/ Issue Closing Date;
- 14. Do not submit the General Index Register (GIR) number instead of the PAN;
- 15. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (where applicable) or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Issue;



- 16. Do not submit the Bid without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire Bid Amount are available for blocking in the relevant ASBA Account or in the case of UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism, in the UPI-linked bank account where funds for making the Bid are available;
- 17. Do not withdraw your Bid or lower the size of your Bid (in terms of quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage, if you are a QIB or a Non-Institutional Bidders. RIIs and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion can revise or withdraw their Bids on or before the Bid/ Issue Closing Date;
- 18. Do not submit Bids on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Bid cum Application Forms or on Bid cum Application Forms in a colour prescribed for another category of Bidder;
- 19. Do not link the UPI ID with a bank account maintained with a bank that is not UPI 2.0 certified by the NPCI in case of Bids submitted by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism;
- 20. Do not submit a Bid in case you are not eligible to acquire Equity Shares under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise;
- 21. Do not Bid if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (other than minors having valid depository accounts as per Demographic Details provided by the Depository);
- 22. Do not submit more than one Bid cum Application Form per ASBA Account. If you are a UPI Bidder and are using UPI Mechanism, do not submit more than one Bid cum Application Form for each UPI ID;
- 23. Do not submit a Bid using UPI ID, if you are not a UPI Bidder;
- 24. Do not submit a Bid cum Application Form with third party UPI ID or using a third party bank account (in case of Bids submitted by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism);
- 25. Do not submit ASBA Bids to a Designated Intermediary at a Bidding Centre unless the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained, as specified in the Bid cum Application Form, has named at least one branch in the relevant Bidding Centre, for the Designated Intermediary to deposit ASBA Forms (a list of such branches is available on the website of SEBI at <u>www.sebi.gov.in</u>);
- 26. Do not submit the ASBA Forms to any Designated Intermediary that is not authorised to collect the relevant ASBA Forms or to our Company;
- 27. Do not Bid for Equity Shares more than what is specified by respective Stock Exchange for each category;
- 28. Do not submit Bids to a Designated Intermediary at a location other than Specified Locations. If you are UPI Bidder and are using UPI Mechanism, do not submit the ASBA Form directly with SCSBs;
- 29. Do not Bid if you are an OCB; and
- 30. Do not instruct your respective banks to release the funds blocked in the ASBA Account under the ASBA process

The Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected if the above instructions, as applicable, are not complied with.

Further, in case of any pre- Issue or post- Issue related issues regarding share certificates/demat credit/refund orders/unblocking etc., investors shall reach out to the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer. For details of the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, see *"General Information"* on page 75.

GROUNDS FOR TECHNICAL REJECTIONS

In addition to the grounds for rejection of Bids on technical grounds as provided in the General Information Document, Bidders are requested to note that Bids may be rejected on the following additional technical grounds:



- 1) Bid submitted without instruction to the SCSB to block the entire Bid Amount;
- 2) Bids which do not contain details of the Bid Amount and the bank account or UPI ID (for RIBs using the UPI Mechanism) details in the ASBA Form;
- 3) Bids submitted on a plain paper;
- 4) Bids submitted by RIBs using the UPI Mechanism through an SCSB and/or using a Mobile App or UPI handle, not listed on the website of SEBI;
- 5) Bids under the UPI Mechanism submitted by RIBs using third party bank accounts or using a third party linked bank account UPI ID, subject to availability of information from the Sponsor Bank;
- 6) ASBA Form submitted to a Designated Intermediary does not bear the stamp of the Designated Intermediary;
- 7) Bids submitted without the signature of the First Bidder or sole Bidder;
- 8) The ASBA Form not being signed by the account holders, if the account holder is different from the Bidder;
- 9) Bids by persons for whom PAN details have not been verified and whose beneficiary accounts are "suspended for credit" in terms of SEBI circular (reference number: CIR/MRD/DP/ 22 /2010) dated July 29, 2010;
- 10) Bids by Retail Individual Bidders with Bid Amount for a value of more than ₹200,000 (net of retail discount);
- 11) GIR number furnished instead of PAN;
- 12) Bids by persons who are not eligible to acquire Equity Shares in terms of all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals; and
- 13) Bids accompanied by cheque(s), demand draft(s), stock invest, money order, postal order or cash and
- 14) Bids uploaded by QIBs after 4.00 pm on the QIB Bid/ Issue Closing Date and by Non-Institutional Bidders uploaded after 4.00 p.m. on the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, and Bids by RIBs uploaded after 5.00 p.m. on the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, unless extended by the Stock Exchanges.

In case of any delay in unblocking of amounts in the ASBA Accounts (including amounts blocked through the UPI Mechanism) exceeding four Working Days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, the Bidder shall be compensated in accordance with applicable law. Further, Investors shall be entitled to compensation in the manner specified in the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 in case of delays in resolving investor grievances in relation to blocking/unblocking of funds.



NAMES OF ENTITIES RESPONSIBLE FOR FINALIZING THE BASIS OF ALLOTMENT IN A FAIR AND PROPER MANNER

The authorised employees of the Stock Exchanges, along with the Book Running Lead Manager and the Registrar to the Issue, shall ensure that the Basis of Allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the procedure specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

METHOD OF ALLOTMENT AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY SEBI FROM TIME TO TIME

Our Company will not make any Allotment in excess of the Equity Shares Issued through the Issue except in case of oversubscription for the purpose of rounding off to make Allotment, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange. Further, upon oversubscription, an Allotment of not more than 1% of the Net Issue may be made for the purpose of making Allotment in minimum Bid Lots.

The Allotment of Equity Shares to applicants other than to the Retail Individual Bidders, Non-Institutional Investors and Anchor Investors shall be on a proportionate basis within the respective investor categories and the number of securities allotted shall be rounded off to the nearest integer, subject to minimum Allotment being equal to the minimum application size as, determined and disclosed.

The Allotment of Equity Shares to each Retail Individual Bidder and Non-Institutional Bidders shall not be less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to the availability of Equity Shares in the Retail Individual Bidder category and the Non-Institutional Category, respectively, and the remaining available Equity Shares, if any, shall be Allotted on a proportionate basis.

PAYMENT INTO ESCROW ACCOUNT(S) FOR ANCHOR INVESTORS

Our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager in their absolute discretion, will decide the list of Anchor Investors to whom the CAN will be sent, pursuant to which the details of the Equity Shares allocated to them in their respective names will be notified to such Anchor Investors. Anchor Investors are not permitted to Bid in the Issue through the ASBA process. Instead, Anchor Investors should transfer the Bid Amount (through direct credit, RTGS or NEFT). The payment instruments for payment into the Escrow Account should be drawn in favour of:

(i) In case of resident Anchor Investors: "[•]"
(ii) In case of non-resident Anchor Investors: "[•]"

Anchor Investors should note that the escrow mechanism is not prescribed by SEBI and has been established as an arrangement between our Company, the Syndicate, the Bankers to the Issue and the Registrar to the Issue to facilitate collections from Anchor Investors.

DEPOSITORY ARRANGEMENTS

The Allotment of the Equity Shares in the Issue shall be only in a dematerialized form, (i.e., not in the form of physical certificates but be fungible and be represented by the statement issued through the electronic mode). For more information, see chapter titled *"Terms of the Issue"* beginning on page 339.



PRE-ISSUE ADVERTISEMENT

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company will, after filing the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC, publish a pre- Issue advertisement, in the form prescribed by the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in in all editions of [•], the English national newspaper, all editions of [•], the Hindi national newspaper and [•] editions of [•], the Regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated). Our Company shall, in the pre- Issue advertisement state the Bid/ Issue Opening Date, the Bid/ Issue Closing Date and the QIB Bid/ Issue Closing Date. This advertisement, subject to the provisions of Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall be in the format prescribed in Part A of Schedule X of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

POST-ISSUE ADVERTISEMENT

Our Company, the BRLM and the Registrar to the Issue shall publish a post- Issue advertisement in terms of Regulation 51(1) of SEBI ICDR Regulations on or before the date of commencement of trading, disclosing the date of commencement of trading in in all editions of $[\bullet]$, the English national newspaper, all editions of $[\bullet]$, the Hindi national newspaper and $[\bullet]$ editions of $[\bullet]$, the Regional newspaper, (Hindi being the local language of Rajasthan, where our registered and corporate office is situated), each with wide circulation.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Bidders/applicants. Our Company and the members of the Syndicate are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Bidders/applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the number of Equity Shares Bid for do not exceed the prescribed limits under applicable laws or regulations.

SIGNING OF THE UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT AND THE FILING WITH THE ROC

Our Company intend to enter into an Underwriting Agreement with the Underwriters on or immediately after the determination of the Issue Price. After signing the Underwriting Agreement, the Company will file the Prospectus with the RoC. The Prospectus would have details of the Issue Price, Anchor Investor Issue Price, Issue size and underwriting arrangements and would be complete in all material respects.

IMPERSONATION

Attention of the applicants is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, which is reproduced below:

"Any person who-

- a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or



c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name

shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act, for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 10 Lakh or 1% of the turnover of the company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times such amount (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years.) Further, where the fraud involves an amount less than ₹ 10 Lakh or one per cent of the turnover of the company, whichever is lower, and does not involve public interest, any person guilty of such fraud shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years or with fine which may extend to ₹ 50 Lakh or with both.

UNDERTAKINGS BY OUR COMPANY

Our Company undertakes the following:

- (i) The complaints received in respect of the Issue shall be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;
- (ii) All steps will be taken for completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at all the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed within such timeline as may be prescribed by SEBI;
- (iii) Adequate arrangements shall be made to collect all Bid cum Application Forms;
- (iv) If the Allotment is not made within the prescribed time under applicable law, application monies will be refunded/unblocked in the ASBA Accounts within four days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date or such other time as may be specified by SEBI, failing which our Company shall pay interest prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations for the delayed period;
- (v) Funds required for making refunds to unsuccessful applicants as per the mode(s) disclosed shall be made available to the Registrar to the Issue by our Company;
- (vi) Where refunds (to the extent applicable) are made through electronic transfer of funds, a suitable communication shall be sent to the applicant within four days from the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, or such time period as specified by SEBI, giving details of the bank where refunds shall be credited along with amount and expected date of electronic credit of refund;
- (vii) No further issue of Equity Shares shall be made until the Equity Shares Issued through the Red Herring Prospectus are listed or until the Bid monies are refunded/unblocked in the ASBA Accounts on account of non-listing, under-subscription etc.;
- (viii) If our Company do not proceed with the Issue after the Bid/ Issue Closing Date but prior to Allotment, the reason thereof shall be given as a public notice within two days of the Bid/ Issue Closing Date. The public notice shall be issued in the same newspapers where the pre- Issue advertisements are published. The Stock Exchanges on which the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed shall also be informed promptly;
- (ix) If our Company withdraw the Issue after the Bid/ Issue Closing Date, our Company shall be required to file a fresh draft Issue document with SEBI, in the event our Company subsequently decides to proceed with the Issue;
- The Minimum Promoters' Contribution, if any, shall be brought in advance before the Bid/ Issue
 Opening Date and the balance, if any, shall be brought in on a pro rata basis before calls are made
 on the Allottees, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations;



- (xi) The allotment of securities/refund confirmation to Eligible NRIs shall be dispatched within specified time; and
- (xii) Our Company shall not have recourse to the Net Proceeds until the final approval for listing and trading of the Equity Shares from all the Stock Exchanges where listing is sought has been received.

UTILISATION OF ISSUE PROCEEDS

The Board certifies that:

- (i) all monies received out of the Fresh Issue shall be credited/transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in sub-Section (3) of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (ii) details of all monies utilised out of the Fresh Issue shall be disclosed, and continue to be disclosed till the time any part of the Fresh Issue proceeds remains unutilised, under an appropriate head in the balance sheet of our Company indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised; and
- (iii) details of all unutilised monies out of the Fresh Issue, if any shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in the balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.



RESTRICTIONS ON FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF INDIAN SECURITIES

Foreign investment in Indian securities is regulated through the Industrial Policy, 1991 of the Government of India and FEMA. While the Industrial Policy, 1991 prescribes the limits and the conditions subject to which foreign investment can be made in different sectors of the Indian economy, FEMA regulates the precise manner in which such investment may be made. Under the Industrial Policy, unless specifically restricted, foreign investment is freely permitted in all sectors of the Indian economy up to any extent and without any prior approvals, but the foreign investor is required to follow certain prescribed procedures for making such investment. The RBI and the concerned ministries/departments are responsible for granting approval for foreign investment.

The Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India, earlier known as Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion ("**DPIIT**") issued the Consolidated FDI Policy Circular of 2020 ("**FDI Policy**") by way of circular bearing number DPIIT file number 5(2)/2020-FDIPolicy dated October 15, 2020, which with effect from October 15, 2020, consolidates and supersedes all previous press notes, press releases and clarifications on FDI issued by the DPIIT that were in force and effect as on October15, 2020. The FDI Policy will be valid until the DPIIT issues an updated circular. FDI in companies engaged in sectors/ activities which are not listed in the FDI Policy is permitted up to 100% of the paid up share capital of such company under the automatic route, subject to compliance with certain prescribed conditions.

The transfer of shares between an Indian resident and a non-resident does not require the prior approval of the RBI, provided that (i) the activities of the investee company are under the automatic route under the FDI Policy and transfer does not attract the provisions of the Takeover Regulations; (ii) the non-resident shareholding is within the sectoral limits under the FDI Policy; and (iii) the pricing is in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the SEBI/RBI. For further details of the aggregate limit for investments by NRIs and FPIs in our Company, please see *"Issue Procedure"* on page 351.

As per the existing policy of the Government of India, OCBs cannot participate in this Issue. For further details, see the chapter titled *"Issue Procedure"* beginning on page 351.

Further, in accordance with Press Note No. 3 (2020 Series), dated April 17, 2020 issued by the DPIIT and the FEMA Non-Debt Instruments Rules, any investment, subscription, purchase or sale of equity instruments by entities of a country which shares land border with India or where the beneficial owner of an investment into India is situated in or is a citizen of any such country, will require prior approval of the Government of India, as prescribed in the FDI Policy and the FEMA Non-Debt Instruments Rules. Further, in the event of transfer of ownership of any existing or future foreign direct investment in an entity in India, directly or indirectly, resulting in the beneficial ownership falling within the aforesaid restriction/ purview, such subsequent change in the beneficial ownership will also require approval of the Government of India. Furthermore, on April 22, 2020, the Ministry of Finance, Government of India has also made similar amendment to the FEMA Rules. Each Bidder should seek independent legal advice about its ability to participate in the Issue. In the event such prior approval of the Government of India is required, and such approval has been obtained, the Bidder shall intimate our Company and the Registrar to the Issue in writing about such approval along with a copy thereof within the Issue Period.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any other applicable law of the United States and, unless so registered, may not be Issued or sold within the United



States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, the Equity Shares are only being Issued and sold outside the United States in offshore transactions in compliance with Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those Issues and sales are made.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be Issued or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction

The above information is given for the benefit of the Bidders. Our Company and the BRLM are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. Bidders are advised to make their independent investigations, seek independent legal advice about its ability to participate in the Issue and ensure that the number of Equity Shares Bid for do not exceed the applicable limits under laws or regulations.



SECTION X - MAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Capitalised terms used in this section have the meaning that has been given to such terms in the Articles of Association of our Company. Pursuant to Schedule I of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the main provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company are detailed below:

Pursuant to the Companies Act and the SEBI ICDR Regulations the main provisions of our Articles of Association relating to, among others, voting rights, dividend, lien, forfeiture, restrictions on transfer and transmission of Equity Shares or debentures and/or on their consolidation/splitting are detailed below. Please note that each provision herein below is numbered as per the corresponding article number in our Articles and capitalised/ defined terms herein have the same meaning given to them in our Articles. Subject to our Articles, any words or expression defined in the Companies Act, 2013 shall, except so where the subject or context forbids; bear the same meaning in these Articles

Sr.	Particulars	
No		
1.	No regulation contained in Table "F" in the First Schedule to Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to this Company but the regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the Members there of and their representatives shall be as set out in the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alteration of or addition to its regulations by Special Resolution as prescribed by the said Companies Act, 2013 be such as are contained in these Articles unless the same are repugnant or contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or any amendment thereto.	Table F Applicability.
	Interpretation Clause	
2.	In the interpretation of these Articles the following expressions shall have the following meanings unless repugnant to the subject or context:	
	"The Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 and includes any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.	Act
	"These Articles" means Articles of Association for the time being in force or as may be altered from time to time vide Special Resolution.	Articles
	"Auditors" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being of the Company.	Auditors
	"Capital" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purpose of the Company.	Capital
	"The Company" shall mean Motisons Jewellers Limited	The Company
	"Executor" or "Administrator" means a person who has obtained a probate or letter of administration, as the case may be from a Court of competent jurisdiction and shall include a holder of a Succession Certificate authorizing the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the Share or Shares of the deceased Member and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator General under section 31 of the Administrator General Act, 1963.	Executor or Administrator
	"Legal Representative" means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased Member.	Legal Representative



Sr. No	Particulars	
	Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender.	Gender
	"In Writing" and "Written" includes printing lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.	In Writing and Written
	The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction thereof.	Marginal notes
	"Meeting" or "General Meeting" means a meeting of members.	Meeting or General Meeting
	"Month" means a calendar month.	Month
	"Annual General Meeting" means a general meeting of the Members held in accordance with the provision of section 96 of the Act.	Annual General Meeting
	"Extra-Ordinary General Meeting" means an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.	Extra-Ordinary General Meeting
	"National Holiday" means and includes a day declared as National Holiday by the Central Government.	National Holiday
	"Non-retiring Directors" means a director not subject to retirement by rotation.	Non-retiring Directors
	"Office" means the registered Office of the Company.	Office
	"Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Act.	Ordinary and Special Resolution
	"Person" shall be deemed to include corporations and firms as well as individuals.	Person
	"Proxy" means an instrument whereby any person is authorized to vote for a member at General Meeting or Poll and includes attorney duly constituted under the power of attorney.	Proxy
	"The Register of Members" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 88(1) (a) of the Act.	Register of Members
	Words importing the Singular number include where the context admits or requires the plural number and vice versa.	Singular number
	The Statutes means the Companies Act, 2013 and every other Act for the time being in force affecting the Company.	Statutes
	"These presents" means the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time.	These presents
	"Variation" shall include abrogation; and "vary" shall include abrogate.	Variation
	"Year" means the calendar year and "Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2(41) of the Act.	Year and Financial Year
	Save as aforesaid any words and expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meanings as in the Act or any statutory modifications thereof for the time being in force.	Expressions in the Act to bear the same meaning in Articles
	SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS	
3.	The Authorized Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount as may be mentioned in Clause V of Memorandum of Association of the Company	Authorized Capital
4.	from time to time.The Company may in General Meeting from time to time by OrdinaryResolution increase its capital by creation of new Shares which may be	Increase of capital by the Company
	unclassified and may be classified at the time of issue in one or more classes	how carried into



Sr.	Particulars	
No	and of such amount or amounts as may be deemed expedient. The new Shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the resolution shall prescribe and in particular, such Shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a right of voting at General Meeting of the Company in conformity with Section 47 of the Act. Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of this Article the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Act.	effect
5.	Further provided that the option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Company in general meeting. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these	New Capital same as
	Presents, any capital raised by the creation of new Shares shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.	existing capital
6.	Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act and in accordance with these Articles, the Company shall have the power to issue preference shares, whether cumulative or non-cumulative, or convertible or non-convertible, which are liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.	Redeemable Preference Shares
7.	The holder of Preference Shares shall have a right to vote only on Resolutions, which directly affect the rights attached to his Preference Shares	Voting rights of preference shares
8.	On the issue of redeemable preference shares under the provisions of Article 7 hereof, the following provisions-shall take effect: (a) No such Shares shall be redeemed except out of profits of which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of the redemption; (b) No such Shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid; (c) Subject to section 55(2)(d)(i) the premium, if any payable on redemption shall have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's security premium account, before the Shares are redeemed; (d) Where any such Shares are redeemed otherwise then out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called "the Capital Redemption Reserve Account", a sum equal to the nominal amount of the Shares redeemed, and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, except as provided in Section 55 of the Act apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up share capital of the Company; and (e) Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act, the redemption of preference shares hereunder may be effected in accordance with the terms	Provisions to apply on issue of Redeemable Preference Shares



Sr. No	Particulars	
	and conditions of their issue and in the absence of any specific terms and conditions in that behalf, in such manner as the Directors may think fit. The reduction of Preference Shares under the provisions by the Company shall not be taken as reducing the amount of its Authorized Share Capital	
9.	The Company may (subject to the provisions of sections 52, 55, 66, both inclusive, and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act) from time to time by Special Resolution reduce (a) the share capital; (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or (c) any security premium account	Reduction of capital
	In any manner for the time being, authorized by law and in particular capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have, if it were omitted.	
10.	Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution.	Debentures
11.	The Company may exercise the powers of issuing sweat equity shares conferred by Section 54 of the Act of a class of shares already issued subject to such conditions as may be specified in that sections and rules framed thereunder.	Issue of Sweat Equity Shares
12.	The Company may issue shares to Employees including its Directors other than independent directors and such other persons as the rules may allow, under Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) or any other scheme, if authorized by a Special Resolution of the Company in general meeting subject to the provisions of the Act, the Rules and applicable guidelines made there under, by whatever name called.	ESOP
13.	Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.	Buy Back of shares
14.	Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Act, the Company in general meeting may, from time to time, consolidate all or any of the share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing share or sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum; subject nevertheless, to the provisions of clause (d) of subsection (1) of Section 61; Subject as aforesaid the Company in general meeting may also cancel shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the	Consolidation, Sub- Division and Cancellation



Sr. No	Particulars	
	amount of the shares so cancelled.	
15.	Subject to compliance with applicable provision of the Act and rules framed thereunder the company shall have power to issue depository receipts in any foreign country.	Issue of Depository Receipts
16.	Subject to compliance with applicable provision of the Act and rules framed thereunder the company shall have power to issue any kind of securities as permitted to be issued under the Act and rules framed thereunder. MODIFICATION OF CLASS RIGHTS	Issue of Securities
17.	(a) If at any time the share capital, by reason of the issue of Preference Shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights privileges attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of the class) may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act and whether or not the Company is being wound-up, be varied, modified or dealt, with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. The provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such separate class of meeting.	Modification of rights
	Provided that if variation by one class of shareholders affects the rights of any other class of shareholders, the consent of three-fourths of such other class of shareholders shall also be obtained and the provisions of this section shall apply to such variation.	
18.	(b) The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares including Preference Share, (if any) of any class issued with preferred or other rights or privileges shall, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of the issue of shares of that class, be deemed not to be modified, commuted, affected, abrogated, dealt with or varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari-passu therewith.	New Issue of Shares not to affect rights attached to existing shares of that class.
19.	Subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company for the time being shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the company in the General Meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit, and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares.	Shares at the disposal of the Directors
20.	The Company may issue shares or other securities in any manner	Power to issue
	whatsoever including by way of a preferential offer, to any persons whether	shares on



Sr. No	Particulars	
	or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 62 subject to compliance with section 42 and 62 of the Act and rules framed thereunder.	preferential basis
21.	The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall	Shares should be Numbered progressively and no
	continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.	share to be subdivided
22.	An application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register shall for the purposes of these Articles, be a Member.	Acceptance of Shares
23.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors may allot and issue shares in the Capital of the Company as payment or part payment for any property (including goodwill of any business) sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company either in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up or partly paid-up otherwise than in cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly paid-up shares as aforesaid.	Directors may allot shares as fully paid- up
24.	The money (if any) which the Board shall on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by them shall become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him, accordingly.	Deposit and call etc. to be a debt payable immediately
25.	Every Member, or his heirs, executors, administrators, or legal representatives, shall pay to the Company the portion of the Capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts at such time or times, and in such manner as the Board shall, from time to time in accordance with the Company's regulations, require on date fixed for the payment thereof.	Liability of Members
26.	Shares may be registered in the name of any limited company or other corporate body but not in the name of a firm, an insolvent person or a person of unsound mind.	Registration of Shares
	RETURN ON ALLOTMENTS TO BE MADE OR RESTRICTIONS ON ALLOTMENT	
27.	The Board shall observe the restrictions as regards allotment of shares to the public, and as regards return on allotments contained in Sections 39 of the Act	Return of Allotment
	CERTIFICATES	
28.	(a) Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the Directors so approve (upon paying such fee as provided in the relevant laws) to several certificates, each	Share Certificates



Sr.	Particulars	
No	for one or more of such shares and the company shall complete and have	
	ready for delivery such certificates within two months from the date of	
	allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide, or	
	within one month of the receipt of application for registration of transfer,	
	transmission, sub-division, consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as	
	the case may be. Every certificate of shares shall specify the number and	
	distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount	
	paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the directors may prescribe or	
	approve, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several	
	persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate	
	and delivery of a certificate of shares to one of several joint holders shall be	
	sufficient delivery to all such holder. Such certificate shall be issued only in	
	pursuance of a resolution passed by the Board and on surrender to the	
	Company of its letter of allotment or its fractional coupons of requisite value, save in cases of issues against letter of acceptance or of renunciation	
	or in cases of issue of bonus shares. Every certificate shall specify the shares	
	to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon and shall be signed by	
	two directors and the company secretary, wherever the company has	
	appointed a company secretary provided that if the composition of the	
	Board permits of it, at least one of the aforesaid two Directors shall be a	
	person other than a Managing or whole-time Director. Particulars of every	
	share certificate issued shall be entered in the Register of Members against	
	the name of the person, to whom it has been issued, indicating the date of	
	issue.	
	(b) Any two or more joint allottees of shares shall, for the purpose of this	
	Article, be treated as a single member, and the certificate of any shares	
	which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to anyone of	
	such joint owners on behalf of all of them. For any further certificate the	
	Board shall be entitled, but shall not be bound, to prescribe a charge not	
	exceeding Rupees Fifty. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 39 of the Act.	
	(c) A Director may sign a share certificate by affixing his signature thereon	
	by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means, such as	
	engraving in metal or lithography, but not by means of a rubber stamp	
	provided that the Director shall be responsible for the safe custody of such	
	machine, equipment or other material used for the purpose.	
	The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of	
	the Company.	
29.	If any certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no	Issue of new
	further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surronder thereof to the Company, a new Cortificate may	certificates in place
	production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new Certificate may	of those defaced,
	be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such	lost or destroyed
	proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such	



Sr.	Particulars	
No		
	indemnity as the company deem adequate, being given, a new Certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed Certificate. Every Certificate under the Article shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (not exceeding ₹ 50/- for each certificate) as the Directors shall prescribe. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer.	
	Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such Rules or Regulation or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the Rules made under the Act or the rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, or any other Act, or rules applicable in this behalf.	
	The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the Company.	
30.	(a) If any share stands in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the Register shall as regard receipts of dividends or bonus or service of notices and all or any other matter connected with the Company except voting at meetings, and the transfer of the shares, be deemed sole holder thereof but the joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and other payments due in respect of such share and for all incidentals thereof according to the Company's	The first named joint holder deemed Sole holder
31.	regulations. (b) The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the joint holders of any share.	Maximum number of joint holders
32.	Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required, the Company shall not be bound to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof but the Board shall be at liberty at its sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.	Company not bound to recognise any interest in share other than that of registered holders
33.	If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalment, every such instalment shall when due be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative.	Instalment on shares to be duly paid
34.	Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion refuse sub-division of share certificates or debenture certificates into denominations of less than the marketable lots except where such sub-division is required to be made to comply with a statutory provision or an order of a competent court of law.	Right of Directors to refuse sub-division



Sr. No	Particulars	
35.	Notwithstanding anything contained herein, certificate, if required, for a dematerialised share, debenture and other security shall be issued in the name of the Depository, however, the Person who is the Beneficial Owner of such shares, debentures and other securities shall be entitled to all the rights as set out in these Articles	Issue of certificates, if required, in the case of dematerialized shares / debentures / other securities
	UNDERWRITING AND BROKERAGE	
36.	Subject to the provisions of Section 40 (6) of the Act, the Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing, to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares or debentures in the Company, or procuring, or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares or debentures in the Company but so that the commission shall not exceed the maximum rates laid down by the Act and the rules made in that regard. Such commission may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.	Commission
37.	The Company may pay on any issue of shares and debentures such brokerage as may be reasonable and lawful.	Brokerage
38.	CALLS (a) The Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any	Directors may make
	 (a) The board may, nom time to time, subject to the terms on when any shares may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board and not by a circular resolution, make such calls as it thinks fit, upon the Members in respect of all the moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and each Member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the time and places appointed by the Board. (b) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board. (c) A call may be made payable by instalments. 	calls
39.	Fifteen days' notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid.	Notice of Calls
40.	A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board of Directors authorising such call was passed and may be made payable by the members whose names appear on the Register of Members on such date or at the discretion of the Directors on such subsequent date as may be fixed by Directors.	Calls to date from resolution
41.	Whenever any calls for further share capital are made on shares, such calls shall be made on uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class. For the purposes of this Article shares of the same nominal value of which different amounts have been paid up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.	Calls on uniform basis
42.	The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call and may extend such time as to all or any of the members who on account of the residence at a distance or other cause, which the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member	Directors may extend time



Sr.	Particulars	
No		
43.	shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour. If any Member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board not exceeding 10% per annum but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such member.	Calls to carry interest
44.	If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is made payable at any fixed time or by instalments at fixed time (whether on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium) every such amount or instalment shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors and of which due notice has been given and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall apply to such amount or instalment accordingly.	Sums deemed to be calls
45.	On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any Member or his representatives for the recovery of any money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, if shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the Member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered, appears entered on the Register of Members as the holder, at or subsequent to the date at which the money is sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due on the share in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered in the Minute Books: and that notice of such call was duly given to the Member or his representatives used in pursuance of these Articles: and that it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.	Proof on trial of suit for money due on shares
46.	Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member of the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.	Judgment, decree, partial payment motto proceed for forfeiture
47.	(a) The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amounts of his respective shares beyond the sums, actually called up and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof, from time to time, and at any time thereafter as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares on account of which such advances are made the Board may pay or allow interest, at 12% per annum The Board may agree to repay at any time any amount so advanced or may at any time repay the	Payments in Anticipation of calls may carry interest



Sr. No	Particulars	
	 same upon giving to the Member three months' notice in writing: provided that moneys paid in advance of calls on shares may carry interest but shall not confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits. (b) No Member paying any such sum in advance shall be entitled to voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls on debentures issued by the Company. 	
48.	The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares/debentures (other than fully paid-up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures and no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Article will have full effect. And such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this clause.	Company to have Lien on shares
49.	Every fully paid share shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares the Issuer's lien shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares. For the purpose of enforcing such lien the Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they shall think fit, but no sale shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have arrived and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member or the person (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares and default shall have been made by him in payment, fulfilment of discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for seven days after such notice. To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares	As to enforcing lien by sale
50.	sold to the purchaser thereof and purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer. Upon any such sale as the Certificates in respect of the shares sold shall stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new Certificate or Certificates in lieu thereof to the purchaser or purchasers concerned. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall (subject to lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.	Application of proceeds of sale



Sr.	Particulars	
No		
51.	FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF SHARES If any Member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or instalment or any moneys due in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment or any part thereof or other moneys as aforesaid remains unpaid or a judgment or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on such Member or on the person (if any) entitled to the shares by transmission, requiring him to pay such call or instalment of such part thereof or other moneys as remain unpaid together with any interest that may have accrued and all reasonable expenses (legal or otherwise) that may have been accrued by the Company by reason of such non-payment. Provided that no such shares shall be forfeited if any moneys shall remain unpaid in respect of any call or instalment or any part thereof as aforesaid by reason of the delay occasioned in payment due to the necessity of complying with the provisions contained in the relevant exchange control laws or other applicable laws of India, for the time being in force.	If call or instalment not paid, notice may be given
52.	The notice shall name a day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or instalment and such interest thereon as the Directors shall determine from the day on which such call or instalment ought to have been paid and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and at the place or places appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.	Terms of notice
53.	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid shall not be complied with, every or any share in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter but before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses, due in respect thereof, be forfeited by resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture.	On default of payment, shares to be forfeited
54.	When any shares have been forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members.	Notice of forfeiture to a Member
55.	Any shares so forfeited, shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of, either to the original holder thereof or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Board in their absolute discretion shall think fit.	Forfeited shares to be property of the Company and may be sold etc.
56.	Any Member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company, on	Members still liable to pay money owing



Sr. No	Particulars	
	demand all calls, instalments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at such rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment of the whole or a portion thereof as if it were a new call made at the date of the forfeiture, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.	at time of forfeiture and interest
57.	The forfeiture shares shall involve extinction at the time of the forfeiture, of all interest in all claims and demand against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.	Effect of forfeiture
58.	A declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company and that shares in the Company have been duly forfeited in accordance with these articles on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares.	Evidence of Forfeiture
59.	The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposition thereof and the person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of the share and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration: if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularly or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or other disposal of the shares.	Title of purchaser and allottee of Forfeited shares
60.	Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Article, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons entitled thereto.	Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares
61.	In the meantime and until any share so forfeited shall be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise dealt with as aforesaid, the forfeiture thereof may, at the discretion and by a resolution of the Directors, be remitted as a matter of grace and favour, and not as was owing thereon to the Company at the time of forfeiture being declared with interest for the same unto the time of the actual payment thereof if the Directors shall think fit to receive the same, or on any other terms which the Director may deem reasonable.	Forfeiture may be remitted
62.	Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register of Members in respect of the Shares sold, and the purchasers shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or to the application of the purchase money, and after his name has been entered in the Register of Members in respect of such Shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only	Validity of sale



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	and against the Company exclusively.	
63.	The Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender	Surrender of shares
	of any share from or by any Member desirous of surrendering on such terms the Directors may think fit.	
	TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES	
64.	The instrument of transfer of any share in or debenture of the Company	Execution of the
•	shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.	instrument of shares
	The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share or debenture	
	until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members or	
	Register of Debenture holders in respect thereof.	
65.	The instrument of transfer of any share or debenture shall be in writing and	Transfer Form
	all the provisions of Section 56 and statutory modification thereof including	
	other applicable provisions of the Act shall be duly complied with in respect	
	of all transfers of shares or debenture and registration thereof.	
	The instrument of transfer shall be in a common form approved by the	
	Exchange;	Tuonofou not to ho
66.	The Company shall not register a transfer in the Company other than the transfer between persons both of whose names are entered as holders of	Transfer not to be registered except on
	beneficial interest in the records of a depository, unless a proper instrument	production of
	of transfer duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor and	instrument of
	by or on behalf of the transferee and specifying the name, address and	transfer
	occupation if any, of the transferee, has been delivered to the Company	
	along with the certificate relating to the shares or if no such share certificate	
	is in existence along with the letter of allotment of the shares: Provided that	
	where, on an application in writing made to the Company by the transferee	
	and bearing the stamp, required for an instrument of transfer, it is proved	
	to the satisfaction of the Board of Directors that the instrument of transfer	
	signed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee	
	has been lost, the Company may register the transfer on such terms as to	
	indemnity as the Board may think fit, provided further that nothing in this	
	Article shall prejudice any power of the Company to register as shareholder	
	any person to whom the right to any shares in the Company has been transmitted by operation of law.	
67.	Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Act and Section 22A of the	Directors may refuse
07.	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Directors may, decline to	to register transfer
	register—any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.	
	That registration of transfer shall however not be refused on the ground of	
	the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons	
	indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever;	
68.	If the Company refuses to register the transfer of any share or transmission	Notice of refusal to
	of any right therein, the Company shall within a period of thirty days from	be given to
	the date on which the instrument of transfer or intimation of transmission	transferor and



Sr. No	Particulars	
	was lodged with the Company, send notice of refusal to the transferee and transferor or to the person giving intimation of the transmission, as the case may be, and there upon the provisions of Section 56 of the Act or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force shall apply.	transferee
69.	No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, Probate, Succession Certificate and letter of administration, Certificate of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other document with the Company.	No fee on transfer
70.	The Board of Directors shall have power on giving not less than seven days pervious notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made there under close the Register of Members and/or the Register of debentures holders and/or other security holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time, and not exceeding in the aggregate forty five days in each year as it may seem expedient to the Board.	Closure of Register of Members or debenture holder or other security holders
71.	In the case of transfer of shares, debentures or other marketable securities where the Company has not issued any certificate and where shares and securities are being held in an electronic and fungible form, the provisions of the Depositories Act shall apply. Provided that in respect of the shares, debentures and other marketable securities held by the Depository on behalf of a Beneficial Owner as defined in the Depositories Act, Section 89 of the Act shall not apply.	Applicability of Depositories Act
72.	The instrument of transfer shall after registration be retained by the Company and shall remain in its custody. All instruments of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall on demand be returned to the persons depositing the same. The Directors may cause to be destroyed all the transfer deeds with the Company after such period as they may determine.	Custody of transfer Deeds
73.	Where an application of transfer relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the receipt of the notice.	Application for transfer of partly paid shares
74.	For this purpose, the notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is dispatched by prepaid registered post/speed post/ courier to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been duly delivered at the time at which it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.	Notice to transferee
75.	 (a) On the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors, where the Member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only person recognized by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares. (b) Before recognising any executor or administrator or legal representative, the Board may require him to obtain a Grant of Probate or Letters Administration or other legal representation as the case may be, from some competent court in India. Provided nevertheless that in any case where the Board in its absolute discretion thinks fit, it shall be lawful for the Board to dispense with the 	Recognition of legal representative



Sr.	Particulars	
No	medication of Duckets on latter of Administration on such other local	
	production of Probate or letter of Administration or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise, as the Board	
	in its absolute discretion, may consider adequate	
	(c)Nothing in clause (a) above shall release the estate of the deceased joint	
	holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held	
	by him with other persons.	
76.	The Executors or Administrators of a deceased Member or holders of a	Titles of Shares of
	Succession Certificate or the Legal Representatives in respect of the Shares	deceased Member
	of a deceased Member (not being one of two or more joint holders) shall be	
	the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the	
	Shares registered in the name of such Members, and the Company shall not	
	be bound to recognize such Executors or Administrators or holders of	
	Succession Certificate or the Legal Representative unless such Executors or	
	Administrators or Legal Representative shall have first obtained Probate or	
	Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate as the case may be from	
	a duly constituted Court in the Union of India provided that in any case	
	where the Board of Directors in its absolute discretion thinks fit, the Board	
	upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Directors may deem	
	proper dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or	
	Succession Certificate and register Shares standing in the name of a	
	deceased Member, as a Member. However, provisions of this Article are	
77.	subject to Sections 72 of the Companies Act. Where, in case of partly paid Shares, an application for registration is made	Notice of application
//.	by the transferor, the Company shall give notice of the application to the	when to be given
	transferee in accordance with the provisions of Section 56 of the Act.	when to be given
78.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, any person becoming	Registration of
	entitled to any share in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy,	persons entitled to
	insolvency of any member or by any lawful means other than by a transfer	share otherwise
	in accordance with these presents, may, with the consent of the Directors	than by transfer
	(which they shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such	(Transmission
	evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to	clause)
	act under this Article or of this title as the Director shall require either be	
	registered as member in respect of such shares or elect to have some person	
	nominated by him and approved by the Directors registered as Member in	
	respect of such shares; provided nevertheless that if such person shall elect	
	to have his nominee registered he shall testify his election by executing in	
	favour of his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance so he shall	
	not be freed from any liability in respect of such shares. This clause is	
70	hereinafter referred to as the 'Transmission Clause'.	Defined to register
79.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors shall	Refusal to register nominee
	have the same right to refuse or suspend register a person entitled by the transmission to any shares or his nominee as if he were the transferee	nommee
	named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.	
80.	Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such manner as the	Board may require
	Directors may require and the Company may refuse to register any such	evidence of
L	Directors may require and the company may refuse to register any such	



Sr. No	Particulars	
	transmission until the same be so verified or until or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Directors at their discretion shall consider sufficient, provided nevertheless that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Directors to accept any indemnity.	transmission
81.	The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made, or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register or Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer, and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or require to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to them of any equitable right, title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Directors shall so think fit.	Company not liable for disregard of a notice prohibiting registration of transfer
82.	In the case of any share registered in any register maintained outside India the instrument of transfer shall be in a form recognized by the law of the place where the register is maintained but subject thereto shall be as near to the form prescribed in Form no. SH-4 hereof as circumstances permit.	Form of transfer Outside India
83.	No transfer shall be made to any minor, insolvent or person of unsound mind.	No transfer to insolvent etc.
	NOMINATION	
84.	 a) Notwithstanding anything contained in the articles, every holder of securities of the Company may, at any time, nominate a person in whom his/her securities shall vest in the event of his/her death and the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply in respect of such nomination. b) No person shall be recognized by the Company as a nominee unless an intimation of the appointment of the said person as nominee has been given to the Company during the lifetime of the holder(s) of the securities of the Company in the manner specified under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 c) The Company shall not be in any way responsible for transferring the securities consequent upon such nomination. If the holder(s) of the securities survive(s) nominee, then the nomination made by the holder(s) shall be of no effect and shall automatically stand revoked. 	Nomination
85.	A nominee, upon production of such evidence as may be required by the	Transmission of



Sr.	Particulars	
No		
	Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either- to be registered himself as holder of the security, as the case may be; or to make such transfer of the security, as the case may be, as the deceased security holder, could have made; if the nominee elects to be registered as holder of the security, himself, as the case may be, he shall deliver or send to the Company, a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be	Securities by nominee
	 accompanied with the death certificate of the deceased security holder as the case may be; a nominee shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled to, if he were the registered holder of the security except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of his security, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company. 	
	Provided further that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share or debenture, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all bonuses or other moneys payable or rights accruing in respect of the share or debenture, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.	
	DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES	
86.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and Rules made there under the Company may offer its members facility to hold securities issued by it in dematerialized form.	Dematerialisation of Securities
	JOINT HOLDER	
87.	Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any share they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint Shareholders with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles.	Joint Holders
88.	(a) The Joint holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.	Joint and several liabilities for all payments in respect of shares
89.	(b) On the death of any such joint holders the survivor or survivors shall be the only person recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Board may require such evidence of death as it may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability of shares held by them jointly with any other person;	Title of survivors
90.	(c) Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effectual receipts of any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of share; and	Receipts of one sufficient
91.	(d) Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as	Delivery of



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	one of the joint holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share or to receive documents from the Company and any such document served on or sent to such person shall deemed to be service on all the holders.	certificate and giving of notices to first named holders
92.	Any one of two or more joint holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such Persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to vote in preference to a joint holder present by attorney or by proxy although the name of such joint holder present by any attorney or proxy stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the register in respect of such shares.	Vote of joint-holders
93.	Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose (deceased Member) sole name any share stands, shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint holders.	Executors or administrators as joint holders
94.	A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian and may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any Member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians.	How members non compos mentis and minor may vote
95.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 (forty eight) hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall duly satisfy the Board of his right to such shares unless the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.	Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent embers, etc.
96.	Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.	Business may proceed pending poll
	SHARE WARRANTS	
97.	The Company may issue warrants subject to and in accordance with provisions of the Act and accordingly the Board may in its discretion with respect to any Share which is fully paid upon application in writing signed by the persons registered as holder of the Share, and authenticated by such evidence(if any) as the Board may, from time to time, require as to the identity of the persons signing the application and on receiving the certificate (if any) of the Share, and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may, from time to time, require, issue a share warrant.	Power to issue share warrants



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98.	The bearer of a share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the Office of the Company, and so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for call in a meeting of the Company, and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of a Member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposit, as if his name were inserted in the Register of Members as the holder of the Share included in the deposit warrant. Not more than one person shall be recognized as depositor of the Share warrant.	Deposit of share warrants
	The Company shall, on two day's written notice, return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.	
99.	Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person, being a bearer of a share warrant, shall sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company or attend or vote or exercise any other privileges of a Member at a meeting of the Company, or be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.	Privileges and disabilities of the holders of share warrant
	The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he were named in the Register of Members as the holder of the Share included in the warrant, and he shall be a Member of the Company.	
100	The Board may, from time to time, make bye-laws as to terms on which (if it shall think fit), a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, loss or destruction.	Issue of new share warrant coupons
101	CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK	Conversion of shares
101	The Company may, by ordinary resolution in General Meeting, a) convert any fully paid-up shares into stock; and b) re-convert any stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination.	into stock or reconversion
102	The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as and subject to the same regulation under which the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit, provided that, the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable so however that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.	Transfer of stock
103	The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, participation in profits, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they hold the shares for which the stock arose but no such privilege or advantage shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.	Rights of stock Holders



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	Such of the regulations of the Company (other than those relating to share warrants), as are applicable to paid up share shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholders" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stockholders" respectively. BORROWING POWERS	Regulations
105	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board generally raise or borrow money by way of deposits, loans, overdrafts, cash credit or by issue of bonds, debentures or debenture-stock (perpetual or otherwise) or in any other manner, or from any person, firm, company, co-operative society, anybody corporate, bank, institution, whether incorporated in India or abroad, Government or any authority or any other body for the purpose of the Company and may secure the payment of any sums of money so received, raised or borrowed; provided that the total amount borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not without the consent of the Company in General Meeting exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free	Power to borrow
106	reserves that is to say reserves not set apart for any specified purpose. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or any other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, allotment of shares, appointment of Directors or otherwise; provided that debentures with the right to allotment of or conversion into shares shall not be issued except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting.	Issue of discount etc. or with special privileges
107	The payment and/or repayment of moneys borrowed or raised as aforesaid or any moneys owing otherwise or debts due from the Company may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may think fit, and in particular by mortgage, charter, lien or any other security upon all or any of the assets or property (both present and future) or the undertaking of the Company including its uncalled capital for the time being, or by a guarantee by any Director, Government or third party, and the bonds, debentures and debenture stocks and other securities may be made assignable, free from equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee, the performance by the Company or any other person or company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any person or Company as the case may be.	Securing payment or repayment of Moneys borrowed
108	Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or their securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Board who may issue them upon such terms and conditions, and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the	Bonds, Debentures etc. to be under the control of the Directors
109	Company. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any	Mortgage of



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	mortgage or other security the Directors shall subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed.	uncalled Capital
110	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles if the Directors or any of them or any other person shall incur or be about to incur any liability whether as principal or surely for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability. MEETINGS OF MEMBERS	Indemnity may be given
111	All the General Meetings of the Company other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extra-ordinary General Meetings.	Distinction between AGM & EGM
112		Presence of Quorum
113	The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of Members made in compliance with Section 100 of the Act, forthwith proceed to convene Extra- Ordinary General Meeting of the members	Extra-Ordinary General Meeting by Board and by requisition
	If at any time there are not within India sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, or if the number of Directors be reduced in number to less than the minimum number of Directors prescribed by these Articles and the continuing Directors fail or neglect to increase the number of Directors to that number or to convene a General Meeting, any Director or any two or more Members of the Company holding not less than one-tenth of the total paid up share capital of the Company may call for an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be called by the Directors.	When a Director or any two Members may call an Extra Ordinary General Meeting
114	No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transfer any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.	Meeting not to transact business not mentioned in notice
115	The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there is no such Chairman of the Board of Directors, or if at any meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting or if he is unable or unwilling to take the chair, then the Members present shall elect another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair then the Members present shall elect one of the members to be the Chairman of the meeting.	Chairman of General Meeting
116		Business confined to election of Chairman



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		whilst chair is vacant
117	 a) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. b) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. c) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. d) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting. 	Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting
118	In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall both on a show of hands, on a poll (if any) and e-voting, have casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member.	Chairman's casting vote
119	Any poll duly demanded on the election of Chairman of the meeting or any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting forthwith.	In what case poll taken without adjournment
120	The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of the Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.	Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business
	VOTES OF MEMBERS	
121	No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands, upon a poll or electronically, or be reckoned in a quorum in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised, any right or lien.	Members in arrears not to vote
122	Subject to the provision of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges, or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the company, every Member, not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and to vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the voting right of every Member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company, Provided, however, if any preference shareholder is present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in sub-section (2) of Section 47 of the Act, he shall have a right to vote only on resolution placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares.	Number of votes each member entitled
123	On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way	Casting of votes by a member entitled to more than one vote



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	all the votes he uses.	
124	A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, or a minor may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.	Vote of member of unsound mind and of minor
125	Notwithstanding anything contained in the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules made there under, the Company may, and in the case of resolutions relating to such business as may be prescribed by such authorities from time to time, declare to be conducted only by postal ballot, shall, get any such business/ resolutions passed by means of postal ballot, instead of transacting the business in the General Meeting of the Company.	Postal Ballot
126	A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.	E-Voting
127	In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. If more than one of the said persons remain present than the senior shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose name share stands shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joints holders thereof.	Votes of joint members
	For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.	
128	Votes may be given either personally or by attorney or by proxy or in case of a company, by a representative duly Authorised as mentioned in Articles	Votes may be given by proxy or by representative
129	A body corporate (whether a company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is member or creditor of the Company (including being a holder of debentures) authorise such person by resolution of its Board of Directors, as it thinks fit, in accordance with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act to act as its representative at any Meeting of the members or creditors of the Company or debentures holders of the Company. A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate as if it were an individual member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company.	Representation of a body corporate
130		Members paying money in advance
131	A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting rights on the ground that he has not held his shares or interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote was taken.	Members not prohibited if share not held for any



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		specified period
132	Any person entitled under Article 78 (transmission clause) to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnify (if any) as the Directors may require or the directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.	Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members
133	No Member shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands unless such member is present personally or by attorney or is a body Corporate present by a representative duly Authorised under the provisions of the Act in which case such members, attorney or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a Member of the Company. In the case of a Body Corporate the production at the meeting of a copy of such resolution duly signed by a Director or Secretary of such Body Corporate and certified by him as being a true copy of the resolution shall be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the authority of the appointment.	No votes by proxy on show of hands
134	The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.	Appointment of a Proxy
135	An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.	Form of proxy
136	A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the Member, or revocation of the proxy or of any power of attorney which such proxy signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.	Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of a member
137	No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.	Time for objections to votes
138	Any such objection raised to the qualification of any voter in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.	Chairperson of the Meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote
139	Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairperson of the meeting shall appoint such numbers of persons, as he deems necessary to scrutinise the poll	Scrutinizers at poll



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	process and votes given on the poll and to report thereon.	
	The Chairperson shall have power, at any time before the result of the poll is declared to remove a scrutiniser from office and to fill vacancies in the	
	office of scrutiniser arising from such removal or from any other cause.	
	DIRECTORS	
140	Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the number of Directors (including Debenture and Alternate Directors) shall not be less than three and not more than fifteen. Provided that a company may appoint more than fifteen directors after passing a special resolution	Number of Directors
141	(a)The Following shall be the First Directors of the Company:	First Directors
	 Shri Sanjay Chhabra Smt. Vimla Devi Jain Smt. Namita Chhabra Shri Sandeep Chhabra Smt. Kajal Chhabra Shri Kamal Chand Jain Shri Mahendra Kumar Patni (b) The Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase or 	
	reduce the number of Directors within the limit fixed as above.	
142	A Director of the Company shall not be bound to hold any Qualification	Qualification
143	Shares in the Company. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013and notwithstanding	shares Nominee Directors
143	anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, the Board may appoint any person as a director nominated by any institution in pursuance of the provisions of any law for the time being in force or of any agreement The Nominee Director/s so appointed shall not be required to hold any qualification shares in the Company nor shall be liable to retire by rotation. The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s so appointed. The said Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges including receiving of notices, copies of the minutes, sitting fees, etc. as any other Director of the Company is entitled. If the Nominee Director/s is an officer of any of the financial institution the sitting fees in relation to such nominee Directors shall accrue to such financial institution and the same accordingly be paid by the Company to them. The Financial Institution shall be entitled to depute observer to attend the meetings of the Board or any other Committee constituted by the Board.	
	The Nominee Director/s shall, notwithstanding anything to the Contrary	



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	contained in these Articles, be at liberty to disclose any information obtained by him/them to the Financial Institution appointing him/them as such Director/s.	
144	The Board may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "The Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to India. If the term of Office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India, any provision in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.	Appointment of alternate Director
	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other person to be an Additional Director. Any such Additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting.	Additional Director
146	The Company shall have such number of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company, as may be required in terms of the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 or any other Law, as may be applicable. Further, the appointment of such Independent Directors shall be in terms of the aforesaid provisions of Law and subject to the requirements prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations	Appointment of Independent Director
147	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint a Director, if the office of any director appointed by the company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, who shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.	Director's power to fill casual vacancies
148	The Company may, subject to the provisions of the Section 169 and other applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles remove any Director before the expiry of his period of office.	Removal of Director
149		Remuneration of directors
150	Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, each Director other than the Managing/Whole-time Director (unless otherwise specifically provided for) shall be entitled to sitting fees not exceeding a sum prescribed in the Act (as may be amended from time to time) for attending meetings of the Board or Committees thereof.	Sitting Fees



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151	allow and pay to any Director who attends a meeting at a place other than his usual place of residence for the purpose of attending a meeting, such sum as the Board may consider fair, compensation for travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses properly incurred by him, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified.	Travelling expenses Incurred by Director on Company's business
152	Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation.	Director liable to retire by rotation
	At each Annual General Meeting of the Company one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation or if their number is neither three nor a multiple of three, then, the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office.	
	The Directors to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment but, as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.	
	PROCEEDING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
153	(a) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit.(b) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.	Meetings of Directors
154	Notice of every meeting of the Board of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director at his postal address or email address as registered with the Company.	Notice of the Meeting
155	The participation of directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law.	Participation at the Board Meeting
156	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed, whether manually or by secure electronic mode, by a majority of the members of the Board or of a Committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or Committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee, duly convened and held	Passing of resolution by circulation
157	 The Directors may from time to time elect from among their members a Chairperson of the Board and determine the period for which he is to hold office. If at any meeting of the Board, the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of the Directors then present to preside at the meeting. Subject to Section 203 of the Act and rules made there under, one person can act as the Chairman as well as the Managing Director or Chief 	Chairperson



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No	Executive Officer at the same time.	
158	Questions arising at any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman will have a second or casting vote.	Questions at Board meeting how decided
159	The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.	Continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board
160	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may delegate any of their powers to a Committee consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee either wholly or in part and either as to person, or purposes, but every Committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.	Directors may appoint committee
161	The Meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.	Committee Meetings how to be governed
162	A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings. If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.	Chairperson of Committee Meetings
163	A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit. Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.	Meetings of the Committee
164	Subject to the provisions of the Act, all acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director.	Acts of Board or Committee shall be valid notwithstanding defect in appointment
165	The Company shall cause minutes of the meeting of the Board of Directors and of Committees of the Board to be duly entered in a book or books provided for the purpose in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder. The minutes shall contain a fair and correct	Minutes of proceedings of Board of Directors and Committees to



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	summary of the proceedings at the meeting including the following: i) the names of the Directors present at the meeting of the Board of Directors or of any Committee of the Board; ii) all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee of the Board; iii) in the case of each resolution passed at a meeting of the Board of	be kept.
	Directors or Committees of the Board, the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.	
166	Minutes of any meeting of the Board of Directors or of any Committees of the Board if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such meeting or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting shall be for all purposes whatsoever prima facie evidence of the actual passing of the resolution recorded and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings so recorded and the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place.	Board Minutes to be evidence
	RETIREMENT AND ROTATION OF DIRECTORS	
167	Subject to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act, if the office of any Director appointed by the Company in General Meeting vacated before his term of office will expire in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may in default of and subject to any regulation in the Articles of the Company be filled by the Board of Directors at the meeting of the Board and the Director so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if had not been vacated as aforesaid.	Power to fill casual vacancy
	POWERS OF THE BOARD	
168	The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board who may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as may be necessary, unless otherwise restricted by the Act, or by any other law or by the Memorandum or by the Articles required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting. However, no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.	Powers of the Board
169	Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the Articles and so as not in any way to limit or restrict these powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the Articles, it is hereby, declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say	Certain powers of the Board
	(1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire any lands, buildings, machinery, premises, property, effects, assets, rights, creditors, royalties, business and goodwill of any person firm or company carrying on the business which this Company is authorised to carry on, in any part of India.	
	(2) Subject to the provisions of the Act to purchase, take on lease for any	



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	term or terms of years, or otherwise acquire any land or lands, with or without buildings and out-houses thereon, situate in any part of India, at such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and in any such purchase, lease or acquisition to accept such title as the Directors may believe, or may be advised to be reasonably satisfy.	
	(3) To erect and construct, on the said land or lands, buildings, houses, warehouses and sheds and to alter, extend and improve the same, to let or lease the property of the company, in part or in whole for such rent and subject to such conditions, as may be thought advisable; to sell such portions of the land or buildings of the Company as may not be required for the company; to mortgage the whole or any portion of the property of the company for the purposes of the Company; to sell all or any portion of the machinery or stores belonging to the Company.	
	(4) At their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may pay property rights or privileges acquired by, or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company, and any such share may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon; and any such bonds, debentures or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.	
	(5) To insure and keep insured against loss or damage by fire or otherwise for such period and to such extent as they may think proper all or any part of the buildings, machinery, goods, stores, produce and other moveable property of the Company either separately or co-jointly; also to insure all or any portion of the goods, produce, machinery and other articles imported or exported by the Company and to sell, assign, surrender or discontinue any policies of assurance effected in pursuance of this power.	
	(6) To open accounts with any Bank or Bankers and to pay money into and draw money from any such account from time to time as the Directors may think fit.	
	(7) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagement entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge on all or any of the property of the Company including its whole or part of its undertaking as a going concern and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they think fit.	
	(8) To accept from any member, so far as may be permissible by law, a	



Sr. No	Particulars	
	surrender of the shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed upon.	
	(9) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust, for the Company property belonging to the Company, or in which it is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and to do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.	
	(10) To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceeding by or against the Company or its Officer, or otherwise concerning the affairs and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts, due, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company and to refer any difference to arbitration, either according to Indian or Foreign law and either in India or abroad and observe and perform or challenge any award thereon.	
	(11) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankruptcy insolvency.	
	(12) To make and give receipts, release and give discharge for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.	
	(13) Subject to the provisions of the Act, and these Articles to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof, upon such authority (not being the shares of this Company) or without security and in such manner as they may think fit and from time to time to vary or realise such investments. Save as provided in Section 187 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name.	
	(14) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favor of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability whether as principal or as surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgage of the Company's property (present or future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon.	
	(15) To determine from time to time persons who shall be entitled to sign on Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose, whether by way of a resolution of the Board or by way of a power of	



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	attorney or otherwise.	
	(16) To give to any Director, Officer, or other persons employed by the Company, a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in the general profits of the company; and such commission or share of profits shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.	
	(17) To give, award or allow any bonus, pension, gratuity or compensation to any employee of the Company, or his widow, children, dependents, that may appear just or proper, whether such employee, his widow, children or dependents have or have not a legal claim on the Company.	
	(18) To set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they may think proper for depreciation or the depreciation funds or to insurance fund or to an export fund, or to a Reserve Fund, or Sinking Fund or any special fund to meet contingencies or repay debentures or debenture- stock or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the properties of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purpose referred to in the preceding clause) as the Board may, in the absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and subject to Section 179 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as may be required to be invested, upon such investments (other than shares of this Company) as they may think fit and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of and apply and extend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company notwithstanding the matters to which the Board apply or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended and divide the reserve fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit; with full powers to transfer the whole or any portion of a reserve fund or division of a reserve fund to another fund and with the full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds, including the depredation fund, in the business of the company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stocks and without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with the power to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds, interest at such rate as the Board may think proper.	
	(19) To appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend such general manager, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, scientists, technicians, engineers, consultants, legal, medical or economic advisers, research workers, labourers, clerks, agents and servants, for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to	



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	time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and to fix their salaries or emoluments or remuneration and to require security in such instances and for such amounts they may think fit and also from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit and the provisions contained in the next following clauses shall be without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this clause.	
	(20) At any time and from time to time by power of attorney, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and excluding also except in their limits authorised by the Board the power to make loans and borrow moneys) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit, and such appointments may (if the Board think fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any local Board established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company, or the shareholders, directors, nominees or manager of any Such powers of attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience for dealing with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain powers enabling any such delegated Attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in them.	
	(21) Subject to Sections 188 of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient.	
	(22) From time to time to make, vary and repeal rules for the regulations of the business of the Company its Officers and employees.	
	(23) To effect, make and enter into on behalf of the Company all transactions, agreements and other contracts within the scope of the business of the Company.	
	(24) To apply for, promote and obtain any act, charter, privilege, concession, license, authorization, if any, Government, State or	



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	municipality, provisional order or license of any authority for enabling the Company to carry any of this objects into effect, or for extending and any of the powers of the Company or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose, which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.	
	(25) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable there out under the provisions of Sections 40 of the Act and of the provisions contained in these presents.	
	(26) To redeem preference shares.	
	(27) To subscribe, incur expenditure or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or any other institutions or subjects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality or operation or of public and general utility or otherwise.	
	(28) To pay the cost, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.	
	(29) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable thereon under the provisions of Section 40 of the Act.	
	(30) To provide for the welfare of Directors or ex-Directors or employees or ex-employees of the Company and their wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or chawls, or by grants of moneys, pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments, or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing, to provide other associations, institutions, funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards place of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit and subject to the provision of Section 181 of the Act, to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or object which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation, or of the public and general utility or otherwise.	



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	(31) To purchase or otherwise acquire or obtain license for the use of and to sell, exchange or grant license for the use of any trade mark, patent, invention or technical know-how.	
	(32) To sell from time to time any Articles, materials, machinery, plants, stores and other Articles and thing belonging to the Company as the Board may think proper and to manufacture, prepare and sell waste and by-products.	
	(33) From time to time to extend the business and undertaking of the Company by adding, altering or enlarging all or any of the buildings, factories, workshops, premises, plant and machinery, for the time being the property of or in the possession of the Company, or by erecting new or additional buildings, and to expend such sum of money for the purpose aforesaid or any of them as they be thought necessary or expedient.	
	(34) To undertake on behalf of the Company any payment of rents and the performance of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained in or reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or otherwise acquired by the Company and to purchase the reversion or reversions, and otherwise to acquire on free hold sample of all or any of the lands of the Company for the time being held under lease or for an estate less than freehold estate.	
	(35) To improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, sell, resell and re- purchase, dispose of, deal or otherwise turn to account, any property (movable or immovable) or any rights or privileges belonging to or at the disposal of the Company or in which the Company is interested.	
	(36) To let, sell or otherwise dispose of subject to the provisions of Section 180 of the Act and of the other Articles any property of the Company, either absolutely or conditionally and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and to accept payment in satisfaction for the same in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit.	
	(37) Generally subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, to delegate the powers/authorities and discretions vested in the Directors to any person(s), firm, company or fluctuating body of persons as aforesaid.	
	(38) To comply with the requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall in the interest of the Company be necessary or expedient to	



Sr. No	Particulars	
	comply with.	
	MANAGING AND WHOLE-TIME DIRECTORS	
170		Powers to appoint Managing/ Whole- time Directors
	Subject to the approval of shareholders in their meeting, the Managing Director or Whole Time Director of the Company may be appointed and continue to hold the office of the Chairman and Managing Director or Chairman and Whole-Time Director or Chief Executive officer of the Company at the same time.	
	The Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole-Time Director or Whole-Time Directors so appointed shall be liable to retire by rotation. A Managing Director or Whole-time Director who is appointed as Director immediately on the retirement by rotation shall continue to hold his office as Managing Director or Whole-time Director and such re-appointment as such Director shall not be deemed to constitute a break in his appointment as Managing Director or Whole-time Director.	
171	The remuneration of a Managing Director or a Whole-time Director (subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and may be, by way of fixed salary, or commission on profits of the Company, or by participation in any such profits, or by any, or all of these modes.	Remuneration of Managing or Whole Time Director
172		Powers and duties of Managing Director or Whole- time Director



provisions of the Act and these Articles confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any such powers.	
collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time	
(2) The Community Community Addition many also from times to time and sint and	
Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole Time Director or Whole Time Directors of the Company and may exercise all the powers referred to in these Articles.	
sanction of the Directors where necessary) all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in him in particular from time to time by the appointment of any attorney or attorneys for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any	
(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Managing Director is expressly allowed generally to work for and contract with the Company and specially to do the work of Managing Director and also to do any work for the Company upon such terms and conditions and for such remuneration (subject to the provisions of the Act) as may from	
Subject to the provisions of the Act, — A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;	Board to appoint Chief Executive Officer/ Manager/ Company Secretary/ Chief Financial Officer
A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.	
A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.	
DIVIDEND AND RESERVES	
(1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.	Division of profits
	 Whole Time Directors of the Company and may exercise all the powers referred to in these Articles. (4) The Managing Director shall be entitled to sub-delegate (with the sanction of the Directors where necessary) all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in him in particular from time to time by the appointment of any attorney or attorneys for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in such manner as they may think fit. (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Managing Director is expressly allowed generally to work for and contract with the Company and specially to do the work of Managing Director and also to do any work for the Company upon such terms and conditions and for such remuneration (subject to the provisions of the Act) as may from time to time be agreed between him and the Directors of the Company. CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Subject to the provisions of the Act, — A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board; A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer. DIVIDEND AND RESERVES (1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitl



Sr.	Particulars	
No		
	 (2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share. (3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly. 	
175	The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends, to be paid to members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits and may fix the time for payment and the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 127 of the Act, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board of Directors, but the Company may declare a smaller dividend in general meeting.	The company in General Meeting may declare Dividends
176	The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.	Transfer to reserves
	necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.	
177	Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.	Interim Dividend
178	The Directors may retain any dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards the satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.	Debts may be deducted
179	No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this articles as paid on the share.	Capital paid up in advance not to earn dividend
180	All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividends as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.	Dividends in proportion to amount paid-up
181	The Board of Directors may retain the dividend payable upon shares in respect of which any person under Articles has become entitled to be a member, or any person under that Article is entitled to transfer, until such person becomes a member, in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.	Retention of dividends until completion of transfer under Articles
182	No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend	No Member to



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	or bonus in respect of his share or shares, whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares (or otherwise however, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons) and the Board of Directors may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any member all such sums of money so due from him to the Company.	receive dividend whilst indebted to the company and the Company's right of reimbursement thereof
183	A transfer of shares does not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.	Effect of transfer of shares
184	Any one of several persons who are registered as joint holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.	Dividend to joint holders
185	 Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. 	Dividends how remitted
186	Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.	Notice of dividend
187		No interest on Dividends
188	The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document shall be effective only if such document is signed by the Member (or the Person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Board.	Waiver of dividends
189	Unclaimed Dividend shall be dealt with as provided under the Act or Rules made thereunder.	Unclaimed Dividend
190	 CAPITALIZATION (1) The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve: (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the Profit and Loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions. 	Capitalization
	(2) The sums aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied subject	



No to the provisions contained in clause (3) either in or towards: in the properties of the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively; (ii) paying up in Jul, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid; or (iii) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (ii). (3) A Securities Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company and fully paid bonus shares. (4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation. 191 (1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall — Fractional Certificates (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, if any, and Fractional Certificates (b) Generally to do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. (2) The Board shall have full power - (a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, in case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and also (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to ther respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares to which they may be enitited upon such capitalization, or (as the case may re	Sr.	Particulars	
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		directions as may be necessary and settle any questions or difficulties that may arise in regard to any issue including distribution of new equity	
	107	•	Inspection of



Sr. Particulars No	
 Meetings of the Company shall be open to inspection of members without charge on such days and during such business hours as may consistently with the provisions of Section 119 of the Act be determined by the Company in General Meeting and the members will also be entitled to be furnished with copies thereof on payment of regulated charges. (2) Any member of the Company shall be entitled to be furnished within seven days after he has made a request in that behalf to the Company with a copy of any minutes referred to in sub-clause (1) hereof on payment of ₹ 10 per page or any part thereof. 	Minutes Books of General Meetings
 193 The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors. No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting. STATUTORY REGISTERS 	Inspection of Accounts
 194 The Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers including, register of charges, annual return, register of loans, guarantees, security and acquisitions, register of investments not held in its own name and register of contracts and arrangements for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The registers and copies of annual return shall be open for inspection at all working days during business hours, at the registered office of the Company by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Rules. FOREIGN REGISTER 	Statutory Registers
 195 The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the provisions of the Act with regard to the keeping of Foreign Register of its Members or Debenture holders, and the Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, make and vary such regulations as it may think fit in regard to the keeping of any such Registers. DOCUMENTS AND SERVICE OF NOTICES 	Foreign Register
196 Any document or notice to be served or given by the Company be signed by a Director or such person duly authorised by the Board for such purpose and the signature may be written or printed or lithographed.	Signing of documents & notices to be served or given
197 Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the company may be signed by a Director, the Manager, or Secretary or other Authorised Officer of the Company.	Authentication of documents and proceedings
WINDING UP	



Sr.	Particulars	
No	Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made there	Winding up
150	under—	winning up
	(i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction	
	of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by	
	the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any	
	part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of	
	the same kind or not.	
	(ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems	
	fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how	
	such division shall be carried out as between the members or different	
	classes of members.	
	(iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of	
	such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories	
	if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to	
	accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.	
199	Subject to provisions of the Act, every Director, or Officer or Servant of the	Directors' and
	Company or any person (whether an Officer of the Company or not)	others right to
	employed by the Company as Auditor, shall be indemnified by the Company	indemnity
	against and it shall be the duty of the Directors to pay, out of the funds of the Company, all costs, charges, losses and damages which any such person	
	may incur or become liable to, by reason of any contract entered into or act	
	or thing done, concurred in or omitted to be done by him in any way in or	
	about the execution or discharge of his duties or supposed duties (except	
	such if any as he shall incur or sustain through or by his own wrongful act	
	neglect or default) including expenses, and in particular and so as not to limit	
	the generality of the foregoing provisions, against all liabilities incurred by	
	him as such Director, Officer or Auditor or other officer of the Company in	
	defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgment is	
	given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any	
	application under Section 463 of the Act on which relief is granted to him by	
	the Court.	
200	Subject to the provisions of the Act, no Director, Managing Director or other	Not responsible for
	officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or	acts of others
	defaults of any other Directors or Officer, or for joining in any receipt or	
	other act for conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the	
	Company through insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property	
	acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for	
	the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the	
	moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising	
	from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person, company or	
	corporation, with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited, or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgment or	
	oversight on his part, or for any other loss or damage or misfortune	
	whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or	
	whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office of	



Sr. No	Particulars	
	in relation thereto, unless the same happens through his own dishonesty.	
	INSURANCE	
201	The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former Directors and key managerial personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.	
	GENERAL POWER	
202	Wherever in the Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorised by its articles, then and in that case this Article authorises and empowers the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry such transactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided.	
	SECRECY	
203	Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in the business of the company shall, if so required by the Directors, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pleading himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with the customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matter which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by any meeting or by a Court of Law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.	Secrecy
204	No member or other person (other than a Director) shall be entitled to enter the property of the Company or to inspect or examine the Company's premises or properties or the books of accounts of the Company without the permission of the Board of Directors of the Company for the time being or to require discovery of or any information in respect of any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose or to communicate.	Access to property information etc.



SECTION XI – OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on by our Company or contracts entered into more than two years before the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus) which are or may be deemed material have been entered or to be entered into by our Company. These contracts, copies of which will be attached to the copy of the Red Herring Prospectus, delivered to the Registrar of Companies for filing and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder, may be inspected at our Registered Office and our Corporate Office from 10.00 am to 4.00 pm on Working Days from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus until the Bid/Issue Closing Date, except for such contracts and documents that will be executed subsequent to the completion of the Bid/Issue Closing Date.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus may be amended or modified at any time if so, required in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the Shareholders, subject to compliance of the provisions contained in the Companies Act and other applicable law.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS TO THE ISSUE

- 1. Issue Agreement dated September 26, 2022 entered into between our Company and the BRLM.
- 2. Registrar Agreement dated September 26, 2022 entered into between our Company and the Registrar to the Issue.
- 3. Escrow and Sponsor Bank Agreement dated [•] entered into among our Company, the BRLM, the Escrow Collection Bank(s), the Public Issue Bank(s), the Refund Bank(s), Sponsor Bank and the Registrar to the Issue.
- 4. Syndicate Agreement dated [●] entered into among our Company, the BRLM and Syndicate members.
- 5. Underwriting Agreement dated [•] entered into between our Company and the Underwriters.
- 6. Monitoring Agency Agreement dated [●] entered into between our Company and Monitoring Agency.

MATERIAL DOCUMENTS IN RELATION TO THE ISSUE

- 1. Certified copies of Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of our Company as amended from time to time.
- 2. Our certificate of incorporation dated **May 09, 2011**.
- 3. Resolution passed by our Board in relation to the Issue and other related matters dated **September 14, 2022** for a total Issue of ₹ 20,000 Lakh.



- 4. Resolution passed by our Shareholders in relation to the Issue and other related matters dated **September 15, 2022** for ₹ 20,000 Lakh.
- 5. Resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company dated **September 29, 2022** taking on record and approving this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 6. Employment agreement dated **July 01, 2022** between our Company and Mr. Sanjay Chhabra, Managing Director of our Company.
- 7. Employment agreement dated **August 08, 2022** between our Company and Mr. Laksh Chhabra, Joint Managing Director of our Company.
- 8. Employment agreement dated **July 01, 2022** between our Company and Mr. Sandeep Chhabra, Whole-Time Director of our Company.
- 9. Copies of auditor's reports of our Company in respect of our audited financial statements for Fiscal Years 2020, 2021 and 2022.
- 10. Examination report of our Statutory Auditor dated **August 25, 2022** on the Restated Financial Information for Fiscal Years 2020, 2021 and 2022 included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 11. Statement of Special Tax Benefits available to our Company and its shareholders under direct and indirect tax laws in India from our Statutory Auditor, dated **September 27, 2022**.
- 12. Consents of the Promoters, Directors, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, chief financial officer, Book Running Lead Managers, Statutory Auditor, Peer Review Auditor, the Syndicate Member(s), Registrar to the Issue, Banker(s) to the company, Banker(s) to the Issue, Sponsor Bank, Refund Bank, legal advisor(s), Underwriter(s) to the Issue, monitoring agency as referred to act, in their respective capacities.
- 13. Written consent dated **July 27, 2022** from M/s. Keyur Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants, to include their name as required under section 26 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, and as an "expert" as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditor, and in respect of their (i) examination report, dated **August 25, 2022** on our Restated Financial Information; and (ii) their report dated **September 27, 2022** on the Statement of Special Tax Benefits in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 14. Consent dated **September 13, 2022** from Pawan Sut Sharma, to include their name as required under the Companies Act, 2013 in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of his certificate dated September 13, 2022 on the Company's manufacturing capacity and its utilization at certain manufacturing facilities, and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 15. Consent dated August 25, 2022 from Lokesh Kumar Agarwal, Govt. Approved Jewellery Valuer to include his name under the Companies Act, 2013 in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of his certificate dated August 22, 2022



on the capacity to quantification and value of inventories of Gems & Jewellery owned by our company, and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

- 16. Consent letter from Care Edge Limited dated **August 18, 2022** to rely on and reproduce part or whole of their industry reports and include their name in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
- 17. Due diligence certificate dated **September 29, 2022** to SEBI from the BRLM.
- 18. In-principle listing approvals dated [•] and [•] from BSE and NSE, respectively.
- 19. SEBI observation letter dated [•].
- 20. Tripartite agreement dated **August 29, 2022** entered into among our Company, NSDL and the Registrar to the Issue.
- 21. Tripartite agreement dated **September 23, 2022** entered into among our Company, CDSL and the Registrar to the Issue.

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF OUR COMPANY

Kaustubh Chhabra Chief Financial Officer

Place: Jaipur

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE COMPANY SECRETARY ANDCOMPLIANCE OFFICER OF OUR COMPANY

Neha Ja

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Place: Jaipur

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Sandeep Chhabra

Chairman and Whole-Time Director

Place: Jaipur

Date: Schlembere 30, 2022

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act,1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Sanjay Chhabra Managing Director

Place: Jaipur Date: September 30, 2022

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

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SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Laksh Chhabra Joint Managing Director

Place: Jaipur

Date: September 30,2022

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

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Kajal Chhabra Non - Executive Director

Place: Jaipur Date: Suhlember 30, 2022

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft. Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Namita allabu

Namita Chhabra Non - Executive Director

Place: Jaipur Date: September 30, 2022

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Jayesh Nemchand Mehta Non - Executive Independent Director

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 30, 2022

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Sushil Kumar Gangwal Non - Executive Independent Director

Place: Jaipur

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act,1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Sunil Chordia Non - Executive Independent Director

Place: Jaipur

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

Alpesh Fatehsingh Purohit Non - Executive Independent Director

Non - Executive independent Dire

Place: Ahmedabad

Date Septomber 30,2022.

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Government of India or the rules, or guidelines, or regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act,1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, or the rules made or the guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements made in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY THE DIRECTOR OF OUR COMPANY

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Vikas Kaler Non - Executive Independent Director

Place: Jaipur